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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 384--79th Congress

Chapter 263--2d Session

H. R. 5890

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DIGEST OF PUBLIC LAW 384

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION ACT, 1946. Includes the following appropriations: Insect investigations (PE&PQ), \$32,000; insect and plant-disease control, \$100,000; national forest protection and management (FS), \$250,000; conservation and use of agricultural land resources (PWA), \$600,000; water facilities, \$325,000; Civil Service Commission, \$369,000; Food and Drug Administration, \$12,000; Public Buildings Administration, for return of departmental functions to D. C., \$495,000, \$295,020 of which is for FCA; Grazing Service, for fire fighting, \$20,000; OMP, for a study of guaranteed annual wage plans, \$200,000; U. S. participation in UNO, \$6,480,000; and judgments and claims. Restricts to materials the authorization for reimbursable aid by departments and agencies to UNO.

INDEX AND SUMMARY OF HISTORY OF H. R. 5890

February 27, 1946	Hearings: House, H. R. 5890.
March 26, 1946	House Appropriations Committee reported H. R. 5890. House Report 1817. Committee prints of the bill and report. Print of the bill as reported.
March 27, 1946	Debated in the House and passed with amendments.
March 28, 1946	H. R. 5890 referred to the Senate Committee on Appropriations. Print of the bill as referred.
April 3, 1946	Amendment proposed by Senator Green. Print of the amendment.
April 5, 1946	Hearings: Senate, H. R. 5890.
April 24, 1946	Senate Committee reported H. R. 5890 with amendments. Senate Report 1236. Committee print of the bill and print of the bill as reported.
April 26, 1946	Debated in the Senate and passed as reported. Senate Conferees appointed.
April 30, 1946	House Conferees appointed. Print of the bill with the Senate amendments numbered.
May 2, 1946	House received Conference Report. House Report 1977.
May 8, 1946	House agreed to Conference Report.
May 14, 1946	Senate agreed to Conference Report.
May 18, 1946	Approved. Public Law 384.

Extend this period
further one page

DIGEST OF PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
(Issued March 27, 1946, for actions of Tuesday, March 26, 1946)

(For staff of the Department only)

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HIGHLIGHTS: House committee reported second deficiency appropriation bill. House committee reported Philippine trade bill. Rep. Anderson, Calif., urged Government seizure of Calif. canneries in connection with strike. House passed bill to slow up liquidation of rural-rehabilitation projects (this was Senate bill, but language of bill recently passed by House was substituted therefor). Rep. McCormack recommended a "wheatless day in restaurants to help starving peoples". Sen. Barkley inserted Secretary Anderson's speech, "Rural Electrification in the Nation's Farm Program".

HOUSE

1. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. The Appropriations Committee reported this bill, H. R. 5390 (H. Rept. 1817)(p. 2682).

The bill includes the following items:

Insect investigations (E&PQ), \$32,000 (same as Budget estimate).

Insect and plant-disease control (E&PQ), \$20,000 (Budget estimate was \$350,000).

National forest protection and management (FS), \$168,000 (Budget estimate was \$1,000,000).

Conservation and use of agricultural land resources (PMA), \$600,000 increase in administrative expenses (same as Budget estimate).

Water facilities in arid and semi-arid areas, \$200,000 (Budget estimate was \$500,000).

Civil Service Commission, \$369,000.

Food and Drug Administration, \$60,000.

Public Buildings Administration, for return of departmental functions to D.C., \$200,000 (Budget estimate was \$883,000; none of the \$200,000 is for FCA).

OWMR, for a study of guaranteed annual wage plans, \$200,000.

Grazing Service, for fire fighting, \$20,000.

U. S. participation in UNO, \$6,480,000.

Increased costs under the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, \$19,203,300 for this Department.

Judgments and claims.

Excerpts from the committee report:

Civil Service Commission. "Here the committee has felt constrained to recommend an appropriation for additional personnel... ~~There is need for the~~ Commission to increase its examining and placement activities sufficiently to enable veterans to realize more fully the advantages in competition for Federal employment provided by the Veterans' Preference Act of 1944... There is also need to step up the work of processing claims for refunds of contributions made to the retirement fund by employees separated..."

Re-centralization. "The amount recommended will finance the remaining costs incident to the return to Washington of the Patent Office and Rural Electrification Administration, and should cover expenses of tenant changes and essential restoration of vacated premises. The estimate includes \$295,020 for the return of the Farm Credit Administration, and amounts for other returns that may be decided upon, and for contingencies. At the time of the hearings (February 28) there was no evidence of space being available in Washington for the accommodation of the Farm Credit Administration. The committee is unwilling to grant too much latitude in bringing agencies back to Washington during the continuance of the acute shortage of office and living space."

Agriculture Department items. "The objects and amounts provided therefor are: Combating the spruce budworm, \$32,000; combating the gypsy moth, \$20,000; rehabilitation of recreational areas in the national forests, \$168,000; and loan funds for the repair and development of water facilities, \$200,000. Aside from the spruce-budworm item, the amounts proposed are well under the Budget estimate but have been determined upon as reasonably adequate taking into consideration current funds and funds the House has approved for the fiscal year 1947. The committee has increased by \$600,000, in consequence of a Budget recommendation, the existing limitation upon salaries and other administrative expenses in carrying out certain programs under the appropriation "Conservation and use..." for the purpose of measuring under the supervision of county agricultural conservation committees all acreages planted to flue-cured tobacco."

Increased pay costs. "The appropriation is made in two measures because the appropriations to be augmented by the amounts carried in the second urgent deficiency bill, 1946, were in a less solvent condition than those that are to be supplemented under the provisions of this bill."

General comments. "With respect to additional personnel, the committee has denied provision therefor to the extent practicable, and has assiduously avoided providing for the initiation of programs entailing additional employees and other expenses which would influence action upon the regular annual appropriation bills for the fiscal year 1947. It considered and is not recommending a number of proposals to advance the starting of new or enlarged expenditure programs provided for in the 1947 Budget. In connection with such refusals, the committee wishes to make it clear that it will not be receptive to estimates of appropriations for defraying obligations for objects for which it has not recommended appropriations... That may seem anomalous; however, as was pointed out in the committee's report on the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, instances have occurred where agencies do not actually incur deficiencies but proceed at an obligational rate which make necessary either a deficiency appropriation or the suspension or drastic curtailment of an activity for lack of funds. The committee does not propose to tolerate that practice any longer. It intends to see that the antideficiency law (31 U. S. C. 665) is observed in letter and spirit and shall expect the Bureau of the Budget to report quarterly, starting at the

close of the first quarter of the next fiscal year, the title of any appropriation not being administered in accordance with the letter and spirit of such law, the reasons therefor, and the name and position of the official immediately responsible."

- PHILIPPINE TRADE. The Ways and Means Committee reported without amendment H. R. 5856, to provide for trade relations between the U. S. and the Philippines (H. Rept. 1821)(p. 2689).
- HOUSING APPROPRIATIONS. Passed, 355-1, as reported H. J. Res. 328, making appropriations for emergency housing, which was reported by the Appropriations Committee (H. Rept. 1816)(pp. 2677-82, 2689).
- CANNERY STRIKE. Rep. Anderson, Calif.; discussed the Calif. cannery strike and recommended seizure of the canneries (pp. 2683-7).
- RURAL-REHABILITATION PROJECTS. Passed S. 704, to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to continue administration of and ultimately liquidate Federal rural-rehabilitation projects. Agreed to an amendment by Rep. Hays, Ark., to substitute the language of H. R. 2501, which was passed by the House recently. (pp. 2687-8).
- WHEAT SHORTAGE. Rep. McCormack, Mass., recommended a "wheatless day in restaurants to help starving peoples" (pp. 2671-2).
- ELECTRIFICATION. Received from FPC a report summarizing data on production of electric energy, the installed capacity of electric generating plants, and the consumption of fuel for production of electric energy of U. S. electric utilities To Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee. (p. 2689.)
- MONOPOLIES. The Judiciary Committee reported with amendments H. R. 5535, to amend the Clayton Antitrust Act (H. Rept. 1820)(p. 2689).
- COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS. Rep. O'Brien, Ill., was elected to the Ways and Means Committee and resigned from the Appropriations Committee (p. 2676).

SENATE

- 10. LABOR STANDARDS. Continued debate on S. 1349, the minimum-wage bill (pp. 2649-70). Sen. Mead, N. Y., inserted excerpts from the President's messages to Congress urging increases in the minimum-wage levels (pp. 2668-9).
- 11. FARM SCHOOL. Sen. Guffey, Pa., inserted the President's letter and a newspaper article congratulating the National Farm School (Doylestown, Pa.) on its fiftieth anniversary (p. 2647).
- 12. FARM MACHINERY; FARM LABOR. Sen. Wiley, Wis., called for action to alleviate the critical farm machinery and labor shortages and inserted a letter to the Secretary requesting his recommendations in the situation (pp. 2646-7).
- 13. PRICE CONTROL. Sen. Johnston, S. C., inserted a Balentine Packing Co. letter explaining that the company was discontinuing beef operations because of present price ceilings, and a National Independent Meat Packers Assn. statement and resolution calling for the elimination of price control on meat (pp. 2647-8).
- 14. RFC REPORT. Received an RFC report for activities of Nov., 1945 (p. 2645).

BILLS INTRODUCED

15. EXPORTS. S. 1980, by Sen. Thomas, Utah, to continue in effect section 6 of the Act of July 2, 1940, which permits the President to prohibit or curtail the exportation of any military equipment or munitions, machinery, tools, or material or supplies necessary for the manufacture, servicing, or operation thereof. To Military Affairs Committee. (p. 2646.)
16. NATIONAL RESOURCES. S. Res. 245, by Sen. Kilgore, W. Va., to provide an additional \$57,000 for continuing a study of the possibilities of better mobilizing the national resources of the U. S., pursuant to S. Res. 146. To Audit and Control of Contingent Expenses Committee. (p. 2646.)
17. WILDLIFE. H. R. 5885, by Rep. Stevenson, Wis., to promote the conservation of wildlife, fish, and game. To Rivers and Harbors Committee. (p. 2689.)
18. PUBLIC DEBT; TAXATION. H. R. 5886, by Rep. Knutson, Minn., to reduce the debt limit of the U. S. and to provide individual income-tax relief conditioned upon reduction of Federal expenditures. To Ways and Means Committee. (p. 2689.) Remarks of author (pp. 2682-3).
19. FARM TENANCY; PUBLIC LANDS. H. R. 5891, by Rep. Chenoweth, Colo., to authorize and direct the Secretary to sell lands acquired under title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act. To Agriculture Committee. (p. 2689.)
20. GRAIN EXPORTS. H. R. 5893, by Rep. Fuller, N. Y., to prohibit exportation of American grain to nations which are manufacturing alcoholic beverages from agricultural products while their people are starving. To Ways and Means Committee. (p. 2689.)

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

21. RURAL ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Barkley, Ky., inserted the Secretary's address before the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association on the relationship between the REA program and other agricultural programs (pp. A1733-4).
22. FEED; FERTILIZER. Extension of remarks of Rep. Murray, Wis., including a Barron County (Wis.) News-Shield article criticizing the diversion of protein meals for feed to fertilizer for tobacco growers (p. A1736).
23. PRICE CONTROL. Rep. Monroney, Okla., inserted Chat Paterson's (American Veterans' Committee) testimony before the H. Banking and Currency Committee favoring the extension of price control (pp. A1736-7).
Rep. Larcade, La., inserted a constituent's telegram proposing that "the price committee of lumber producers be allowed to name a fair price and have OPA apply this price" (p. A1737).
Rep. Brown, Ga., inserted an AMVETS' statement favoring the continuation of OPA (p. A1757).
Rep. Knutson, Minn., inserted a St. Paul (Minn.) Dispatch article criticizing the OPA for "propagandizing the country in an effort to maintain itself in power" (p. A1768).
24. LIVESTOCK AND MEAT. Rep. Murray, Wis., inserted BAE tables showing a comparison of milk and nonmilk cattle on farms, Jan., 1939 and Jan., 1946 (pp. A1741-2).
25. LUMBER EXPORTS. Rep. Thom, Ohio, inserted a report of the Director of War Mobilization and Reconversion on lumber exports (pp. A1742-3).

of supply and demand, is a mess, for the following reasons:

1. Stifling of production.
2. Disregarding facts.
3. Unreasonable policies.
4. Procrastination, delay and delay, too late with too little, bait-lure price increases.
5. Lack of enforcement.
6. Channeling distribution by price.
7. Intimidation and retaliations.
8. Assumption of power controls and interpretations never intended to be granted by Congress in the Price Control Act.
9. The asinine absorption policy of robbing Peter to pay Paul.
10. Profit control rather than price control.

1. Stifling of production:
It is a well-conceded fact that lumber production is way down. A bait-lure price increase granted recently to southern-pine producers, provided they attain an impossible production goal. This will not get the production.

D. M. Rose & Co. has purchased all the lumber it could legitimately. Its purchases from small mills in 1941 as a 100 percent dropped in 1945 to a measly 7.93 percent of 1941 purchases. Big-mill purchases have dropped during the same period from 100 to 27 percent. A further decline is anticipated for 1946, for at present we are not buying from a single small mill and darn few big ones. We attribute this condition principally to OPA's policies.

Something is wrong.

2. Disregarding facts: 1936 to 1939 might do for general business conditions but the building industry lagged far behind. Regardless, OPA used this as a basis. The year 1944 now seems to appear, for some unknown reason, as a profit base formula. This is another abnormal year as it does not reflect usual conditions that exist in building material business.

Something is wrong.

3. Unrealistic policies:

In MPR 19-A, which covers the small operator, pine is pine, no regard as to quality. There is such a wide variation in pine timber and the quality of the yield, that D. M. Rose & Co. always bought its pine lumber from small mills, on grade, in order to be fair to itself as well as to the little millman. MPR 19-A stopped this.

Yet, OPA allows us to buy hardwoods on grade from small mills. Why this distinction of selling pine and oak manufactured by the same man, on the same mill, same set, and same location.

Something is wrong.

4. Procrastination, delay and delay, too late with too little:

Delayed relief has helped to put some 10,000 small mills out of business that represented 60 percent or better of southern pine production. In 1941 we were buying from many small operators; today D. M. Rose & Co. cannot find even one to do business with, regardless of how badly we need the lumber.

Larger mills seem to be scarce also, and apparently do not care to deplete their timber supply that cannot be replaced at OPA's allowable cost figures.

We are unable to buy or even place orders with HH ratings, for flooring, ceiling, sheathing, framing and 4/4 finish, all of which are so necessary to build homes.

Something is wrong.

5. Lack of enforcement:

Sixty percent or more of the lumber moves on the black market at 30 to 50 percent above ceiling prices. Up-grading is common. Green lumber sold as dry and unfit to go into a GI's or anyone else's home. This condition is so out of control it is almost impossible for OPA to enforce and it will bog down of its own weight like the Volstead law.

The one who is suffering is the law abider and the public. In our judgment, if price control was removed, we do not believe the public would pay any more for building ma-

terial than it does today, or at least it would not be long until it paid less.

We are having numerous requests from contractors to kiln-dry and work their lumber, which is most unusual. They are getting some lumber somehow and evidently not from a dealer.

Something is wrong.

6. Channeling distribution by price:

Special price on railroad lumber, special price on export stock, and unbalanced prices has diverted regular building lumber to other channels.

Profit control and not price control is the prime objective; consequently, items that are produced at a loss cease to be manufactured, no matter how badly needed for GI housing.

We need 100 percent of all lumber production if the housing program is to succeed. OPA says "No," we will only allow 75 percent of the industry to make profit or break even, before they will allow price relief, and then they refuse to use present-day costs or legitimate allowable replacement costs in these figures.

It appears that if manufacturers and distributors were allowed to make a profit on 75 percent of the badly-needed home building-material items we might get somewhere.

Something is wrong.

7. Retaliation and intimidation is the prevailing fear of OPA. Orders are evasive, complicatedly written, and construed in such a way that no matter how diligently one endeavors to comply with the law he may be a violator if OPA chooses to make him one.

If OPA is opposed too strenuously, one may find, some fine morning, a host of OPA's inspectors at his door on a "fishing expedition" to retaliate.

Something is wrong.

8. Assumption of power and control and interpretations never granted nor intended by Congress in Price Control Act:

Industry Advisory Committees are a part of the Act: OPA calls in these committees not to advise with them but just tell them, as their advice and judgment, based on experience, is ignored—long-haired boys know it all—

We have been compelled to make radical changes in business practices and methods of conducting our business. Items that we are forced to produce at a loss are discontinued no matter how badly needed. OPA selects only factual data and figures suitable for what they want to prove and disregard others, regardless of the adverse effect it has on production and distribution.

Something is wrong.

9. The asinine absorption roll back policy of robbing Peter to pay Paul:

It just won't work and will wreck the orderly distribution of building material. Regulation 215 arrived at by OPA for mark-up on retail sales was established as being equitable. Now, low and behold the increases granted in 1946 to manufacturers are required to be absorbed by the distributor in spite of the fact that regulation 215 mark-up was based on the years 1936 to 1939 with a prevailing wage scale of 25 to 30 cents that has now gone to 55 to 60 cents. OPA says we can absorb the manufacturers increase and the wage increase and our own, in spite of the fact that the base period 1936 to 1939 was below the average of the building cycle.

OPA says our volume is increasing so we are able to absorb manufacturers increases; as usual, it is the reverse. Plenty of demand, no material to supply that demand, consequently declining volume. As the above years averaged out for general business, OPA is trying to make it work for the building industry.

Dun & Bradstreet, for the year 1939, made a national survey of the lumber and building material dealers cost of doing business, which shows that an average mark-up on cost of 37.65 percent averaged a net profit

of 2.68 percent. It is an undisputed fact costs have gone up. Under OPA's Absorption program on southern pine lumber one of the big items allows only a 17 percent mark-up for the dealer. It cannot be done. Where is the veteran going to get his pine lumber with which to build his home if he does not get it from the dealer.

Something is wrong.

We have been a manufacturer of a highly specialized quality oak flooring for 33 years that is not a cost-of-living item as it caters, mostly, to a discriminating de luxe trade.

We applied to OPA for a special price. It was granted. Cost data submitted was ignored to such an extent that we lacked \$4.34 of paying factory cost and it would take an addition of \$12.79 to pay overhead before profit.

Converting to make our contribution to the war effort, we stored our flooring equipment in the basement and apparently it will stay there in spite of the crying need for oak flooring, and we might add, further, that we are unable to purchase standard oak flooring from other manufacturers for some good reason.

Something wrong somewhere.

Yours very truly,

D. M. ROSE & Co.,
By D. MORTON ROSE,
Vice-President.

(Mr. JENNINGS asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

The Clerk read the joint resolution, as follows:

Resolved, etc., That there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$253,727,000, to remain available until expended, to enable the National Housing Administration to carry out the purposes of title V of the act of October 14, 1940, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1521), subject, however, to the enactment of the bill (S. 1821) "to amend section 502 of the act entitled 'An act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes,' approved October 14, 1940, as amended, so as to authorize the appropriation of funds necessary to provide an additional one hundred thousand temporary housing units for distressed families of servicemen and for veterans and their families," and to the provisions of such bill as enacted.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise and report the joint resolution back to the House without amendment, with the recommendation that the joint resolution do pass.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the Committee rose; and the Speaker having resumed the chair, Mr. MANASCO, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee having had under consideration the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 328), making an additional appropriation for veterans' housing and related expenses, had directed him to report the joint resolution back to the House with the recommendation that the joint resolution do pass.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the joint resolution to final passage.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the joint resolution.

The joint resolution was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the passage of the joint resolution.

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. DIRKSEN) there were—ayes 110, noes 0.

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Doorkeeper will close the doors, the Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members, and the Clerk will call the roll.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 355, nays 1, not voting 75, as follows:

[Roll No. 67]

YEAS—355

Abernethy	Dolliver	Hill
Adams	Domengaux	Hinshaw
Allen, Ill.	Dondero	Hoch
Allen, La.	Doughton, N. C.	Hoeven
Almond	Douglas, Calif.	Hoffman
Andersen	Douglas, Ill.	Holfield
H. Carl	Doyle	Holmes, Wash.
Anderson, Calif.	Dworshak	Hook
Andresen	Earthman	Hope
August H.	Eaton	Horan
Andrews, N. Y.	Eberharter	Huber
Angell	Elliott	Hull
Arends	Ellis	Izac
Arnold	Ellsworth	Jackson
Bailey	Elsaesser	Jarman
Barrett, Pa.	Elston	Jenkins
Barrett, Wyo.	Engel, Mich.	Jennings
Barry	Engle, Calif.	Jensen
Bates, Ky.	Ervin	Johnson, Calif.
Bates, Mass.	Fallon	Johnson, Ill.
Beall	Feighan	Johnson, Ind.
Beckworth	Fellows	Johnson,
Bell	Fenton	Luther A.
Bender	Flannagan	Johnson, Okla.
Bennet, N. Y.	Flood	Jones
Bennett, Mo.	Fogarty	Jonkman
Biemiller	Folger	Judd
Blackney	Fuller	Kean
Bloom	Fulton	Kearney
Bonner	Gallagher	Kee
Boren	Gamble	Keefe
Boykin	Gardner	Kelly, Ill.
Bradley, Mich.	Gary	Kerr
Bradley, Pa.	Gathings	Kilburn
Brehm	Gavin	Kilday
Brooks	Gearhart	King
Brown, Ga.	Geelan	Kinzer
Brown, Ohio	Gerlach	Kirwan
Brumbaugh	Gifford	Knutson
Bryson	Gillespie	Kopplemann
Buck	Gillette	Kunkel
Buffett	Gillie	Landis
Bulwinkle	Goodwin	Lane
Burgin	Gordon	Lanham
Butler	Gore	Larcade
Byrnes, Wis.	Gorski	Latham
Camp	Gossett	Lea
Campbell	Graham	LeCompte
Canfield	Granahan	LeFevre
Cannon, Mo.	Granger	Lemke
Carlson	Grant, Ala.	Lesinski
Case, N. J.	Grant, Ind.	Lewis
Case, S. Dak.	Green	Link
Chen	Griffiths	Luce
Chenoweth	Gross	Ludlow
Church	Gwinn, N. Y.	Lyle
Clark	Gwynne, Iowa	Lynch
Clevenger	Hagen	McConnell
Clippinger	Hale	McCormack
Cochran	Hall	McCowan
Cole, Kans.	Edwin Arthur	McDonough
Cole, Mo.	Hall	McGregor
Cole, N. Y.	Leonard W.	McKenzie
Combs	Halleck	McMillan, S. C.
Cooley	Hancock	McMillen, Ill.
Cooper	Hand	Madden
Corbett	Hare	Mahon
Courtney	Hartless, Ariz.	Maloney
Crawford	Harness, Ind.	Manasco
Cunningham	Harris	Mankin
Curtis	Hart	Mansfield,
D'Alesandro	Hartley	Mont.
Daughton, Va.	Havenner	Mansfield, Tex.
Davis	Hays	Martin, Iowa
Delaney	Hébert	Martin, Mass.
James J.	Hedrick	Mathews
Delaney	Hendricks	Marrow
John J.	Henry	Michener
D'Ewart	Herter	Miller, Calif.
Dingell	Heselton	Miller, Nebr.
Dirksen	Hess	Mills

Monroney
Morgan
Morrison
Mundt
Murphy
Murray, Tenn.
Murray, Wis.
Neely
Norblad
Norrell
O'Brien, Ill.
O'Brien, Mich.
O'Hara
O'Konski
O'Neal
Pace
Patman
Patrick
Pfeiffer
Philbin
Phillips
Pickett
Plttenger
Plumley
Poage
Price, Fla.
Price, Ill.
Priest
Quinn, N. Y.
Rabaut
Rabin
Ramey
Randolph
Rankin
Rayfiel
Reece, Tenn.
Reed, Ill.
Reed, N. Y.
Rees, Kans.
Resa

Rich
Richards
Riley
Rivers
Rizley
Robertson, Va.
Robinson, Utah
Robson, Ky.
Rockwell
Rodgers, Pa.
Roe, Md.
Roe, N. Y.
Rogers, Fla.
Rogers, Mass.
Rogers, N. Y.
Rooney
Rowan
Russell
Ryder
Sabath
Sadowski
Schwabe, Mo.
Schwabe, Okla.
Scrivner
Shafer
Sharp
Sheppard
Simpson, Ill.
Slaughter
Smith, Maine
Smith, Wis.
Somers, N. Y.
Sparkman
Spence
Springer
Starkey
Stefan
Stevenson
Stewart
Stigler

Stockman
Sullivan
Summers, Tex.
Taber
Talbot
Talle
Tarver
Taylor
Thom
Thomas, N. J.
Thomas, Tex.
Thomason
Tibbott
Tolan
Torrens
Towe
Traynor
Trimble
Vinson
Voorhis, Calif.
Vorys, Ohio
Vursell
Wadsworth
Walter
Weaver
Weichel
Welch
West
White
Whitten
Wickersham
Wigglesworth
Winstead
Winter
Wolcott
Wolverton, N. J.
Woodhouse
Woodruff
Worley
Zimmerman

NAYS—1

Sumner, Ill.

NOT VOTING—75

Andrews, Ala.	De Lacy	Norton
Auchincloss	Drewry	O'Toole
Baldwin, Md.	Durham	Outland
Baldwin, N. Y.	Fernandez	Patterson
Barden	Fisher	Peterson, Fla.
Bishop	Forand	Peterson, Ga.
Bland	Gibson	Ploeser
Bolton	Gregory	Powell
Buckley	Healy	Rains
Bunker	Heffernan	Robertson,
Burch	Hobbs	N. Dak.
Byrne, N. Y.	Holmes, Mass.	Sasscer
Cannon, Fla.	Howell	Savage
Carnahan	Johnson,	Sheridan
Celler	Lyndon B.	Short
Chapman	Kefauver	Sikes
Chlperfield	Kelley, Pa.	Simpson, Pa.
Clason	Keogh	Smith, Ohio
Clements	Klein	Smith, Va.
Coffee	LaFollette	Sundstrom
Colmer	McGehee	Wasielewski
Cox	McGlinchey	Whittington
Cravens	Marcantonio	Wilson
Crosser	Mason	Wolfenden, Pa.
Gurley	May	Wood
Dawson	Murdock	

So the joint resolution was passed.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

General pairs until further notice:

Mr. Cox with Mr. Short.
Mr. Bland with Mr. Simpson of Pennsylvania.
Mr. Coffee with Mr. Ploeser.
Mr. Drewry with Mr. Mason.
Mr. McGlinchey with Mr. Wilson.
Mr. Cravens with Mr. Howell.
Mr. Keogh with Mr. Clason.
Mr. Hobbs with Mr. Auchincloss.
Mr. Buckley with Mr. Chlperfield.
Mr. McGehee with Mr. Bishop.
Mr. Colmer with Mr. Holmes of Massachusetts.
Mr. Heffernan with Mr. Wolfenden of Pennsylvania.
Mr. Byrne of New York with Mr. Sundstrom.
Mr. Healy with Mr. Robertson of North Dakota.
Mr. Sasscer with Mr. Smith of Ohio.
Mr. O'Toole with Mr. Baldwin of New York.
Mr. Sheridan with Mr. LaFollette.
Mrs. Norton with Mrs. Bolton.

Miss SUMNER of Illinois changed her vote from "yea" to "nay."

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The doors were opened.

GENERAL LEAVE TO EXTEND REMARKS

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have five legislative days in which to extend their remarks on the joint resolution just passed.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the bill (H. R. 5890), making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 1817), which was read a first and second time, and with the accompanying papers referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed.

Mr. TABER reserved all points of order on the bill.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. KNUTSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Minnesota?

There was no objection.

INTRODUCTION OF A BILL TO REDUCE THE DEBT LIMIT OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO PROVIDE INDIVIDUAL INCOME-TAX RELIEF CONDITIONED UPON REDUCTION OF FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

Mr. KNUTSON. Mr. Speaker, I have today introduced a bill to grant individuals relief from some of their present income-tax burden, effective January 1, 1947, such relief being conditioned, however, upon a reduction of at least \$5,000,000,000 in the Federal expenditures forecast in the Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1947.

The tax relief takes the form of a reduction of 10 percent in the normal and surtax applicable to individuals. The estimated decrease in the aggregate yield of individual income taxes resulting from this 10-percent reduction is \$1,400,000,000. This, added to the anticipated deficit shown in the Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1947, of \$3,600,000,000, will just about offset the \$5,000,000,000 reduction in expenditures upon which the tax relief proposed to be granted is conditioned.

The bill reduces the existing limitation on the public debt of the United States from \$300,000,000,000 to \$290,000,000,000. In addition it provides for successive further reductions in the debt month by month, in the amount of any net reduction in the amount outstanding during the preceding month. Under the exist-

NOTICE.—This report is given out subject to release when consideration of the bill which it accompanies has been completed by the whole committee. Please check on such action before release in order to be advised of any changes.

79TH CONGRESS } HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES { REPORT
2d Session } No. 7817

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

MARCH 26, 1946.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. —] 5890

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

The estimates of appropriations upon which the bill is based are contained in House Documents Nos. 419, 421, 427, 428, 433-439, 441, 442, 446, 448-450, 457, 459, 462-464, 470-477, 481-485, 487, 488, 491, 492, 499, and 500.

The appropriations proposed in the bill total ----- \$233, 179, 153. 37
Such sum is below the Budget estimates in the total
amount of ----- 9, 965, 014. 00

The bill contains three titles, and the following is a comparison, by such titles, between the estimates of appropriations and the amounts recommended by the committee:

	Estimate	Bill	Reduction
Title I—General appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial branches.....	\$50, 310, 871. 78	\$40, 493, 157. 78	\$9, 817, 714. 00
Title II—Additional appropriations occasioned by pay legislation.....	181, 416, 769. 00	181, 269, 469. 00	147, 300. 00
Title III—Judgments and authorized claims.....	11, 416, 526. 59	11, 416, 526. 59	-----
Total.....	243, 144, 167. 37	233, 179, 153. 37	9, 965, 014. 00

A comparison by items of appropriation begins on page 12 hereof. The items embraced by title I, somewhat over 100, may be said to be the only ones susceptible to reduction. The committee has reduced these by 19½ percent, all applying to supplemental amounts for the fiscal year 1946. In fact, but \$79,087.54 of the total involved in this title apply to prior fiscal years—true deficiencies, in other words.

Of the total amount (\$40,493,157.78) recommended by the committee under this title, comprising, as previously stated, more than 100 items, slightly more than 70 percent, is in 4 items, as follows:

Department of Labor: Employment-office facilities and services---	¹ \$3, 000, 000
Post Office Department: Compensation to postmasters-----	2, 711, 000
Department of State: United States participation in United Nations..	6, 480, 000
Treasury Department: Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Internal Revenue-----	² 16, 350, 000
Total -----	28, 541, 000

¹ Estimate reduced \$390,000.

² Estimate reduced \$1,250,000.

Employment-office facilities and services.—This additional amount is needed to compensate loaned State employees, engaged in employment-service duties, salaries substantially equal to those which would have been paid had such employees remained under State administration.

Forty-one of the State legislatures have provided for additional compensation for 18,702 employees engaged in employment-service duties (hearings, pp. 102–103), entailing an added expense of \$3,390,490, for which no provision heretofore has been made. The estimate of appropriation is in the amount of \$3,390,000. The committee is recommending \$3,000,000 with the thought that the difference may be met from savings flowing from temporary vacancies and other lessened demands.

Compensation to postmasters.—The additional amount of \$2,711,000 is required to meet the additional compensation cost by the advancement in grade of an unanticipated number of offices owing to a greater amount of postal revenue in the calendar year 1944 than was originally estimated. The appropriation is necessary to discharge a legal obligation.

United States participation in United Nations.—The appropriation proposed is in agreement with the estimate of \$6,480,000. This would be the initial appropriation in consequence of the United Nations Participation Act, approved December 20, 1945 (Public Law 264). Of the sum stated, \$6,153,500 represents the amount determined by the budget committee of the General Assembly as the United States share of the first contributions to the working-capital fund of the United Nations Organization, such fund to be a revolving fund and operated on a calendar-year basis. The amount of the fund has been fixed at \$25,000,000, but has been provisionally reduced to \$21,500,000 for the current calendar year owing to the lapse of time. A provisional scale of contributions by participating governments appears on page 455 of the hearings. On pages 456–457 of the hearings will be found a statement of the proposed employment of

the working fund during the calendar year 1946. There follows a summation:

(1) Sessions, commissioners, and committees of:	
General Assembly.....	} \$1, 500, 000
Security Council.....	
Economic and Social Council.....	
Trusteeship Council.....	
(2) The Secretariat.....	16, 510, 750
(3) The International Court of Justice.....	617, 250
(4) Contingencies.....	2, 000, 000
(5) Preparatory expenses incurred prior to February 1946.....	872, 000
<hr/>	
Total.....	21, 500, 000

In addition to the amount for contribution to the working-capital fund, the appropriation proposed includes \$125,920 for personal services and \$280,580 for expenses for the office of the United States representative to United Nations for the period April 1, 1946, to June 30, 1946. The law requires that such official shall be responsible for the permanent representation of the United States at the seat of the United Nations and shall serve as United States delegate to the Security Council. In order to carry out these functions, it has been estimated that the office of the United States representative will require a permanent staff of 166 officers and employees in 1946 and an additional 5 consultants and advisers receiving compensation when actually employed, in 1947. This staff will serve the representatives of the United States, not only on the Security Council but also, as may be required, on other organs of the United Nations. It will also provide the nucleus of the staff to serve the United States delegation to meetings of the General Assembly. The Security Council will be in continuous session, and the Economic and Social Council with its subsidiary bodies and the Trusteeship Committee or Council will be in session throughout most of the year. Frequently these bodies will be meeting simultaneously.

The permanent staff will consist of the United States representative, his deputy on the Security Council, a principal adviser on economic and social matters, a principal adviser on trusteeship matters, a legal adviser, and an adviser on administrative and budgetary matters of the United Nations, as well as a director of information and a secretariat under the direction of an executive officer. These key officials will be assisted by a sufficient number of assistants, consultants, advisers, technical experts, specialists, and Secretariat personnel, to assure the effective participation of the United States in the numerous and often concurrent activities of the various organs of the United Nations.

For the ensuing fiscal year the cost of personal services has been estimated at \$600,000, and of miscellaneous expenses at \$436,000.

The committee has attached to the appropriation, at the instance of the State Department, authority for the Department to acquire Federal surplus property for the United Nations, at the regularly determined disposal value thereof, plus incidental costs. To the extent that such authority is availed of, there would be a reduction in the United States contribution, and to the same extent the Federal Treasury would benefit from the sale of surplus property.

Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Internal Revenue.—The additional appropriation of \$16,350,000 involves two propositions, namely: (1) \$215,000 for transfer to the Post Office Department for expenses incurred by that Department in the current year in connection with the sale of automobile use-tax stamps, and (2) \$16,135,000 for completing the program initiated pursuant to provision in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, approved July 5, 1945, of building up a force adequate to handle the greatly multiplied work load and of engaging in a vigorous pursuit of tax evaders. This Bureau was seriously handicapped and impeded during the war period by inadequate personnel. Its work expanded manifold and it was unable to recruit personnel possessed of suitable qualifications. As a result arrearages developed throughout the organization, and the Government was losing income because of the Bureau's inability adequately to combat wartime income-tax evaders and income-tax evasion generally.

Former Secretary Morgenthau, in urging the earlier additional appropriation, prophesied the collection of a minimum of \$1,000,000,000 if a proper force was made available to run down tax evaders. For the 4-month period ended October 31, 1945, additional assessments of taxes exceeded by more than \$125,000,000 like assessments made during the corresponding period of the preceding fiscal year.

The appropriation proposed will permit of an increase in personnel of the Internal Revenue Bureau from 56,310 positions to approximately 63,726 positions, and would raise the total of appropriations for this Bureau for the current fiscal year to \$176,650,000. The appropriation for the fiscal year 1947, as approved by the House, would be \$184,700,000. The reduction of \$1,250,000 which the committee has made in the instant estimate is proposed with the view to limiting pay-roll and other charges in the current fiscal year to proportions that could be met during the ensuing fiscal year by the appropriation the House has approved for such year.

A wide diversification of objects comprises the remaining items included in title I. Much of the additional amount ensues from the return of former employees from the armed services, creating a considerable expenditure for terminal leave for employees displaced, personnel adjustments, and some temporary dual employments. The 40-hour workweek occasions added expenses, not previously provided for, since it necessitates added personnel. With respect to additional personnel, the committee has denied provision therefor to the extent practicable, and has assiduously avoided providing for the initiation of programs entailing additional employees and other expenses which would influence action upon the regular annual appropriation bills for the fiscal year 1947. It considered and is not recommending a number of proposals to advance the starting of new or enlarged expenditure programs provided for in the 1947 Budget.

In connection with such refusals, the committee wishes to make it clear that it will not be receptive to estimates of appropriations for defraying obligations for objects for which it has not recommended appropriations. That may seem anomalous; however, as was pointed out in the committee's report on the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, instances have occurred where agencies do not actually

incur deficiencies but proceed at an obligational rate which make necessary either a deficiency appropriation or the suspension or drastic curtailment of an activity for lack of funds. The committee does not propose to tolerate that practice any longer. It intends to see that the antideficiency law (31 U. S. C. 665) is observed in letter and spirit and shall expect the Bureau of the Budget to report quarterly, starting at the close of the first quarter of the next fiscal year, the title of any appropriation not being administered in accordance with the letter and spirit of such law, the reasons therefor, and the name and position of the official immediately responsible.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

The committee is recommending \$22,500 of an estimate of \$122,000 for the Capitol power plant. The estimate includes projects which it is felt should be examined by the regular subcommittee of the committee having jurisdiction (legislative).

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Here the committee has felt constrained to recommend an appropriation for additional personnel. The amount recommended is \$369,000. There is need for the Commission to increase its examining and placement activities sufficiently to enable veterans to realize more fully the advantages in competition for Federal employment provided by the Veterans' Preference Act of 1944. This calls for an additional appropriation of \$194,000, and the proposal is in harmony with the appropriation which has been voted by the House and Senate for the fiscal year 1947. There also is need to step up the work of processing claims for refunds of contributions made to the retirement fund by employees separated from Federal service. There is a backlog of such claims and \$175,000 is proposed for employing a special force for 3 months to bring the work approximately current.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Of estimates aggregating the sum of \$3,268,500, the committee is recommending \$60,000 for enforcement operations of the Food and Drug Administration; \$20,500 for Freedmen's Hospital, and \$748,000 for hospitals and medical care. Of the reduction of \$2,440,000 there has been denied for hospitals and medical care \$2,059,000 primarily because such amount contemplates continuing obligations of proportions which would occasion total expenditures during the ensuing fiscal year in excess of the appropriation proposed in the 1947 Budget, and there has been denied \$225,000 for foreign quarantine service, intended for expenditure in the Philippine Islands. Out of a previous supplemental appropriation of \$320,000, an allocation of \$50,000 has been made toward reestablishing and operating the quarantine service in the Philippines. At the same time such previous supplemental appropriation was made, \$1,000,000 was appropriated for public-health services, Philippine Islands. The committee is not satisfied that quarantine-service needs cannot be financed out of the \$1,000,000 appropriation.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

The committee recommends \$200,000 of an estimate of appropriation of \$883,000 for expenses incident to the return of departmental functions to the seat of government. The amount recommended will finance the remaining costs incident to the return to Washington of the Patent Office and Rural Electrification Administration, and should cover expenses of tenant changes and essential restoration of vacated premises. The estimate includes \$295,020 for the return of the Farm Credit Administration, and amounts for other returns that may be decided upon, and for contingencies. At the time of the hearings (February 28) there was no evidence of space being available in Washington for the accommodation of the Farm Credit Administration. The committee is unwilling to grant too much latitude in bringing agencies back to Washington during the continuance of the acute shortage of office and living space.

OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

STUDY OF GUARANTEED ANNUAL WAGE PLANS

The committee had before it an estimate of appropriation of \$200,000 for the conduct of a study of guaranteed annual wage plans for industry and their feasibility for employment stabilization. The study has been placed in motion under an allocation of \$50,000 of the previous appropriation of \$3,955,400 for salaries and expenses, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and will be supervised by the Advisory Board of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, composed of Gov. O. Max Gardner (chairman), Messrs. Erie A. Johnston, G. H. Mead, Nathaniel Dyke, Jr., Phillip Murray, William Green, T. C. Cashen, Edward A. O'Neal, James B. Patton, Albert S. Goss, Chester C. Davis, and Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, some representing labor, some representing agriculture, and some representing business.

The matter was presented to the committee, and most capably so, by Mr. Erie A. Johnston, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. His testimony begins on page 142 of the hearings. Quoting from such testimony, the research phase of the guaranteed wage project may be divided into six parts, as follows:

1. An examination of the specific experience with guaranteed wage plans.
2. An analysis of the methods and possibilities of regularizing production and stabilizing employment.
3. A measure of the cost of various types of wage guaranties.
4. An economic analysis of guaranteed wages.
5. The relation of guaranteed wage plans to other economic measures intended to stabilize or increase the national income.
6. Summary and recommendations.

An analysis of the estimate appears on page 162 of the hearings. The study contemplated by the estimate is expected to be completed in the fall of this year. It may prove to be desirable, however, further to pursue the matter.

The hearings are convincing that the study may prove of considerable benefit to management and labor and agriculture. All would profit

from stabilization of employment, and any reasonable search for the attainment of that objective is entitled to support and encouragement. The committee, therefore, is providing that the study may go forward, to be financed out of the present appropriation, instead of an additional appropriation, and it believes that the present appropriation may be so administered as to bear an additional charge of \$200,000.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The committee is proposing additional appropriations aggregating \$420,000, itemized by appropriation titles on pages 16-17 hereof. The objects and amounts provided therefor are: Combating the spruce budworm, \$32,000; combating the gypsy moth, \$20,000; rehabilitation of recreational areas in the national forests, \$168,000; and loan funds for the repair and development of water facilities, \$200,000. Aside from the spruce-budworm item, the amounts proposed are well under the Budget estimates, but have been determined upon as reasonably adequate taking into consideration current funds and funds the House has approved for the fiscal year 1947.

The committee has increased by \$600,000, in consequence of a Budget recommendation, the existing limitation upon salaries and other administrative expenses in carrying out certain programs under the appropriation "Conservation and use of agricultural land resources," for the purpose of measuring under the supervision of county agricultural conservation committees all acreages planted to flue-cured tobacco.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

The bill includes an additional amount of \$4,721,360 for the Department of Commerce, which is \$790,640 below the sum of the Budget estimates. Of the amount proposed, \$3,049,360 is for additional expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, occasioned by expanding responsibilities, personnel expenses incident to reclassification and the 40-hour workweek, and the need for additional facilities at the Washington National Airport, for which last purpose \$1,342,000 is provided for an additional hangar and for necessary paving.

The committee has made a number of reductions in the estimates for this agency, aggregating \$639,640, largely for programs which, if they are to be approved at all, should be initiated by the subcommittee of the committee having jurisdiction of the agency's regular annual appropriations. A part of the reduction, however, applies to an additional amount requested for the operation of agency aircraft. Some of these aircraft should be placed in a reserve status and operating personnel and ground personnel adjusted downward accordingly.

Declassification and technical services.—In the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, an initial appropriation of \$300,000 was made for the collection, editing, publication, and dissemination of scientific and technical data procured in Germany and Japan, but chiefly Germany, for the benefit of American industry. The work has progressed in a very satisfactory and promising way and has unmistakably demonstrated its worth. The committee is recommending approval of a request for an additional \$400,000. The work will extend over a considerable period and will call for further supple-

mental appropriations. There is some return from the sale of the information collected, but the big return will flow from the capitalization of the data gathered by our scientists and industrialists.

Patent Office.—There is provided under this head, as a part of the additional appropriation proposed for the Department of Commerce, an additional appropriation of \$400,000 for reproducing, by lithographic process, depleted or exhausted supplies of patents. The patents are sold and the receipts are deposited in the Treasury. The Patent Office received \$4,128,122 in fees during the fiscal year 1945. Its revenues would be much more if a new schedule of prices were established more nearly commensurate with costs. The charge for a patent is the same irrespective of size or cost. Ten cents is charged whether the printing cost be 10 cents or less or \$2 or more. The committee is advised that if a proper schedule of prices were established, there would be a growth of income of \$3,000,000 or more annually. Legislation would be necessary and the committee hopes that the Committee on Patents will give the matter early and earnest consideration.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

The additional appropriations requested for this Department aggregate \$1,314,039.63. Details appear on pages 19-21 hereof. The committee is recommending a total of \$900,039.63, which is a reduction of \$414,000, most of which applies to maintenance and repair of roads and bridges on Indian reservations, for which purpose \$400,000 is recommended of an estimate of \$800,000. The reduced amount for such purposes should take care of the repairs most urgently needed. On July 1, in all probability, a very considerable amount will become available. There is pending in the committee an estimate of \$4,700,000 for the fiscal year 1947.

Of the balance of the total amount recommended, \$417,385 is for education activities under the Bureau of Indian Affairs by reason of an increase in enrollment and attendance at certain Indian boarding schools; the need to abandon the Eklutna School in Alaska; an increase in the cost of materials and supplies, and to finance a nominal increase in the wages of Indian employees.

Pursuant to a Budget recommendation, authority is included for the transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, surplus stores with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 of the Colorado River relocation center, located at Poston, Ariz., for use in the development of the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Apart from the project earlier explained herein, the committee is recommending additional appropriations aggregating \$727,100 of estimates totaling \$993,400, or a reduced amount of \$266,300. An itemization begins on page 22 hereof. Of the amount recommended, \$200,000—half of the Budget estimate, pertains to powerboat service, which will be supplied in increasing measure by private operators in place of the War Shipping Administration. How rapidly the change will be effected is highly speculative. The bulk of the remainder (\$417,000) of the total amount recommended generally is for taking

over transportation functions being discontinued by the Army and Navy, procurement of essential items of equipment and supplies, and conditioning and transporting approximately 1,000 trucks being acquired without cost from the War Assets Corporation.

There is in the additional amount recommended an amount upward of \$97,000 for salary adjustments in accordance with law, for overtime, and for terminal leave occasioned largely by the return of former employees from the armed services.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Omitting the United Nations project, previously explained herein, the bill provides additional appropriations totaling \$1,483,326, which is \$1,591,974 less than the estimates of appropriations. The reduction of more than 50 percent ensues to a large extent from the elimination of projects proposed for initiation in advance of the availability of the appropriations for the fiscal year 1947. Except in cases of extreme urgency, the Deficiency Subcommittee is averse to launching new programs or policies which, upon further and more careful examination, the regular subcommittees having jurisdiction might be unwilling to approve.

An itemization of the estimates and committee recommendations appears on pages 24-25 hereof. There follows an accounting by objects for the latter:

Temporary personnel in connection with atomic-energy matters	\$145, 956
Printing documents relating to postwar problems and international organizations	200, 000
Terminal leave of heads of missions	35, 000
Additional amount for salaries of clerks, foreign service, growing out of an inadvertent omission from a former estimate of appropriation	330, 000
Salary adjustments of alien and American employees, including reclassification of the latter	105, 300
Korean mission	67, 070
Added transportation costs, foreign service	600, 000
Total	1, 483, 326

TITLE II. INCREASED PAY COSTS

The bill includes appropriations under this head aggregating \$181,269,469. This is in addition to appropriations included in the second deficiency appropriation bill, 1946, aggregating \$228,117,807. The combined total is \$409,387,276, which is \$147,300 less than the total of the Budget estimates, contained in House Document 437, the reduction applying to overestimates under The Judiciary.

These appropriations are made necessary by the Federal Employees' Pay Act of 1945 (Public Law 106), and similar legislation granting increases in pay to employees of the Postal Service (Public Law 134), and to certain employees of the District of Columbia (Public Laws 151 and 158). The total cost of such laws has been computed to be \$855,902,203. Of that aggregate amount, \$443,425,109 will be absorbed, and \$2,942,518 will be paid from corporate and tribal funds, receipts, etc.

The appropriation is made in two measures because the appropriations to be augmented by the amounts carried in the second urgent deficiency bill, 1946, were in a less solvent condition than those that are to be supplemented under the provisions of this bill.

TITLE III. JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

The total amount proposed under this title corresponds with the Budget total of \$11,416,526.59. Details, quite voluminous in some cases, are contained in House documents, the numbers of which are indicated on page 27 hercof.

LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The following limitations and legislative provisions not heretofore enacted in connection with any appropriation bill are recommended:

LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

Page 4, line 15, relating to the Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency:

Return of departmental functions to the seat of government: For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Government as are designated from time to time by the President, which were removed from, or established at, places other than the seat of government by reason of the national emergency, including the expenses of travel of employees transferred, including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of transportation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing, crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpacking, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated and eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated, in accordance with regulations approved by the President; and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees, plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member of immediate families of employees; \$200,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That removal to the seat of government of Government-owned or leased furniture, equipment, supplies, and other property and household goods and personal effects of employers, and costs of restoration of leased office space when required, may be accomplished without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes: Provided further, That employees transferred to the seat of government, in accordance with a designation of the President as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval of this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other allowances authorized by other law in connection with change of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal effects to the limits specified herein: Provided further, That such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred to other agencies concerned for the payment to the transferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

Page 10, line 20, relating to the establishment of air-navigation facilities, Civil Aeronautics Administration:

and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, air-navigation and communication facilities, including appurtenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Page 13, line 10, being general provisions applying to the Department of Commerce:

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials

of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station, is hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of transportation of the immediate families of such officers and employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available for the traveling expenses of the immediate families of officers and employees of the Department who were returned from points outside the United States during the war is hereby amended by extending said authority to apply to the appropriations available for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the amount which may be expended under said authority, as amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

Page 15, line 12, relating to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior:

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment, materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

Page 23, line 14, relating to salaries, Office of the Secretary of State: and not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without regard to the civil-service and classification laws,

Page 26, line 1, relating to United States participation in United Nations:

Provided, That the Department of State, when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784), as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United States contribution to the United Nations, and such contribution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, incident to the acquisition thereof.

Page 27, line 11, relating to the Procurement Division, Treasury Department:

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building No. 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill
 [The year indicated after each item denotes the fiscal year]

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS				
LEGISLATIVE				
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES				
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE				
488	Miscellaneous items, 1946	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	-----
488	Reporting hearings, 1946	5,000.00	5,000.00	-----
488	Special and select committees, 1946	100,000.00	100,000.00	-----
	Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, 1946	-----	3,000.00	+\$3,000.00
488	Telegraph and telephone, 1946	125,000.00	125,000.00	-----
488	Stationery, 1946	2,000.00	2,700.00	+700.00
	Total, House of Representatives	247,000.00	250,700.00	+3,700.00
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL				
CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS				
459	Capitol power plant, 1946	122,000.00	22,500.00	-99,500.00

	Total, legislative-----		369, 000. 00	273, 200. 00	-95, 800. 00
	THE JUDICIARY				
	UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA				
482	Repairs and improvements, District Court, 1946-----		1, 300. 00	1, 300. 00	-----
482	Repairs and improvements, U. S. Court of Appeals, 1946-----		11, 000. 00	11, 000. 00	-----
	Total, the Judiciary-----		12, 300. 00	12, 300. 00	-----
	EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT				
	BUREAU OF THE BUDGET				
463	Printing and binding, 1946-----		28, 000. 00	28, 000. 00	-----
	INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES				
	CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION				
435 492	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----		369, 000. 00	369, 000. 00	-----
	FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY				
	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION				
436	Enforcement operations, 1946-----		136, 000. 00	60, 000. 00	-76, 000. 00
436	General administration, 1946-----		3, 000. 00	-----	-3, 000. 00
	Total, Food and Drug Administration-----		139, 000. 00	60, 000. 00	-79, 000. 00
	FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL				
436	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----		20, 500. 00	20, 500. 00	-----

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES—Continued				
FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY—Continued				
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE				
436	Foreign quarantine service, 1946-----	\$225, 000. 00	-----	—\$225, 000. 00
436 491	Hospitals and medical care, 1946-----	2, 858, 000. 00	\$748, 000. 00	—2, 110, 000. 00
	Total, Public Health Service-----	3, 083, 000. 00	748, 000. 00	—2, 335, 000. 00
OFFICE OF VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION				
436	General administrative expenses, 1946-----	18, 000. 00	-----	—18, 000. 00
OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR				
436	Traveling expenses, 1946-----	8, 000. 00	-----	—8, 000. 00
	Total, Federal Security Agency-----	3, 268, 500. 00	828, 500. 00	—2, 440, 000. 00
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY				
PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION				
457	Return of departmental functions to the seat of government-----	883, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	—683, 000. 00

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION			
475	Damage claims, 1946-----	681, 193. 83	681, 193. 83
	Total, Federal Works Agency-----	1, 564, 193. 83	881, 193. 83
			----- - 683, 000. 00
NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD			
481	Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards, 1946-----	37, 500. 00	37, 500. 00
RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD			
419	Salaries, 1946-----	180, 000. 00	140, 000. 00
419	Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries), 1946-----	39, 000. 00	30, 000. 00
419	Penalty-mail costs, 1946-----	23, 000. 00	15, 000. 00
	Total, Railroad Retirement Board-----	242, 000. 00	185, 000. 00
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION			
485	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	(1)	(1)
TARIFF COMMISSION			
434	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	85, 000. 00	53, 000. 00
VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION			
464	Army and Navy pensions-----	(2)	(2)
464	Travel expenses, 1946-----	(3)	(4)

¹ Increase limitation applying to penalty mail from \$13,500 to \$15,000.

² Make appropriation available for payment of subsistence allowances over the period Jan. 1, 1946, to June 30, 1947.

³ Increase limitation on travel expenditures to \$6,500,000.

⁴ Increase limitation on travel expenditures to \$7,500,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES—Continued			
	OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION			
442	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	\$200, 000. 00	(⁵)	—\$200, 000. 00
	Total, independent executive agencies-----	5, 766, 193. 83	\$2, 354, 193. 83	—3, 412, 000. 00
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION			
	BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE			
439	Insect investigations, 1946-----	32, 000. 00	32, 000. 00	-----
439	Insect and plant-disease control, 1946-----	350, 000. 00	20, 000. 00	—330, 000. 00
	Total, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine-----	382, 000. 00	52, 000. 00	—330, 000. 00
	FOREST SERVICE			
439	National-forest protection and management, 1946-----	1, 000, 000. 00	168, 000. 00	—832, 000. 00
	PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION			
483	Conservation and use of agriculture land resources, 1946-----	(⁶)	(⁶)	-----

439	WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS			
	Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas, 1946-----	500, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	—300, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Agriculture-----	1, 882, 000. 00	420, 000. 00	—1, 462, 000. 00
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY			
450	Declassification and technical services, 1946-----	400, 000. 00	400, 000. 00	-----
450	Printing and binding, 1946-----	68, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	—18, 000. 00
	Total, office of the Secretary-----	468, 000. 00	450, 000. 00	—18, 000. 00
	OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS			
450	General administration, office of the Administrator, 1946-----	102, 000. 00	39, 000. 00	—63, 000. 00
450	Establishment of air-navigation facilities, 1946-----	426, 000. 00	426, 000. 00	-----
450	Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities, 1946-----	934, 000. 00	749, 655. 00	—184, 345. 00
450	Enforcement of safety regulations, 1946-----	514, 000. 00	364, 000. 00	—150, 000. 00
450	Maintenance and operation of aircraft, 1946-----	346, 000. 00	103, 705. 00	—242, 295. 00
450	Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport-----	25, 000. 00	25, 000. 00	-----
450	Construction, Washington National Airport-----	1, 342, 000. 00	1, 342, 000. 00	-----
	Total, office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics-----	3, 689, 000. 00	3, 049, 360. 00	—639, 640. 00
	CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD			
450	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	29, 000. 00	-----	—29, 000. 00

⁵ Pay from existing funds.⁶ Increase limitation on expenditures for salaries and other administrative expenses from \$23,319,200 to \$23,919,200.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—) bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—Continued				
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY				
450	Salaries and expenses, departmental, 1946-----	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	-----
450	Salaries and expenses, field, 1946-----	128,000.00	114,000.00	—\$14,000.00
450	Pay, commissioned officers, 1946-----	85,000.00	70,000.00	—15,000.00
	Total, Coast and Geodetic Survey-----	288,000.00	259,000.00	—29,000.00
PATENT OFFICE				
450	Photolithographing, 1946-----	400,000.00	400,000.00	-----
450	Printing and binding, 1946-----	28,000.00	28,000.00	-----
	Total, Patent Office-----	428,000.00	428,000.00	-----
WEATHER BUREAU				
450	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	610,000.00	535,000.00	—75,000.00
	Total, Department of Commerce-----	5,512,000.00	4,721,360.00	—790,640.00

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

438	Expenses, 1946-----	1, 500. 00	1, 500. 00	-----
GRAZING SERVICE				
438	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	14, 000. 00	-----	14, 000. 00
438	Fire fighting, 1946-----	20, 000. 00	20, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Grazing Service-----	34, 000. 00	20, 000. 00	14, 000. 00
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS				
INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT				
438	Suppressing forest and range fires, 1946-----	50, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	-----
IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE				
438	Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservations, Utah, 1945--	3, 154. 63	3, 154. 63	-----
484	Colorado River Indian Reservation-----	(?)	(?)	-----
EDUCATION				
438	Indian schools, support, 1946-----	200, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	-----
438	Indian boarding schools, 1946:			
	Sherman Institute, Riverside, Calif-----	9, 625. 00	9, 625. 00	-----
	Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kans-----	28, 860. 00	28, 860. 00	-----
	Albuquerque, N. Mex-----	11, 550. 00	11, 550. 00	-----

⁷ Transfer of War Relocation Authority surplus stores.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued			
	BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS—Continued			
	EDUCATION—continued			
438	Indian boarding schools, 1946—Continued			
	Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla.-----	\$9, 625. 00	\$9, 625. 00	-----
	Chenawa, Oreg-----	9, 625. 00	9, 625. 00	-----
	Flandreau, S. Dak-----	23, 100. 00	23, 100. 00	-----
438	Natives in Alaska, 1946-----	125, 000. 00	125, 000. 00	-----
	Total, education-----	417, 385. 00	417, 385. 00	-----
	GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION			
438	Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds), 1946-----	\$ 10, 000. 00	\$ 10, 000. 00	-----
	CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR			
438	Employees' quarters, Flathead Reservation, Mont., 1946-----	8, 000. 00	8, 000. 00	-----

438	ROADS AND BRIDGES				
	Roads, Indian reservations, 1946	800, 000. 00	400, 000. 00	—\$400, 000. 00	
	Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs	1, 278, 539. 63	878, 539. 63	—400, 000. 00	
438	FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE				
	General administrative expenses, 1946	(⁹)	(⁹)		
	Total, Department of the Interior	1, 314, 039. 63	900, 039. 63	—414, 000. 00	
441	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
	LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION				
	Contingent expenses, 1937	11. 00	11. 00		
	Traveling expenses, 1942	1, 149. 16	1, 149. 16		
	Printing and binding, 1942	436. 98	436. 98		
	Salaries and expenses, Lands Division, 1942	5, 164. 45	5, 164. 45		
	Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, etc., 1945	65, 000. 00	65, 000. 00		
	Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, etc., 1946	125, 000. 00	125, 000. 00		
	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., 1946	260, 000. 00	260, 000. 00		
	Total, legal activities and general administration	456, 761. 59	456, 761. 59		
	FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM				
	Medical and hospital service, 1946	61, 300. 00	61, 300. 00		
441	Total, Department of Justice	518, 061. 59	518, 061. 59		

⁸ Payable from tribal funds.⁹ Increase limitation on expenditures for departmental personal services from \$704,828 to \$729,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY			
428	Salaries, 1946-----	\$31, 600. 00	\$31, 600. 00	-----
	EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES			
421	Employment office facilities and services, 1946-----	3, 390, 000. 00	3, 000, 000. 00	—\$390, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Labor-----	3, 421, 600. 00	3, 031, 600. 00	—390, 000. 00
	NAVY DEPARTMENT			
	BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS			
446	Maintenance, 1940-----	171. 32	171. 32	-----
	POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
	(Out of postal revenues)			
	Post Office Department, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
	SALARIES IN OFFICE OF POSTMASTER GENERAL AND BUREAUS AND OFFICES			
427	Salaries, 1946:			

	Office of the Postmaster General.....	14, 900. 00	10, 000. 00	-4, 900. 00
	Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General.....	47, 000. 00	30, 000. 00	-17, 000. 00
	Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General.....	12, 600. 00	12, 600. 00	-----
	Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General.....	8, 300. 00	5, 000. 00	-3, 300. 00
	Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General.....	14, 900. 00	14, 900. 00	-----
	Office of the Chief Inspector.....	18, 200. 00	-----	-18, 200. 00
	Total, salaries, 1946.....	115, 900. 00	72, 500. 00	-43, 400. 00
	CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
427	Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, 1946.....	8, 600. 00	8, 600. 00	-----
	FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
	OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR			
427	Salaries of inspectors, 1946.....	47, 900. 00	25, 000. 00	-22, 900. 00
	OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL			
427	Compensation to postmasters, 1946.....	2, 711, 000. 00	2, 711, 000. 00	-----
	OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL			
427	Powerboat service, 1946.....	400, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	-200, 000. 00
	OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL			
427	Post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies, 1946.....	315, 000. 00	315, 000. 00	-----
427	Vehicle service, 1946.....	60, 000. 00	60, 000. 00	-----

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—Continued				
FIELD SERVICE, Post Office Department—Continued				
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR—continued				
427	Transportation of equipment and supplies, 1946-----	\$42, 000. 00	\$42, 000. 00	-----
427	Payment of claim of Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Ill., 1945-----	10 4, 000. 00	4, 000. 00	-----
	Total, office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General-----	421, 000. 00	421, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Post Office Department-----	3, 704, 400. 00	3, 438, 100. 00	-----
	DEPARTMENT OF STATE .			-----
	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE			
449	Salaries, 1946-----	513, 000. 00	133, 456. 00	—379, 544. 00
449	Contingent expenses, 1946-----	184, 500. 00	12, 500. 00	—172, 000. 00
449	Printing and binding, 1946-----	250, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	—50, 000. 00
	Total, office of the Secretary of State-----	947, 500. 00	345, 956. 00	—601, 544. 00

FOREIGN SERVICE				
449	Salaries, ambassadors and ministers, 1946-----	35, 000. 00	35, 000. 00	-----
449	Transportation, foreign service, 1946-----	198, 000. 00	100, 000. 00	--98, 000. 00
449}	Salaries of clerks, foreign service, 1946-----	472, 200. 00	400, 000. 00	--72, 200. 00
500}	Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, foreign service, 1946-----	258, 800. 00	35, 300. 00	--223, 500. 00
449}	Foreign service, auxiliary (emergency), 1946-----	1, 163, 800. 00	567, 070. 00	--596, 730. 00
500}	Total, foreign service-----	2, 127, 800. 00	1, 137, 370. 00	--990, 430. 00
INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS				
499	United States participation in United Nations, 1946-----	6, 480, 000. 00	6, 480, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Department of State-----	9, 555, 300. 00	7, 963, 326. 00	--1, 591, 974. 00
TREASURY DEPARTMENT				
FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS				
448	Printing and binding, 1946-----	8, 000. 00	3, 000. 00	--5, 000. 00
BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE				
433	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	17, 600, 000. 00	16, 350, 000. 00	--1, 250, 000. 00
SECRET SERVICE DIVISION				
433	Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, 1946-----	190, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	--140, 000. 00

¹⁰ Payable out of the general fund of the Treasury.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Continued				
PROCUREMENT DIVISION				
462	Supply distribution center-----	(11)	(11)	-----
	Total, Treasury Department-----	\$17,798,000.00	\$16,403,000.00	—\$1,395,000.00
WAR DEPARTMENT				
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
471	Damage claims-----	429,805.41	429,805.41	-----
	Total, title I-----	50,310,871.78	40,493,157.78	—9,817,714.00
TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS				
437 } 487 }	Increased pay costs authorized by the acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing increases in pay of Government officers and employees-----	¹² 181,416,769.00	¹² 181,269,469.00	—147,300.00
	Total, title II-----	¹² 181,416,769.00	¹² 181,269,469.00	—147,300.00

TITLE III—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

473}	Audited claims allowed by the General Accounting Office.....	10, 744, 870. 02	10, 744, 870. 02	-----
474}				
472}	Judgments, United States courts.....	65, 655. 76	65, 655. 76	-----
477}				
476	Judgments, United States Court of Claims.....	589, 033. 86	589, 033. 86	-----
470	Property damage claims.....	16, 966. 95	16, 966. 95	-----
	Total, title III, judgments and authorized claims.....	11, 416, 526. 59	11, 416, 526. 59	-----
	Grand total, titles I, II, and III.....	243, 144, 167. 37	233, 179, 153. 37	-----
			-9, 965, 014. 00	-----

¹¹ Authority to transfer building in Seattle from War Department.¹² Additional amount of \$228,117,807 included in the second urgent deficiency appropriation bill, 1946 (H. R. 5671).

○

NOTICE: This bill is given out subject to release when consideration of it has been completed by the Whole Committee. Please check on such action before release in order to be advised of any changes.

[FULL COMMITTEE PRINT]

Union Calendar No.

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

[Report No.] 1817

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 26, 1946

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the following bill; which was committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
- 4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply de-
- 5 ficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending
- 6 June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supple-

1 mental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
2 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

3 TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

4 LEGISLATIVE

5 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

6 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

7 Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for
8 miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.

9 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for steno-
10 graphic reports of hearings of committees other than special
11 and select committees, fiscal year 1946, \$5,000.

12 Special and select committees: For an additional amount
13 for expenses of special and select committees authorized by
14 the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

15 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
16 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
17 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal
18 Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946,
19 \$3,000.

20 Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for
21 telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,
22 fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

23 Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery
24 (additional allowance second session, of the Seventy-ninth
25 Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Enforcement operations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and

1 the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia
2 is hereby increased from “\$680,000” to “\$692,000”.

3 FREEDMEN’S HOSPITAL

4 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
5 year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, including the objects
6 specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency
7 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

8 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

9 Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount,
10 fiscal year 1946, for “Hospitals and medical care”, including
11 the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security
12 Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$748,000.

13 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

14 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

15 Return of departmental functions to the seat of govern-
16 ment: For all expenses, including personal services in the
17 District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the
18 Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary
19 to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such
20 bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Govern-
21 ment as are designated from time to time by the President,
22 which were removed from, or established at places other than,
23 the seat of government by reason of the national emergency,
24 including the expenses of travel of employees transferred,

1 including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of trans-
2 portation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel
3 performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation
4 of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing,
5 crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpack-
6 ing, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in
7 an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated
8 and eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated,
9 in accordance with regulations approved by the President;
10 and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5
11 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees,
12 plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member
13 of immediate families of employees; \$200,000, to remain
14 available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to the seat
15 of government of Government-owned or leased furniture,
16 equipment, supplies, and other property and household goods
17 and personal effects of employees, and costs of restoration of
18 leased office space when required, may be accomplished
19 without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes:
20 *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the seat of
21 government, in accordance with a designation of the Presi-
22 dent as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval of
23 this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other
24 allowances authorized by other law in connection with change

1 of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein
2 authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and
3 excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal
4 effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That
5 such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of
6 Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred
7 to other agencies concerned for the payment to the trans-
8 ferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

9 PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATOR

10 Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage
11 to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of
12 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The
13 Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the
14 several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of
15 roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substan-
16 tially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any
17 other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set
18 forth in House Document Numbered 475, Seventy-ninth
19 Congress, \$681,193.83.

20 NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

21 Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards:
22 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitra-
23 tion, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including
24 the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal
25 Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$140,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

TARIFF COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Commission", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$53,000.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1, 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army

1 and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the pay-
2 ment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of
3 Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

4 Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105
5 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon
6 "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

7 OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

8 Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this
9 appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available
10 and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of
11 the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study
12 of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the
13 Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum;
14 printing and binding; and objects specified under the head
15 "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Ap-
16 propriation Act, 1946.

17 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

18 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

19 BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

20 Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects
22 specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture
23 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

1 Insect and plant disease control: For an additional
2 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease
3 control", \$20,000.

4 FOREST SERVICE

5 National forest protection and management: For an
6 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest
7 protection and management", including the objects specified
8 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Approp-
9 priation Act, 1946, \$168,000.

10 PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

11 CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

12 RESOURCES

13 The limitation on the amount which may be expended
14 for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head
15 in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946,
16 and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is
17 hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

18 WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

19 Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid
21 and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under
22 this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation
23 Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

3 Declassification and technical services: For an addi-
4 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and
5 technical services", including the objects specified under
6 this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946,
7 \$400,000.

8 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
9 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

10 OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

11 General administration, Office of the Administrator: For
12 an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General admin-
13 istration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects
14 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
15 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$39,000.

16 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an addi-
17 tional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the De-
19 partment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000,
20 and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during
21 the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to
22 the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget,
23 air-navigation and communication facilities, including appur-
24 tenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

25 Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities:

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance
2 nance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
3 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
4 Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$749,655.

5 Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional
6 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regula-
7 tions", including the objects specified under this head in
8 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
9 \$364,000.

10 Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional
11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of
12 aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in
13 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
14 \$103,705.

15 Maintenance and operation, Washington National Air-
16 port: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Main-
17 tenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the Depart-
19 ment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

20 Construction, Washington National Airport: For the
21 construction of one hangar and the installation of additional
22 paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft,
23 \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.

24 COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

25 Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional

1 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, depart-
2 mental", including the objects specified under this head in the
3 Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000,
4 and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended
5 for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000"
6 to "\$1,881,000".

7 Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount,
8 fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", includ-
9 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
10 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

11 Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount,
12 fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", includ-
13 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
14 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

15 PATENT OFFICE

16 Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal
17 year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects
18 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
19 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

20 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which
22 \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents,
23 designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official
24 Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900
25 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$535,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to "\$1,170,000".

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station, is hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of transportation of the immediate families of such officers and employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available for the traveling expenses of the immediate families of officers and employees of the Department who were returned from points outside

1 the United States during the war is hereby amended by
2 extending said authority to apply to the appropriations avail-
3 able for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
4 tion Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the
5 amount which may be expended under said authority; as
6 amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

7 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

8 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

9 Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
10 for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head
11 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

12 GRAZING SERVICE

13 Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year
14 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified
15 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation
16 Act, 1946, \$20,000.

17 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

18 INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

19 Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional
20 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency
21 prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian
22 reservations", including the objects specified under this head
23 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
24 \$50,000.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation, Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes, Utah", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, \$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment, materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

EDUCATION

Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal
2 year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in
3 nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

4 Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and
5 the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
6 increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number
7 of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-
8 five".

9 Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the
10 amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
11 increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number
12 of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred
13 and ninety".

14 Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount
15 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
16 from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils
17 from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and
18 seventy-five".

19 Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla-
20 homa, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of
21 Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to
22 "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred"
23 to "three hundred and twenty-five".

24 Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available
25 for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from

1 “\$152,905” to “\$162,530”; and the number of pupils from
 2 “four hundred and twenty-five” to “four hundred and fifty”.

3 Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount
 4 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
 5 from “\$119,475” to “\$142,575”; and the number of pupils
 6 from “three hundred and fifteen” to “three hundred and
 7 seventy-five”.

8 Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 9 1946, for “Natives in Alaska”, including the objects speci-
 10 fied under this head in the Interior Department Appropria-
 11 tion Act, 1946, \$125,000, to remain available until June
 12 30, 1947.

13 GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

14 Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal
 15 funds): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for
 16 “Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal
 17 funds)”, including the objects specified under this head in
 18 the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$10,000,
 19 payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular
 20 tribe interested.

21 CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

22 Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana:
 23 For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and
 24 equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace

1 one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available
2 until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

3 ROADS AND BRIDGES

4 Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount,
5 fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair,
6 and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the
7 objects specified under this head in the Interior Department
8 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available
9 until expended.

10 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

11 The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation
12 Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during
13 the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and
14 Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including
15 such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased
16 from "\$704,828" to "\$729,000".

17 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

18 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

19 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
20 year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
21 specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Appro-
22 priation Act, 1937, \$11.

23 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal

1 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects
2 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
3 Appropriation Act, 1942, \$1,149.16.

4 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
5 year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

6 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional
7 amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands
8 Division", including the objects specified under this head
9 in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942,
10 \$5,164.45.

11 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
12 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and
13 expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the
14 objects specified under this head in the Department of
15 Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

16 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
17 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries
18 and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including
19 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
20 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$125,000.

21 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
22 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
23 penses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
2 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

3 FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

4 Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount,
5 fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", includ-
6 ing objects specified under this head in the Department of
7 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

8 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

9 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

10 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
11 for "Salaries", \$31,600.

12 EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

13 Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an addi-
14 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office
15 Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary
16 increases for United States employees of that Service under
17 State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

18 NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

19 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

20 Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an
21 additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bu-
22 reau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

1 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

2 (Out of the postal revenues)

3 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF

4 COLUMBIA

5 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

6 For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Post-
7 master General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Depart-
8 ment, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

9 Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

10 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General,
11 \$30,000.

12 Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General,
13 \$12,600.

14 Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General,
15 \$5,000.

16 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General,
17 \$14,900.

18 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

19 Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and mis-
21 cellaneous expenses," including the objects specified under
22 this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act,
23 1946, \$8,600.

1 FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

2 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

3 Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal
4 year 1946, for "Salaries and inspectors", \$25,000.

5 OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

6 Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters",
8 \$2,711,000.

9 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

10 Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal
11 year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

12 OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

13 Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
14 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office sta-
15 tionery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects
16 specified under this head in the Post Office Department Ap-
17 propriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limi-
18 tation on the amount available for the pay of employees
19 in the District of Columbia in connection with the ship-
20 ment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

21 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
22 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified
23 under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation
24 Act, 1946, \$60,000.

1 Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an addi-
2 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of
3 equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

4 (Payable out of the General Fund of the Treasury)

5 For payment to Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Illinois, in
6 full settlement of all claims against the United States, as
7 authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress,
8 approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

9 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

10 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

11 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
12 for "Salaries", including the objects specified under this
13 head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
14 and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons
15 paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without
16 regard to the civil-service and classification laws, \$133,456.

17 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
19 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
20 priation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

21 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
22 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
23 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
24 priation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 FOREIGN OFFICE

2 Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional
3 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and
4 ministers", including the objects specified under this head
5 in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
6 \$35,000.

7 Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional
8 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Serv-
9 ice", including the objects specified under this head in the
10 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$100,000.

11 Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional
12 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign
13 Service", including the objects specified under this head in
14 the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
15 \$400,000.

16 Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service:
17 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscel-
18 laneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", includ-
19 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
20 of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$35,300.

21 Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an addi-
22 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service,
23 auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified
24 under this head in the Department of State Appropriation
25 Act, 1946, \$567,070.

1 The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service",
2 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service",
3 and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal
4 year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases
5 in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of For-
6 eign Service employees whose basic compensation was not
7 increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay-
8 Act of 1945.

9 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

10 United States participation in United Nations: For all
11 necessary expenses of participation by the United States in
12 the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to
13 the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of
14 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations con-
15 cerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire,
16 maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (includ-
17 ing the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; pur-
18 chase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to
19 section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111);
20 \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available
21 for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations
22 working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appro-
23 priation "Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Con-
24 sular Service" from which sums have been advanced to the

1 United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State,
2 when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to
3 acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions
4 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784),
5 as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United
6 States contribution to the United Nations, and such contri-
7 bution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property.
8 and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, inci-
9 dent to the acquisition thereof.

10 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

11 FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

12 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
13 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
14 specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appro-
15 priation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

16 BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

17 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the ob-
19 jects specified under this head in the Treasury Department
20 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the
21 limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for
22 personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby in-
23 creased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from
24 "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$50,000, and the appropriate appropriation of the War Department shall bear the cost (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, \$429,805.41.

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,300.

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", in-

cluding the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary
Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for
the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized
by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6,
1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151),
and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation
enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing
increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as
follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

For—

“Salaries, officers and employees, Senate”,
\$490,000;

“Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
Senate”, \$1,150;

“Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, Senate”,
\$12,000;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates
and proceedings of the Senate”, \$10,000;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning,
repairing, and varnishing furniture”, \$385;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses,

1 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Sen-
2 ate", \$7,000;

3 "Salaries, officers and employees, House of Repre-
4 sentatives", \$335,000;

5 "Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of
6 Representatives", \$925,000;

7 "Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House
8 of Representatives", \$5,000;

9 "Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
10 House of Representatives", \$1,150;

11 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
12 folding documents", \$10,000;

13 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
14 furniture and repairs", \$9,500;

15 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
16 miscellaneous items", \$2,500;

17 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
18 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation",
19 \$7,000;

20 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
21 Speaker's automobile", \$675;

22 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
23 payment for certain services", \$1,200;

24 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
25 attending physician", \$385;

1 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
2 Revision of the Laws”, \$1,000;

3 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
4 preparation of a New Edition United States Code (no
5 year)”, \$5,000;

6 Architect of the Capitol:

7 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: “Salaries”, \$19,-
8 000;

9 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:

10 “Capitol Buildings”, \$91,000;

11 “Capitol grounds”, \$32,300;

12 “Senate Office Building”, \$97,000;

13 “House Office Buildings”, \$129,500;

14 “Capitol power plant”, \$85,000;

15 Library of Congress:

16 Copyright Office: “Salaries”, \$50,900;

17 Legislative Reference Service: “Salaries”, \$35,734;

18 Index to State legislation: “Salaries and expenses”,
19 \$6,242;

20 Union catalogs: “Salaries and expenses”, \$8,566;

21 “Motion-picture project”, \$696;

22 Library Buildings: “Salaries”, \$88,326;

23 Total, Legislative Branch, \$2,468,209.

1 THE JUDICIARY

2 For—

3 United State Supreme Court:

4 “Salaries”, \$70,000;

5 “Structural and mechanical care of the building
6 and grounds”, \$29,300;7 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: “Salaries”,
8 \$10,850;

9 United States Customs Court: “Salaries”, \$24,000;

10 Miscellaneous items of expense:

11 “Salaries of clerks of courts”, \$675,000;

12 “Probation system, United States courts”, \$225,000;

13 “Salaries of criers”, \$62,000;

14 “Fees of commissioners”, \$110,000;

15 “Miscellaneous salaries”, \$85,000;

16 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: “Sala-
17 ries”, \$30,000;

18 Total, The Judiciary, \$1,321,150.

19 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

20 For—

21 The White House Office: “Salaries and expenses”
22 \$30,000;23 Bureau of the Budget: “Salaries and expenses”
24 \$280,000;

Office for Emergency Management:

Committee on Fair Employment Practice: "Salaries and expenses", \$30,000;

"Office of Alien Property Custodian". (The amount, \$332,900, which may be used for general administration expenses by other agencies on a reimbursable basis.)

Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

For—

Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,300,000;

Employees' Compensation Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$140,000;

Federal Communications Commission:

"Salaries and expenses", \$363,000;

"Salaries and expenses, national defense", \$194,000;

"Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$417,000.)

Federal Power Commission:

"Salaries and expenses", \$287,300;

"Flood control surveys", \$17,700;

- 1 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
2 \$232,000;
- 3 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$4,813,000;
- 4 Interstate Commerce Commission:
- 5 "General administrative expenses", \$380,000;
- 6 "Safety of employees", \$42,000;
- 7 "Signal safety systems", \$9,800;
- 8 "Locomotive inspection", \$43,600;
- 9 "Valuation of property of carriers", \$56,000;
- 10 "Motor transport regulation", \$341,000;
- 11 "Salaries and expenses, emergency", \$24,000;
- 12 "National Capital Housing Authority", \$1,850;
- 13 National Labor Relations Board:
- 14 "Salaries", \$348,000;
- 15 "Salaries and expenses (national defense)",
16 \$57,600;
- 17 National Mediation Board:
- 18 "Salaries and expenses", \$19,600;
- 19 National Railroad Adjustment Board: "Salaries and
20 expenses", \$23,850;
- 21 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and ex-
22 penses", \$385,000;
- 23 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$120,200;
- 24 "The Tax Court of the United States", \$48,800;

1 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical,
2 hospital, and domiciliary services", \$54,168,000;
3 Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

4 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

5 For—

6 "Columbia Institution for the Deaf", \$13,000;

7 Food and Drug Administration:

8 "Enforcement operations", \$433,000;

9 "General administration", \$16,900;

10 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses".
11 \$253,300;

12 Howard University: "Salaries", \$13,500:

13 Office of Education:

14 "Library service", \$3,700;

15 "Services for the blind", \$980;

16 "Salaries", \$61,440;

17 "Salaries and expenses" (vocational educa-
18 tion), \$53,300;

19 Public Health Service:

20 "Industrial hygiene", \$11,280;

21 "Foreign quarantine service", \$232,700;

22 "Hospitals and medical care", \$3,935,200;

23 "National Institute of Health", \$228,000;

1 “National Cancer Institute, operating ex-
2 penses”, \$58,700;

3 “Salaries and miscellaneous expenses”, \$160,000;

4 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Salaries and ex-
5 penses”, \$663,700;

6 Social Security Board:

7 “Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance”, \$130,000;

8 “Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security”,
9 \$105,700;

10 “Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors’
11 Insurance”, \$3,240,200;

12 “Salaries, offices of the Social Security
13 Board”, \$525,200;

14 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:

15 “For payments to States”, \$11,500;

16 “For general administrative expenses”, \$45,400;

17 Office of the Administrator:

18 “Salaries, Office of the Administrator”, \$25,800;

19 “Community War Services”, \$62,900;

20 “Salaries, Division of Personnel Manage-
21 ment”, \$17,000;

22 “Salaries, Division of Service Operations”, \$50,700;

23 “Salaries, Office of the General Counsel”, \$94,000;

24 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
\$35,530;

Public Buildings Administration:

"General administrative expenses", \$201,380;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
in the District of Columbia and adjacent area",
\$4,372,460;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
outside the District of Columbia", \$1,547,130;

Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses":

(The amount which may be used for administrative
expenses is increased by \$52,900.)

Federal Home Loan Bank Administration: "Salaries
and expenses": (The amount which may be used
for administrative expenses is increased by
\$126,000.)

Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and ex-
penses": (The amount which may be used for
administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)

1 Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and ex-
2 penses": (The amount which may be used for
3 administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

4 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

5 For—

6 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses",
7 \$204,000;

8 Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses",
9 \$242,000;

10 Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses",
11 \$72,000;

12 Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and
13 expenses", \$84,000;

14 Bureau of Agricultural Economics:

15 "Economic investigations", \$310,000;

16 "Crop and livestock estimates", \$217,000;

17 Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations: "Salaries and
18 expenses", \$85,000;

19 Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of
20 extension work", \$60,000;

21 Agricultural Research Administration:

22 Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
23 \$40,000;

24 "Special research fund, Department of Agricul-
25 ture", \$120,000;

Office of Experiment Stations:

“Administration of grants and coordination of research with States”, \$21,000;

“Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico”, \$9,000;

Bureau of Animal Industry:

“Animal husbandry”, \$95,000;

“Diseases of animals”, \$76,000;

“Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang’s disease”, \$430,000;

“Inspection and quarantine”, \$140,000;

“Meat inspection”, \$1,590,000;

“Virus Serum Toxin Act”, \$40,000;

“Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum” (increase in sum made available from appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933, from “\$31,940” to “\$37,740”);

Bureau of Dairy Industry: “Salaries and expenses”, \$99,800;

Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural Engineering:

“Field crops”, \$240,000;

“Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops”, \$205,000;

“Forest diseases”, \$31,500;

- 1 “Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation”, \$105,000;
- 2 “Agricultural engineering”, \$46,000;
- 3 “National Arboretum”, \$4,800;
- 4 Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:
- 5 “Agricultural chemical investigations”, \$44,000;
- 6 “Naval-stores investigations”, \$17,500;
- 7 “Regional research laboratories”, \$500,000;
- 8 Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:
- 9 “Salaries and expenses”, \$73,000;
- 10 “White pine blister rust control, Department of Agri-
- 11 culture”, \$270,000;
- 12 Forest Service:
- 13 Salaries and expenses:
- 14 “General administrative expenses”, \$75,000;
- 15 “National forest protection and management”,
- 16 \$2,550,000;
- 17 “Forest management”, \$116,900;
- 18 “Range investigations”, \$42,100;
- 19 “Forest products”, \$175,000;
- 20 “Forest resources investigations”, \$24,000;
- 21 “Forest-fire cooperation”, \$40,000;
- 22 “Farm and other private forestry cooperation”,
- 23 \$36,000;
- 24 “Forest roads and trails”, \$480,000;
- 25 Commodity Credit Corporation: “Salaries and admin-

1 istrative expenses" (increase in limitation for ad-
2 ministrative expenses by \$743,000) ;

3 Federal Crop Insurance Act: "Administrative and
4 operating expenses", \$320,000;

5 Soil Conservation Service:

6 "Soil conservation research", \$164,000;

7 "Soil conservation operations", \$4,575,000;

8 "Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida",
9 \$10,200;

10 "Land utilization and retirement of submarginal
11 land", \$144,000;

12 Marketing Service:

13 "Market news service", \$142,000;

14 "Market inspection of farm products", \$68,000;

15 "Marketing farm products", \$58,000;

16 "Tobacco Acts", \$67,500;

17 "Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce
18 Agency, and Standard Container Acts", \$24,-
19 500;

20 "Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures
21 Acts", \$138,000;

22 "United States Grain Standards Act", \$127,000;

23 "United States Warehouse Act", \$60,000;

24 "Federal Seed Act", \$14,000;

25 "Packers and Stockyards Acts", \$48,000;

1 “Naval Stores Act”, \$4,500;

2 “Insecticide Act”, \$27,700;

3 “Commodity Exchange Act”, \$41,500;

4 “Freight rates for farm products”, \$12,000;

5 “Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation”, \$3,200,000;

6 Farm tenancy: “Salaries and expenses”, \$365,000;

7 “Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas”, \$25,000;

8 Rural Electrification Administration: “Salaries and
9 expenses”, \$490,000;

10 Farm Credit Administration:

11 “Salaries and expenses”, \$66,800; and increase the
12 funds made available pursuant to Act of Jan-
13 uary 29, 1937, from “\$3,845,209” to “\$4,-
14 385,209”;

15 Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

16 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary: “Salaries and expenses”, \$98,000;

19 Bureau of the Census: “Compiling census reports, and
20 so forth”, \$735,000;

21 Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:

22 “General administration, Office of the Administra-
23 tor”, \$370,000;

24 “Technical development”, \$42,000;

25 “Enforcement of safety regulations”, \$386,000;

1 "Airport Advisory Service", \$33,000;

2 "Maintenance and operation of aircraft", \$43,000;

3 "Maintenance and operation, Washington National
4 Airport", \$107,000;

5 "Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses",
6 \$135,000;

7 Coast and Geodetic Survey:

8 "Salaries and expenses, departmental", \$169,000;

9 "Salaries and expenses, field", \$258,000;

10 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

11 "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$275,000;

12 "Field office service", \$62,800;

13 Patent Office: "Salaries", \$400,000;

14 National Bureau of Standards:

15 "Operation and administration", \$75,000;

16 "Testing, inspection, and information service",
17 \$178,000;

18 "Research and development", \$192,000;

19 "Standards for commerce", \$30,000;

20 Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

21 For—

22 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 Office of the Secretary:

24 "Salaries", \$195,000;

25 "Office of Solicitor", \$29,900;

1 “Division of Territories and Island Possessions”,
2 \$14,200;

3 Petroleum Conservation Division: “Salaries and
4 expenses”, \$12,600;

5 Division of Geography: “Salaries and expenses”,
6 \$1,350;

7 “Soil and moisture conservation operations”, \$123,-
8 400;

9 “Commission of Fine Arts”, \$860;

10 Grazing Service:

11 “Salaries and expenses”, \$142,000;

12 “Range improvements”, \$9,050;

13 General Land Office:

14 “Salaries”, \$138,940;

15 “Surveying public lands”, \$50,000;

16 “Salaries and expenses, branch of field examina-
17 tion”, \$15,370;

18 “Salaries and expenses of land offices”, \$42,300;

19 “Forest management and protection, public domain,
20 Alaska”, \$19,660;

21 “Revested Oregon and California Railroad and re-
22 conveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands,
23 Oregon (reimbursable)”, \$13,000;

24 “Range improvements on public lands outside of
25 grazing districts (receipt limitation)”, \$2,000;

1 Bureau of Indian Affairs:

2 Salaries and general expenses:

3 "Departmental personal services", \$115,200;

4 "Maintaining law and order on Indian reser-
5 vations", \$17,590;

6 Industrial assistance and advancement:

7 "Preservation of timber on Indian reserva-
8 tions", \$134,500;

9 "Expenses incidental to the sale of timber
10 (reimbursable) ", \$26,820;

11 "Developing agriculture and stock raising among
12 the Indians", \$80,000;

13 "Development of water supply", \$6,700;

14 Irrigation and drainage:

15 "Construction, repair, and maintenance of
16 irrigation systems (reimbursable) ", \$20,-
17 200;

18 "Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
19 project (receipt limitation) ", \$28,880;

20 "Improvement, operation, and maintenance of
21 the irrigation and power systems on the
22 Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt
23 limitation) ", \$3,030;

24 "Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
25 the Fort Hall irrigation systems", \$5,840;

1 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation
2 of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt
3 limitation) ”, \$5,760;

4 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
5 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
6 Fort Belknap Reservation (reimburs-
7 able) ”, \$750;

8 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
9 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
10 Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limita-
11 tion) ”, \$640;

12 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
13 of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable) ”,
14 \$740;

15 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
16 of the Fort Peck project (receipt limita-
17 tion) ”, \$1,400;

18 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
19 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet In-
20 dian Reservation (reimbursable) ”, \$730;

21 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
22 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet
23 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation) ”,
24 \$1,780;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the irrigation
2 and power systems on the Flathead Reser-
3 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$25,780;

4 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
5 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
6 vation (reimbursable)”, \$450;

7 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
8 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
9 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$4,360;

10 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
11 miscellaneous irrigation projects on the
12 Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
13 \$490;

14 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
15 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
16 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
17 and White River Utes (reimbursable)”,
18 \$950;

19 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
20 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
21 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
22 and White River Utes (receipt limita-
23 tion)”, \$2,620;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the Wapato ir-
 2 rigation and drainage systems, Yakima
 3 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
 4 \$26,510;

5 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 6 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 7 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 8 (reimbursable)”, \$410;

9 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 10 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 11 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 12 (receipt limitation)”, \$1,200;

13 Education:

14 “Support of Indian Schools”, \$886,700;

15 “Support and education of Indian pupils at
 16 nonreservation boarding schools”, \$417,-
 17 300;

18 “Natives in Alaska”, \$224,000;

19 Conservation of health:

20 “Conservation of health among Indians”, \$1,-
 21 988,500;

22 “Medical relief in Alaska”, \$102,000;

23 General support and administration:

24 “General administration of Indian property”,
 25 \$451,100;

1 "Reindeer service", \$6,770;

2 "Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal
3 funds, \$12,333)";

4 "Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal
5 funds, \$19,525)";

6 "Support of Menominee Agency and pay of
7 tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds,
8 \$3,860)";

9 "Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal
10 officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,-
11 600)";

12 Bureau of Reclamation:

13 Reclamation fund, special fund:

14 "Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California
15 (from power revenues \$18,100)";

16 "Yuma project, Arizona-California", \$11,000;

17 "Boise project, Idaho", \$10,000;

18 "Minidoka project, Idaho", \$5,300;

19 "Minidoka project, Idaho (from power reve-
20 nues, \$15,000)";

21 "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from
22 power revenues, \$5,400)";

23 "Owyhee project, Oregon", \$21,200;

24 "Klamath project, Oregon-California", \$11,000;

- 1 “Columbia Basin project, Washington (from
2 power revenues, \$63,000) ”;
- 3 “Yakima project, Washington”, \$21,500;
4 “Riverton project, Wyoming”, \$4,000;
5 “Shoshone project, Wyoming”, \$1,800;
6 “Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power
7 revenues, \$2,000) ”;
- 8 “Salaries and expenses (other than project
9 offices) ”, \$456,200;
- 10 General fund, construction: “Colorado River project,
11 Texas (reimbursable) ”, \$6,900;
- 12 “Geological Survey”, \$151,500;
- 13 Bureau of Mines:
- 14 “Salaries and expenses”, \$9,500;
- 15 “Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and in-
16 vestigation of mine accidents”, \$83,600;
- 17 “Coal-mine inspections and investigations”, \$122,-
18 380;
- 19 “Mineral mining investigations”, \$35,000;
- 20 “Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania”,
21 \$18,300;
- 22 “Economics of mineral industries”, \$40,000;
- 23 “National Park Service”, \$636,000;
- 24 “Recreational demonstration areas”, \$17,860;

1 "Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks",

2 \$70,500;

3 Fish and Wildlife Service: "Salaries and expenses",

4 \$543,100;

5 Government in the Territories:

6 Territory of Alaska: "Expenses of the offices of the

7 Governor and the Secretary", \$3,000;

8 Territory of Hawaii: "Expenses of the offices of

9 the Governor and the Secretary", \$1,100;

10 Government of the Virgin Islands: "Salaries of the

11 Governor and employees", \$7,370;

12 Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

13 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

14 For—

15 Legal activities and general administration:

16 "Office of the Attorney General", \$9,600;

17 "Office of the Solicitor General", \$5,000;

18 "Office of Assistant to the Attorney General",

19 \$16,000;

20 "Administrative Division", \$201,500;

21 "Tax Division", \$87,700;

22 "Criminal Division", \$11,300;

23 "Claims Division", \$129,000;

24 "Office of the Assistant Solicitor General", \$15,000;

- 1 “Office of Pardon Attorney”, \$4,000;
2 “Salaries and expenses, Customs Division”, \$18,000;
3 “Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division”,
4 \$175,000;
5 “Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field”,
6 \$18,000;
7 “Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so
8 forth”, \$599,000;
9 “Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth”,
10 \$7,900;
11 “Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth,”
12 \$507,000;
13 “Pay and expenses of bailiffs”, \$39,000;
14 Federal Bureau of Investigation: “Salaries and expenses,
15 detection and prosecution of crimes”, \$1,249,000;
16 Immigration and Naturalization Service: “Salaries and
17 expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service”,
18 \$3,720,000;
19 Federal Prison System:
20 “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons”,
21 \$53,800;
22 “Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional insti-
23 tutions”, \$3,639,000;
24 “Medical and hospital service”, \$224,700;
25 Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For—

Office of the Secretary:

“Salaries”, \$68,600;

“Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor”, \$110,900;

“Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards”, \$23,500;

“Commissioners of Conciliation”, \$59,050;

“Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense)”, \$206,300;

Bureau of Labor Statistics:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$215,100;

“Salaries and expenses (national defense)”, \$423,700;

Children's Bureau:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$55,460;

“Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions”, \$35,970;

“Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare”, \$59,170;

“Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and infant care (national defense)”, \$5,750;

Women's Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, \$33,500;

Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries”, \$635,200;

1 War manpower functions:

2 "Apprentice training service", \$73,100;

3 "Employment office facilities and services",

4 \$5,504,800;

5 Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

6 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

7 (Out of the Postal Revenues)

8 For—

9 Post Office Department, Washington, District of Co-
10 lumbia:

11 "Office of the Postmaster General: "Salaries",

12 \$52,800;

13 Salaries in bureaus and offices:

14 "Office of Budget and Administrative Plan-
15 ning", \$5,300;

16 "Office of the First Assistant Postmaster Gen-
17 eral", \$138,000;

18 "Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster Gen-
19 eral", \$140,400;

20 "Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster Gen-
21 eral", \$202,700;

22 "Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster Gen-
23 eral", \$93,000;

24 "Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office De-
25 partment", \$18,770;

1 "Office of the Chief Inspector", \$59,100;

2 "Office of the Purchasing Agent", \$11,500;

3 "Bureau of Accounts", \$57,100;

4 Field Service, Post Office Department:

5 Office of Chief Inspector:

6 "Salaries of inspectors", \$563,900;

7 "Clerks, division headquarters", \$187,300;

8 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

9 "Rural Delivery Service", \$17,385,000;

10 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

11 "Post office stationery, equipment, and sup-
12 plies", \$20,700;

13 "Pneumatic-tube service, New York City,
14 \$52,800;

15 Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

16 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary of State:

19 "Salaries", \$1,861,810;

20 "Passport agencies", \$10,410;

21 "Collecting and editing official papers of Territories
22 of the United States", \$400;

23 Foreign Service:

24 "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", \$13,000;

25 "Salaries, Foreign Service officers", \$294,000;

1 “Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service”, \$518,150;

2 “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign
3 Service”, \$55,850;

4 “Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)”, \$400,-
5 000;

6 International obligations:

7 “Salaries and expenses, International Boundary
8 Commission, United States and Mexico”,
9 \$61,400;

10 “Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in
11 the El Paso-Juarez Valley”, \$9,800;

12 “International Boundary Commission, United
13 States and Canada and Alaska and Canada”,
14 \$2,530;

15 “Salaries and expenses, International Joint Com-
16 mission, United States and Great Britain”,
17 \$3,080;

18 “Special and technical investigations, International
19 Joint Commission, United States and Great
20 Britain”, \$8,300;

21 “Cooperation with the American republics”, \$98,-
22 370;

23 Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries", \$57,400;

Division of Tax Research: "Salaries", \$25,200;

Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: "Salaries", \$11,800;

Division of Research and Statistics: "Salaries", \$26,600;

Office of General Counsel: "Salaries", \$21,800;

Division of Personnel: "Salaries", \$32,200;

Office of Chief Clerk: "Salaries", \$68,200;

Fiscal service:

Bureau of Accounts:

"Salaries and expenses", \$180,800;

"Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses", \$1,075,900;

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt", \$7,612,000;

Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

"Salaries and expenses", \$881,700;

"Salaries (reimbursable)", \$17,300;

Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses",
\$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: "Salaries",
\$44,200;

1 Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses",
 2 \$178,800;
 3 Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and
 4 expenses", \$1,035,700;
 5 Secret Service Division:
 6 "White House Police", \$49,500;
 7 Bureau of the Mint:
 8 "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director",
 9 \$23,000;
 10 "Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices,"
 11 \$242,900;
 12 Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$70,900;
 13 Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

14 WAR DEPARTMENT

15 For—

16 The Panama Canal:
 17 "Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal",
 18 \$587,000;
 19 "Sanitation, Canal Zone", \$477,000;
 20 "Civil government", \$361,000;
 21 Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

22 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

23 For—

24 General administration:
 25 "Executive office", \$17,550;

1 "Office of the corporation counsel", \$17,720;

2 "Board of Tax Appeals", \$2,790;

3 Fiscal Service:

4 "Assessor's office", \$45,870;

5 "Collector's office", \$19,530;

6 "Auditor's office", \$36,400;

7 "Purchasing Division", \$7,640;

8 Regulatory agencies:

9 "Alcoholic Beverage Control Board", \$6,210;

10 "Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole",
11 \$4,840;

12 "Coroner's office", \$7,050;

13 "Department of Insurance", \$7,300;

14 "Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets",
15 \$19,670;

16 "Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board", \$6,-
17 750;

18 "Office of Administrator of Rent Control", \$6,510;

19 "Office of Recorder of Deeds", \$32,500;

20 "Poundmaster's office", \$9,230;

21 "Public Utilities Commission", \$14,320;

22 "Zoning Commission", \$2,170;

23 Public schools:

24 Operating expenses:

25 "General administration", \$71,330;

- 1 “General supervision and instruction”, \$1,355,-
- 2 160;
- 3 “Vocational education, George-Deen program”,
- 4 \$16,350;
- 5 “Operation of buildings and maintenance of
- 6 equipment”, \$386,460;
- 7 “Public Library”, \$112,740;
- 8 Recreation Department: “Operating expenses”, \$56,-
- 9 410;
- 10 “Metropolitan Police”, \$777,040;
- 11 “Fire Department”, \$383,400;
- 12 “Policemen’s and Firemen’s Relief”, \$292,190;
- 13 Courts:
- 14 “Juvenile court”, \$27,260;
- 15 “Psychiatric service, juvenile court”, \$1,360;
- 16 “Municipal court”, \$45,440;
- 17 “Municipal court of appeals”, \$5,000;
- 18 “Probation system”, \$4,920;
- 19 “Office of Register of Wills”, \$13,730;
- 20 “Commission on Mental Health”, \$2,840;
- 21 Health Department:
- 22 “Health Department (excluding hospitals)”, \$209,-
- 23 010;
- 24 “Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium”, \$225,400;

1 "Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital",
2 \$504,130;

3 Public welfare:

4 "Office of the Director", \$7,920;

5 Family Welfare Service:

6 "Operating expenses, child care", \$20,000;

7 "Adult assistance", \$32,700;

8 "Operating expenses, institutions for the indi-
9 gent", \$55,730;

10 Juvenile Correctional Service: "Operating ex-
11 penses", \$65,410;

12 Adult Correctional Service: "Operating expenses",
13 \$279,740;

14 Mental Rehabilitation Service:

15 "Operating expenses, District Training School",
16 \$111,300;

17 "Saint Elizabeths Hospital", \$903,400;

18 Public works:

19 "Office of chief clerk", \$4,560;

20 "Office of Municipal Architect", \$13,800;

21 "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of
22 District Buildings", \$91,650;

23 "Surveyor's office", \$7,960;

24 "Department of Inspections", \$60,550;

- 1 “Operating expenses, Electrical Division”, \$49,790;
2 “Central garage”, \$4,200;
3 “Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from
4 highway fund)”, \$40,500;
5 “Reimbursements of other appropriations (payable
6 from highway fund)”, \$109,600;
7 “Operating expenses, Refuse Division”, \$46,900;
8 “Operating expenses, Sewer Division”, \$59,260;
9 “Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from
10 water fund)”, \$83,650;
11 Washington Aqueduct: “Operating expenses (payable
12 from water fund)”, \$22,360;
13 “National Capital Parks”, \$96,420;
14 “National Capital Park and Planning Commission”,
15 \$7,410;
16 “National Zoological Park”, \$65,670;
17 Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

18 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

19 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
20 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
21 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
22 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

23 SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations

1 or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the
2 fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be expended
3 for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts which
4 may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations,
5 are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet increased
6 pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public
7 Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945
8 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158);
9 and other legislation enacted during or applicable to the fiscal
10 year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian employees
11 of the Government.

12 TITLE III—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED 13 CLAIMS

14 PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

15 SEC. 301. (a) For the payment of claims for damages
16 to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and deter-
17 mined by the following respective departments and independ-
18 ent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act
19 to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising
20 against the Government of the United States in the sum
21 not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December
22 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House

1 Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as
2 follows:

3 Executive Office of the President:

4 Office for Emergency Management:

5 Office of Scientific Research and Development,

6 \$45;

7 Independent offices:

8 Selective Service System, \$256.98;

9 Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

10 Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

11 Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

12 Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

13 Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

14 Department of Justice, \$13.50;

15 Department of Labor, \$15.50;

16 Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

17 Post Office Department (payable from postal reve-
18 nues), \$1,117;

19 Treasury Department, \$269.94;

20 In all, \$16,966.95;

21 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

22 SEC. 302. (a) For the payment of final judgments, in-
23 cluding costs of suits, which have been rendered under the
24 provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act
25 to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government

1 of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act
2 of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have
3 been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House Docu-
4 ment Numbered 477, under the following agencies:

5 Executive Office of the President:

6 Office for Emergency Management:

7 War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

8 Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

9 Treasury Department, \$4,000;

10 War Department, \$4,762.84;

11 In all, \$20,924.08, together with such additional sum
12 as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified
13 in the judgments.

14 (b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of
15 suits, rendered against the Government of the United States
16 by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act
17 entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States
18 in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services
19 rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and
20 for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C.
21 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House
22 Document Numbered 472, under the following agencies:

23 Navy Department, \$35,000;

24 War Department, \$9,731.68;

25 In all, \$44,731.68, together with such additional sum

1 as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified
2 in the judgments.

3 (c) None of the judgments contained under this caption
4 shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except
5 such as has become final and conclusive against the United
6 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

7 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

8 SEC. 303. (a) For payment of judgments rendered by
9 the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth
10 Congress in House Document Numbered 476, under the fol-
11 lowing agencies, namely:

12 Independent offices:

13 Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;

14 Federal Works Agency:

15 Public Buildings Administration, \$9,000;

16 Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;

17 Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;

18 Department of the Interior:

19 Civil, \$266,253.85;

20 Indians, \$1,808.73;

21 Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

22 Navy Department, \$1,787.62;

23 Treasury Department, \$120,819.71;

24 War Department, \$112,303.37;

1 In all, \$589,033.86, together with such additional
2 amount as may be necessary to pay interest as and where
3 specified in the judgments;

4 (b) None of the judgments contained under this caption
5 shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired
6 except such as have become final and conclusive against the
7 United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

8 Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments
9 contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for
10 more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

11 AUDITED CLAIMS

12 SEC. 304. (a) For the payment of claims certified to
13 be due by the General Accounting Office under appropria-
14 tions the balances of which have been carried to the surplus
15 fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June
16 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations
17 heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of
18 the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated,
19 and which have been certified to Congress under section 2
20 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set
21 forth in House Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Con-
22 gress, there is appropriated the sum of \$10,194,651.06,
23 together with such additional sum due to increases in rates
24 of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the for-

1 eign currency and interest as specified in certain of the
2 settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed
3 and accounted for as a single fund; \$446.24, payable from
4 District of Columbia revenues, and \$549,355.34, payable
5 from postal revenues; in all, \$10,744,452.64.

6 (b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General
7 Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act
8 for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service
9 of the United States mustered into service for the War with
10 Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands
11 after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899",
12 approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-
13 sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the
14 Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July
15 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in
16 House Document Numbered 474, \$417.38.

17 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

18 SEC. 401. No part of any appropriation contained in
19 this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
20 person who advocates, or who is a member of an organiza-
21 tion that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the
22 United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the
23 purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie
24 evidence that the person making the affidavit does not ad-
25 vocate, and is not a member of an organization that advo-

1 cates, the overthrow of the Government of the United
2 States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any per-
3 son who advocates, or who is a member of an organization
4 that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the
5 United States by force or violence and accepts employment
6 the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropria-
7 tion contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and,
8 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
9 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided*
10 *further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to,
11 and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing
12 law.

13 SEC. 402. This Act may be cited as the "Second
14 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946".

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Union Calendar No.

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R.

[Report No.]

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

By Mr. CANNON of Missouri

MARCH 26, 1946

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

MARCH 26, 1946.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 5890]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

The estimates of appropriations upon which the bill is based are contained in House Documents Nos. 419, 421, 427, 428, 433-439, 441, 442, 446, 448-450, 457, 459, 462-464, 470-477, 481-485, 487, 488, 491, 492, 499, and 500.

The appropriations proposed in the bill total \$233, 179, 153. 37
Such sum is below the Budget estimates in the total amount of 9, 965, 014. 00

The bill contains three titles, and the following is a comparison, by such titles, between the estimates of appropriations and the amounts recommended by the committee:

	Estimate	Bill	Reduction
Title I—General appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial branches.....	\$50, 310, 871. 78	\$40, 493, 157. 78	\$9, 817, 714. 00
Title II—Additional appropriations occasioned by pay legislation.....	181, 416, 769. 00	181, 269, 469. 00	147, 300. 00
Title III—Judgments and authorized claims.....	11, 416, 526. 59	11, 416, 526. 59	
Total.....	243, 144, 167. 37	233, 179, 153. 37	9, 965, 014. 00

A comparison by items of appropriation begins on page 12 hereof.

The items embraced by title I, somewhat over 100, may be said to be the only ones susceptible to reduction. The committee has reduced these by 19½ percent, all applying to supplemental amounts for the fiscal year 1946. In fact, but \$79,087.54 of the total involved in this title apply to prior fiscal years—true deficiencies, in other words.

Of the total amount (\$40,493,157.78) recommended by the committee under this title, comprising, as previously stated, more than 100 items, slightly more than 70 percent, is in 4 items, as follows:

Department of Labor: Employment-office facilities and services...	¹ \$3, 000, 000
Post Office Department: Compensation to postmasters.....	2, 711, 000
Department of State: United States participation in United Nations..	6, 480, 000
Treasury Department: Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Internal Revenue.....	² 16, 350, 000
Total.....	28, 541, 000

¹ Estimate reduced \$390,000.

² Estimate reduced \$1,250,000.

Employment-office facilities and services.—This additional amount is needed to compensate loaned State employees, engaged in employment-service duties, salaries substantially equal to those which would have been paid had such employees remained under State administration.

Forty-one of the State legislatures have provided for additional compensation for 18,702 employees engaged in employment-service duties (hearings, pp. 102–103), entailing an added expense of \$3,390,490, for which no provision heretofore has been made. The estimate of appropriation is in the amount of \$3,390,000. The committee is recommending \$3,000,000 with the thought that the difference may be met from savings flowing from temporary vacancies and other lessened demands.

Compensation to postmasters.—The additional amount of \$2,711,000 is required to meet the additional compensation cost by the advancement in grade of an unanticipated number of offices owing to a greater amount of postal revenue in the calendar year 1944 than was originally estimated. The appropriation is necessary to discharge a legal obligation.

United States participation in United Nations.—The appropriation proposed is in agreement with the estimate of \$6,480,000. This would be the initial appropriation in consequence of the United Nations Participation Act, approved December 20, 1945 (Public Law 264). Of the sum stated, \$6,153,500 represents the amount determined by the budget committee of the General Assembly as the United States share of the first contributions to the working-capital fund of the United Nations Organization, such fund to be a revolving fund and operated on a calendar-year basis. The amount of the fund has been fixed at \$25,000,000, but has been provisionally reduced to \$21,500,000 for the current calendar year owing to the lapse of time. A provisional scale of contributions by participating governments appears on page 455 of the hearings. On pages 456–457 of the hearings will be found a statement of the proposed employment of

the working fund during the calendar year 1946. There follows a summation:

(1) Sessions, commissioners, and committees of:	
General Assembly.....	} \$1, 500, 000
Security Council.....	
Economic and Social Council.....	
Trusteeship Council.....	
(2) The Secretariat.....	16, 510, 750
(3) The International Court of Justice.....	617, 250
(4) Contingencies.....	2, 000, 000
(5) Preparatory expenses incurred prior to February 1946.....	872, 000
Total.....	21, 500, 000

In addition to the amount for contribution to the working-capital fund, the appropriation proposed includes \$125,920 for personal services and \$280,580 for expenses for the office of the United States representative to United Nations for the period April 1, 1946, to June 30, 1946. The law requires that such official shall be responsible for the permanent representation of the United States at the seat of the United Nations and shall serve as United States delegate to the Security Council. In order to carry out these functions, it has been estimated that the office of the United States representative will require a permanent staff of 166 officers and employees in 1946 and an additional 5 consultants and advisers receiving compensation when actually employed, in 1947. This staff will serve the representatives of the United States, not only on the Security Council but also, as may be required, on other organs of the United Nations. It will also provide the nucleus of the staff to serve the United States delegation to meetings of the General Assembly. The Security Council will be in continuous session, and the Economic and Social Council with its subsidiary bodies and the Trusteeship Committee or Council will be in session throughout most of the year. Frequently these bodies will be meeting simultaneously.

The permanent staff will consist of the United States representative, his deputy on the Security Council, a principal adviser on economic and social matters, a principal adviser on trusteeship matters, a legal adviser, and an adviser on administrative and budgetary matters of the United Nations, as well as a director of information and a secretariat under the direction of an executive officer. These key officials will be assisted by a sufficient number of assistants, consultants, advisers, technical experts, specialists, and Secretariat personnel, to assure the effective participation of the United States in the numerous and often concurrent activities of the various organs of the United Nations.

For the ensuing fiscal year the cost of personal services has been estimated at \$600,000, and of miscellaneous expenses at \$436,000.

The committee has attached to the appropriation, at the instance of the State Department, authority for the Department to acquire Federal surplus property for the United Nations, at the regularly determined disposal value thereof, plus incidental costs. To the extent that such authority is availed of, there would be a reduction in the United States contribution, and to the same extent the Federal Treasury would benefit from the sale of surplus property.

Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Internal Revenue.—The additional appropriation of \$16,350,000 involves two propositions, namely: (1) \$215,000 for transfer to the Post Office Department for expenses incurred by that Department in the current year in connection with the sale of automobile use-tax stamps, and (2) \$16,135,000 for completing the program initiated pursuant to provision in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, approved July 5, 1945, of building up a force adequate to handle the greatly multiplied work load and of engaging in a vigorous pursuit of tax evaders. This Bureau was seriously handicapped and impeded during the war period by inadequate personnel. Its work expanded manifold and it was unable to recruit personnel possessed of suitable qualifications. As a result arrearages developed throughout the organization, and the Government was losing income because of the Bureau's inability adequately to combat wartime income-tax evaders and income-tax evasion generally.

Former Secretary Morgenthau, in urging the earlier additional appropriation, prophesied the collection of a minimum of \$1,000,000,000 if a proper force was made available to run down tax evaders. For the 4-month period ended October 31, 1945, additional assessments of taxes exceeded by more than \$125,000,000 like assessments made during the corresponding period of the preceding fiscal year.

The appropriation proposed will permit of an increase in personnel of the Internal Revenue Bureau from 56,310 positions to approximately 63,726 positions, and would raise the total of appropriations for this Bureau for the current fiscal year to \$176,650,000. The appropriation for the fiscal year 1947, as approved by the House, would be \$184,700,000. The reduction of \$1,250,000 which the committee has made in the instant estimate is proposed with the view to limiting pay-roll and other charges in the current fiscal year to proportions that could be met during the ensuing fiscal year by the appropriation the House has approved for such year.

A wide diversification of objects comprises the remaining items included in title I. Much of the additional amount ensues from the return of former employees from the armed services, creating a considerable expenditure for terminal leave for employees displaced, personnel adjustments, and some temporary dual employments. The 40-hour workweek occasions added expenses, not previously provided for, since it necessitates added personnel. With respect to additional personnel, the committee has denied provision therefor to the extent practicable, and has assiduously avoided providing for the initiation of programs entailing additional employees and other expenses which would influence action upon the regular annual appropriation bills for the fiscal year 1947. It considered and is not recommending a number of proposals to advance the starting of new or enlarged expenditure programs provided for in the 1947 Budget.

In connection with such refusals, the committee wishes to make it clear that it will not be receptive to estimates of appropriations for defraying obligations for objects for which it has not recommended appropriations. That may seem anomalous; however, as was pointed out in the committee's report on the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, instances have occurred where agencies do not actually

incur deficiencies but proceed at an obligational rate which make necessary either a deficiency appropriation or the suspension or drastic curtailment of an activity for lack of funds. The committee does not propose to tolerate that practice any longer. It intends to see that the antideficiency law (31 U. S. C. 665) is observed in letter and spirit and shall expect the Bureau of the Budget to report quarterly, starting at the close of the first quarter of the next fiscal year, the title of any appropriation not being administered in accordance with the letter and spirit of such law, the reasons therefor, and the name and position of the official immediately responsible.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

The committee is recommending \$22,500 of an estimate of \$122,000 for the Capitol power plant. The estimate includes projects which it is felt should be examined by the regular subcommittee of the committee having jurisdiction (legislative).

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Here the committee has felt constrained to recommend an appropriation for additional personnel. The amount recommended is \$369,000. There is need for the Commission to increase its examining and placement activities sufficiently to enable veterans to realize more fully the advantages in competition for Federal employment provided by the Veterans' Preference Act of 1944. This calls for an additional appropriation of \$194,000, and the proposal is in harmony with the appropriation which has been voted by the House and Senate for the fiscal year 1947. There also is need to step up the work of processing claims for refunds of contributions made to the retirement fund by employees separated from Federal service. There is a backlog of such claims and \$175,000 is proposed for employing a special force for 3 months to bring the work approximately current.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Of estimates aggregating the sum of \$3,268,500, the committee is recommending \$60,000 for enforcement operations of the Food and Drug Administration; \$20,500 for Freedmen's Hospital, and \$748,000 for hospitals and medical care. Of the reduction of \$2,440,000 there has been denied for hospitals and medical care \$2,059,000 primarily because such amount contemplates continuing obligations of proportions which would occasion total expenditures during the ensuing fiscal year in excess of the appropriation proposed in the 1947 Budget, and there has been denied \$225,000 for foreign quarantine service, intended for expenditure in the Philippine Islands. Out of a previous supplemental appropriation of \$320,000, an allocation of \$50,000 has been made toward reestablishing and operating the quarantine service in the Philippines. At the same time such previous supplemental appropriation was made, \$1,000,000 was appropriated for public-health services, Philippine Islands. The committee is not satisfied that quarantine-service needs cannot be financed out of the \$1,000,000 appropriation.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

The committee recommends \$200,000 of an estimate of appropriation of \$883,000 for expenses incident to the return of departmental functions to the seat of government. The amount recommended will finance the remaining costs incident to the return to Washington of the Patent Office and Rural Electrification Administration, and should cover expenses of tenant changes and essential restoration of vacated premises. The estimate includes \$295,020 for the return of the Farm Credit Administration, and amounts for other returns that may be decided upon, and for contingencies. At the time of the hearings (February 28) there was no evidence of space being available in Washington for the accommodation of the Farm Credit Administration. The committee is unwilling to grant too much latitude in bringing agencies back to Washington during the continuance of the acute shortage of office and living space.

OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

STUDY OF GUARANTEED ANNUAL WAGE PLANS

The committee had before it an estimate of appropriation of \$200,000 for the conduct of a study of guaranteed annual wage plans for industry and their feasibility for employment stabilization. The study has been placed in motion under an allocation of \$50,000 of the previous appropriation of \$3,955,400 for salaries and expenses, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, and will be supervised by the Advisory Board of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, composed of Gov. O. Max Gardner (chairman), Messrs. Eric A. Johnston, G. H. Mead, Nathaniel Dyke, Jr., Phillip Murray, William Green, T. C. Cashen, Edward A. O'Neal, James B. Patton, Albert S. Goss, Chester C. Davis, and Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, some representing labor, some representing agriculture, and some representing business.

The matter was presented to the committee, and most capably so, by Mr. Eric A. Johnston, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. His testimony begins on page 142 of the hearings. Quoting from such testimony, the research phase of the guaranteed wage project may be divided into six parts, as follows:

1. An examination of the specific experience with guaranteed wage plans.
2. An analysis of the methods and possibilities of regularizing production and stabilizing employment.
3. A measure of the cost of various types of wage guaranties.
4. An economic analysis of guaranteed wages.
5. The relation of guaranteed wage plans to other economic measures intended to stabilize or increase the national income.
6. Summary and recommendations.

An analysis of the estimate appears on page 162 of the hearings. The study contemplated by the estimate is expected to be completed in the fall of this year. It may prove to be desirable, however, further to pursue the matter.

The hearings are convincing that the study may prove of considerable benefit to management and labor and agriculture. All would profit

from stabilization of employment, and any reasonable search for the attainment of that objective is entitled to support and encouragement. The committee, therefore, is providing that the study may go forward, to be financed out of the present appropriation, instead of an additional appropriation, and it believes that the present appropriation may be so administered as to bear an additional charge of \$200,000.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The committee is proposing additional appropriations aggregating \$420,000, itemized by appropriation titles on pages 16-17 hereof. The objects and amounts provided therefor are: Combating the spruce budworm, \$32,000; combating the gypsy moth, \$20,000; rehabilitation of recreational areas in the national forests, \$168,000; and loan funds for the repair and development of water facilities, \$200,000. Aside from the spruce-budworm item, the amounts proposed are well under the Budget estimates, but have been determined upon as reasonably adequate taking into consideration current funds and funds the House has approved for the fiscal year 1947.

The committee has increased by \$600,000, in consequence of a Budget recommendation, the existing limitation upon salaries and other administrative expenses in carrying out certain programs under the appropriation "Conservation and use of agricultural land resources," for the purpose of measuring under the supervision of county agricultural conservation committees all acreages planted to flue-cured tobacco.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

The bill includes an additional amount of \$4,721,360 for the Department of Commerce, which is \$790,640 below the sum of the Budget estimates. Of the amount proposed, \$3,049,360 is for additional expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, occasioned by expanding responsibilities, personnel expenses incident to reclassification and the 40-hour workweek, and the need for additional facilities at the Washington National Airport, for which last purpose \$1,342,000 is provided for an additional hangar and for necessary paving.

The committee has made a number of reductions in the estimates for this agency, aggregating \$639,640, largely for programs which, if they are to be approved at all, should be initiated by the subcommittee of the committee having jurisdiction of the agency's regular annual appropriations. A part of the reduction, however, applies to an additional amount requested for the operation of agency aircraft. Some of these aircraft should be placed in a reserve status and operating personnel and ground personnel adjusted downward accordingly.

Declassification and technical services.—In the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, an initial appropriation of \$300,000 was made for the collection, editing, publication, and dissemination of scientific and technical data procured in Germany and Japan, but chiefly Germany, for the benefit of American industry. The work has progressed in a very satisfactory and promising way and has unmistakably demonstrated its worth. The committee is recommending approval of a request for an additional \$400,000. The work will extend over a considerable period and will call for further supple-

mental appropriations. There is some return from the sale of the information collected, but the big return will flow from the capitalization of the data gathered by our scientists and industrialists.

Patent Office.—There is provided under this head, as a part of the additional appropriation proposed for the Department of Commerce, an additional appropriation of \$400,060 for reproducing, by lithographic process, depleted or exhausted supplies of patents. The patents are sold and the receipts are deposited in the Treasury. The Patent Office received \$4,128,122 in fees during the fiscal year 1945. Its revenues would be much more if a new schedule of prices were established more nearly commensurate with costs. The charge for a patent is the same irrespective of size or cost. Ten cents is charged whether the printing cost be 10 cents or less or \$2 or more. The committee is advised that if a proper schedule of prices were established, there would be a growth of income of \$3,000,000 or more annually. Legislation would be necessary and the committee hopes that the Committee on Patents will give the matter early and earnest consideration.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

The additional appropriations requested for this Department aggregate \$1,314,039.63. Details appear on pages 19-21 hereof. The committee is recommending a total of \$900,039.63, which is a reduction of \$414,000, most of which applies to maintenance and repair of roads and bridges on Indian reservations, for which purpose \$400,000 is recommended of an estimate of \$800,000. The reduced amount for such purposes should take care of the repairs most urgently needed. On July 1, in all probability, a very considerable amount will become available. There is pending in the committee an estimate of \$4,700,000 for the fiscal year 1947.

Of the balance of the total amount recommended, \$417,385 is for education activities under the Bureau of Indian Affairs by reason of an increase in enrollment and attendance at certain Indian boarding schools; the need to abandon the Eklutna School in Alaska; an increase in the cost of materials and supplies, and to finance a nominal increase in the wages of Indian employees.

Pursuant to a Budget recommendation, authority is included for the transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, surplus stores with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 of the Colorado River relocation center, located at Poston, Ariz., for use in the development of the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Apart from the project earlier explained herein, the committee is recommending additional appropriations aggregating \$727,100 of estimates totaling \$993,400, or a reduced amount of \$266,300. An itemization begins on page 22 hereof. Of the amount recommended, \$200,000—half of the Budget estimate, pertains to powerboat service, which will be supplied in increasing measure by private operators in place of the War Shipping Administration. How rapidly the change will be effected is highly speculative. The bulk of the remainder (\$417,000) of the total amount recommended generally is for taking

over transportation functions being discontinued by the Army and Navy, procurement of essential items of equipment and supplies, and conditioning and transporting approximately 1,000 trucks being acquired without cost from the War Assets Corporation.

There is in the additional amount recommended an amount upward of \$97,000 for salary adjustments in accordance with law, for overtime, and for terminal leave occasioned largely by the return of former employees from the armed services.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Committing the United Nations project, previously explained herein, the bill provides additional appropriations totaling \$1,483,326, which is \$1,591,974 less than the estimates of appropriations. The reduction of more than 50 percent ensues to a large extent from the elimination of projects proposed for initiation in advance of the availability of the appropriations for the fiscal year 1947. Except in cases of extreme urgency, the Deficiency Subcommittee is averse to launching new programs or policies which, upon further and more careful examination, the regular subcommittees having jurisdiction might be unwilling to approve.

An itemization of the estimates and committee recommendations appears on pages 24-25 hereof. There follows an accounting by objects for the latter:

Temporary personnel in connection with atomic-energy matters-----	\$145, 956
Printing documents relating to postwar problems and international organizations-----	200, 000
Terminal leave of heads of missions-----	35, 000
Additional amount for salaries of clerks, foreign service, growing out of an inadvertent omission from a former estimate of appropriation--	330, 000
Salary adjustments of alien and American employees, including reclassification of the latter-----	105, 300
Korean mission-----	67, 070
Added transportation costs, foreign service-----	600, 000
Total-----	1, 483, 326

TITLE II. INCREASED PAY COSTS

The bill includes appropriations under this head aggregating \$181,269,469. This is in addition to appropriations included in the second deficiency appropriation bill, 1946, aggregating \$228,117,807. The combined total is \$409,387,276, which is \$147,300 less than the total of the Budget estimates, contained in House Document 437, the reduction applying to overestimates under The Judiciary.

"These appropriations are made necessary by the Federal Employees' Pay Act of 1945 (Public Law 106), and similar legislation granting increases in pay to employees of the Postal Service (Public Law 134), and to certain employees of the District of Columbia (Public Laws 151 and 158)." The total cost of such laws has been computed to be \$855,902,203. Of that aggregate amount, \$443,425,109 will be absorbed, and \$2,942,518 will be paid from corporate and tribal funds, receipts, etc.

The appropriation is made in two measures because the appropriations to be augmented by the amounts carried in the second urgent deficiency bill, 1946, were in a less solvent condition than those that are to be supplemented under the provisions of this bill.

TITLE III. JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

The total amount proposed under this title corresponds with the Budget total of \$11,416,526.59. Details, quite voluminous in some cases, are contained in House documents, the numbers of which are indicated on page 27 hercof.

LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The following limitations and legislative provisions not heretofore enacted in connection with any appropriation bill are recommended:

LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

Page 4, line 15, relating to the Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency:

Return of departmental functions to the seat of government: For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Government as are designated from time to time by the President, which were removed from, or established at, places other than the seat of government by reason of the national emergency, including the expenses of travel of employees transferred, including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of transportation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing, crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpacking, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated and eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated, in accordance with regulations approved by the President; and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees, plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member of immediate families of employees; \$200,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That removal to the seat of government of Government-owned or leased furniture, equipment, supplies, and other property and household goods and personal effects of employees, and costs of restoration of leased office space when required, may be accomplished without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes: Provided further, That employees transferred to the seat of government, in accordance with a designation of the President as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval of this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other allowances authorized by other law in connection with change of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal effects to the limits specified herein: Provided further, That such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred to other agencies concerned for the payment to the transferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

Page 10, line 20, relating to the establishment of air-navigation facilities, Civil Aeronautics Administration:

and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, air-navigation and communication facilities, including appurtenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Page 13, line 10, being general provisions applying to the Department of Commerce:

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials

of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station, is hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of transportation of the immediate families of such officers and employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available for the traveling expenses of the immediate families of officers and employees of the Department who were returned from points outside the United States during the war is hereby amended by extending said authority to apply to the appropriations available for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the amount which may be expended under said authority, as amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

Page 15, line 12, relating to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior:

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment, materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

Page 23, line 14, relating to salaries, Office of the Secretary of State: and not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without regard to the civil-service and classification laws,

Page 26, line 1, relating to United States participation in United Nations:

Provided, That the Department of State, when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784), as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United States contribution to the United Nations, and such contribution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, incident to the acquisition thereof.

Page 27, line 11, relating to the Procurement Division, Treasury Department:

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building No. 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill

[The year indicated after each item denotes the fiscal year]

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS				
LEGISLATIVE				
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES				
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE				
488	Miscellaneous items, 1946	\$15, 000. 00	\$15, 000. 00	-----
488	Reporting hearings, 1946	5, 000. 00	5, 000. 00	-----
488	Special and select committees, 1946	100, 000. 00	100, 000. 00	-----
	Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, 1946	-----	3, 000. 00	+\$3, 000. 00
488	Telegraph and telephone, 1946	125, 000. 00	125, 000. 00	-----
488	Stationery, 1946	2, 000. 00	2, 700. 00	+700. 00
	Total, House of Representatives	247, 000. 00	250, 700. 00	+3, 700. 00
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL				
CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS				
459	Capitol power plant, 1946	122, 000. 00	22, 500. 00	-99, 500. 00

	Total, legislative.....	369,000.00	273,200.00	-95,800.00
	THE JUDICIARY			
	UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
482	Repairs and improvements, District Court, 1946.....	1,300.00	1,300.00	-----
482	Repairs and improvements, U. S. Court of Appeals, 1946.....	11,000.00	11,000.00	-----
	Total, the Judiciary.....	12,300.00	12,300.00	-----
	EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT			
	BUREAU OF THE BUDGET			
463	Printing and binding, 1946.....	28,000.00	28,000.00	-----
	INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES			
	CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION			
435	Salaries and expenses, 1946.....	369,000.00	369,000.00	-----
492				
	FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY			
	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION			
436	Enforcement operations, 1946.....	136,000.00	60,000.00	-76,000.00
436	General administration, 1946.....	3,000.00	-----	-3,000.00
	Total, Food and Drug Administration.....	139,000.00	60,000.00	-79,000.00
	FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL			
436	Salaries and expenses, 1946.....	20,500.00	20,500.00	-----

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES—Continued			
	FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY—Continued			
	PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE			
436	Foreign quarantine service, 1946	\$225, 000. 00		—\$225, 000. 00
436 491	Hospitals and medical care, 1946	2, 858, 000. 00	\$748, 000. 00	—2, 110, 000. 00
	Total, Public Health Service	3, 083, 000. 00	748, 000. 00	—2, 335, 000. 00
	OFFICE OF VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION			
436	General administrative expenses, 1946	18, 000. 00		—18, 000. 00
	OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR			
436	Traveling expenses, 1946	8, 000. 00		—8, 000. 00
	Total, Federal Security Agency	3, 268, 500. 00	828, 500. 00	—2, 440, 000. 00
	FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY			
	PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION			
457	Return of departmental functions to the seat of government	883, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	—683, 000. 00

475	PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION			
	Damage claims, 1946-----	681, 193. 83	681, 193. 83	-----
	Total, Federal Works Agency-----	1, 564, 193. 83	881, 193. 83	--683, 000. 00
481	NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD			
	Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards, 1946-----	37, 500. 00	37, 500. 00	-----
419	RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD			
	Salaries, 1946-----	180, 000. 00	140, 000. 00	--40, 000. 00
419	Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries), 1946-----	39, 000. 00	30, 000. 00	--9, 000. 00
419	Penalty-mail costs, 1946-----	23, 000. 00	15, 000. 00	--8, 000. 00
	Total, Railroad Retirement Board-----	242, 000. 00	185, 000. 00	--57, 000. 00
485	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION			
	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	(1)	(1)	-----
434	TARIFF COMMISSION			
	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	85, 000. 00	53, 000. 00	--32, 000. 00
464	VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION			
	Army and Navy pensions-----	(2)	(2)	-----
464	Travel expenses, 1946-----	(3)	(4)	-----

¹ Increase limitation applying to penalty mail from \$13,500 to \$15,000.

² Make appropriation available for payment of subsistence allowances over the period Jan. 1, 1946, to June 30, 1947.

³ Increase limitation on travel expenditures to \$6,500,000.

⁴ Increase limitation on travel expenditures to \$7,500,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES—Continued			
	OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION			
442	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	\$200, 000. 00	(⁵)	—\$200, 000. 00
	Total, independent executive agencies-----	5, 766, 193. 83	\$2, 354, 193. 83	—3, 412, 000. 00
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION			
	BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE			
439	Insect investigations, 1946-----	32, 000. 00	32, 000. 00	-----
439	Insect and plant-disease control, 1946-----	350, 000. 00	20, 000. 00	—330, 000. 00
	Total, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine-----	382, 000. 00	52, 000. 00	—330, 000. 00
	FOREST SERVICE			
439	National-forest protection and management, 1946-----	1, 000, 000. 00	168, 000. 00	—832, 000. 00
	PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION			
483	Conservation and use of agriculture land resources, 1946-----	(⁶)	(⁶)	-----

439	WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS				
	Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas, 1946-----	500, 000. 00	200, 000. 00		-300, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Agriculture-----	1, 882, 000. 00	420, 000. 00		-1, 462, 000. 00
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
450	Declassification and technical services, 1946-----	400, 000. 00	400, 000. 00		-----
450	Printing and binding, 1946-----	68, 000. 00	50, 000. 00		-18, 000. 00
	Total, office of the Secretary-----	468, 000. 00	450, 000. 00		-18, 000. 00
	OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS				
450	General administration, office of the Administrator, 1946-----	102, 000. 00	39, 000. 00		-63, 000. 00
450	Establishment of air-navigation facilities, 1946-----	426, 000. 00	426, 000. 00		-----
450	Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities, 1946-----	934, 000. 00	749, 655. 00		-184, 345. 00
450	Enforcement of safety regulations, 1946-----	514, 000. 00	364, 000. 00		-150, 000. 00
450	Maintenance and operation of aircraft, 1946-----	346, 000. 00	103, 705. 00		-242, 295. 00
450	Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport, 1946-----	25, 000. 00	25, 000. 00		-----
450	Construction, Washington National Airport-----	1, 342, 000. 00	1, 342, 000. 00		-----
	Total, office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics-----	3, 689, 000. 00	3, 049, 360. 00		-639, 640. 00
	CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD				
450	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	29, 000. 00			-29, 000. 00

⁵ Pay from existing funds.⁶ Increase limitation on expenditures for salaries and other administrative expenses from \$23,319,200 to \$23,919,200.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—Continued			
	COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY			
450	Salaries and expenses, departmental, 1946-----	\$75, 000. 00	\$75, 000. 00	-----
450	Salaries and expenses, field, 1946-----	128, 000. 00	114, 000. 00	—\$14, 000. 00
450	Pay, commissioned officers, 1946-----	85, 000. 00	70, 000. 00	—15, 000. 00
	Total, Coast and Geodetic Survey-----	288, 000. 00	259, 000. 00	—29, 000. 00
	PATENT OFFICE			
450	Photolithographing, 1946-----	400, 000. 00	400, 000. 00	-----
450	Printing and binding, 1946-----	28, 000. 00	28, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Patent Office-----	428, 000. 00	428, 000. 00	-----
	WEATHER BUREAU			
450	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	610, 000. 00	535, 000. 00	—75, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Commerce-----	5, 512, 000. 00	4, 721, 360. 00	—790, 640. 00

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

438	Expenses, 1946-----	1, 500. 00	1, 500. 00	-----
GRAZING SERVICE				
438	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	14, 000. 00	-----	-----
438	Fire fighting, 1946-----	20, 000. 00	20, 000. 00	-----
	Total, Grazing Service-----	34, 000. 00	20, 000. 00	-----
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS				
INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT				
438	Suppressing forest and range fires, 1946-----	50, 000. 00	50, 000. 00	-----
IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE				
438	Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservations, Utah, 1945--	3, 154. 63	3, 154. 63	-----
484	Colorado River Indian Reservation-----	(7)	(7)	-----
EDUCATION				
438	Indian schools, support, 1946-----	200, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	-----
438	Indian boarding schools, 1946:			
	Sherman Institute, Riverside, Calif-----	9, 625. 00	9, 625. 00	-----
	Haskel Institute, Lawrence, Kans-----	28, 860. 00	28, 860. 00	-----
	Albuquerque, N. Mex-----	11, 550. 00	11, 550. 00	-----

⁷ Transfer of War Relocation Authority surplus stores.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued			
	BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS—Continued			
	EDUCATION—continued			
438	Indian boarding schools, 1946—Continued			
	Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla.-----	\$9, 625. 00	\$9, 625. 00	-----
	Chemawa, Oreg.-----	9, 625. 00	9, 625. 00	-----
	Flandreau, S. Dak-----	23, 100. 00	23, 100. 00	-----
438	Natives in Alaska, 1946-----	125, 000. 00	125, 000. 00	-----
	Total, education-----	417, 385. 00	417, 385. 00	-----
	GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION			
438	Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds), 1946-----	8 10, 000. 00	8 10, 000. 00	-----
	CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR			
438	Employees' quarters, Flathead Reservation, Mont., 1946-----	8, 000. 00	8, 000. 00	-----

438	ROADS AND BRIDGES			
	Roads, Indian reservations, 1946-----	800, 000. 00	400, 000. 00	—\$400, 000. 00
438	FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE			
	Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs-----	1, 278, 539. 63	878, 539. 63	—400, 000. 00
438	General administrative expenses, 1946-----	(⁹)	(⁹)	-----
	Total, Department of the Interior-----	1, 314, 039. 63	900, 039. 63	—414, 000. 00
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
441	LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION			
	Contingent expenses, 1937-----	11. 00	11. 00	-----
441	Traveling expenses, 1942-----	1, 149. 16	1, 149. 16	-----
	Printing and binding, 1942-----	436. 98	436. 98	-----
441	Salaries and expenses, Lands Division, 1942-----	5, 164. 45	5, 164. 45	-----
	Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, etc., 1945-----	65, 000. 00	65, 000. 00	-----
441	Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, etc., 1946-----	125, 000. 00	125, 000. 00	-----
	Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc., 1946-----	260, 000. 00	260, 000. 00	-----
441	Total, legal activities and general administration-----	456, 761. 59	456, 761. 59	-----
	FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM			
441	Medical and hospital service, 1946-----	61, 300. 00	61, 300. 00	-----
	Total, Department of Justice-----	518, 061. 59 ⁸	518, 061. 59	-----

⁸ Payable from tribal funds.⁹ Increase limitation on expenditures for departmental personal services from \$704,828 to \$729,000.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Docu- ment No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or de- crease (-), bill com- pared with Budget estimate
	TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued			
	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY			
428	Salaries, 1946-----	\$31, 600. 00	\$31, 600. 00	-----
	EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES			
421	Employment office facilities and services, 1946-----	3, 390, 000. 00	3, 000, 000. 00	—\$390, 000. 00
	Total, Department of Labor-----	3, 421, 600. 00	3, 031, 600. 00	—390, 000. 00
	NAVY DEPARTMENT			
	BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS			
446	Maintenance, 1940-----	171. 32	171. 32	-----
	POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
	(Out of postal revenues)			
	Post Office Department, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
	SALARIES IN OFFICE OF POSTMASTER GENERAL AND BUREAUS AND OFFICES			
427	Salaries, 1946:			

	Office of the Postmaster General-----	14,900.00	10,000.00	—4,900.00
	Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General-----	47,000.00	30,000.00	—17,000.00
	Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General-----	12,600.00	12,600.00	-----
	Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General-----	8,300.00	5,000.00	—3,300.00
	Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General-----	14,900.00	14,900.00	-----
	Office of the Chief Inspector-----	18,200.00	-----	—18,200.00
	Total, salaries, 1946-----	115,900.00	72,500.00	—43,400.00
	CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
	Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, 1946-----	8,600.00	8,600.00	-----
427	FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT			
	OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR			
427	Salaries of inspectors, 1946-----	47,900.00	25,000.00	—22,900.00
	OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL			
427	Compensation to postmasters, 1946-----	2,711,000.00	2,711,000.00	-----
	OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL			
427	Powerboat service, 1946-----	400,000.00	200,000.00	—200,000.00
	OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL			
427	Post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies, 1946-----	315,000.00	315,000.00	-----
427	Vehicle service, 1946-----	60,000.00	60,000.00	-----

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—Continued				
FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—Continued				
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR—continued				
427	Transportation of equipment and supplies, 1946-----	\$42,000. 00	\$42,000. 00	-----
427	Payment of claim of Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Ill., 1945-----	10 4,000. 00	4,000. 00	-----
	Total, office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General-----	421,000. 00	421,000. 00	-----
	Total, Post Office Department-----	3,704,400. 00	3,438,100. 00	---\$266,300. 00
DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE				
449	Salaries, 1946-----	513,000. 00	133,456. 00	---379,544. 00
449	Contingent expenses, 1946-----	184,500. 00	12,500. 00	---172,000. 00
449	Printing and binding, 1946-----	250,000. 00	200,000. 00	---50,000. 00
	Total, office of the Secretary of State-----	947,500. 00	345,956. 00	---601,544. 00

FOREIGN SERVICE				
449	Salaries, ambassadors and ministers, 1946-----	35,000.00	35,000.00	-----
449	Transportation, foreign service, 1946-----	198,000.00	100,000.00	-98,000.00
449 } 500 }	Salaries of clerks, foreign service, 1946-----	472,200.00	400,000.00	-72,200.00
449 } 500 }	Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, foreign service, 1946-----	258,800.00	35,300.00	-223,500.00
449 } 500 }	Foreign service, auxiliary (emergency), 1946-----	1,163,800.00	567,070.00	-596,730.00
	Total, foreign service-----	2,127,800.00	1,137,370.00	-990,430.00
INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS				
499	United States participation in United Nations, 1946-----	6,480,000.00	6,480,000.00	-----
	Total, Department of State-----	9,555,300.00	7,963,326.00	-1,591,974.00
TREASURY DEPARTMENT				
FISCAL SERVICE--BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS				
448	Printing and binding, 1946-----	8,000.00	3,000.00	-5,000.00
BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE				
433	Salaries and expenses, 1946-----	17,600,000.00	16,350,000.00	-1,250,000.00
SECRET SERVICE DIVISION				
433	Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, 1946-----	190,000.00	50,000.00	-140,000.00

¹⁰ Payable out of the general fund of the Treasury.

Comparative statement of the amounts of the Budget estimates and of the amounts recommended to be appropriated by the bill—Continued

House Document No.	Department or agency	Amount of Budget estimate	Amount recommended in the bill	Increase (+) or decrease (—), bill compared with Budget estimate
TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS—Continued				
TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Continued				
PROCUREMENT DIVISION				
462	Supply distribution center.....	(11)	(11)	-----
	Total, Treasury Department.....	\$17, 798, 000. 00	\$16, 403, 000. 00	—\$1, 395, 000. 00
WAR DEPARTMENT				
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
471	Damage claims.....	429, 805. 41	429, 805. 41	-----
	Total, title I.....	50, 310, 871. 78	40, 493, 157. 78	—9, 817, 714. 00
TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS				
437 } 487 }	Increased pay costs authorized by the acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing increases in pay of Government officers and employees.....	12 181, 416, 769. 00	12 181, 269, 469. 00	—147, 300. 00
	Total, title II.....	12 181, 416, 769. 00	12 181, 269, 469. 00	—147, 300. 00

TITLE III—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS		
473}	Audited claims allowed by the General Accounting Office-----	10, 744, 870. 02
474}		10, 744, 870. 02
472}	Judgments, United States courts-----	65, 655. 76
477}		65, 655. 76
476	Judgments, United States Court of Claims-----	589, 033. 86
470	Property damage claims-----	16, 966. 95
	Total, title III, judgments and authorized claims-----	11, 416, 526. 59
	Grand total, titles I, II, and III-----	243, 144, 167. 37
		233, 179, 153. 37
		--9, 965, 014. 00

Authority to transfer building in Seattle from War Department.

¹² Additional amount of \$228,117,807 included in the second urgent deficiency appropriation bill, 1946 (H. R. 5671).

Union Calendar No. 530

79TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 5890

[Report No. 1817]

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 26, 1946

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the following bill; which was committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
- 4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply de-
- 5 ficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending
- 6 June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supple-

1 mental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
2 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

3 TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

4 LEGISLATIVE

5 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

6 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

7 Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for
8 miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.

9 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for steno-
10 graphic reports of hearings of committees other than special
11 and select committees, fiscal year 1946, \$5,000.

12 Special and select committees: For an additional amount
13 for expenses of special and select committees authorized by
14 the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

15 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
16 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
17 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal
18 Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946,
19 \$3,000.

20 Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for
21 telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,
22 fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

23 Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery
24 (additional allowance second session, of the Seventy-ninth
25 Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

1 ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

2 CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

3 Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for
4 lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and
5 House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congres-
6 sional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to
7 remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects
8 specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appro-
9 priation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

10 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

11 BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

12 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
13 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

14 INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

15 CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

16 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
17 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
18 specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-
19 priation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation
20 on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby
21 increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".

22 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

23 FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

24 Enforcement operations: For an additional amount,
25 fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and

1 the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia
2 is hereby increased from "\$680,000" to "\$692,000".

3 FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

4 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
5 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
6 specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency
7 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

8 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

9 Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount,
10 fiscal year 1946, for "Hospitals and medical care", including
11 the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security
12 Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$748,000.

13 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

14 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

15 Return of departmental functions to the seat of govern-
16 ment: For all expenses, including personal services in the
17 District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the
18 Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary
19 to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such
20 bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Govern-
21 ment as are designated from time to time by the President,
22 which were removed from, or established at places other than,
23 the seat of government by reason of the national emergency,
24 including the expenses of travel of employees transferred,

1 including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of trans-
2 portation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel
3 performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation
4 of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing,
5 crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpack-
6 ing, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in
7 an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated
8 and eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated,
9 in accordance with regulations approved by the President;
10 and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5
11 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees,
12 plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member
13 of immediate families of employees; \$200,000, to remain
14 available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to the seat
15 of government of Government-owned or leased furniture,
16 equipment, supplies, and other property and household goods
17 and personal effects of employees, and costs of restoration of
18 leased office space when required, may be accomplished
19 without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes:
20 *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the seat of
21 government, in accordance with a designation of the Presi-
22 dent as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval of
23 this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other
24 allowances authorized by other law in connection with change

1 of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein
2 authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and
3 excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal
4 effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That
5 such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of
6 Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred
7 to other agencies concerned for the payment to the trans-
8 ferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

9 PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATOR

10 Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage
11 to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of
12 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The
13 Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the
14 several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of
15 roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substan-
16 tially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any
17 other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set
18 forth in House Document Numbered 475, Seventy-ninth
19 Congress, \$681,193.83.

20 NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

21 Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards:
22 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitra-
23 tion, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including
24 the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal
25 Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$140,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

TARIFF COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Commission", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$53,000.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1, 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army

1 and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the pay-
2 ment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of
3 Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

4 Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105
5 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon
6 "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

7 OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

8 Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this
9 appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available
10 and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of
11 the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study
12 of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the
13 Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum;
14 printing and binding; and objects specified under the head
15 "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Ap-
16 propriation Act, 1946.

17 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

18 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

19 BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

20 Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects
22 specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture
23 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

1 Insect and plant disease control: For an additional
2 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease
3 control", \$20,000.

4 FOREST SERVICE

5 National forest protection and management: For an
6 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest
7 protection and management", including the objects specified
8 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Approp-
9 riation Act, 1946, \$168,000.

10 PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

11 CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

12 RESOURCES

13 The limitation on the amount which may be expended
14 for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head
15 in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946,
16 and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is
17 hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

18 WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

19 Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid
21 and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under
22 this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation
23 Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

3 Declassification and technical services: For an addi-
4 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and
5 technical services", including the objects specified under
6 this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946,
7 \$400,000.

8 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
9 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

10 OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

11 General administration, Office of the Administrator: For
12 an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General admin-
13 istration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects
14 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
15 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$39,000.

16 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an addi-
17 tional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the De-
19 partment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000,
20 and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during
21 the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to
22 the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget,
23 air-navigation and communication facilities, including appur-
24 tenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

25 Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities:

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
2 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
3 Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$749,655.

4 Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional
5 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regula-
6 tions", including the objects specified under this head in
7 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
8 \$364,000.

9 Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of
11 aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in
12 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
13 \$103,705.

14 Maintenance and operation, Washington National Air-
15 port: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Main-
16 tenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
17 including the objects specified under this head in the Depart-
18 ment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

19 Construction, Washington National Airport: For the
20 construction of one hangar and the installation of additional
21 paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft,
22 \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.

23
24 COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

25 Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional

1 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, depart-
2 mental", including the objects specified under this head in the
3 Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000,
4 and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended
5 for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000"
6 to "\$1,881,000".

7 Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount,
8 fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", includ-
9 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
10 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

11 Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount,
12 fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", includ-
13 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
14 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

15 PATENT OFFICE

16 Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal
17 year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects
18 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
19 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

20 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which
22 \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents,
23 designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official
24 Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900
25 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$535,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to "\$1,170,000".

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station, is hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of transportation of the immediate families of such officers and employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available for the traveling expenses of the immediate families of officers and employees of the Department who were returned from points outside

1 the United States during the war is hereby amended by
2 extending said authority to apply to the appropriations avail-
3 able for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
4 tion Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the
5 amount which may be expended under said authority, as
6 amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

7 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

8 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

9 Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
10 for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head
11 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

12 GRAZING SERVICE

13 Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year
14 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified
15 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation
16 Act, 1946, \$20,000.

17 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

18 INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

19 Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional
20 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency
21 prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian
22 reservations", including the objects specified under this head
23 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
24 \$50,000.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation, Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes, Utah", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, \$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment, materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

EDUCATION

Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal
2 year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in
3 nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

4 Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and
5 the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
6 increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number
7 of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-
8 five".

9 Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the
10 amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
11 increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number
12 of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred
13 and ninety".

14 Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount
15 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
16 from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils
17 from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and
18 seventy-five".

19 Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla-
20 homa, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of
21 Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to
22 "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred"
23 to "three hundred and twenty-five".

24 Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available
25 for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from

1 “\$152,905” to “\$162,530”; and the number of pupils from
2 “four hundred and twenty-five” to “four hundred and fifty”.

3 Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount
4 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
5 from “\$119,475” to “\$142,575”; and the number of pupils
6 from “three hundred and fifteen” to “three hundred and
7 seventy-five”.

8 Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year
9 1946, for “Natives in Alaska”, including the objects speci-
10 fied under this head in the Interior Department Appropria-
11 tion Act, 1946, \$125,000, to remain available until June
12 30, 1947.

13 GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

14 Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal
15 funds): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for
16 “Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal
17 funds)”, including the objects specified under this head in
18 the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$10,000,
19 payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular
20 tribe interested.

21 CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

22 Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana:
23 For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and
24 equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace

1 one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available
2 until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

3 ROADS AND BRIDGES

4 Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount,
5 fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair,
6 and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the
7 objects specified under this head in the Interior Department
8 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available
9 until expended.

10 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

11 The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation
12 Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during
13 the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and
14 Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including
15 such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased
16 from "\$704,828" to "\$729,000".

17 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

18 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

19 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
20 year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
21 specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Appo-
22 priation Act, 1937, \$11.

23 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal

1 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects
2 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
3 Appropriation Act, 1942, \$1,149.16.

4 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
5 year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

6 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional
7 amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands
8 Division", including the objects specified under this head
9 in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942,
10 \$5,164.45.

11 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
12 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and
13 expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the
14 objects specified under this head in the Department of
15 Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

16 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
17 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries
18 and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including
19 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
20 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$125,000.

21 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
22 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
23 penses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
2 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

3 FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

4 Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount,
5 fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", includ-
6 ing objects specified under this head in the Department of
7 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

8 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

9 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

10 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
11 for "Salaries", \$31,600.

12 EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

13 Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an addi-
14 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office
15 Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary
16 increases for United States employees of that Service under
17 State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

18 NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

19 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

20 Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an
21 additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bu-
22 reau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

1 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

2 (Out of the postal revenues)

3 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF

4 COLUMBIA

5 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

6 For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Post-
7 master General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Depart-
8 ment, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

9 Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

10 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General,
11 \$30,000.

12 Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General,
13 \$12,600.

14 Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General,
15 \$5,000.

16 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General,
17 \$14,900.

18 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

19 Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and mis-
21 cellaneous expenses," including the objects specified under
22 this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act,
23 1946, \$8,600.

1 FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

2 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

3 Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal
4 year 1946, for "Salaries and inspectors", \$25,000.

5 OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

6 Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters",
8 \$2,711,000.

9 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

10 Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal
11 year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

12 OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

13 Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
14 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office sta-
15 tionery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects
16 specified under this head in the Post Office Department Ap-
17 propriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limi-
18 tation on the amount available for the pay of employees
19 in the District of Columbia in connection with the ship-
20 ment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

21 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
22 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified
23 under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation
24 Act, 1946, \$60,000.

1 Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an addi-
2 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of
3 equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

4 (Payable out of the General Fund of the Treasury)

5 For payment to Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Illinois, in
6 full settlement of all claims against the United States, as
7 authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress,
8 approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

9 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

10 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

11 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
12 for "Salaries", including the objects specified under this
13 head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
14 and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons
15 paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without
16 regard to the civil-service and classification laws, \$133,456.

17 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
19 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
20 priation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

21 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
22 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
23 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
24 priation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

FOREIGN OFFICE

Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$35,000.

Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Service", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$100,000.

Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$35,300.

Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$567,070.

1 The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service",
2 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service",
3 and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal
4 year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases
5 in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of For-
6 eign Service employees whose basic compensation was not
7 increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay
8 Act of 1945.

9 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

10 United States participation in United Nations: For all
11 necessary expenses of participation by the United States in
12 the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to
13 the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of
14 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations con-
15 cerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire,
16 maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (includ-
17 ing the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; pur-
18 chase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to
19 section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111) ;
20 \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available
21 for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations
22 working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appro-
23 priation "Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Con-
24 sular Service" from which sums have been advanced to the

1 United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State,
2 when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to
3 acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions
4 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784),
5 as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United
6 States contribution to the United Nations, and such contri-
7 bution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property.
8 and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, inci-
9 dent to the acquisition thereof.

10 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

11 FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

12 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
13 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
14 specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appro-
15 priation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

16 BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

17 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
18 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the ob-
19 jects specified under this head in the Treasury Department
20 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the
21 limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for
22 personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby in-
23 creased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from
24 "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$50,000, and the appropriate appropriation of the War Department shall bear the cost (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, \$429,805.41.

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,300.

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", in-

cluding the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary
Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for
the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized
by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6,
1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151),
and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation
enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing
increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as
follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

For—

“Salaries, officers and employees, Senate”,
\$490,000;

“Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Print-
ing, Senate”, \$1,150;

“Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, Sen-
ate”, \$12,000;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates
and proceedings of the Senate”, \$10,000;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning,
repairing, and varnishing furniture”, \$385;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses,

1 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Sen-
2 ate", \$7,000;

3 "Salaries, officers and employees, House of Repre-
4 sentatives", \$335,000;

5 "Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of
6 Representatives", \$925,000;

7 "Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House
8 of Representatives", \$5,000;

9 "Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
10 House of Representatives", \$1,150;

11 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
12 folding documents", \$10,000;

13 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
14 furniture and repairs", \$9,500;

15 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
16 miscellaneous items", \$2,500;

17 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
18 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation",
19 \$7,000;

20 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
21 Speaker's automobile", \$675;

22 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
23 payment for certain services", \$1,200;

24 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
25 attending physician", \$385;

1 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
2 Revision of the Laws”, \$1,000;

3 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
4 preparation of a New Edition United States Code (no
5 year) ”, \$5,000;

6 Architect of the Capitol:

7 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: “Salaries”, \$19,-
8 000;

9 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:

10 “Capitol Buildings”, \$91,000;

11 “Capitol grounds”, \$32,300;

12 “Senate Office Building”, \$97,000;

13 “House Office Buildings”, \$129,500;

14 “Capitol power plant”, \$85,000;

15 Library of Congress:

16 Copyright Office: “Salaries”, \$50,900;

17 Legislative Reference Service: “Salaries”, \$35,734;

18 Index to State legislation: “Salaries and expenses”,
19 \$6,242;

20 Union catalogs: “Salaries and expenses”, \$8,566;

21 “Motion-picture project”, \$696;

22 Library Buildings: “Salaries”, \$88,326;

23 Total, Legislative Branch, \$2,468,209.

1 THE JUDICIARY

2 For—

3 United State Supreme Court:

4 “Salaries”, \$70,000;

5 “Structural and mechanical care of the building
6 and grounds”, \$29,300;

7 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: “Salaries”,
8 \$10,850;

9 United States Customs Court: “Salaries”, \$24,000;

10 Miscellaneous items of expense:

11 “Salaries of clerks of courts”, \$675,000;

12 “Probation system, United States courts”, \$225,000;

13 “Salaries of criers”, \$62,000;

14 “Fees of commissioners”, \$110,000;

15 “Miscellaneous salaries”, \$85,000;

16 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: “Sala-
17 ries”, \$30,000;

18 Total, The Judiciary, \$1,321,150.

19 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

20 For—

21 The White House Office: “Salaries and expenses”
22 \$30,000;

23 Bureau of the Budget: “Salaries and expenses”
24 \$280,000;

Office for Emergency Management:

Committee on Fair Employment Practice: "Salaries and expenses", \$30,000;

"Office of Alien Property Custodian". (The amount, \$332,900, which may be used for general administration expenses by other agencies on a reimbursable basis.)

Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

For—

Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,300,000;

Employees' Compensation Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$140,000;

Federal Communications Commission:

"Salaries and expenses", \$363,000;

"Salaries and expenses, national defense", \$194,000;

"Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$417,000.)

Federal Power Commission:

"Salaries and expenses", \$287,300;

"Flood control surveys", \$17,700;

- 1 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
2 \$232,000;
- 3 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$4,813,000;
- 4 Interstate Commerce Commission:
- 5 "General administrative expenses", \$380,000;
- 6 "Safety of employees", \$42,000;
- 7 "Signal safety systems", \$9,800;
- 8 "Locomotive inspection", \$43,600;
- 9 "Valuation of property of carriers", \$56,000;
- 10 "Motor transport regulation", \$341,000;
- 11 "Salaries and expenses, emergency", \$24,000;
- 12 "National Capital Housing Authority", \$1,850;
- 13 National Labor Relations Board:
- 14 "Salaries", \$348,000;
- 15 "Salaries and expenses (national defense)",
16 \$57,600;
- 17 National Mediation Board:
- 18 "Salaries and expenses", \$19,600;
- 19 National Railroad Adjustment Board: "Salaries and
20 expenses", \$23,850;
- 21 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and ex-
22 penses", \$385,000;
- 23 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$120,200;
- 24 "The Tax Court of the United States", \$48,800;

1 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical,
2 hospital, and domiciliary services", \$54,168,000;
3 Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

4 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

5 For—

6 "Columbia Institution for the Deaf", \$13,000;
7 Food and Drug Administration:
8 "Enforcement operations", \$433,000;
9 "General administration", \$16,900;
10 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses",
11 \$253,300;
12 Howard University: "Salaries", \$13,500;
13 Office of Education:
14 "Library service", \$3,700;
15 "Services for the blind", \$980;
16 "Salaries", \$61,440;
17 "Salaries and expenses" (vocational educa-
18 tion), \$53,300;
19 Public Health Service:
20 "Industrial hygiene", \$11,280;
21 "Foreign quarantine service", \$232,700;
22 "Hospitals and medical care", \$3,935,200;
23 "National Institute of Health", \$228,000;

1 “National Cancer Institute, operating ex-
2 penses”, \$58,700;

3 “Salaries and miscellaneous expenses”, \$160,000;

4 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Salaries and ex-
5 penses”, \$663,700;

6 Social Security Board:

7 “Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance”, \$130,000;

8 “Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security”,
9 \$105,700;

10 “Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors’
11 Insurance”, \$3,240,200;

12 “Salaries, offices of the Social Security
13 Board”, \$525,200;

14 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:

15 “For payments to States”, \$11,500;

16 “For general administrative expenses”, \$45,400;

17 Office of the Administrator:

18 “Salaries, Office of the Administrator”, \$25,800;

19 “Community War Services”, \$62,900;

20 “Salaries, Division of Personnel Manage-
21 ment”, \$17,000;

22 “Salaries, Division of Service Operations”, \$50,700;

23 “Salaries, Office of the General Counsel”, \$94,000;

24 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",

\$35,530;

Public Buildings Administration:

"General administrative expenses", \$201,380;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
in the District of Columbia and adjacent area",

\$4,372,460;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
outside the District of Columbia", \$1,547,130;

Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses":

(The amount which may be used for administrative
expenses is increased by \$52,900.)

Federal Home Loan Bank Administration: "Salaries
and expenses": (The amount which may be used
for administrative expenses is increased by
\$126,000.)

Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and ex-
penses": (The amount which may be used for
administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)

1 Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and ex-
2 penses": (The amount which may be used for
3 administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

4 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

5 For—

6 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses",
7 \$204,000;

8 Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses",
9 \$242,000;

10 Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses",
11 \$72,000;

12 Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and
13 expenses", \$84,000;

14 Bureau of Agricultural Economics:

15 "Economic investigations", \$310,000;

16 "Crop and livestock estimates", \$217,000;

17 Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations: "Salaries and
18 expenses", \$85,000;

19 Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of
20 extension work", \$60,000;

21 Agricultural Research Administration:

22 Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
23 \$40,000;

24 "Special research fund, Department of Agricul-
25 ture", \$120,000;

Office of Experiment Stations:

“Administration of grants and coordination of research with States”, \$21,000;

“Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico”, \$9,000;

Bureau of Animal Industry:

“Animal husbandry”, \$95,000;

“Diseases of animals”, \$76,000;

“Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang’s disease”, \$430,000;

“Inspection and quarantine”, \$140,000;

“Meat inspection”, \$1,590,000;

“Virus Serum Toxin Act”, \$40,000;

“Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum” (increase in sum made available from appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933, from “\$31,940” to “\$37,740”);

Bureau of Dairy Industry: “Salaries and expenses”, \$99,800;

Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural Engineering:

“Field crops”, \$240,000;

“Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops”, \$205,000;

“Forest diseases”, \$31,500;

1 “Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation”, \$105,000;

2 “Agricultural engineering”, \$46,000;

3 “National Arboretum”, \$4,800;

4 Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:

5 “Agricultural chemical investigations”, \$44,000;

6 “Naval-stores investigations”, \$17,500;

7 “Regional research laboratories”, \$500,000;

8 Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:

9 “Salaries and expenses”, \$73,000;

10 “White pine blister rust control, Department of Agri-
11 culture”, \$270,000;

12 Forest Service:

13 Salaries and expenses:

14 “General administrative expenses”, \$75,000;

15 “National forest protection and management”,

16 \$2,550,000;

17 “Forest management”, \$116,900;

18 “Range investigations”, \$42,100;

19 “Forest products”, \$175,000;

20 “Forest resources investigations”, \$24,000;

21 “Forest-fire cooperation”, \$40,000;

22 “Farm and other private forestry cooperation”,

23 \$36,000;

24 “Forest roads and trails”, \$480,000;

25 Commodity Credit Corporation: “Salaries and admin-

1 istrative expenses” (increase in limitation for ad-
2 ministrative expenses by \$743,000) ;

3 Federal Crop Insurance Act: “Administrative and
4 operating expenses”, \$320,000;

5 Soil Conservation Service:

6 “Soil conservation research”, \$164,000;

7 “Soil conservation operations”, \$4,575,000;

8 “Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida”,
9 \$10,200;

10 “Land utilization and retirement of submarginal
11 land”, \$144,000;

12 Marketing Service:

13 “Market news service”, \$142,000;

14 “Market inspection of farm products”, \$68,000;

15 “Marketing farm products”, \$58,000;

16 “Tobacco Acts”, \$67,500;

17 “Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce
18 Agency, and Standard Container Acts”, \$24,-
19 500;

20 “Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures
21 Acts”, \$138,000;

22 “United States Grain Standards Act”, \$127,000;

23 “United States Warehouse Act”, \$60,000;

24 “Federal Seed Act”, \$14,000;

25 “Packers and Stockyards Acts”, \$48,000;

- 1 “Naval Stores Act”, \$4,500;
- 2 “Insecticide Act”, \$27,700;
- 3 “Commodity Exchange Act”, \$41,500;
- 4 “Freight rates for farm products”, \$12,000;
- 5 “Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation”, \$3,200,000;
- 6 Farm tenancy: “Salaries and expenses”, \$365,000;
- 7 “Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas”, \$25,000;
- 8 Rural Electrification Administration: “Salaries and
- 9 expenses”, \$490,000;
- 10 Farm Credit Administration:
- 11 “Salaries and expenses”, \$66,800; and increase the
- 12 funds made available pursuant to Act of Jan-
- 13 uary 29, 1937, from “\$3,845,209” to “\$4,-
- 14 385,209”;
- 15 Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

16 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

17 For—

- 18 Office of the Secretary: “Salaries and expenses”, \$98,000;
- 19 Bureau of the Census: “Compiling census reports, and
- 20 so forth”, \$735,000;
- 21 Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:
- 22 “General administration, Office of the Administra-
- 23 tor”, \$370,000;
- 24 “Technical development”, \$42,000;
- 25 “Enforcement of safety regulations”, \$386,000;

- 1 "Airport Advisory Service", \$33,000;
 2 "Maintenance and operation of aircraft", \$43,000;
 3 "Maintenance and operation, Washington National
 4 Airport", \$107,000;
 5 "Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses",
 6 \$135,000;
 7 Coast and Geodetic Survey:
 8 "Salaries and expenses, departmental", \$169,000;
 9 "Salaries and expenses, field", \$258,000;
 10 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:
 11 "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$275,000;
 12 "Field office service", \$62,800;
 13 Patent Office: "Salaries", \$400,000;
 14 National Bureau of Standards:
 15 "Operation and administration", \$75,000;
 16 "Testing, inspection, and information service",
 17 \$178,000;
 18 "Research and development", \$192,000;
 19 "Standards for commerce", \$30,000;
 20 Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

21 For—

22 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 Office of the Secretary:

- 24 "Salaries", \$195,000;
 25 "Office of Solicitor", \$29,900;

- 1 “Division of Territories and Island Possessions”,
2 \$14,200;
3 Petroleum Conservation Division: “Salaries and
4 expenses”, \$12,600;
5 Division of Geography: “Salaries and expenses”,
6 \$1,350;
7 “Soil and moisture conservation operations”, \$123,-
8 400;
9 “Commission of Fine Arts”, \$860;
10 Grazing Service:
11 “Salaries and expenses”, \$142,000;
12 “Range improvements”, \$9,050;
13 General Land Office:
14 “Salaries”, \$138,940;
15 “Surveying public lands”, \$50,000;
16 “Salaries and expenses, branch of field examina-
17 tion”, \$15,370;
18 “Salaries and expenses of land offices”, \$42,300;
19 “Forest management and protection, public domain,
20 Alaska”, \$19,660;
21 “Revested Oregon and California Railroad and re-
22 conveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands,
23 Oregon (reimbursable)”, \$13,000;
24 “Range improvements on public lands outside of
25 grazing districts (receipt limitation)”, \$2,000;

Bureau of Indian Affairs:

Salaries and general expenses:

“Departmental personal services”, \$115,200;

“Maintaining law and order on Indian reservations”, \$17,590;

Industrial assistance and advancement:

“Preservation of timber on Indian reservations”, \$134,500;

“Expenses incidental to the sale of timber (reimbursable)”, \$26,820;

“Developing agriculture and stock raising among the Indians”, \$80,000;

“Development of water supply”, \$6,700;

Irrigation and drainage:

“Construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems (reimbursable)”, \$20,200;

“Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos project (receipt limitation)”, \$28,880;

“Improvement, operation, and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”, \$3,030;

“Improvements, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall irrigation systems”, \$5,840;

1 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation
2 of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt
3 limitation)”, \$5,760;

4 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
5 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
6 Fort Belknap Reservation (reimburs-
7 able)”, \$750;

8 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
9 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
10 Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limita-
11 tion)”, \$640;

12 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
13 of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable)”,
14 \$740;

15 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
16 of the Fort Peck project (receipt limita-
17 tion)”, \$1,400;

18 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
19 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet In-
20 dian Reservation (reimbursable)”, \$730;

21 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
22 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet
23 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
24 \$1,780;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the irrigation
2 and power systems on the Flathead Reser-
3 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$25,780;

4 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
5 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
6 vation (reimbursable)”, \$450;

7 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
8 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
9 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$4,360;

10 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
11 miscellaneous irrigation projects on the
12 Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
13 \$490;

14 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
15 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
16 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
17 and White River Utes (reimbursable)”,
18 \$950;

19 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
20 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
21 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
22 and White River Utes (receipt limita-
23 tion)”, \$2,620;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the Wapato ir-
 2 rigation and drainage systems, Yakima
 3 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
 4 \$26,510;

5 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 6 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 7 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 8 (reimbursable)”, \$410;

9 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 10 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 11 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 12 (receipt limitation)”, \$1,200;

13 Education:

14 “Support of Indian Schools”, \$886,700;

15 “Support and education of Indian pupils at
 16 nonreservation boarding schools”, \$417,-
 17 300;

18 “Natives in Alaska”, \$224,000;

19 Conservation of health:

20 “Conservation of health among Indians”, \$1,-
 21 988,500;

22 “Medical relief in Alaska”, \$102,000;

23 General support and administration:

24 “General administration of Indian property”,
 25 \$451,100;

- 1 "Reindeer service", \$6,770;
2 "Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal
3 funds, \$12,333)";
4 "Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal
5 funds, \$19,525)";
6 "Support of Menominee Agency and pay of
7 tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds,
8 \$3,860)";
9 "Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal
10 officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,-
11 600)";
12 Bureau of Reclamation:
13 Reclamation fund, special fund:
14 "Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California
15 (from power revenues \$18,100)";
16 "Yuma project, Arizona-California", \$11,000;
17 "Boise project, Idaho", \$10,000;
18 "Minidoka project, Idaho", \$5,300;
19 "Minidoka project, Idaho (from power reve-
20 nues, \$15,000)";
21 "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from
22 power revenues, \$5,400)";
23 "Owyhee project, Oregon", \$21,200;
24 "Klamath project, Oregon-California", \$11,000;

- 1 “Columbia Basin project, Washington (from
2 power revenues, \$63,000) ”;
- 3 “Yakima project, Washington”, \$21,500;
- 4 “Riverton project, Wyoming”, \$4,000;
- 5 “Shoshone project, Wyoming”, \$1,800;
- 6 “Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power
7 revenues, \$2,000) ”;
- 8 “Salaries and expenses (other than project
9 offices) ”, \$456,200;
- 10 General fund, construction: “Colorado River project,
11 Texas (reimbursable) ”, \$6,900;
- 12 “Geological Survey”, \$151,500;
- 13 Bureau of Mines:
- 14 “Salaries and expenses”, \$9,500;
- 15 “Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and in-
16 vestigation of mine accidents”, \$83,600;
- 17 “Coal-mine inspections and investigations”, \$122,-
18 380;
- 19 “Mineral mining investigations”, \$35,000;
- 20 “Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania”,
21 \$18,300;
- 22 “Economics of mineral industries”, \$40,000;
- 23 “National Park Service”, \$636,000;
- 24 “Recreational demonstration areas”, \$17,860;

1 “Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks”,
2 \$70,500;

3 Fish and Wildlife Service: “Salaries and expenses”,
4 \$543,100;

5 Government in the Territories:

6 Territory of Alaska: “Expenses of the offices of the
7 Governor and the Secretary”, \$3,000;

8 Territory of Hawaii: “Expenses of the offices of
9 the Governor and the Secretary”, \$1,100;

10 Government of the Virgin Islands: “Salaries of the
11 Governor and employees”, \$7,370;

12 Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

13 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

14 For—

15 Legal activities and general administration:

16 “Office of the Attorney General”, \$9,600;

17 “Office of the Solicitor General”, \$5,000;

18 “Office of Assistant to the Attorney General”,
19 \$16,000;

20 “Administrative Division”, \$201,500;

21 “Tax Division”, \$87,700;

22 “Criminal Division”, \$11,300;

23 “Claims Division”, \$129,000;

24 “Office of the Assistant Solicitor General”, \$15,000;

- 1 “Office of Pardon Attorney”, \$4,000;
2 “Salaries and expenses, Customs Division”, \$18,000;
3 “Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division”,
4 \$175,000;
5 “Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field”,
6 \$18,000;
7 “Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so
8 forth”, \$599,000;
9 “Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth”,
10 \$7,900;
11 “Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth,”
12 \$507,000;
13 “Pay and expenses of bailiffs”, \$39,000;
14 Federal Bureau of Investigation: “Salaries and expenses,
15 detection and prosecution of crimes”, \$1,249,000;
16 Immigration and Naturalization Service: “Salaries and
17 expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service”,
18 \$3,720,000;
19 Federal Prison System:
20 “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons”,
21 \$53,800;
22 “Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional insti-
23 tutions”, \$3,639,000;
24 “Medical and hospital service”, \$224,700;
25 Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For—

Office of the Secretary:

“Salaries”, \$68,600;

“Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor”, \$110,900;

“Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards”, \$23,500;

“Commissioners of Conciliation”, \$59,050;

“Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense)”, \$206,300;

Bureau of Labor Statistics:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$215,100;

“Salaries and expenses (national defense)”, \$423,700;

Children’s Bureau:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$55,460;

“Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions”, \$35,970;

“Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare”, \$59,170;

“Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and infant care (national defense)”, \$5,750;

Women’s Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, \$33,500;

Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries”, \$635,200;

1 War manpower functions:

2 "Apprentice training service", \$73,100;

3 "Employment office facilities and services",

4 \$5,504,800;

5 Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

6 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

7 (Out of the Postal Revenues)

8 For—

9 Post Office Department, Washington, District of Co-
10 lumbia:

11 "Office of the Postmaster General: "Salaries",

12 \$52,800;

13 Salaries in bureaus and offices:

14 "Office of Budget and Administrative Plan-
15 ning", \$5,300;

16 "Office of the First Assistant Postmaster Gen-
17 eral", \$138,000;

18 "Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster Gen-
19 eral", \$140,400;

20 "Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster Gen-
21 eral", \$202,700;

22 "Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster Gen-
23 eral", \$93,000;

24 "Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office De-
25 partment", \$18,770;

1 “Office of the Chief Inspector”, \$59,100;

2 “Office of the Purchasing Agent”, \$11,500;

3 “Bureau of Accounts”, \$57,100;

4 Field Service, Post Office Department:

5 Office of Chief Inspector:

6 “Salaries of inspectors”, \$563,900;

7 “Clerks, division headquarters”, \$187,300;

8 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

9 “Rural Delivery Service”, \$17,385,000;

10 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

11 “Post office stationery, equipment, and sup-
12 plies”, \$20,700;

13 “Pneumatic-tube service, New York City,
14 \$52,800;

15 Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

16 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary of State:

19 “Salaries”, \$1,861,810;

20 “Passport agencies”, \$10,410;

21 “Collecting and editing official papers of Territories
22 of the United States”, \$400;

23 Foreign Service:

24 “Salaries, ambassadors and ministers”, \$13,000;

25 “Salaries, Foreign Service officers”, \$294,000;

1 “Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service”, \$518,150;

2 “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign
3 Service”, \$55,850;

4 “Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)”, \$400,-
5 000;

6 International obligations:

7 “Salaries and expenses, International Boundary
8 Commission, United States and Mexico”,
9 \$61,400;

10 “Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in
11 the El Paso-Juarez Valley”, \$9,800;

12 “International Boundary Commission, United
13 States and Canada and Alaska and Canada”,
14 \$2,530;

15 “Salaries and expenses, International Joint Com-
16 mission, United States and Great Britain”,
17 \$3,080;

18 “Special and technical investigations, International
19 Joint Commission, United States and Great
20 Britain”, \$8,300;

21 “Cooperation with the American republics”, \$98,-
22 370;

23 Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries", \$57,400;

Division of Tax Research: "Salaries", \$25,200;

Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: "Salaries", \$11,800;

Division of Research and Statistics: "Salaries", \$26,600;

Office of General Counsel: "Salaries", \$21,800;

Division of Personnel: "Salaries", \$32,200;

Office of Chief Clerk: "Salaries", \$68,200;

Fiscal service:

Bureau of Accounts:

"Salaries and expenses", \$180,800;

"Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses", \$1,075,900;

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt", \$7,612,000;

Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

"Salaries and expenses", \$881,700;

"Salaries (reimbursable)", \$17,300;

Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses", \$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: "Salaries", \$44,200;

1 Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses",
2 \$178,800;

3 Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and
4 expenses", \$1,035,700;

5 Secret Service Division:

6 "White House Police", \$49,500;

7 Bureau of the Mint:

8 "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director",
9 \$23,000;

10 "Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices,"
11 \$242,900;

12 Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$70,900;

13 Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

14 WAR DEPARTMENT

15 For—

16 The Panama Canal:

17 "Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal",
18 \$587,000;

19 "Sanitation, Canal Zone", \$477,000;

20 "Civil government", \$361,000;

21 Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

22 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

23 For—

24 General administration:

25 "Executive office", \$17,550;

1 “Office of the corporation counsel”, \$17,720;

2 “Board of Tax Appeals”, \$2,790;

3 Fiscal Service:

4 “Assessor’s office”, \$45,870;

5 “Collector’s office”, \$19,530;

6 “Auditor’s office”, \$36,400;

7 “Purchasing Division”, \$7,640;

8 Regulatory agencies:

9 “Alcoholic Beverage Control Board”, \$6,210;

10 “Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole”,
11 \$4,840;

12 “Coroner’s office”, \$7,050;

13 “Department of Insurance”, \$7,300;

14 “Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets”,
15 \$19,670;

16 “Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board”, \$6,-
17 750;

18 “Office of Administrator of Rent Control”, \$6,510;

19 “Office of Recorder of Deeds”, \$32,500;

20 “Poundmaster’s office”, \$9,230;

21 “Public Utilities Commission”, \$14,320;

22 “Zoning Commission”, \$2,170;

23 Public schools:

24 Operating expenses:

25 “General administration”, \$71,330;

1 “General supervision and instruction”, \$1,355,-
2 160;

3 “Vocational education, George-Deen program”,
4 \$16,350;

5 “Operation of buildings and maintenance of
6 equipment”, \$386,460;

7 “Public Library”, \$112,740;

8 Recreation Department: “Operating expenses”, \$56,-
9 410;

10 “Metropolitan Police”, \$777,040;

11 “Fire Department”, \$383,400;

12 “Policemen’s and Firemen’s Relief”, \$292,190;

13 Courts:

14 “Juvenile court”, \$27,260;

15 “Psychiatric service, juvenile court”, \$1,360;

16 “Municipal court”, \$45,440;

17 “Municipal court of appeals”, \$5,000;

18 “Probation system”, \$4,920;

19 “Office of Register of Wills”, \$13,730;

20 “Commission on Mental Health”, \$2,840;

21 Health Department:

22 “Health Department (excluding hospitals)”, \$209,-
23 010;

24 “Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium”, \$225,400;

1 “Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital”,
2 \$504,130;

3 Public welfare:

4 “Office of the Director”, \$7,920;

5 Family Welfare Service:

6 “Operating expenses, child care”, \$20,000;

7 “Adult assistance”, \$32,700;

8 “Operating expenses, institutions for the indi-
9 gent”, \$55,730;

10 Juvenile Correctional Service: “Operating ex-
11 penses”, \$65,410;

12 Adult Correctional Service: “Operating expenses”,
13 \$279,740;

14 Mental Rehabilitation Service:

15 “Operating expenses, District Training School”,
16 \$111,300;

17 “Saint Elizabeths Hospital”, \$903,400;

18 Public works:

19 “Office of chief clerk”, \$4,560;

20 “Office of Municipal Architect”, \$13,800;

21 “Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of
22 District Buildings”, \$91,650;

23 “Surveyor’s office”, \$7,960;

24 “Department of Inspections”, \$60,550;

1 “Operating expenses, Electrical Division”, \$49,790;

2 “Central garage”, \$4,200;

3 “Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from
4 highway fund) ”, \$40,500;

5 “Reimbursements of other appropriations (payable
6 from highway fund)”, \$109,600;

7 “Operating expenses, Refuse Division”, \$46,900;

8 “Operating expenses, Sewer Division”, \$59,260:

9 “Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from
10 water fund)”, \$83,650;

Washington Aqueduct: "Operating expenses (payable
from water fund)", \$22,360;

13 “National Capital Parks”, \$96,420;

14 “National Capital Park and Planning Commission”,
15 \$7,410;

16 “National Zoological Park”, \$65,670;

17 Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

18 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

19 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
20 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
21 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
22 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

23 SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations

1 or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the
2 fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be expended
3 for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts which
4 may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations,
5 are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet increased
6 pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public
7 Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945
8 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158),
9 and other legislation enacted during or applicable to the fiscal
10 year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian employees
11 of the Government.

12 TITLE III—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED
13 CLAIMS

14 PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

15 SEC. 301. (a) For the payment of claims for damages
16 to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and deter-
17 mined by the following respective departments and independ-
18 ent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act
19 to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising
20 against the Government of the United States in the sum
21 not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December
22 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House

1 Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as
2 follows:

3 Executive Office of the President:

4 Office for Emergency Management:

5 Office of Scientific Research and Development,
6 \$45;

7 Independent offices:

8 Selective Service System, \$256.98;

9 Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

10 Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

11 Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

12 Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

13 Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

14 Department of Justice, \$13.50;

15 Department of Labor, \$15.50;

16 Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

17 Post Office Department (payable from postal reve-
18 nues), \$1,117;

19 Treasury Department, \$269.94;

20 In all, \$16,966.95;

21 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

22 SEC. 302. (a) For the payment of final judgments, in-
23 cluding costs of suits, which have been rendered under the
24 provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act
25 to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government

1 of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act
2 of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have
3 been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House Docu-
4 ment Numbered 477, under the following agencies:

5 Executive Office of the President:

6 Office for Emergency Management:

7 War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

8 Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

9 Treasury Department, \$4,000;

10 War Department, \$4,762.84;

11 In all, \$20,924.08, together with such additional sum
12 as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified
13 in the judgments.

14 (b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of
15 suits, rendered against the Government of the United States
16 by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act
17 entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States
18 in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services
19 rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and
20 for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C.
21 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House
22 Document Numbered 472, under the following agencies:

23 Navy Department, \$35,000;

24 War Department, \$9,731.68;

25 In all, \$44,731.68, together with such additional sum

1 as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified
2 in the judgments.

3 (c) None of the judgments contained under this caption
4 shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except
5 such as has become final and conclusive against the United
6 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

7 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

8 SEC. 303. (a) For payment of judgments rendered by
9 the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth
10 Congress in House Document Numbered 476, under the fol-
11 lowing agencies, namely:

12 Independent offices:

13 Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;

14 Federal Works Agency:

15 Public Buildings Administration, \$9,000;

16 Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;

17 Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;

18 Department of the Interior:

19 Civil, \$266,253.85;

20 Indians, \$1,808.73;

21 Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

22 Navy Department, \$1,787.62;

23 Treasury Department, \$120,819.71;

24 War Department, \$112,303.37;

1 In all, \$589,033.86, together with such additional
2 amount as may be necessary to pay interest as and where
3 specified in the judgments;

4 (b) None of the judgments contained under this caption
5 shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired
6 except such as have become final and conclusive against the
7 United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

8 Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments
9 contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for
10 more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

11 AUDITED CLAIMS

12 SEC. 304. (a) For the payment of claims certified to
13 be due by the General Accounting Office under appropria-
14 tions the balances of which have been carried to the surplus
15 fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June
16 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations
17 heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of
18 the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated,
19 and which have been certified to Congress under section 2
20 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set
21 forth in House Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Con-
22 gress, there is appropriated the sum of \$10,194,651.06,
23 together with such additional sum due to increases in rates
24 of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the for-

1 eign currency and interest as specified in certain of the
2 settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed
3 and accounted for as a single fund; \$446.24, payable from
4 District of Columbia revenues, and \$549,355.34, payable
5 from postal revenues; in all, \$10,744,452.64.

6 (b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General
7 Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act
8 for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service
9 of the United States mustered into service for the War with
10 Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands
11 after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899",
12 approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-
13 sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the
14 Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July
15 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in
16 House Document Numbered 474, \$417.38.

17 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

18 SEC. 401. No part of any appropriation contained in
19 this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
20 person who advocates, or who is a member of an organiza-
21 tion that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the
22 United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the
23 purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie
24 evidence that the person making the affidavit does not ad-
25 vocate, and is not a member of an organization that advo-

1 cates, the overthrow of the Government of the United
2 States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any per-
3 son who advocates, or who is a member of an organization
4 that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the
5 United States by force or violence and accepts employment
6 the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropria-
7 tion contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and,
8 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
9 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided*
10 *further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to,
11 and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing
12 law.

13 SEC. 402. This Act may be cited as the "Second
14 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946".

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79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

[Report No. 1817]

A BILL

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

By Mr. CANNON of Missouri

MARCH 26, 1946

Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

DIGEST OF PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
(Issued March 28, 1946, for actions of Wednesday, March 27, 1946)

(For staff of the Department only)

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HIGHLIGHTS: House passed second deficiency appropriation bill. House Rules Committee cleared Philippine trade bill. Senate debated minimum-wage bill, discussing Russell amendment to include farm labor in parity formula.

HOUSE

1. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. Passed with amendment this bill, H. R. 5890 (pp. 2726-43). No changes were made in the items of interest to this Department. For provisions relating to this Department see Digest 53.
2. PHILIPPINE TRADE. The Rules Committee reported a resolution for consideration of H. R. 5856, the Philippine trade bill (pp. 2745-6).
3. ECONOMY. Rep. Miller, Nebr., spoke in favor of economy in Government expenditures (pp. 2724-5).
4. MEAT SHORTAGE. Rep. Slaughter, Mo., stated that "at Kansas City less than 10 percent of the cattle are being slaughtered that were being slaughtered...last year ...when we are hearing about famine" (p. 2725).
5. FOOD SHORTAGE; SELECTIVE SERVICE. Rep. Ramey, Ohio, spoke in favor of deferment of farm labor to alleviate the food shortage (p. 2726).
6. COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS. Rep. Kelly, Ill., was elected to the Appropriations Committee; Rep. Gallagher, Minn., to the Civil Service Committee; and Rep. Klein, N. Y., to the Public Lands Committee (p. 2726).
7. AGRICULTURE IN GREECE. Rep. King, Calif., spoke in favor of rehabilitation of agriculture in Greece (pp. 2758-9).
8. FOREST RESEARCH. Received a resolution from the Racine, Wis., Lions Club favoring appropriations for a forest-research station in Wis. (p. 2767).

SENATE

9. ST. LAWRENCE WATERWAY. Sen. Capper, Kans., inserted a letter from a Pa. Mine Workers local opposing this project (p. 2692).
10. SURPLUS PROPERTY. Sen. O'Mahoney, Wyo., submitted an amendment which he intends to propose to S. 1757 to broaden the scope and raise the rank of veterans' preference under the Surplus Property Act (p. 2692).
11. EDUCATION. Sen. Hill, Ala., submitted an amendment which he intends to propose to S. 181, the Federal-aid-to-education bill (pp. 2692-3).
12. LABOR STANDARDS. Continued debate on S. 1349, the minimum-wage bill (pp. 2694-705; 2706-22). Debated an amendment by Sen. Russell, Ga., to include farm labor in the parity formula (similar to the Pace bill) (pp. 2708-22).

BILLS INTRODUCED

13. PLANT QUARANTINE. S. 1990, by Sen. Thomas, Okla., "to amend the Plant Quarantine Act approved August 20, 1912, as amended, by adding thereto a new section." To Agriculture and Forestry Committee. (p. 2692.)
14. EXHIBITS; TAXATION. H. R. 5900, by Rep. Brumbaugh, Pa., to exempt admissions to agricultural fairs from the admissions tax. To Ways and Means Committee. (p. 2767)
15. GI BILL OF RIGHTS. H. R. 5909 and 5910, to amend this measure. To World War Veterans' Legislation Committee. (p. 2767.)
16. WHEAT PENALTIES. H. R. 5914, by Rep. Rees, Kans., to provide for refund of wheat penalties paid on 1941 and 1942 crops. To Agriculture Committee. (p. 2767.)
17. SURPLUS PROPERTY. H. J. Res. 329, to provide for discontinuance of surplus-property disposal for 30 days to protect veterans' interests, and H. Con. Res. 19, expressing the sense of Congress that this should be done. To Expenditures in the Executive Departments Committee. (p. 2767.) Remarks of author (pp. 2744-5).

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

18. PRICE CONTROL. Rep. Spence, Ky., inserted William Green's (AFofL) and Secretary Vinson's (Treasury Dept.) statements before the H. Banking and Currency Committee urging the extension of price control and the Stabilization Act (pp. A1784-7).
Extension of remarks of Rep. Reed, N.Y., opposing the continuation of price control and including a Wall Street Journal article on the subject (p. A1813)
19. HOUSING. Rep. Michener, Mich., inserted a Jackson (Mich.) Citizen-Patriot article criticizing OPA policies as hindering full production of building materials (p. A1785).
Rep. Thom, Ohio, inserted John Stelle's (American Legion) letter urging support of the Wyatt housing plan (p. A1813).
20. RECLAMATION. Sen. O'Mahoney, Wyo., inserted his recent radio address outlining the progress of reclamation work in Wyo. (pp. A1787-8).

rears occupied in excess of 6,000,000 square feet of rented space as of late February. This accounted for about 10 percent of the total office space in New York City. The Federal Government has been reluctant to relinquish space they now occupy. In doing this, they keep private business and returning veterans from getting proper office space.

In connection with the Federal pay roll, there has been little reduction since VJ-day. Excluding the Army and the Navy personnel, the pay roll has actually increased, during January, 34,569—more than 1,000 people a day, including Sundays. A review of the appropriation bills indicates that there are some eight Government agencies working on labor problems. The President's requested budget for 1947 is nearly double that of 1945. Yes; more than the all-time high for F. D. R. in wartime. There are some 60 agencies that gather statistics and put out propaganda to the public. Much of these statistics is never used. There are 30 agencies set up to lend the people's money. A dozen different agencies deal with the problem of health. Is it not about time that this Congress demand that Federal pay rolls be reduced, that overlapping and the duplication of various agencies be curtailed? Unless this Congress takes drastic action and cuts appropriation bills for this sprawling Government bureaucracy, the Budget will never be balanced—pay rolls will increase and more office space demanded.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. SCHWABE of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the RECORD and include a speech to be delivered today by a former Member of this body, Hon. Samuel B. Pettengill, before the Missouri House of Representatives.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

[The matter referred to appears in the Appendix.]

Mr. ARNOLD asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an article from the Christian Science Monitor.

Mr. SMITH of Wisconsin asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an editorial.

Mr. MARTIN of Massachusetts asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a resolution adopted by the Department of Massachusetts, Disabled American Veterans.

Mr. BRADLEY of Michigan asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a radio address recently delivered by him.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

HELPING UNRRA AND THE RED CROSS

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I call your attention to a report of the United States Department of Agriculture, Production and Marketing Administration of the Commodity Credit Corporation, that has come across my desk. This morning I find they have over 173,000 cases of dried prunes, over 100,000 cases of dried apricots, over 42,000 cases of dried freestone peaches, and over 175,000 cases of dried clingstone peaches. We had thousands of pounds of dried milk and dried eggs and many thousands of pounds of other commodities that are being sold by the Government. If we would turn those commodities over to UNRRA or give them to the Red Cross instead of trying to sell them at commercial prices and taking a loss, and if we did the same with the Army rations we would save money for this country by buying more and in that way we would keep down our expenses. It seems to me that is the thing we ought to do. Oh, the poor business of this administration is causing a deficit every day, every month, and every year. We cannot afford to go any longer in this manner, with a \$179,000,000,000 debt. Our country is in danger of financial bankruptcy by such manner of doing business as this reveals. Will you ever get any business sense? Our Nation needs it so bad.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Pennsylvania has expired.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. DINGELL asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a speech by General ROMULO, Resident Commissioner of the Philippine Islands.

Mr. HEBERT asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an address by Secretary of the Navy Forrestal.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. TRAYNOR. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Delaware?

There was no objection.

TO VITALIZE HISTORY

Mr. TRAYNOR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to read the following editorial from the Journal-Every Evening, of Wilmington, Del., for March 26, 1946:

Observance next Friday of Delaware Swedish Colonial Day, which has been called for in a proclamation issued by Gov. Walter W. Bacon, will have the effect of vitalizing the early history of the State, particularly Wilmington. It will mark the anniversary of March 29, 1638, when the Swedish settlers acquired the ground at The Rocks, where they landed on what is now Delaware soil.

Governor Bacon's request that commemorative exercises be held in the schools and by religious and civic groups is designed to serve two worthy purposes. It will emphasize Delaware's gratitude to the Swedish people for their part in starting orderly settlement of the Delaware River Valley. It also will stimulate interest in our early history.

That the State officially recognize the importance of celebrating each anniversary of the landing of the Swedes is attested by the fact that the 1939 legislature established March 29 of each year as Delaware Swedish Colonial Day.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mrs. DOUGLAS of Illinois asked and was given permission to extend her remarks in the RECORD and include an editorial from the Washington Post.

Mr. KEOGH asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a speech by Henry Mannix, of Brooklyn, at the annual dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick.

Mr. PRICE of Illinois asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a letter from the American Legion.

Mr. MANSFIELD of Montana. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the RECORD and include a speech delivered by Dr. Peter H. Odegard, president of Reed College, of Portland, Oreg. I have received an estimate from the Public Printer that the cost will be approximately \$156. Notwithstanding the cost, I ask unanimous consent that the extension may be made.

The SPEAKER. Notwithstanding the cost and without objection, the extension may be made.

There was no objection.

[The matter referred to appears in the Appendix.]

Mr. WASIELEWSKI asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an editorial from the Milwaukee Journal.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that tomorrow, after the disposition of business on the Speaker's desk and the conclusion of special orders heretofore entered, I may address the House for 25 minutes.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

LIVESTOCK AT KANSAS CITY AND CHICAGO

Mr. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, the reason I have requested 25 minutes to address the House tomorrow is to explain the situation that now presents itself in Kansas City and Chicago. For instance, at Kansas City less than 10 percent of the cattle are being slaughtered that were slaughtered in that same period or a comparable period last year. The condition is even worse in Chicago. All of this at a time when we are hearing about famine and about a shortage of food all over the country. It is a matter that very seriously affects this country, and I hope will be of some interest to the House.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Missouri has expired.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. COX asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a speech he made at Mobile, Ala., on last Monday evening.

Mr. DINGELL asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a statement by J. H. Lieb, national legislative director, regarding Amvets organization of Michigan.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the RECORD and insert an analysis of the Filipino bill. It is possible, Mr. Speaker, that this may exceed the amount allowed. Notwithstanding, I ask unanimous consent that it be included in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Notwithstanding, and without objection, the request is granted.

There was no objection.

[The matter referred to appears in the Appendix.]

Mr. BROWN of Ohio asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an article entitled "Conscription and the West Point Mind," by Dr. Arthur E. Morgan.

Mr. JUDD asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a recent address by former Gov. Harold E. Stassen.

Mrs. BOLTON asked and was given permission to extend her remarks in the RECORD and include a column from the Washington Post.

Mr. HALE asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an editorial from the New York Times of yesterday entitled "Coffee Subsidy."

CORRECTION OF THE RECORD

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, the printer, in printing my remarks yesterday, evidently shuffled the sheets. I ask unanimous consent to reshuffle them and put them back in order.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. RAMEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute, and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

FARM LABOR

Mr. RAMEY. Mr. Speaker, yesterday we again relieved the housing situation for veterans through passage of House Joint Resolution 328. In some parts of my State as many as one-third of the farm homes are vacant. In the metropolitan counties, of course, the percentage is much smaller than that. But even in those counties the trend away from the farms is noticeable. City jobs offer more money for less work; and only a small percentage of men drafted from

farms are returning to them after their discharges from the armed service.

In the face of this trend away from farming, the famine which is facing a large part of the world today becomes a desperate problem. Meatless days, wheatless days, belt-tightening are all minor stopgaps. What is needed is bumper production of farm crops.

A start in that direction could be made if the Selective Service System would abide by the law which Congress passed, and particularly by the Tydings amendment to that law. Even today, with the shooting war over, Selective Service is flouting the Tydings amendment. As a preventive of World War III, plentiful food is more effective than a large peacetime army.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Ohio has expired.

SPECIAL ORDER GRANTED

Mr. PHILBIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 20 minutes today following the special orders heretofore entered.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

ELECTION TO COMMITTEES

Mr. DOUGHTON of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following resolution (H. Res. 571).

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That the following-named Members be, and they are hereby, elected members of the following standing committees of the House of Representatives:

Appropriations, EDWARD A. KELLY, of Illinois.

Civil Service, WILLIAM J. GALLAGHER, of Minnesota.

Public Lands, ARTHUR G. KLEIN, of New York.

Revision of the Laws, ARTHUR G. KLEIN, of New York.

World War Veterans' Legislation, E. H. HEDRICK, of West Virginia, and ALEXANDER J. RESA, of Illinois.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

SCRIPPS-HOWARD EDITORIAL ATTACK ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Speaker, I have always had a great deal of respect for Roy Howard, head of the Scripps-Howard newspapers; but I am disappointed that he permits one of his employees, some little fellow down here on the editorial staff of the Washington Daily News, to write such vicious attacks on the Committee on Un-American Activities and on me personally, as appeared in a two-column editorial in that paper on March 20, 1946.

If this were the first time, I might overlook it; but these editorials have been appearing in that paper from time to time and sent as "canned" expressions to the Scripps-Howard newspapers throughout the whole United States. They are calculated to hamper the work of the Committee on Un-American Activities, and to give aid and comfort to those enemies within our gates.

We members of that committee have no ax to grind. We are simply striving to protect our country against those subversive elements that are out to wreck it. We take more abuse from these subversive elements and their fellow travelers, than any other committee in either House of Congress.

If Roy Howard is the real American I have always taken him to be, he will put a stop to this unjustified abuse of the members of the Committee on Un-American Activities through the columns of the Scripps-Howard papers throughout the Nation.

If Mr. Howard could hear some of the testimony given to our committee by unimpeachable witnesses, individuals in responsible positions, he would undoubtedly change the tone of the editorial comments now appearing in his papers throughout the country and give us his enthusiastic support.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Mississippi has expired.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. GIFFORD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

THE MINORITY RULE

Mr. GIFFORD. Mr. Speaker, I must take this minute inasmuch as my conscience is again bothering me. I presume I ought to speak out on many matters that are reflected in my mail. I would say to the many on the minority side who are taking the 1-minute daily that they are doing a most useful service. Like many of the old timers on the Democratic side of the aisle, I am disgusted but still somewhat able to conceal it.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. THOM asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD and include a telegram to the Veterans' Committee from the American Legion congratulating the committee on its support of the Wyatt housing program.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Pending that, I ask unanimous consent that time for general debate be limited to not to exceed 2 hours, half to be controlled by the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER], and half by myself.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 5890) the second deficiency appropriation bill, 1946, with Mr. HART in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

By unanimous consent, the first reading of the bill was dispensed with.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, while this is called the second deficiency bill, it is really the first general deficiency bill, due to the fact that the bill termed the first general deficiency bill was disposed of just prior to the beginning of the present calendar year. The bill comes a little later than usual because our time was occupied with the rescission bill, which monopolized the attention of the committee almost exclusively for many weeks, and as a result it was necessary to introduce in that period two urgent deficiency bills and two special resolutions.

In these four bills we gave priority to emergency matters which required immediate consideration and reserved those items on which there was more time for deliberation for this bill.

The total amount involved in the present bill is \$233,179,153.37, but on only \$40,493,157.78 of that do we have any latitude as to appropriation. That amount is carried in title I of the bill. The remainder of the \$233,000,000 is for, first, pay legislation enacted early in this fiscal year; that is, for increased pay of employees, for overtime, and matters we could not reduce, and, second, for judgments and for authorized claims over which we have no control, they having been already adjudicated. So there are only about \$40,000,000 in these \$233,000,000 over which we could exercise any great amount of discretion.

Of this \$40,000,000, 70 percent is included in four items, namely, employment facilities and services, compensation to postmasters, United States participation in United Nations, and salaries and expenses, Bureau of Internal Revenue. The USES item is for paying State employees salaries at rates the States have voted and, of course, we had little choice there because the States have raised the salaries of their own employees who work side by side with our employees, and we are necessarily required to do likewise.

The postmasters' item ensues from advancement in grade of a number of officers as the result of a greater amount of postal revenue than was originally estimated. It also is a matter governed by law.

The United Nations item applies to our first contribution to the support of this Organization. The amount for contribution is \$6,153,500 and should meet

our share for the remainder of the calendar year. In addition to the contribution, \$326,500 is provided for personal services and for the expenses of the office of the United States representative to the United Nations for the period April 1, 1946, to June 30, 1946. The latter amount will need to be supplemented later for expenses subsequent to next June 30.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue item represents an enlargement of the program initiated in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, approved July 5, 1945, for staffing such Bureau in order that it could run down tax evaders and add to our income by stopping losses incurred through evasional practices. The proposal is in harmony with provision made in the Treasury-Post Office Department bill for the next fiscal year, which the House has approved.

Those are the money high lights of title I of the bill as regards individual items.

The residue of title I funds is widely distributed and generally in relatively small amounts. You will see from the table at the end of the report that we have made cuts in many of the items.

Many of those cuts were in items where it was sought to advance the initiation of programs or projects that have been budgeted for 1947. In some instances, approval of the amounts would lead to obligations that would require larger appropriations in 1947 than have been budgeted.

The committee has exercised considerable care to avoid starting programs or policies which would, in a sense, force the hands of other subcommittees.

Of general interest is an additional amount of \$369,000 for the Civil Service Commission, providing for temporary personnel for first, aid to veterans in civil-service employment, and second, expediting refunds of contributions to the retirement fund by employees separated from the Federal service.

We have provided \$200,000, instead of \$883,000, for expenses incident to the return of Federal agencies to Washington. The \$200,000 applies to the Patent Office and the REA, both of which are partly moved. We have not provided for the return of any other agencies because of the acute shortage of office and living space in Washington.

We are providing for what may appear at first blush a fanciful project—a study of guaranteed annual wage plans.

We were asked to appropriate \$200,000 for such a study, preliminary phases of which have been financed out of an allocation of the appropriation of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion.

An examination of the testimony, much of which was given by Eric Johnston, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, is quite convincing that a study such as contemplated has possibilities of a considerable contribution to the furtherance of stabilization of employment, the attainment of which, of course, would be a godsend to labor and management and agriculture, and consequently to the general welfare.

We are not proposing an additional appropriation for the study, but are pro-

viding that it may be proceeded with as a charge to the appropriation already available to the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion.

An item of considerable interest we considered and are recommending has to do with the measurement of acreages planted to flue-cured tobacco. In agreement with the estimate, we are providing that that may be done by raising the existing limitation upon salaries and other administrative expenses in carrying out certain programs under the appropriation "Conservation and use of agricultural land resources" by \$600,000.

Another item of general interest, for which we are proposing an additional appropriation of \$400,000, comes under the Department of Commerce and has to do with gathering, placing in shape, and publishing and selling scientific and technical data procured in Germany and Japan, but principally Germany.

This work was started under an initial appropriation of \$300,000 and the results have been excellent. Much information of inestimable value to American industrialists has been and is being collected and any manufacturer can buy it for the cost of printing and paper. One manufacturer offered \$20,000,000 for one report, if he might have it exclusively. The findings are published and widely circularized and are accessible to any citizen for a very nominal charge, perhaps too nominal.

I say too nominal, because little that the Government sells nets a cost return. The Patent Office needs an appropriation to replenish its stock of patents. It sells these patents for 10 cents, even if they should be voluminous affairs costing \$2 or more to print.

We were told that if a proper scale of prices were established—and it takes legislation to do it, sales income would be advanced \$3,000,000 or more annually.

That accounts, Mr. Chairman, at least for the salient provisions of the bill.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Mr. Chairman, I yield 10 minutes to the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE].

Mr. HENRY. Mr. Chairman, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The CHAIRMAN. Evidently a quorum is not present. The Clerk will call the roll.

The Clerk called the roll, and the following Members failed to answer to their names:

[Roll No. 68]

Adams	Crosser	Kee
Allen, Ill.	Curley	Kefauver
Andrews, Ala.	Daughton, Va.	Kelley, Pa.
Baldwin, Md.	Dawson	Knutson
Barden	De Lacy	LaFollette
Barrett, Pa.	Dolliver	Lemke
Bell	Douglas, Calif.	Luce
Bennet, N. Y.	Fellows	McCowan
Bishop	Fernandez	McGehee
Boykin	Fisher	McGlinchey
Buckley	Fuller	McKenzie
Bunker	Gathings	Mankin
Burch	Green	Mansfield, Tex.
Byrne, N. Y.	Gwinn, N. Y.	Mason
Cannon, Fla.	Hall	May
Carnahan	Edwin Arthur	Merrow
Celler	Hall	Murdock
Chapman	Leonard W.	Murphy
Chiperfield	Healy	Norton
Clason	Heffernan	Patterson
Clements	Holmes, Mass.	Peterson, Fla.
Colmer	Jarman	Pfeifer
Corbett	Johnson	Powell
Cravens	Lyndon B.	Rains

Reece, Tenn.	Shafer	West
Robinson, Utah	Sheridan	White
Rooney	Short	Whittington
Sadowski	Sikes	Wilson
Sasser	Smith, Ohio	
Savage	Thomason	

Accordingly the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore, Mr. McCORMACK, having resumed the chair, Mr. HART, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill H. R. 5890, the second deficiency appropriation bill, 1946, and finding itself without a quorum, he had directed the roll to be called, when 347 Members responded to their names, a quorum, and he submitted herewith the names of the absentees to be spread upon the Journal.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Committee will resume its sitting.

The Committee resumed its sitting.

Mr. KEEFE. Mr. Chairman, the distinguished majority leader, Mr. McCORMACK, addressed a Jackson Day dinner at Newark, N. J., on Saturday evening, March 23. I realize that this was a political speech and it is also evident that it was not a written prepared speech. My friend had a perfect right to indulge himself at this thoroughly political meeting, and I find no fault with that.

A synopsis of the speech, however, was printed in the Newark Sunday Call and many other newspapers. I read a portion of this speech, as so reported, with astonishment, and, I confess, with chagrin. Permit me to quote a portion of the newspaper report:

Terming the conduct of Republicans on the Pearl Harbor probe disgraceful, Mr. McCORMACK charged the investigation placed the United States on trial. He said the Republicans were "willing to prove the Japs innocent of the sneak attack if they could prove President Roosevelt guilty."

Mr. Chairman, I speak only for myself. The other Republican members of that committee are fully able to speak for themselves. I believe it is entirely fair and within the facts to say that the gentleman who is now addressing you had nothing whatsoever to do with the creation of the Pearl Harbor Committee. At no time did I seek membership on it. The committee came into being as the result of the adoption by both Houses of the Congress of a resolution introduced by the Honorable Alben Barkley, Democratic Senate leader. The Speaker of the House appointed me as a minority member and I accepted.

At that time, and repeatedly thereafter, I stated that I was determined to search for the facts and the truth and that only, and that under no circumstances would there be any political inspiration or implication involved so far as I was concerned in connection with that investigation. Mr. Chairman, I am convinced that a fair appraisal of the record will amply demonstrate that during the long, tedious hearings I have rigidly adhered to the position announced when I accepted membership on this committee.

I defy the majority leader or anyone else here and now to point to a single spot or place in the record where, by word, question, innuendo, implication, or

otherwise, I conducted myself in a "disgraceful" manner as a member of that committee, or where I indicated at any time a willingness to "prove the Japs innocent in order to prove Roosevelt guilty."

Mr. Chairman, the majority leader may have been misquoted. I have observed in my long experience that such a situation frequently arises. In view of the facts, however, as reported in the press, it seems to me that the spirit of fair play, which I know our distinguished friend possesses to a high degree, will not permit that statement to remain without explanation. May I call your attention to the fact that the committee has not yet made its report, and any person making similar statements is indulging in pure partisan prophecy or clairvoyance.

It impresses me, therefore, that not only as an individual, but as an agent of this House, serving this House on this committee, I am entitled to some explanation from the distinguished majority leader, and I yield to him now, seeing that he is on the floor for that purpose.

Mr. McCORMACK. I am very glad to have the gentleman yield.

The statement carried in the paper was substantially correct. The reporter who quoted me—and I was talking extemporaneously, although I had my thoughts definitely in mind—quoted me substantially correct, with one exception. I stand by the statement that is quoted there that I said, "All of the Republican members of the Pearl Harbor Investigating Committee with the exception of one," and I notice that was not carried in the article, so that the substance of it was correct as carried in Newark paper. I emphasized, "All of the members with the exception of one."

It was a political gathering and a splendid one. There were 2,100 people present, and there is great confidence that they are going to elect a Democratic United States Senator and a Democratic Governor.

I might also say, in all frankness, that the one Republican member of the committee—and I did not mention his name—that I distinctly had in mind, was the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE].

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Wisconsin has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield five additional minutes to the gentleman from Wisconsin.

Mr. KEEFE. Mr. Chairman, I find myself somewhat baffled by the explanation of my friend from Massachusetts.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. KEEFE. I will be glad to yield.

Mr. McCORMACK. I want to say it is sincere. What I said about the gentleman I meant. Even in a political gathering I specifically said, "With the exception of one member", and I had that distinctly in mind. I say that following the investigation. It is my own opinion. For whatever value it has, I want the RECORD to show it.

Mr. KEEFE. I deeply appreciate the sincerity of the majority leader and the explanation he has made, but even with that explanation, if it were so published

in the newspaper it would still leave the gentleman from Wisconsin in the same position he was when he read it as it presently appears.

May I say to my friend that I have been the recipient of very much publicity directed at me by a partisan press, charging that partisanship and politics were marking the attitude of the gentleman who is now addressing you. I have asked the gentleman for a bill of particulars in this time which I have yielded to the gentleman from Massachusetts. The gentleman says in his explanation that he does not include the gentleman from Wisconsin in the category referred to in his speech, so reported in the Newark newspaper. I accept the statement of the gentleman in the spirit in which it was rendered, and I think as far as I am concerned, that should close the matter and should be a complete answer to those who have attempted to besmirch and smear the gentleman now addressing you before any conclusions have yet been determined by the committee. It seems to me that the time to discuss this question is when the evidence has been considered by the committee and the committee has made its report. I assure you that as far as I am concerned the report will be based upon the truth and upon the facts, and not upon innuendos, or rumors, or suspicions that cannot be evaluated and that find no substance in truth or fact.

Mr. BENDER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. KEEFE. I yield to the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. BENDER. From the observations of the gentleman from Wisconsin and since he was so active in that committee, was there anything in the way of the kind of thing described by our distinguished friend from Massachusetts that he attributes to any other minority member of the committee?

Mr. KEEFE. I stated in my opening statement that I am speaking only for myself. I assume that at a subsequent time other members of this committee will take this floor and answer the accusation which has again been repeated by the distinguished majority leader. Therefore, by the process of elimination we may ultimately establish the full facts and the truth that the majority leader attempted to convey.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. KEEFE. I yield to the gentleman from Michigan.

Mr. HOFFMAN. It occurs to some of us that the gentleman or other members of the committee should not be unduly disturbed. We all recognize the gentleman from Massachusetts as being the Emily Post of the majority organization, but we do not all accept his statements, and neither do our constituents.

Mr. KEEFE. When a statement is made, even in a political meeting, by the eminent majority leader, and it is given circulation throughout the country, I assume there are thousands, perhaps millions, of people that have a right to believe the statements thus made. So far as I am concerned, I know what statements are frequently made in political

meetings. Perhaps there is not a man on this floor who has not indulged in some superlatives and extravagances in political speeches. But in a matter so important as this, at a time when this committee is about to make and is now considering its report to the American people, it seems to me utterly unwise to challenge the integrity of the members of that committee until a report has been made which might furnish some basis for such accusation.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 10 minutes to the gentleman from California [Mr. GEARHART].

Mr. GEARHART. Mr. Chairman, in the 12 years of my membership in this body, this is the first time I have ever been called upon to raise my voice in the discussion of a partisan matter. The individual who stands before you who has just been accused by the Democratic majority leader of having conducted himself in a disgraceful partisan manner now for the first time must address himself to a partisan subject. In this investigation into the causes and effects of the Pearl Harbor catastrophe, we have taken over 13,000 pages of testimony. Now, I hurl into the teeth of the Democratic majority leader this challenge. I challenge him to find in that 13,000 pages one question, one assertion, one statement of mine from which a partisan inference may honestly be drawn. I give him a wider selection than that. I give him the entire congressional record of my 12 years of service in this body. When he comes before this body with one line, one sentence, one interrogatory from which an inference of partisanship of the kind which he denounces can be drawn, I will stand before you and make an honest admission.

I take this Pearl Harbor investigation very, very seriously. I take it just as seriously as the leader of the Senate took it when he rose to address that body in explanation of the resolution which initiated this investigation. I believe the American people are entitled to the truth. I believe the American people are entitled to know what the causes of that catastrophe were, a catastrophe which resulted in the slaughter of over 3,000 of our fellow American citizens. Their loved ones, their fathers, their mothers, their sisters, their brothers, their wives, and children are entitled to know whether they indeed died in vain. I went into that investigation to help reveal the truth as a sacred obligation to the people of the United States.

If that investigation which elicited facts, facts upon which inferences can be drawn or lessons can be derived, which will make a world war III less probable, the expenditure in effort and in time will not have been in vain.

But, unfortunately, there are in these United States some people who fear more than fear alone. They fear that investigation, not with reason, perhaps. They fear it without foundation or reason, perhaps, but they fear that out of that investigation will be revealed the facts from which trouble for them will flow; loss of position, loss of power and pelf may result for those and their kind. Let me say to you, I care not what may be the consequence of that investigation insofar as the political fortunes of any-

one who may be a Member of this House on either side of the aisle is concerned, but I do want one thing, and I want it earnestly and with all the impulses of my heart, and that is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, this so that the people of future generations, though yet unborn, if you please, can read a history that has been honestly written, a history reflecting only honest facts upon which nations and peoples can rely. I care not for the attacks of the left-wing smear bunds, the petty partisan poutishness of those who deal in such things, or the rantings of the whitewash brigade. This country has been treated to such lessons in the dishonorable art of smearing during these last 10 years that will render their efforts, whatever they may be and for what purpose they may be directed, no longer effective in the eyes of reasonable and honorable men. Yes. This investigation will go on and on and on to its logical conclusion, and when the last word is written those who cried partisanship in their miserableness will draw their reward in the contempt of the American people which they so richly deserve.

Mr. RABAUT. M. Chairman, I yield 10 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK].

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Chairman, whatever observations I make on this occasion have no relationship to the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE].

Now that political speeches made outside the House are going to be the subject of House debate, I wonder where the end is going to be. In the Lincoln Day speeches that our Republican brethren made all over the country, and properly so, I heard no Democrat discuss on the floor of this House.

This matter is brought into the debate here not by myself—the record shows that. I am not questioning the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE] in bringing it in the way he did. But when the gentleman did, there is only one honorable thing I could do, and that was to state what I did state, that there was one party, and I frankly said it was the gentleman from Wisconsin himself, so this matter is brought in as a result of that.

I am not going to use the word disgraceful on the floor of the House because it would violate the rules of the House.

The matter is in the RECORD, however, not brought in by myself.

I was chairman of a special committee about 10 years ago that investigated communism, nazism, fascism, and bigotry. It was the only committee of investigation of its kind that in the past 20 years recommended legislation and had it enacted into law. The McCormack Alien Propaganda Registration Act was a result of the investigation; the bill making it a crime for anyone "knowingly or willfully to advocate the overthrow of the Government by force or violence" came out of that investigation; the bill giving the Army and Navy broader powers to control subversive activities and the distribution of subversive literature on naval vessels and in camps came out of it. As chairman of the committee I had certain views and they were carried out. We did not try our case in the press. No Member on either side, Democrat or Re-

publican—and they were fine Members, and some of them on the Republican side are dead and their memories I revere. We agreed we would make no speeches while the investigation was going on. We agreed we would make no public statements while the investigation was going on. We recognized that the character of men and women was involved and that they were entitled to have their character protected rather than to be subjected to wild and reckless statements.

Can the gentleman from California [Mr. GEARHART] say that he has conformed to that policy?

Mr. GEARHART. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McCORMACK. I yield.

Mr. GEARHART. All right. Will the gentleman name one partisan Lincoln Day speech I have ever made, either in or outside this Chamber—

Mr. McCORMACK. Throughout the press the country over you have been talking constantly about witch hunts.

Mr. GEARHART. No, I have not.

Mr. McCORMACK. Oh, you have not?

Mr. GEARHART. No.

Mr. McCORMACK. The only exception—

Mr. GEARHART. I defy the gentleman to cite one item in the 13,000 pages of transcript—

Mr. McCORMACK. Never mind the transcript.

Mr. GEARHART. Or from the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of the past 12 years—

Mr. McCORMACK. All right; I will take them up.

Mr. GEARHART. I defy you to cite one quotation of anything of that kind.

Mr. McCORMACK. The gentleman defies me.

Mr. GEARHART. Name them.

Mr. McCORMACK. All right; we will name them, plenty, editorial after editorial can be shown.

Mr. GEARHART. Who writes the editorials. Do I?

Mr. McCORMACK. The gentleman wants me to state. Republican papers.

Mr. BRADLEY of Pennsylvania. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McCORMACK. I yield.

Mr. BRADLEY of Pennsylvania. I wish to make an observation for the benefit of the House and the benefit of the gentleman from California, that one of the most noted Republican papers in the United States, the Philadelphia Inquirer, repeatedly took the members of the committee to task for their futile efforts to bring political witch hunting into the investigation.

Mr. GEARHART. Including the gentleman from Wisconsin, who has been exonerated by the speaker who holds the floor.

Mr. McCORMACK. Now the gentleman from California wants to ride on the back of the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE].

Mr. GEARHART. Not at all. You have done the exonerating of the gentleman from Wisconsin. Do the editors you will quote do likewise?

Mr. McCORMACK. Because I put him in a different category. The gentleman from California even now is vio-

lating the rules of the House by this continued interruption. His very actions now show that he is trying to ride in on the back of the gentleman from Wisconsin. My viewpoint of the gentleman from Wisconsin is entirely different than my viewpoint of the gentleman from California in his conduct and the other's conduct as a member of that special committee.

Now, what is your story? Let us be frank about it. If there ever was an investigation on the part of certain Members whose tactics have disgusted the people of America it has been that investigation. From the outset there was a determination to try and smear the name of one of the greatest men who ever came across the horizon or the life of the known history of man, Franklin Delano Roosevelt. Oh, yes; for 13 long years the scoffers opposed; they opposed social security and called it communistic; they opposed the right of labor, as they did the other day when 149 voted for the antilabor bill. Yes; they opposed every progressive step made under the leadership of Franklin D. Roosevelt and they scoff today at the mention of his name. But there are millions of Americans who respect and love the memory of Franklin D. Roosevelt. As times goes on Roosevelt will go down in history not because his name was Roosevelt but because of what he stood for, go down in history as one of the great men of all time.

Mr. Chairman, I want to refer to certain Republican Members and I have got to confine that reference to Members of this House. I cannot talk about the Members of the other body here and now. I can on the outside, that is my privilege, it is my right. I exercised it last Saturday night and I am going to exercise it plenty in the future, do not worry about that. I am going to state my opinion about the investigation by certain Members and, so far as the gentleman from California [Mr. GEARHART] is concerned, the issue being raised, may I say that if ever a man by his public utterances and statements in the press tried to smear the name of Franklin D. Roosevelt, he is that gentleman and he stands convicted of it.

I was talking about the philosophy of the two parties. I was presenting to the political gathering what both parties stood for. I was presenting to the gathering there the fact we were building a sound social order following the period we had gone through since the Civil War, during which we had established an industrial empire; that under the leadership of Franklin D. Roosevelt we had established a sound social order for America. I spoke about social security, the Federal Deposit Insurance Act. I talked about all the sound progressive legislation we had enacted, including control of the stock exchanges. I talked about the Republican Party and I gave the votes of the Republican Party on certain issues. I mentioned the 149 Republican vote for the antilabor bill that passed the House, recently, and the 33 against. I gave the vote as recorded in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

I was showing the difference between the Democratic Party, with all its weak-

nesses, and the Republican Party, and demonstrated that the Democratic Party served the people. I said that the main body of the Republican Party was not progressive. I said the main body of the Democratic Party believed in action in government, while the main body of the Republican Party stood for inaction in government. I showed what Roosevelt stood for, the progressive measures enacted during his term, and I was illustrating that by the fact somebody was trying to smear Roosevelt through the Pearl Harbor investigation in order to endeavor to impair his prestige. Yes, I said that, and with the correction I made, very frankly—I am glad to make that exception—I stand by what I said. I am going to say it plenty because it is the truth.

Mr. Chairman, we are going into an election year. They have raised a political question here. We are going into an election that will be a struggle between the forces of progress, of action in government, as against the forces of inaction in government.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Massachusetts has expired.

Mr. RABAUT. Mr. Chairman, I yield the gentleman five additional minutes.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Chairman, there are progressive minded members of the Republican Party and I respect them, but the main body has by their votes shown that they stand for inaction in government. The main body of the Democratic Members show by their actions that they stand for action and for progress in government. That is what was being shown and that is the basic question involved.

Certain Republican members of this committee have brought Franklin D. Roosevelt's name into it in order to make an issue and by their questions and by their public statements one would be led to believe they were trying to convict him instead of letting the record stand showing as it clearly does that the Japs were convicted and guilty of the attack on Pearl Harbor. They may think they are fooling the American public, but the American people are quick to catch on. The American public caught up with their actions. General Marshall, with a plane waiting for him several days to take him on an important mission over to China, one of the most important in the history of our country, was on the stand 8 days, 8 days under cross-examination, I think 6 or 7 by one member of the committee not a Democratic member. Then there was the matter of going out to the hospital with the photographers several days before the public hearings started. All those things are illustrations.

The American people realized they were trying to get something on Franklin D. Roosevelt. That is what they were determined to do. They brought Franklin D. Roosevelt in as an issue. Roosevelt is an issue this year, he will be an issue next year, but I repeat here what I said at Newark last Saturday night: Franklin D. Roosevelt licked the Republican Party four times in life and as they have raised the issue by the Pearl Harbor in-

vestigation which will make it an issue this year, Franklin D. Roosevelt will lick them in death.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself 10 minutes.

Mr. Chairman, maybe I might have a word or two to say about the bill under consideration. This is a deficiency bill, and in these days the situation in America seems to be such that one can say it only calls for \$233,000,000. You can all remember when that was a lot of money and when that was a big appropriation bill, and until we get to the point where the membership of this House regards a bill for that amount as a lot of money, and considers it as a very serious thing, America is going to be in a bad way.

The bill itself represents \$181,269,469 for the cost of Public Laws 106, 151, 158, and 134. All of those bills were enacted into law between June 30 and July 21 last, increasing the pay of certain Federal employees, so that that amount of the \$233,000,000 is a statutory obligation.

In addition to that there is an item for judgments and authorized claims amounting to \$11,416,526, so that out of the \$233,000,000, \$192,000,000 roughly is for fixed deficiencies. There are, besides that, a large number of items in the same category of incurred deficiencies, claims in departments, and obligations that are inescapable. So that there is altogether less than \$40,000,000 of new money involved. Of that amount \$16,000,000 is for increases in the Bureau of Internal Revenue to collect taxes and take into the Federal Treasury what they tell us will be large sums of money. This should permit them to audit returns more quickly and to dispose of claims more quickly, and thus get rid of that backlog of uncollected tax payments that have hung over the income-tax situation for a long time. To what extent they will succeed I would not want to prophesy, but that is a subject which we should watch very closely, and we should go over their operations very carefully.

There is represented here no substantial disagreement on the part of the committee. There is one item that I feel I should call attention to. On page 8 of the bill there is an item under the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion allowing \$200,000 of their money, money which was appropriated to them last year in the war agencies bill, to be used for a study of guaranteed annual wage plans. I am going to be perfectly frank with the House. I believe that item is subject to a point of order. I do not know whether or not that point of order will be raised. I was very much disappointed yesterday to find that the committee had not been given what I would call a fair statement by the Bureau of Labor Statistics when they came before us with reference to that item. On page 168 of the hearings, in answer to a question by the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. LUDLOW], Mr. Arnov, of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, said this:

I will say that a study of guaranteed wage plans was begun by the Bureau of Labor Statistics last April, intended to discover the number of guaranteed wage plans in existence, and some information about them. We have gone some distance on this particular project.

The fact is they completed a study on this subject on the 12th of April 1945, and submitted it to the Secretary of Labor. A provision was carried in the Labor and Federal Security Appropriation bill involved that situation, but we were not advised of it; and it turned up yesterday. I am satisfied that that kind of study is desirable, but I do not like to see an agency of the Government coming up here and failing to give us a proper picture of what the situation is that we are dealing with. I suppose that is one of the New Deal ways of doing business. I suppose since we have that situation we will have to contend with that method of approach to our problems. Really, the evidence we had on the subject does not cover the entire picture. There is nothing on which to support this appropriation on the basis of the evidence that is in the record. It is disappointing that an agency should have the nerve to come before the Committee on Appropriations and leave us in that situation.

I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. RICH].

Mr. RICH. Is this study to be made with reference to Government employees or to employees in industry?

Mr. TABER. It relates to employees in industry. Among those appearing in behalf of such a study was Mr. Eric Johnston, who is on some Presidential board in connection with this along with a group of farm leaders, and a group of labor leaders and two or three more industrial leaders. The idea of the study does not disturb me. The thing that disturbs me is having a governmental agency come up and not give us the picture that exists.

Mr. RICH. I think you are absolutely right in that, that they ought to reveal to you just exactly what their ideas are going to be and how they are going to perform this study. The question in my mind is this: Most industries in this country are conducted by private enterprise systems. You have them under the OPA today. They have frozen their prices and overhead and once they can sell their merchandise they have left the way open for increased wages. They are in the squeeze and they are not even going to be able to operate.

Mr. TABER. I appreciate that the OPA is the main factor that is stymieing industry today and preventing employment, restricting production, and creating inflation.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from New York has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 10 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. WIGGLESWORTH].

(Mr. WIGGLESWORTH asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Mr. Chairman, as has been pointed out, this bill carries a total of \$233,179,000. The great bulk of it is in respect to pay legislation, judgments, and audited claims. There is about \$40,000,000 over and above the appropriations for these purposes, as compared with \$50,000,000 recommended by the budget. To be exact, the bill is about \$9,965,000 under the budget estimates.

I have taken just a few minutes to refer briefly to three or four matters in connection with the bill.

ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT AGAIN

First, I call your attention to the fact that the Civil Aeronautics Administration came before your committee and asked for the enforcement of safety regulations, \$514,000. Of the total, \$274,000 was requested solely because the agency, when it put returning veterans back on their old jobs, decided it would be nice to keep not only the returning veterans but the men whose places they took, and who, in the contemplation of the law, should have been relieved.

In other words, there was a doubling up of personnel. The rate of expenditure had been such that either a deficiency would be incurred or there would have to be drastic curtailment, due to lack of funds, in the balance of the year.

Mr. Chairman, this is not an individual instance. Similar occurrences have taken place in a number of cases. I call your attention to the statement in the committee report to the effect that the committee does not propose to tolerate this practice any longer. It expects the Bureau of the Budget to render a quarterly report which will set forth any appropriation which is not being administered within the spirit of the antideficiency law, together with the reasons, and the name and the position of the person or persons who may be responsible.

WEATHER BUREAU EXPANSION

Second, I may mention in passing the tremendous growth of the Weather Bureau. This agency came with a request for \$1,170,000, of which the committee recommends allowing \$535,000. As late as 1940 the Weather Bureau got along with an appropriation of \$6,172,000. In the present fiscal year it will use \$15,134,000. There seems to be no limit to the desire for expansion by this agency.

UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION

Third, and very briefly, I call attention to the provision for something over \$6,000,000 for contribution and expenses in connection with the United Nations Organization. The great bulk of the appropriation is required by the contribution of this country to the over-all pool of \$25,000,000, to which we contribute 24.6 percent. The balance is in respect to the expenditures of our delegation to the UNO.

For the fiscal year 1947 it is contemplated that the contribution will amount to \$5,300,000, and our expenses to \$1,036,000. These expenses will include salaries for 171 persons; travel, \$94,000; communications, \$39,000; and rents and utilities, \$174,000.

I would not advocate anything that would in any way hamper the efforts of this organization to contribute to world peace. I express the hope, however, that our delegation will be held within reasonable bounds both as to size and as to expenditure, particularly in view of the enormous expansion of the State Department, and the fact that UNO headquarters is only a few hours away from the Capital of the United States.

STATE DEPARTMENT LOYALTY INVESTIGATIONS

Finally, Mr. Chairman, I wish to refer to the State Department and the enormous growth of that Department, which has risen from a personnel of 1,641 in the fiscal year 1941, up to 5,287 requested for the fiscal year 1947, or almost 320 percent.

In the bill now under consideration there was a request for some 588 positions in the Office of the Secretary and for some 240 other positions in the Foreign Service. These requests have been materially slashed by your committee.

I want to point out, however, that over and above the increase in personnel here requested, as appears from the committee hearings, there have been transferred to the Department of State since September last about 4,000 persons, coming from OWI, OSS, FEA, or from the Army and Navy Liquidation Commission, and that essential investigation and clearance from the standpoint of loyalty in respect to this personnel has not been completed.

The Members of the House will recall the statements which I repeatedly made on the floor during the war years seeking to obtain investigation and clearance as to loyalty, particularly in respect to OWI personnel.

They will also recall some of the specific charges which were leveled at specific individuals included in OWI personnel.

As late as January 1945, a year or two after the first representations were made to the Civil Service Commission and OWI, the Civil Service Commission reported 2,981 investigations of this personnel incomplete, with 128 found ineligible due to lack of loyalty.

In June of 1945 the OWI itself reported 1,431 investigations incomplete; with 351 removals due to lack of loyalty. At the same time OWI also admitted that about 14 percent of the persons named on two lists which I had presented to that agency in the past 2 years, with specific charges of serious character, had not yet been given complete investigations.

This year in January, when the Civil Service Commission was before your committee, Commissioner Flemming was not very clear as to the status of the loyalty work of the Commission in respect to OWI personnel. He did admit, however, that it was conceivable that some personnel may have been transferred to the State Department without essential clearance as to loyalty by the Commission.

And he later confirmed this by a table dated January 26, 1946, furnished in connection with the hearings on the Independent Offices Appropriation bill from which it appeared that the Civil Service Commission had discontinued OWI personnel investigations before completion to the number of 1,113, and that there were still pending and undecided some 263 cases.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Massachusetts has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield three additional minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Mr. Chairman, under leave to extend my remarks I insert at this point in the RECORD some excerpts of testimony and a table appearing in the hearings on this bill at pages 497 and 498:

SECURITY CLEARANCE OF PERSONNEL TRANSFERRED
FROM EMERGENCY AGENCIES

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. To what extent has this OWI personnel been checked since the State Department has taken it over in terms of loyalty?

Mr. KURTH. The State Department has a Division of Investigation, which makes a very thorough check of every employee of the State Department.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Can you tell this committee if that thorough check has been completed on every one of those who have been taken over from the OWI?

Mr. KURTH. I was coming to that. Obviously, when these people were transferred, it was a physical impossibility for the Division to make an immediate check. In order to develop any information which might be readily available from the House Committee on Un-American Activities, the FBI, and other similar sources, we set up a special committee to make a spot check pending a more thorough detailed check. That committee is reviewing the roster of the OWI personnel on a spot-check basis. The Division of Investigation will go into the matter still further and uncover anything that is not obvious.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. You know, I assume, that the Civil Service Commission has stated on the record as late as January that a great deal of that personnel was never completely checked, insofar as it was concerned.

Mr. FURTH. Yes; we found that out.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. There were persons in that personnel against whom most serious charges had been leveled for years, and it seems to me vitally important, particularly in a Department like the State Department, that we should be satisfied in respect to every individual in that Department.

I wish you would put something in the record that will state in detail just what the situation is in respect to the OWI personnel, with the action that has been taken, with the exact number that spot check has been taken on, the exact number that a final check has been made on, and how many, if any, have been eliminated in that process.

Mr. KURTH. I will do that.

(The statement requested is as follows:)

"PROCEDURE TO DETERMINE SECURITY CLEARANCE OF EMPLOYEES TRANSFERRED TO THE DEPARTMENT FROM OWI, OSS, FEA, AND ANLC

"It has become quite evident that the standards employed by the interim transfer agencies in the selection, investigation, and security clearance of their employees until October 1945 do not conform by a considerable measure to those general standards of the Department of State governing personnel clearances. About 4,000 employees have been suddenly transferred to the Department of State. The investigative files, as such, are fragmentary and in many cases consist only of limited spot checks.

"To offset any threat to the security of the Department posed by the influx of large numbers of relatively uninvestigated personnel, there is outlined the procedure by which this is being corrected.

"1. A security screening committee, composed of specialists in security fields and representatives of the two Department personnel units, is functioning under the following procedure:

"(a) All personnel of the interim agencies are being screened by the committee on the basis of available information as outlined from the records in the interim agencies, information available to the Department, and from other sources.

"(b) Every investigative case of the agency transfer personnel is being examined and a determination made of the additional investigative needs in order to bring each case into conformity with State Department investigative standards.

"(c) In those cases where the committee determines there is derogatory information of a substantive nature, the committee will recommend the termination of services.

"(1) Termination of services may be accomplished without a show-cause order if the person holds less than a permanent appointment and is a nonveteran.

"(2) Where the person holds a permanent civil-service position or is a veteran, a show-cause order shall be instituted against the individual. The action of the committee applies to all personnel regardless of position or rank.

The security committees, whose members are not from any of the interim transfer agencies, but average 6 years employment in the Department of State report the following action:

"Approximate number of transfer cases-----	4,000
"Cases reviewed and given temporary security clearance on the basis of available security spot-check information-----	3,000
"Number of cases disapproved as unsuitable for continued employment in the State Department-----	243"

Let me emphasize two paragraphs in this table furnished by the State Department. I quote:

It has become quite evident that the standards employed by the interim transfer agencies in the selection, investigation security, and clearance of their employees until October 1945, do not conform by a considerable measure to those general standards of the Department of State governing personnel clearance.

Here are words: "By a considerable margin."

About 4,000 employees have been suddenly transferred to the Department of State. The investigative files as such are fragmentary and in many cases consist only of limited spot checks.

Think of it.

From the figures in the table, you will see, that of 4,000 cases transferred to the Department, 3,000 have been given temporary security clearance on the basis of a spot check; 243 have been disapproved as unsuitable for continued employment in the Department, the balance of 757 having apparently not yet been investigated.

Mr. Chairman, I consider the problem presented as one of vital importance. If possible this House should provide for clearance not only by the State Department but by the Federal Bureau of Investigation in each and every case. We have seen the exposé in Canada in recent days. We have listened to charges which have been leveled in the general direction of our own State Department. We cannot afford to take chances. The whole of this personnel should be carefully checked and either cleared or dismissed at the earliest possible moment. Like Caesar's wife all State Department personnel must be above suspicion.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Massachusetts has again expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. DIRKSEN].

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. Chairman, I would like to direct the attention of the Members to the fact that this bill contains the first administrative appropriation for the organization that is now the center of all attention in the world today, the United Nations Organization. There are one or two interesting items that ought to be made a matter of record.

The first one is the formula by which they contrive the United States' share in this administrative appropriation. I should say at the outset that they plan on a revolving working fund of \$25,000,000, but because of the elapsed time in this year, the amount has been reduced. Of that amount, our share will be roughly a little over \$6,000,000.

You will be interested in the formula by which our share is worked out. It is always astonishing to me how a little pattern can be started and then persist on and on and on until finally it develops into a rigid thing.

You will remember that when the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration was set up, obviously some pattern for participation on the part of various countries had to be devised. Some person of a very felicitous turn of mind came along and said: "I suggest that we put it on the basis of national income, and that participating nations contribute 1 percent of their national income."

As a result of the \$1,850,000,000 that has been made available to the UNRRA, one and one-third billion dollars came out of the United States. They felt, of course, that we were a rich, opulent, and productive country, therefore we could well afford to pay so much more than all the other 43 nations put together.

Now, we did not quarrel. That pattern, however, begins to spell itself out now in the United Nations Organization. You see, the Food and Agricultural Organization is a component part of this whole business, so when the preparatory commission in London was trying to devise a budget and a formula for participation they said, "Let us put it on the basis of national income and per capita income." Whether or not our people raised their voices in protest, or advanced some alternative suggestion, I do not know. The record does not disclose it, but the fact of the matter is that to the Food and Agricultural Organization we will pay approximately 25 percent of all the administrative expenses and the other 50 nations will pay the other 75 percent. Certainly no one will contend that we are not paying our full share.

Now, when it became necessary to spell out a pattern for administrative funds for the Central Organization which will be established in this country, they had to reach out and find some kind of a formula, and that formula will be based upon national income and per-capita income. According to the testimony of Mr. Hiss before our subcommittee he said the United States will pay 24.6 percent. That is plainly about 25 percent of the total administrative expense. Our Soviet allies will pay 6.9 percent, slightly less than 7. The United States, therefore, will pay three and one-half times as much as Soviet Russia, notwithstanding the fact that in Russia proper they have 40,000,-

000 people more than we do in the United States. One would think that everybody would be just as much interested in peace over there as here, but we are going to pay three and one-half times as much as they. The Ukraine is considered separately, and it pays 1½ percent. White Russia is considered separately and apart from Soviet Russia, and it pays three-fourths of 1 percent. Great Britain pays 14.8 percent. So I emphasize the fact that though we have 40,000,000 less people than another major power, yet we will pay three and one-half times as much of the administrative expenses as that power that has developed so much interest to the world and caused so much concern.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Illinois has expired.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Chairman, I yield the gentleman five additional minutes.

Mr. DIRKSEN. By way of parenthetical observation, I should say this: Is it not rather interesting that this capitalistic country known as the United States, whose ideology is anathema to the Reds and "pinks" and the "parlor bolsheviks" and Communists and others who are pursuing a wholly different ideological line—this country of ours that is wedded and devoted to freedom and free enterprise, should in every case in this international organization and its constituent units pay the lion's share? It is a fine testimony, is it not, to the efficacy of this capitalistic country in which we live. It is an eloquent testimony to the fact that the free enterprise system and the whole fabric of freedom which is the very essence of American life, and which is being so roundly condemned in so many quarters of the world today, is still the place to which the suppliants from every corner of the world beat a pathway to the door with a tin cup for the purpose of a little aid. This is high testimony, indeed.

I want to spell this out within the limitation of my time. You know, there is going to be a capital expenditure for UNO one of these days when they buy this 40 square miles, or whatever they contemplate—maybe not that much. It has to be furnished and refurnished with beautiful buildings befitting the development and the importance of a world organization. Of course, that is going to cost money. There must be beautiful trees, and a landscape gardener must come and lay out the formal gardens as befit an organization of such importance in the scheme of things in this world. All this will cost money. How many buildings? I do not know. How many trunk telephone lines and radio stations? I do not know. That matter is not yet apparent. But I do know this. As one who has been serving on the Appropriations Committee for a good many years, I do know that you cannot express buildings and beautiful drives and flower gardens and guards in uniform and personnel and other needs except in terms of money. So it is going to cost money by way of a capital investment for this purpose.

I said to Mr. Hiss, who was making the case for the State Department with respect to this formula, which is nearly 25 percent as the United States share of all this expenditure, "Mr. Hiss, will the

formula also apply to capital expenditure?" His answer was, "Yes." So we may be called upon sometime to spend 25 percent of \$100,000,000 for this purpose, and then our share will be 25 percent and the rest of the nations of the world will foot the bill for the balance.

I allude to all this for one reason. We are going to have to spell out some other responsibilities under UNO. Let me just submit this by way of inquiry. Let me just raise the question for you to ponder. It is assumed that there will be international troops, a kind of detachment located somewhere or other to be able to rush to a fractious place or a spot of friction in the world to quell disorder so that the flames of war will not once more illuminate the far horizons of the world. The thing I am curious about is this: Now that this pattern is rolling, will it be 25 percent of our troops and 75 percent of all the rest of the nations? Those troops must be equipped, there must be airplanes to accompany their effort, perhaps there must be tanks. There must be goods and supplies and equipment. Will it be the old story that when friction develops in the world and suddenly there comes a hasty summons for an international detachment to rush to some far-off corner of the earth to put down the fitful and feverish flame, will it be on the basis of this formula, and will the United States, that has no greater interest, perhaps, than other people who have populations equivalent to our own, be paying the bill, and will we be taxed for that kind of share? The record is pretty clear on that point up to now. Twenty-five percent will come out of the Treasury of the United States, wherein we tax the money that belongs to the people of this country.

In the case of capital expenditure the same formula will be translated into action. What will it be with respect to the responsibilities of the Economic and Social Joint Council, the Council on Trusteeship, the troops that may be required, the responsibilities of the joint chiefs of staff, and all the other agencies that will operate under this world organization? Let it never be said that the United States is not doing not only its full share but infinitely more than its full share.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. DIRKSEN. I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. EBERHARTER. The pro rata share that is fixed will be a continuing percentage in the future, will it not?

Mr. DIRKSEN. It would appear so.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Does the gentleman know of any fairer method than apportioning the cost according to the national income? Do we not assess taxes on the ability to pay? When assessments are made on stockholders, are they not made on the basis of ability to pay? Are not charitable contributions generally asked for on the basis of ability to pay? I should like to know if the gentleman has some other formula that would be more fair than the formula that is fixed in this bill.

Mr. DIRKSEN. I have no formula to present. I am dealing only with the

amount. But surely my friend from Pennsylvania is not making the mistake of considering the interdependence of different countries in the same light as the interdependence of the social and economic segments in our own country.

Mr. EBERHARTER. Does the gentleman know of any nation that is more interested in preserving the peace than the United States of America?

Mr. DIRKSEN. Definitely not, but does it become our sole responsibility?

Mr. EBERHARTER. I do not see how it can be said that any nation is more interested in maintaining peace in the future than the United States or the people of the United States.

Mr. DIRKSEN. The burden of this observation is to show that we are doing our full share and to emphasize to all the world that this capitalistic, free enterprise country that has been so under condemnation in many quarters is carrying the laboring oar for the whole wide world.

Mr. O'NEAL. Mr. Chairman, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. RICH].

Mr. RICH. Mr. Chairman, I always admire the gentleman from Illinois and the statements that he makes. But I wonder whether he was not just a little off in one statement when he said all the countries of the world were coming to this country with a little tin cup. I wonder if the gentleman did not mean they were coming with the biggest trucks that they have been ever been able to manufacture in all the world for the funds that they want for their own government.

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. RICH. I yield.

Mr. DIRKSEN. You know, a check for \$5,000,000,000 can be put in a little tin cup.

Mr. RICH. Well, that is right too.

Mr. Chairman, another thing that I wanted to call to the attention of the gentleman from Illinois is that he might have mentioned that in the Bretton Woods Bank which was set up with a capitalization of \$9,100,000,000, the United States is supposed to subscribe \$3,175,000,000 to the fund. That is the lion's share. Also, in the stabilization fund of \$8,800,000,000, the United States subscription is \$2,750,000,000. Just remember that the United States of America is called upon to give the greatest sums to all the foreign countries, sums far greater than have ever been known of in the history of the world. Now with these great sums that these countries are coming to America and asking for, Great Britain asking for \$3,750,000,000, together with other countries that are coming and asking for great sums of money, I wonder where the end is. I do not know how the taxpayers of America are ever going to be able to meet that situation. I do not think this Congress has the right to grant those funds to any country unless the people of the United States of America want to make those loans. In former years when Great Britain or any other country wanted to float a loan, they went to their bankers and put up collateral. The bankers then sold the collateral or hypothecated it and sold the bonds to the

people of America or to some foreign country. In that way, they made the loans. But that is not the way we are asked to do business today. We are asked to obligate every taxpayer in America for these great loans. You are going to be responsible for the collection of taxes from the American taxpayers to pay that amount. Does that seem the right thing for us to do when they put up no securities and no collateral? It does not seem to me that that is right and I am not going to vote to put my people under that obligation to any nation or even to our own Nation. It is bad enough when we have to sell our own bonds to our own people to conduct the affairs of our own people. That is a great burden. But when we assume the burdens of all the nations of all the world, then we are just going too far and we are assuming responsibilities that do not belong to our American people. What is going to happen? Instead of us eventually making these other nations responsible for some of their requests and demands, we are only going to tear America down. Instead of raising those countries up, we will bring America down. I do not believe in that. While I want to help any nation that we can help, so far as extending them our good offices and our good will, yet I do not believe it is the duty of the American people to finance them. We cannot do it with a national debt of \$279,000,000,000, a debt which is going still higher. Ever since 1932—14 years—we have had a deficit. We are going to have a deficit this year of \$12,000,000,000. The President has asked in his budget message for \$36,000,000,000 to run the Government for 1 year. That is four times more than ever was required in this Nation in any peacetime year before the war started. For the two succeeding years, he has asked for \$25,000,000,000, a sum that is staggering, a sum that will challenge the American people and will challenge business in this country. It will challenge us. If we do not watch out, we will only sink our own Nation. Let us be watchful.

The Clerk read as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

Mr. SHAFER. I move to strike out the last word.

(Mr. SHAFER asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

RECALL DR. WIRT'S CHARGES

Mr. SHAFER. Mr. Chairman, are we to restore our American system of free enterprise or will we abandon it? In the light of the road we have traveled over the past decade it is clear that the American voters must decide that issue this year.

In view of this it might be well for those Members of Congress who seek reelection to have in their minds before going before their constituents a true picture of what has happened in the United States since 1932. It might be well for all citizens to look at the record.

Henry A. Wallace, Secretary of Commerce, a member of the President's Cabinet, proposes a purge of our established parties, to "read out" of those parties all Members of Congress or other branches of Government who do not follow a strict party line, an iron discipline of party-leader direction. Mr. Wallace would make pariahs, political lepers, men "unclean," any man or woman on this floor with the courage to vote an honest conviction instead of being a rubber stamp.

This same Henry A. Wallace, once a Republican, is linked in that political-threat group, the Congress of Industrial Organizations' club, the Political Action Committee and its "other-than-labor" affiliate, the National Citizens Political Action Committee. Mr. Wallace, in the now all-but-forgotten past, was linked with Dr. Rex Tugwell, Robert Morss Lovett, and others of the original New Deal coalition who urged a planned economy for this Nation which rose to greatness and world influence under a system of free enterprise.

This same Mr. Wallace authored a book *Sixty Million Jobs* which has become a watchword and a slogan for the Communists, the Political Action Committee, and the entire group of leftists who have sought through the years to reduce the entire Nation to the status of a series of Tennessee Valley Authorities.

These trends make it most appropriate, in my opinion, to trace back along the trail of Mr. Wallace and his associates, to perhaps find the motivation of their entire group, and, perhaps, find signboards which will show where the planners have tried to take the American people under their dream of a planned economy.

During the second session of the Seventy-third Congress the files will show that Report No. 1439 was submitted to this House by the gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. BULWINKLE] as chairman of a Select Committee To Investigate Certain Statements Made by Dr. William A. Wirt, at that time connected with the public schools of the city of Gary, Ind. That committee was created under House Resolution 317 of the second session of the Seventy-third Congress. It consisted of five members—three Democrats and two Republicans. The Democrats were A. L. Bulwinkle, chairman; John J. O'Connor, and William A. Arnold. The Republicans were Harold McGugin and Frederick R. Lehlbach.

The committee, as reference to House Resolution 317, second session, Seventy-third Congress, will show, was directed to summon Dr. Wirt, require him to reveal the sources of his information, and to summon such other witnesses and make such further investigations as the committee might deem advisable.

One portion of the statements made by Dr. Wirt and circulated by him in printed form, read by James Rand, Jr., before the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee of the House of Representatives on the 23d day of March 1934, stated:

PLAN OF REVOLUTIONISTS

The fundamental trouble with the "brain trusters" is that they start with a false

assumption. They insist that the America of Washington, Jefferson, and Lincoln must first be destroyed and then on the ruins they will reconstruct an America after their own pattern. They do not know that the America of Washington, Jefferson, and Lincoln has been the "new deal," and that during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries we have been making great social progress. The common man is getting his place in the sun. Why try to put him back into the Dark Ages?

Last summer I asked some of the individuals in this group what their concrete plan was for bringing on the proposed overthrow of the established American social order.

I was told that they believed that by thwarting our then-evident recovery they would be able to prolong the country's destitution until they had demonstrated to the American people that the Government must operate industry and commerce. I was told that, of course, commercial banks could not make long term capital loans and that they would be able to destroy, by propaganda, the other institutions that had been making our capital loans. And, of course, when Uncle Sam becomes our financier he must follow his money with control and management.

ROOSEVELT ONLY THE KERENSKY

The most surprising statement made to me was the following: "We believe that we have Mr. Roosevelt in the middle of a swift stream and that the current is so strong that he cannot turn back or escape from it. We believe that we can keep Mr. Roosevelt there until we are able to replace him with a Stalin. We all think that Mr. Roosevelt is only the Kerensky of this revolution."

When I ask why the President would not see through this scheme they replied: "We are on the inside. We can control by avenues of influence. We can make the President believe that he is making decisions for himself." They said: "A leader must appear to be a strong man of action. He must make decisions and many times make them quickly, whether good or bad. Soon he will feel a superhuman flow of power from the flow of decisions themselves—good or bad. Eventually, he can easily be displaced because of his bad decisions. With Mr. Roosevelt's background we do not expect him to see this revolution through. But strong men must take their place when the country is once engulfed in flames."

I asked how they would explain to the American people why their plans for retarding the recovery were not restoring recovery. "Oh," they said, "that would be easy." All they would need to do would be to point the finger of scorn at the traitorous opposition. These traitors in the imaginary war against the depression would be made the goats. And the American people would agree that they "the brain trusters" should be more firm in dealing with the opposition.

Thus they, the "brain trusters" would soon be able to use the police power of the Government and crack down on the opposition with a big stick. In the meantime, they would extend the gloved hand and keep the big stick in the background.

POWER OF PROPAGANDA

I was frankly told that I underestimated the power of propaganda. That since the World War propaganda had been developed into a science. That they could make the newspapers and magazines beg for mercy by threatening to take away much of their advertising by a measure to compel only the unvarnished truth in advertising. That they could make the financiers be good by showing up at public investigations the crooks in the game. And that the power of public investigation in their hands alone would make the cold chills run up and down the spines of the other business leaders and politicians—honest men as well as crooks.

They were sure they could depend upon the psychology of empty stomachs, and they would keep them empty. The masses would soon agree that anything should be done rather than nothing. Any escape from present miseries would be welcome even though it should turn out to be another misery.

They were sure that the leaders of industry and labor could be kept quiet by the hope of getting their own share of the Government doles in the form of loans and contracts for material and labor, provided they were subservient.

They were sure the schools and colleges could be kept in line by the hope of Federal aid until many of the "New Dealers" in the schools and colleges had control of them.

They were sure that their propaganda could inflame the masses against the old social order and the honest men as well as the crooks that represent that order—communism.

I asked what they would do when the Government could no longer dole out relief in the grand manner. By that time, it was answered, the oft-repeated exhortation to industry and commerce to make jobs out of confidence and to produce goods and wages out of psychology, together with their other propaganda, would have won the public to the idea that the only way out was for Government itself to operate industry and commerce.

They were certain that they did not want to operate agriculture for a long time. But the farmers could be won by doles to support Government operation of industry and commerce. Farmers would be delighted to get their hands in the public trough for once in the history of the country. The farmers would be one with the masses—united for a redistribution of the wealth of the other fellow. All they would need to do with the opposition would be to ask, "Well, what is your plan?"

When the hearings were held Dr. Wirt was permitted to call only six people—five Government employees and the representative of Tass, the Russian Government-controlled news agency who, he said, had attended a dinner at the home of one of the Government employees.

Dr. Wirt was not permitted to call in witnesses to substantiate his claims that his printed statements had been gathered from printed matter of Dr. Tugwell and other "brain trusters." He was not permitted to bring in Henry A. Wallace, though he said that one of the Government employees at the dinner had told him that Wallace and Tugwell were the leaders of their group.

Records of the select committee hearings show that the two Republican members of the committee were consistently voted down by the three Democratic members in every effort to permit Dr. Wirt reasonable latitude to prove his points. The hearings were limited to the six witnesses who attended the dinner. They were all but unanimous in insisting that none of the things reported by Dr. Wirt had been said by any one of them.

The majority report submitted by the committee upheld the strange finding that at a dinner lasting approximately 4 hours, no one had been able to edge in any conversation—that Dr. Wirt conducted a monolog.

The two Republican members submitted a strong minority report, but the whitewash had been made complete—Dr. Wirt was discredited, nothing was done, and the New Deal, in its heyday of power, with tremendous power in

both Houses, went merrily along with its program.

Dr. Wirt was a prophet ahead of his time. In that early New Deal day, 1934, a full investigation of the charges he made might well have revealed plans for the program which has since become history in part, and which is still on the books of pending legislation.

I want to put before the Members of the House some thoughts of what might have been revealed had not Dr. Wirt been smeared and ridiculed into oblivion.

To examine this situation with some degree of understanding I first read Dr. Wirt's charges, carefully, and then the report of the chairman the gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. BULWINKLE] and his two supporting Democratic members. Then I read the dissenting report. It seemed to me that the best way to examine subsequent events in the light of evaluation of the Wirt charges, it was best to lay down a definite procedure, under these headings:

First. Motivating groups behind the planned program.

Second. Legislative steps planned to produce pieces of a jigsaw puzzle, which, when put together, would carry out the plan.

Third. Methods and instruments used to bring about the desired legislative jigsaw pieces.

Fourth. The pattern or final picture—the goal desired—and how far we have gone toward achieving that goal, and fulfilling the Wirt prophecy of 1934.

When the New Deal first came to power the brain trust was born. Raymond Moley was with it. But Moley chose, before long, to get out.

After the brain trust came the full-blooded New Dealers to positions of power—Tugwell, Robert Morss Lovett, Tommy Corcoran, Ben Cohen, Sam Rosenman, Wallace, and the rest.

Then came the National Planning Board—look up their plan for the regionalizing of the entire United States—to get the big picture.

After the National Planning Board came the left-wingers, the Communists and the fellow-travelers—Hillman and his PAC and the offshoots of that.

They were the motivating groups. Let us look briefly at what they wanted to accomplish by legislation. These steps come under that phase:

(a) Over-all planning—the planned economy idea.

(b) Expansion of Federal police power and investigational power.

(c) Development of Government corporations, so set up that they were responsible to the executive rather than to the legislative branch.

(d) Every additional possible means of strengthening the executive branch against the legislative branch.

(e) Use of propaganda and propaganda techniques by the executive departments and branches to boost their own projects and smear those who might oppose them.

(f) Create confusion in laws, agencies, and operations on the theory that confusion divides the opposition, prevents crystallization of new opposition and overcomes resistance of people to change. One technique is the presentation of recurrent "crisis" legislation. Bruce Bar-

ton, when in Congress, listed more than 30 recurrent "crises" from the New Deal.

(g) Inject the Federal Government into the private economy by purchase, persuasion or force.

(h) Alter the Supreme Court and supporting court system to evolve a political court rather than a justice system of courts.

(i) Make alliances with the "mass" movements to further pressure.

(j) Wherever possible widen the prevailing differences between groups of the people on economic, social and cultural lines—seeking to pit race against race, officer against enlisted men, nationality against nationality.

(k) Infiltrate economic and social organizations and groups with the idea of either neutralizing them or taking them over for use as instruments.

(l) By political and other purges, seek to retire opponents of the plan to private life, and if already in private life, smear them into ineffectiveness by ridicule, smear charges and similar familiar methods.

These points interlock with section III and lead up to the ultimate goals. These are:

(a) Establish a State economic and socialistic system over the private enterprise, or capitalistic system, in the fields of finance, industry, agriculture, transportation, education, health, social security, and every other field affecting the daily life of mass-population groups.

(b) Centralization of power in the Federal Government and reduction of the States to local administrative units to carry out the centralized Government policies.

(c) Take over the control of production and finance, public and private.

(d) Work to abolish national sovereignty and set up a world government.

I believe, Mr. Chairman, that Dr. Wirt, discredited as he may have been, presented a picture of what was to happen in 1934 and what has happened in 1946 to a large degree.

I believe that as we go to the electorate this fall we should be able to present this picture and find out if it is the will of the sovereign people of the United States, whom we represent, that we should permit the replacement of our system of government in a representative Republic with a totalitarian form of government, in which the power of all is centralized in an executive department dictatorship, without the checks and balances provided by the founding fathers in the Constitution.

To make certain that a clear picture be gathered for the sovereign American voting group, I suggest the appointment of a special committee to reopen and re-examine the charges made by Dr. Wirt in 1934, with full power to subpoena witnesses, take testimony, and examine records in the light of events of the intervening years. I shall file a resolution to create such a committee.

The Clerk read as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses," including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation on the amount available

for printing and binding is hereby increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000."

Mr. RICH. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, since we are discussing this bill and spending so much money, I just want to read an article written by our old friend, Sam B. Pettengill. His article is entitled "Greedy for Gold":

The overhead of government is not the worst of it. It's the underhand.

When government goes virtuous and says everyone else is greedy for gold, I feel like the man who got a divorce because his wife fed him nothing but eggs. She just egged him on.

The Government doesn't respect us any more. It just bawls us out. Well, I reckon it's our fault. However, I'm going to squint down the old musket barrel at these holier-than-thou Government preachers for a minute.

I note that the executors of a millionaire ex-President want him declared to have been in military service so as to cut down his tax bill. This sounds like being just a little teeny bit greedy for gold, but there is probably another reason which you and I can't figure out. Then how about Senators putting their wives on the pay roll? That's an old family custom. Many a man in Washington lives by the sweat of his frau!

Here's Henry Wallace. He wants to do us good, so he is asking our Congressmen to let him reach into our pockets for \$54,000,000 more than ever before to run his Department. Gosh, if you or I touched somebody for \$54,000,000, or even for 54 bucks, they'd say we were greedy for gold. Yes, sir, \$34,000,000 for Henry's Department in 1938; \$82,000,000 in 1945; \$111,000,000 in 1946; and \$165,000,000 in 1947. If Henry would just let us keep our money we'd have less department but more commerce. We used to think that a tax cut was the kindest cut of all.

Leaving out the war and Navy people, do you know that Washington pay rolls increased in January by 34,569, or 1,000 a day including Sundays when they don't even pretend to work. The Executive Office of the President wants its appropriation for 1947 doubled over 1945. Peacetime, too. More for Truman than for Roosevelt, the former world's record holder. And they are willing to accept 20 percent more of the long green.

The Budget for next year (\$36,000,000,000) calls for \$120,000,000 a day for every week day, or \$4 per day per family. Could this be wholly magnanimous and sublime? It couldn't have anything to do with elections, I know, so I am asking you. Congressman Ramspeck, of Georgia, before he resigned, said, "Giving jobs to uncles, brothers, cousins, and school chums has all but scuttled the merit system."

Anyhow, the spenders are the folks who try to keep us from talking back. They remind me of the king and the duke in Huckleberry Finn weeping over this sinful world.

That is signed "Samuel B. Pettengill."

You know Sam Pettengill was in the House a few years ago. He could not stand it any longer, so he got out. Every once in a while he writes letters telling of the ridiculous things that the Congress does. I think if you would all read Sam Pettengill from time to time and take his advice, you would be a lot better off, the country would be a lot better off, and the Treasury of the United States would be better off. This administration would be better off. I think it would be a wise thing to examine his statements from day to day and from week to week. He is a fine Jeffersonian Democrat whom I always admired, especially when I served

with him on the committee investigating Government in business in competition with private industry. We found at that time that the Government was in many kinds of business, but since then it has just been expanding by leaps and bounds, and since 1934 there has been nothing like it in the history of the world. It is simply putting the Government into every kind of business so that private enterprise is going to have a difficult time from now on trying to compete with agencies set up by the Federal Government. If we do not look out, the first thing you know the Government is going to take over all kinds of business and we will have business just like they have over in Russia. We almost have it at the present time.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Pennsylvania has expired.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move to strike out the last word and ask unanimous consent to revise and extend my remarks.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, on yesterday the majority leader, the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCormack] included in a statement he was making these remarks:

Adults are dying, and children are dying, and millions are faced with a terrible situation. Even though we do the best we can, thousands will die.

I know the people of America are willing to make every sacrifice possible to help these suffering human beings.

There is no doubt but that Americans are willing to do everything possible to help the suffering people of other countries. Lehman, former head of UNRRA, called upon the administration to again establish rationing. Yesterday, I believe it was, the President called upon the people to plant victory gardens. There is no doubt but that millions of Americans planting victory gardens will produce a great deal of food, but some of us think it is just plumb foolish, silly, for the President to call upon the people to plant gardens, for Lehman to talk rationing, when we know as we do now that out in California tons of food, fruit, and vegetables, are rotting. You will find it in the RECORD of yesterday, in the remarks of the gentleman from California [Mr. ANDERSON], the figures put in, the wires to the President, the interviews with the President described, where the members of the California delegation for months back have been calling upon the President asking that his Labor Department follow some intelligent course in getting the strikes out there settled.

The gentleman from California [Mr. ANDERSON] told us in detail how in California there are some 1,000,000,000—now get that figure—1,300,000,000 empty cans waiting for fruit and vegetables to be put into them. The fruit and vegetables are there, the farmers have them, the produce is ready to go into the cans, but the workers in the canneries will not put them in. Now, why? Why? Because the labor unions cannot make up their minds as to whether the cannery workers

are to pay the CIO or the A. F. of L. the dues, the initiation fees, and that the workers will be permitted to work. As a result, the fruit and vegetables rot in the field.

What do you think of an administration, what do the members of the majority party think of their own efficiency, or, rather, lack of efficiency when they let those unions stop the preservation of somewhere between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000 worth of fruit and vegetables just because your political ally, the CIO, or the A. F. of L., the unions out there, cannot make up their minds to which union treasury the workers shall contribute, pay their membership fees and their dues?

Is that your answer to the hungry people of Europe? Is that your answer to the people in this country who are willing to cut down on their consumption of food in order to help the people abroad? You let it rot in the field because your Labor Department will not do the right thing and bring those strikes to an end by holding an election and settling the issue.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Michigan has expired.

The Clerk read as follows:

Appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum; printing and binding; and objects specified under the head "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946.

Mr. KEEFE. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, the paragraph just read on page 8 of the bill proposes to allocate out of an appropriation heretofore made to the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion the sum of \$200,000 to pay the expenses of a study of guaranteed annual wage plans and to provide for a salary of \$10,000 for the director of that study.

I have been interested in this subject matter for a good many years, and I am glad to know that the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion and the committee established by the President as an advisory committee are about to undertake this most important subject with a view to establishing the facts from which a stabilization program may ultimately emerge.

I have before me the first report of the Bureau of Labor Statistics started in 1944 and filed in April of 1945 showing the first results of the study made by the Bureau on the general subject of guaranteed employment and annual-wage contracts.

There is a growing sentiment in the United States that prompts not only the studies made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics but the studies that are proposed to be made under this allocation of funds that I have just referred to.

There is a feeling to be found growing rapidly in this country that evidences the desire in the heart of the American workingman for security for himself and his family, a type of security that is not to be found in mere increases of hourly

wages; the type of security that will say to a man who is employed, "You are entitled to, and have the knowledge that in the next year under the contract which we enter into with you, you shall earn a minimum, at least, of the amount specified in that contract." Thus the worker knows that even though he has an hourly wage contract under present conditions, he will not be laid off for a week or a month or 6 months in a year and thus deprive himself of the security that he and his family have yearned for for years.

The settlement of labor-management difficulties and the settlement of this urge that I have referred to that exists in the hearts of so many people will ultimately be resolved, in my opinion, as a result of the studies that are to be made. This is nothing new. Five hundred concerns in this country already have annual wage contracts. There are millions of people who are engaged in service occupation, in retail stores, and so on, who have contracts which, for all practical purposes, are annual wage agreements. It seems to me that the thing that the man who is laboring in the factories wants is assurance that his employment will give to him and to his family some sense of security on an annual wage basis. This study will go a long way toward resolving the issues that are involved in that situation.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Wisconsin has expired.

Mr. KEEFE. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to proceed for three additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

Mr. KEEFE. The only question which I raise in connection with this appropriation is this: We have heretofore established the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the Labor Department. This bureau has the facilities, the personnel, and the ability to make these studies. I, for one, have fought on this floor for years to try to maintain the integrity of the Department of Labor and to keep within that department and to bring back to that department the functions that belong to it and which have for years been spread out in various other more or less temporary agencies of Government. I full believe that the Bureau of Labor Statistics is competent to carry on this study and to do this work; in fact, it is contemplated under this proposal that all of the annual wage studies shall be made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and that only certain other stabilization program studies shall be made under the direction of the Director who is set up under this proposal in the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion at a salary of \$10,000 a year.

I am not going to offer any amendment to take this out of the bill. The committee itself saw fit to maintain this when it was presented in the full committee. I am completely in favor of the program that is sought to be achieved. I do not want to do anything to disturb it. If maintaining this situation as is contended for by the majority members of the committee will insure that this study

will be made and that the facts will be presented to the Congress and the American people, I am willing that the expenditure should be made because it is in aid of a very laudible purpose and one which I feel will make a great contribution to the solution of the difficulties that are confronting labor and management at the present time. It offers definite hope for the ultimate stabilization of management-labor controversies and the attainment of the type of security which an overwhelming number of good Americans in the labor movement are seeking.

The Clerk read as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine

Mr. HARE. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word and ask unanimous consent to proceed for five additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

There was no objection.

Mr. HARE. Mr. Chairman, I think I can subscribe quite fully, I will not say in detail, but quite fully, to the remarks of my good friend from Wisconsin [Mr. KEEFE], who just preceded me, when he discussed the desirability of a stabilization plan for wages. I want to supplement, if I can, the idea he has advanced, because I do not believe there can be a plan that would permanently stabilize wages unless it also contemplates the stabilization of industry. I think the advisory board to which he has referred and which has been appointed in conjunction with the work of the War Mobilization Office will have a wonderful opportunity to survey the entire field of wages and industry, with the hope we may sometime expect permanent wages and permanent industry. This board will have an opportunity to study, analyze, and probably interpret some of the difficulties we find today confronting both management and labor.

We have just listened to a situation complained of in California, where thousands of tons of vegetables are said to be going to waste and millions of people going hungry. The vegetables are not canned because of a disagreement between management and labor, or probably between two labor groups. There ought to be some way in a great civilization like ours by which such problems can be solved or settled. We have just had, and still have, a difference between the employees of the General Motors Corp. and that company. We had a long strike of 5 months. The contention of the strikers, according to press reports, is that the General Motors Corp. has a great surplus, and that the wages of the employees should be increased in order that they may share in this surplus or these profits. I am not here to discuss the merits or demerits of the contentions of these two contending forces. The chances are labor is entitled to some of that surplus. However, there is some doubt in my mind whether the employees of the General Motors Corp. are the only labor in this country who should share in that surplus if it is to be distributed. In other words, the auto-

mobiles, trucks, and so forth, manufactured by the General Motors Corp. were not made solely by General Motors and their immediate employees. There may be other people all the way down the line who contributed something to the value of these trucks and automobiles.

I am wondering whether or not these people down the line can say they have not received their proportionate share of the value of the finished product. That is, whether they have been paid in proportion to the value they have contributed to these products. The question I am raising is whether this advisory board which has been set up will have an opportunity to make a survey and determine whether it is possible for such an agency to write a formula that would enable management and labor to determine their relative rights, their equitable rights or rights in proportion to what they have contributed to the value of the product. For example, there is some tin in these automobiles or trucks. Somebody went down into the bowels of the earth and brought it forth. Somebody processed it for the General Motors Corporation and I am wondering whether or not these men have received their pro rata share based on the value of their contribution to the value of the product. There is lumber in these automobiles and trucks. Someone had to go into the forest and fell the trees. Somebody had to convert the trees into lumber and somebody had to process it. All of them made a contribution to the value of the automobile and trucks produced by the General Motors Corporation and its employees. I am wondering whether or not these people have received a proportionate share of what they have contributed to the value of the product, and I am wondering further if they have not received their pro rata shares, whether or not they have a little equity in this surplus or profit referred to as being held by the General Motors Corp., and is now in dispute as to how it should be divided. We could continue this illustration a little further and consider the man who produced the cotton that goes into the tops, the upholstery, cushions and tires, of these automobiles and trucks.

We could ask whether the man who rises in the early morning and works all day to produce the raw material has received what he would be entitled to if he got what he contributed to the value of these products, and I am wondering whether the man who processed the raw cotton and converted it into cloth has received what he is entitled to. In other words, if there is a great surplus over and above the cost of production of these trucks and automobiles in the treasury of this corporation and this surplus is more than the corporation is legally entitled to the question may easily be asked, Who is entitled to share in this surplus? The two contending parties—that is, the General Motors Corp. and their employees? Or are there half a dozen other categories of workers or a dozen different kinds of workers down the line who have contributed to this surplus? Do they have an equity in it? This Board that is going to make a study to see whether it is possible to stabilize the re-

lationship between management and industry will have an opportunity to study and possibly aid in answering such questions. I know it is difficult. It cannot be done by elementary minds. It cannot be done by men without experience. It is going to tax the greatest minds in this country to suggest a formula that in the final analysis may aid industry and labor to reach a harmonious conclusion as to the equities they have in the finished products ready to be placed on the market.

If this Board is able to do that, then I think it is money well spent. If it does not succeed it may plant the seed out of which, in the course of the years, an agency of some kind will be able to make a study of the contributions made to the value of a particular product from the time it begins with the raw material until it is placed on the market when all concerned may have a feeling they have received at least near what they have contributed to its market value.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. HARE] has expired.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman may be allowed to proceed for five additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. HARE. I cannot conceive of a time, with the present outlook, when we will be able to satisfactorily adjust the differences and stabilize management and labor without some kind of a guide, standard or formula that will take into consideration all the factors that may enter into the value of the products of industry. I think all will admit that the laborer is worthy of his hire, but the trouble comes on agreeing what it is worth. Everybody recognizes this, but nobody has ever solved the practical problem.

I hope this board may be able to do it. If not, it may inspire some agency to do so in the course of a decade, two decades or possibly five decades; because the problem will not be solved until every man who furnishes the raw material to the finished product receives what he considers a fair return for his contribution to the value of the product itself. It will have to be a fair, equitable and acceptable formula, and not by Federal direction or Federal control.

Management, capital, the farmer or person who owns the land all contribute something to the value of the product, and should receive a fair compensation for what he contributes to the value of the product. Is it to be a snatch-grab from now on until the end of time, or will it be possible within the mind of some one to evolve a plan or formula that will enable each of those concerned to determine what would be his fair share of the finished product, regardless of what it may be?

I know it is a difficult problem. I know someone will say it cannot be done because it never has been done, but I hope the problem may be solved, not definitely in every transaction, but to such an extent that difference may be

more easily adjusted than under present conditions, and I am hoping this board may be able to make a distinct contribution to this end, and that we may see the time when there will be stabilization of industry, stabilization of wages, full employment from year to year and from decade to decade and on and on.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word, and ask unanimous consent to revise and extend my remarks.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, many Members listened with a great deal of interest to the remarks of the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. HARE]. The objective for which he speaks certainly is a desirable one. If every man, every worker, could receive what he was entitled to receive, what would repay him for the effort he has put forth, there would not be very much need of looking forward to the pearly gates and the golden streets; we would have a little heaven right here at home.

His reasoning followed to the logical end means complete regimentation. It means that some Government agency is going to determine what every individual who has anything to do with the loaf of bread which we eat should have as his just share of what is received and in proportion to the contribution everyone all along the line has made.

That is to say, the man who clears the forest, who makes possible the field, the man who plows and drags and fertilizes the field, the man who sows the wheat, the man who harvests it, who stores it and takes it to the mill, the one who grinds it into flour and the man who bakes it into bread, and the worker who transports it from the bakery to the grocery, and the grocery man who stores it and sells it over the counter, and the man who delivers it, down to the man who runs the elevator, who brings it up to your apartment, each and every individual should have his just, fair share of the price for which the loaf of bread is sold. Does that leave room for anything other than complete and over-all planning?

I wonder what wage the cotton farmer of the South who receives 10 cents an hour—is it 10 cents an hour?—the figure the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. RANKIN] so often quotes—what price he should receive for his work when a cotton garment, when an automobile is sold in the open market and a part of it contains cotton.

Mr. HARE rose.

Mr. HOFFMAN. I yield to the gentleman from North Carolina.

Mr. HARE. I think the gentleman misinterpreted my suggestion, because I certainly did not have in mind any type, term, or semblance of regimentation or that this Board to which I referred would attempt to go into such detail as to determine definitely and say what each one should do. What I had in mind, to take the illustration I gave, was that there was a great surplus, it is said. I do not

know whether or not the two contending parties are entitled to that surplus or not, but it would be an easy matter to determine for that particular product the cost of every part that went into it and from whence it came; and from that determination you would be able to find out to a reasonable degree whether or not any injustice has been done to anyone down the line, instead of trying to settle the problem simply on the basis of these two contending parties.

Mr. HOFFMAN. The burden of the gentleman's remarks, as I understood them—and if I am wrong then each one can judge for himself as he reads the RECORD tomorrow—the logical result of his theory is that everyone on the line of production—from the moment the raw material started on the production line until the day it was sold as a finished product—should receive a just return for the service he rendered. That would be an ideal result if some agency was wise enough to bring it about. But how can any one or any agency determine just of what relative value is each rendered service. And if the finding was just, has the gentleman any idea each one along the line would accept it?

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Michigan has expired.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to proceed for five additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

Mr. HARE. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HOFFMAN. I yield.

Mr. HARE. I want to relieve the gentleman of that impression because I did not mean to convey that impression.

Mr. HOFFMAN. The gentleman did not mean then that all those along the line of production should receive a just share of what the article sold for?

Mr. HARE. I tried to say this and give an illustration for study to see whether or not in this particular case the alleged profit all came from the immediate transaction of assembling the parts or whether or not some of the profits belonged to those down the line.

Mr. HOFFMAN. The gentleman was talking, was he not, principally about the automobile situation?

Mr. HARE. I was talking exclusively about that.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Exclusively about it?

Mr. HARE. That is the illustration I gave.

Mr. HOFFMAN. But if the proposition is good, there is no reason why it should not be applied to all industry and to all business. The fallacy of the gentleman's argument as to this particular situation rests upon the assumption that there is a great profit in the motor industry that has not been distributed.

Another thing the gentleman overlooked is the fact that the motor industry and other great industries—General Electric, Westinghouse, all these great industries—have accumulated what some people refer to as an excessive surplus, some others as an excessive profit.

All of those industries have followed a policy throughout the years of setting

aside and using for certain purposes, for replacement of machinery that has worn out or that has been damaged or that is obsolescent, for the purchase of new machinery, for expansion of their business, for research, millions upon millions of dollars and because they have followed this policy of expansion, of improvement, of research, of discovering and putting on the market new materials, we have all prospered.

Today the workmen of America and the farmer who used to go to town down in the gentleman's country with a wagon pulled by a yoke of oxen, or perhaps one old ox, now rides in an automobile, which comes from Michigan. We are all sharing in that profit and progress. Men drive trucks instead of pushing wheelbarrows. They enjoy and profit because corporations have earned a profit and invested much of it in research and improvements.

If we followed the gentleman's theory, what would happen is this: Where there is a surplus of millions of dollars in a billion-dollar industry, that surplus would be divided between the stockholders and then employees; nothing or very little would go for expansion for new products. That is Walter Reuther's theory, that is the method and the course he has advocated, and my argument is, if you follow that course, very shortly we will all be back pushing a stick around in the ground trying to cultivate it; running around with a stone ax looking for something to eat. Maybe we will get a team of oxen or a mule; maybe some people will try to hook their wives on to a crooked stick to haul it through the dirt instead of riding a tractor dragging a plow.

For my part, I prefer to let the corporations on occasion accumulate a little money so that they can make improvements in order that the gentleman and I, on our meager incomes, may have a chance to get an automobile perhaps once in 10 years; so that once in a while we can get a new suit of clothes; so that, perchance, the 10 cents an hour cotton farmers down in the South can get the \$1, \$1.25, or the \$1.50 which our industrial workers get.

Mr. HARE. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HOFFMAN. Yes; with pleasure. I know the trouble the gentleman has gotten into. He has been doing what we all do sometimes. We get up and we talk. We follow along an idea, and the first thing we know it gets us into trouble. It gets us to a destination we did not intend to reach. A gentleman back here said a few moments ago when I asked him about something: "Well, use your indiscretion." I said, "That is what causes us to get into trouble."

Mr. HARE. I think I agree with the last statement of the gentleman.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Yes; the gentleman does the same thing. I agree with him that perhaps we both do.

Mr. HARE. The gentleman cannot charge me with constantly making mistakes on the floor of the House, because I seldom make speeches.

Mr. HOFFMAN. If anything I said is offensive, I will withdraw it and say occa-

sionally, or on very rare occasions, for seldom does the gentleman make a speech.

Mr. HARE. The gentleman knows, in making a study of the kind to which I referred, that by no stretch of the imagination would any reasonably intelligent man fail to calculate wear and tear and depreciation of machinery in cost of production, and so forth.

Mr. HOFFMAN. I hope that, when the gentleman revises his remarks, he will let them stand as he made them originally so that I may look them over and see that I do not do any injustice to the gentleman in my conclusions.

Mr. HARE. May I say to the gentleman that his suggestion is entirely out of order, because the gentleman from South Carolina would not undertake to distort and put into the Record anything he said on the floor.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Michigan has expired.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to proceed for two additional minutes to apologize to the gentleman.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOFFMAN. May I say to the gentleman from South Carolina that I had not the slightest intention of suggesting that the gentleman would distort his remarks, but I thought that in this colloquy perhaps he might get the idea that I had not understood him, and he might try to make it clear in his subsequent statement.

The Clerk read as follows:

FOREST SERVICE

National forest protection and management: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest protection and management," including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, \$168,000.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I should like to address attention to the paragraph which the Clerk has just read and to ask a question or two of the chairman of the committee about the reason for the reduction which the committee made in the request of the Forest Service as approved by the Bureau of the Budget. The paragraph appropriates \$168,000 under the head "National forest protection and management: For an additional amount * * * including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946."

My understanding is that the Bureau of the Budget estimate was for \$1,000,000, and the committee has reduced this to \$168,000. The purpose of this fund is for the rehabilitation and maintenance of the recreational areas in the national forests, particularly the roadside camps and facilities for the traveling public. In view of the fact that this work has been neglected during the war, owing to the cut-down of travel and the gasoline rationing and other conditions prevailing during the war, I had hoped that the committee would report the full

amount of the Budget estimate. Personally I believe there is a definite need for it. So I raise the question:

Why did the committee make a reduction from the Budget estimate of such a large amount here from \$1,000,000 to the figure of \$168,000?

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. The original estimate was for \$1,000,000. The subcommittee on deficiencies, which has reported the bill, not only studied this estimate, but called in the chairman and the ranking minority member of the subcommittee on agricultural appropriations which has jurisdiction of the annual appropriation for this purpose. So we had the benefit of the judgment of both subcommittees on the appropriation.

It was the considered judgment of both subcommittees that the estimate should be reduced from \$1,000,000 to \$168,000 in order to conform to the 1947 program as carried in the agricultural appropriation bill, which passed the House some time ago and has gone to the Senate. In other words, the deficiency appropriation of \$163,000 articulates with the 1947 appropriation.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. The chairman means that the \$168,000 will provide approximately the same rate of expenditure for the remaining months of fiscal 1946 that the regular bill provides for the fiscal year 1947?

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Yes; it will carry on the same work at the same rate of expenditure. It is the identical program. When we pass from the fiscal year 1946 into 1947 there will be no appreciable readjustment.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I consulted the printed hearings and have noted what the chairman has said about having the counsel of the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. TARTER], the chairman of the subcommittee which handled the regular appropriation bill.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. And the ranking minority member of that committee.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Yes. However, in studying the testimony it occurs to me that what actually happened is this: The rate of expenditure from \$168,000 might well match the rate of expenditure proposed in the 1947 bill, but the Budget estimates and the original set-up for the 1947 bill were probably prepared before the war emergency was over; in fact, I assumed that the Department of Agriculture prepared its own 1947 figures before VJ-day.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from South Dakota has expired.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from South Dakota be permitted to proceed for five additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. And so the figures and data behind the estimates coming to the subcommittee handling the agricultural appropriation bill were on a war basis, and what the committee then

did, was to provide for maintenance work but not for rehabilitation. This \$168,000 would permit the Forest Service to inaugurate their maintenance work ahead of July 1, as the gentleman suggests, but would not provide the funds necessary for the purchase of the limited amount of materials and for the work that is necessary to put these roadside camps back in condition following the neglect they have received during the years of the war. So I draw attention to this matter at this time in the hope that if a further presentation should be made on this in the Senate, and if the Senate should take some action to meet the situation as I have described it, the matter might be more fully considered when the bill goes to conference. I hope I may have the assurance of the chairman and of the committee that if the Senate does take action they will give the matter careful consideration.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. In response to the gentleman's suggestion, which is very much in point, the representatives on both sides of the table of the committee which has charge of the annual appropriation attended our hearings and cross-examined the witnesses. So, while the original estimate was made some time ago, they had the benefit of the latest estimates available up until the time this bill was formulated, and went rather minutely into the details of the matter. As a result largely of the recommendation of the two gentlemen, the majority and the minority ranking members of the Agricultural Appropriations Subcommittee, we recommend \$168,000, most of it for rehabilitation; in fact, all of it is for rehabilitation except \$35,000 which is for maintenance. I think the gentleman can understand the disadvantages and, as a matter of fact, the absurdity of starting out with a huge program just at the end of the fiscal year 1946, and then when we hit 1947 making a sudden drop to less than one-sixth of the 1946 establishment.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I agree with the gentleman that it would be absurd if you would try to launch a vast program in a couple of months and then drop it off immediately, except for two things, first of all, that these grounds have been neglected and some extraordinary work is necessary to put them in condition for the normal tourist or travel season, and second, that Mr. Granger, at the conclusion of the hearings in about his last statement before the committee brought out the point which I felt should have been brought out earlier when he said:

Well, if you get at it in that way, but the \$800,000 we are asking for here is entirely different from the \$200,000 increase carried in the regular appropriation bill. The \$200,000 is for normal maintenance while the \$800,000 is to rehabilitate these recreational improvements. As you know, most of these improvements were not maintained during the war.

I felt that point was not sufficiently developed earlier in the hearings and I wish to express the hope that it might be given further consideration as the bill proceeds to conference.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. The two phases to which the gentleman refers were taken into consideration by the subcommittees drafting the provision. It

was the consensus of opinion of both subcommittees, one of which deals with the emergency and the other dealing with the annual supply bill, that this was adequate provision for the remainder of the fiscal year. I will say, of course, however, that if the Senate in its wisdom increases the amount, the managers on the part of the House will certainly take into consideration any suggestion presented in conference in support of an increase in the appropriation.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I wish to thank the gentleman for his statement.

The Clerk read as follows:

ROADS AND BRIDGES

Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available until expended.

Mr. BENDER. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I wonder if the gentleman from New York [Mr. TABER] or the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. WIGGLESWORTH] will advise the House regarding the Washington National Airport. That, of course, is publicly owned; am I correct?

Mr. TABER. That is correct; yes.

Mr. BENDER. I ask the question in order to bring another matter to the attention of the House.

I do not know of a building that is a better advertisement for the United States Government than the Washington National Airport. On the other hand, I do not know of a building that is a worse advertisement for the city of Washington and the National Government than the Washington Union Station. I do not know whether this is a public building or not. Am I correct in assuming that it is a public building?

Mr. TABER. It is not.

Mr. BENDER. It is owned by private interests?

Mr. TABER. It is owned by the Washington Terminal Co. which, in turn, is owned by the railroads serving Washington.

Mr. BENDER. Has any effort ever been made to purchase that building in order that it might serve the people of America to greater advantage than it now serves them?

Mr. TABER. Not as far as I know. Of course, when it comes to that, the airport station is getting about as crowded as the other place. We are up against this proposition in connection with it: When the airport was built, flying was more or less an infant industry, and was not on a self-sustaining basis, whereas these air lines that serve the larger centers now are on a self-sustaining basis and are making a big profit and they should pay more rental than they do pay for the service they get out of the large airports that the Federal Government has contributed to.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. BENDER. I yield.

Mr. HOFFMAN. If the gentleman from Ohio is about to criticize the Wash-

ington Terminal Co. because of the confusion and overcrowded condition, I hope he will remember that it is impossible for any group of businessmen, anyone other than some of these bureaucratic dreamers, to anticipate the number of new employees who have been brought into Washington in the past 2 years. It is impossible for anyone to anticipate the number of businessmen who must come down here in an effort to induce some of these agencies to use a little common sense and good judgment so that they may continue to operate and produce back home and relieve some of the shortages which are beating down on us so severely.

Mr. BENDER. I thank the gentleman. I think the gentleman and I, as members of the Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments, in the event the Republicans are in control of the next House, which I believe will be the fact, will have an opportunity to alleviate that condition to which the gentleman refers by cutting off about half of the useless employees from the Federal pay roll.

Mr. HOFFMAN. If we can take that platform on which the New Deal came into power, that one which advocated a 25-percent reduction in expenditures and in the number of employees and bureaus, and if we can put that into effect, I think the station down here might be adequate.

Mr. BENDER. I think the gentleman has made a very proper observation and a very timely one. I think we can say that we can do very well without about 50 percent of the employees now on the Federal pay roll. However, if you need taxicab service, as most of the patrons do who come into Washington, it is obvious that these private interests have, for a large consideration, given the rights to one taxicab company, so that only that company can serve the patrons of these railroads. They herd the people into those cabs and they inconvenience the public in that way.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Ohio has expired.

Mr. BENDER. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to proceed for five additional minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield further?

Mr. BENDER. I yield.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Perhaps this is some sort of a closed-shop contract that they have.

Mr. BENDER. Apparently it is some kind of a closed shop or a closed contract, because only one company has the rights. The patron is immediately told that he cannot board any other cab except the cabs of one particular company. When other cabs bring their patrons to the front of the station and unload them they are sent on without any passengers, and all the passengers are herded at great inconvenience to them to this concession that is operated by the one particular cab company. This, despite the critical shortage of cabs and automobiles due to wartime exigencies. Now I am

sure that our Members have received complaints from their constituents. I have gotten them wholesale at various times, and traveling and using that station as much as I do and knowing how the membership uses the station and how valuable time is, that it is something that certainly should be gone into by the Congress; and if the District Committee or the Appropriations Committee could do something to change this condition we would be rendering a valuable service to all of our people.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. BENDER. I yield.

Mr. HOFFMAN. I know that the gentleman from Ohio has hundreds of constituents coming down here to see him and that he serves them well, and that it is extremely difficult sometimes to get the things for them they are entitled to. It occurs to me that the problem perhaps is not that of inadequate taxicab service but part of it is to be found in the bureaux which make these rules and restrictions that force your people to come down here. Otherwise they would not be able to do business in the district back home, so they come down here of necessity, brought down here, compelled to come down here because these orders of the OPA and in wartime, of course, other agencies, would just put them out of business unless they could get some relief.

Mr. BENDER. The gentleman is exactly right. I had some constituents who finally in desperation came to Washington because they had made 14 telephone calls to one agency without even getting to first base, and here they find these pap suckers with their feet hanging out of the windows—as you drive along Pennsylvania Avenue or ride on the street car you observe them sitting with their feet upon the desks, reading newspapers rather than rendering any valuable service; and I am sure my friend the gentleman from Michigan [Mr. ENGEL], who understands this problem, will agree with me, that we have more useless Government employees performing more useless services thereby compelling our constituents to come down here, and the first thing that greets them is this station with this taxicab concession which makes it impossible for them to board any other cab, except a cab of the company having the concession. I might add here that no one from out of town understands that the uniformed policemen outside of the station are not members of the regular force here in Washington. They are private policemen. Of course, this does not excuse them for being discourteous, arbitrary, and officious.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield further?

Mr. BENDER. I yield.

Mr. HOFFMAN. That is the reason I voted against the extension of the Second War Powers Act and I am going to vote to curb the powers of the OPA. Now I hope the gentleman will induce some of the others by his influence, and he does exert a great influence on the other Members of the House, that the gentleman will get to work vigorously, that he will, so to speak, get up in the collar and go to town and help.

Mr. BENDER. I am going to town now; that is exactly my purpose in using this time.

Mr. PITTENGER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. BENDER. I yield to the gentleman from Minnesota.

Mr. PITTENGER. I was out of the Chamber when the gentleman began his remarks but I understand that the gentleman has been talking about the shortage of taxicabs. I wonder if the gentleman meant on the night of the Jackson Day dinner when 2,000 of the boys paid \$100 apiece—that was \$200,000—to honor Andrew Jackson—was there a shortage of cabs that night?

Mr. BENDER. I was not here that night, I was in Ohio talking about Abraham Lincoln; so I cannot testify as to what happened, but I am sure there is no shortage of cabs. The thing I am talking about is discrimination on the part of this station.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman has expired.

The Clerk read as follows:

Employment office facilities and services

Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office Facilities and Services," to be used exclusively for salary increases for United States employees of that Service under State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last word.

(Mr. HOFFMAN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Chairman, one of the disadvantages of the proposal suggested a short time ago by the gentleman from South Carolina [Mr. HARE] is disclosed by a full-page advertisement appearing in the morning paper which I read:

FARMERS MINUS MACHINERY EQUAL FAMINE
IT'S TIME TO SETTLE THE HARVESTER STRIKE

A letter from a South Dakota farmer reprinted with his permission

MARCH 19, 1946.

UNITED FARM EQUIPMENT AND
METAL WORKERS OF AMERICA,
188 West Randolph Street,
Chicago, Ill.

DEAR SIR: I farm 320 acres, mostly corn, in South Dakota.

Like every other farmer, I have been concerned about food production to relieve famine abroad.

We farmers are being asked by the Government to plant more acreage this year than even at the height of the war, in order to meet the food shortage.

I cannot understand the position of the Government in this matter. As much as 15 percent of last year's corn crop in eastern South Dakota is still standing in the field chiefly because of the lack of corn-picking machinery.

My own corn picker was out in neighbor's fields in January, picking corn at 20 below zero with a foot of snow on the ground.

Right now, the big obstacle in the way of getting machinery is the fact that International Harvester, the largest manufacturer, is not in production.

As I understand it, the Government appointed a fact-finding panel which made recommendations over a month ago to settle the strike. The union accepted these recommendations, and the company rejected them.

This situation has been allowed to go on for a month.

Every day the company continues to defy the Government's proposals deprives us of that much farm machinery which we desperately need. I don't pretend to know much about the issues in the strike. All I know is that the Government looked into the dispute and told both parties what would be a fair settlement. You fellows went along, but the company turned it down.

Now, it doesn't make sense to us farmers to plead for more food, more acreage, when we can't harvest what we planted last year because we don't have the machinery.

We cannot understand how the arrogant stand of International Harvester is permitted to cut off our supply of farm machinery and at the same time hold out against the wages and union conditions which make you fellows in industry our best customers.

Speaking for the farmers in this area, we hope that the union is able to get the company to agree to end the strike and start producing farm implements without delay. There's no sense talking about a food program unless we get the tools to do the job.

Sincerely yours,

EMIL LORIKS,
Rural Route 2,
Arlington, S. Dak.

After 3 months of fruitless negotiation, 30,000 workers in International Harvester Co. went on strike January 21 for a wage increase and a new collective-bargaining contract.

A fact-finding panel, appointed by Secretary Schwollenbach, made recommendations on February 18 to end the strike.

The union accepted the panel's recommendations.

The company rejected the panel's recommendations.

Last Thursday, after a month's delay, the company agreed to accept one of the panel's recommendations—an 18-cent increase.

On all other issues, the company still refuses to comply with the panel's report.

Yesterday, negotiations between the company and the union were resumed in Washington at the invitation of the Director of the Conciliation Service.

The union stands ready to return to work on the basis of the recommendations the fact-finding panel made to end the strike.

With famine spreading throughout the world, we express the hope that the company will in the course of the present negotiations comply with the contract recommendations and thus resume the production of desperately needed farm machinery.

UNITED FARM EQUIPMENT AND
METAL WORKERS (CIO),
Chicago, Ill.

Then the United Farm Equipment and Metal Workers—CIO—points out that—

A fact-finding panel, appointed by Secretary Schwollenbach, made recommendations on February 18 to end the strike. The union accepted the panel's recommendations. The company rejected the panel's recommendations.

Opposite part of the advertisement is a letter from a man, named Emil Loriks, who I assume is a farmer, at least he is on a rural route.

In his letter Mr. Loriks states:

I do not pretend to know much about the issues in the strike.

That is to say, he confesses he does not know what it is all about.

Then he says in the next to the last paragraph:

We cannot understand how the arrogant stand of the International Harvester is permitted to cut off our supply of farm machinery and at the same time hold out against the wages and union conditions which make you fellows in industry our best customers.

He suggests then that company is defying the fact-finding board. He says he does not know anything about the issue between the company and the union. He does not know a thing about that. Yet he says that the company ought to accept the recommendation of the fact-finding panel. How does he know it should when he admits he knows nothing about the issue involved? It is quite likely the fact-finding panel does not know any more about it than does the gentleman who sends in what is evidently a planted letter.

The difficulty with all of these schemes and plans is that those who are telling the manufacturers what to do are not responsible for the failure of the recommendations which they make when the use of those recommendations fail to solve the problem. It is easy enough for me to tell the gentleman from South Carolina or any other gentleman operating in the South or any place else what he ought to pay the hired man or what he ought to get for his peanuts, corn, wheat, milk, beef, or whatever he has to sell. That is an easy thing for me, as an outsider to do, but it is something else again to meet the pay roll, and I note my friend from Wisconsin, Mr. Biemiller, a former labor organizer, is present. Some of the CIO boys in my district with whom I talked last week for 2½ hours have discovered that the pay roll and the money to meet it comes from the employer and not from the union officials.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HOFFMAN. I yield to the gentleman from South Dakota.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. I note that the gentleman from Michigan said he assumed that Emil Loriks is a farmer.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Am I wrong?

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. No; the gentleman is not wrong, and I can give him some assurance on that point. Emil Loriks is a distinguished citizen of South Dakota, and is a farmer who lives on his own farm in an area where the principal crop is corn as his letter states; it also should probably be said that Mr. Loriks is the secretary of the National Farmers Union and a former Democratic candidate for Congress from the South Dakota First District.

Mr. HOFFMAN. The gentleman is not advocating that he come down here as a Congressman, is he?

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. No, at least not while the First District is so ably represented by my colleague the gentleman from South Dakota [Mr. MUNDT]. Loriks is also a former head of the Farm Security Administration in the State of South Dakota. The point that should be made, I think, is, as Mr. Loriks' letter evidences, that the farmers do have a stake in the prompt settlement of industrial disputes.

Mr. HOFFMAN. They undoubtedly have. I would like to have a little farm machinery myself, a little spade, not too big, one with a big handle but a short, little, narrow blade so that it does not get hold of too much dirt, one like those used by some of these so-called farmers. We all know there is a shortage of farm machinery.

Mr. Chairman, this is the proposition: If the man who makes this machinery, the man who engineers the job, who oversees it, who provides the funds and the management, does not get a profit, nobody is going to get farm machinery, farmer, CIO or no CIO. One thing is just as sure as that the seasons follow each other, as sure as is the fact that if the farmers do not get farm machinery corn is not going to be picked, crops will not be sown or planted and they will not be harvested and that is that if the manufacturer cannot make a profit he will not manufacture farm machinery. The union can demand, the Government can order but neither nor both together can produce the finished product. The Government for a time may pay the wages demanded when it takes possession of a plant but it can no more make the management manage and produce than it can make the employees work nor has the Government the ability to manage and produce.

If union leaders and the left wingers and the Communists are determined to have planning and regimentation no doubt they can get it and they will be the first to suffer. Some of us can wait it out just as long as can the planners and if it comes to a show-down perhaps some of us are just as effective in solving the problem as are the Communists.

It is a poor rule which does not work both ways. I wonder how long Mr. Emil Loriks will plant, pick, and sell or feed corn if he cannot get a profit out of it?

Mr. Loriks might well devote part of his worrying to the problem of just who is going to produce farm machinery if the stockholders and management decide they do not care to operate at a loss. The CIO we are told had \$6,000,000 for campaign purposes; he might ask it to buy the factory and make the machinery he wants and at the same time pay the employees the wages he thinks the company can so well afford to pay. How about it, Mr. Philip Murray and Mr. Loriks?

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Michigan has expired.

Mr. NORBLAD. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike out the last two words.

(Mr. NORBLAD asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NORBLAD. Mr. Chairman, it is my purpose in addressing the House today to call your attention to some of the further abuses in the handling of the disposition of our surplus property. I refer particularly to an article by Paul F. Ewing, a staff writer on the Portland Oregonian, which appeared in that paper on March 25, 1946, and I have here in my hand several pictures also appearing in that publication and showing masses of equipment which could be so well used in our industrial reconversion but which are instead clogging the Government depot at Pasco, Wash. This depot, containing some 750 acres, has approximately \$50,000,000 worth of war equipment, including tractors, carry-alls, trucks, cranes, bulldozers, and similar equipment, which is, for some reason, remaining idle and not being sold either to

the veteran or to the general public. We have all heard speaker after speaker arise on the floor of this House and express his deep concern for the veteran and the veterans' problems, yet conditions such as this at the Pasco depot are allowed to exist. Mr. Ewing in his article points out that there are 1,600 new trucks alone at Pasco which remain idle because Government red tape has effectively blocked their sale. Great quantities of this material have been there since November, and yet the Army has not undertaken to declare the property surplus and thus available for market.

I further call your attention to the fact that Mr. Ewing discloses in his article that it was only with extreme difficulty that he finally obtained permission to view this depot, and a gentleman by the name of Stanley E. Cathcart, of the War Assets Corporation, did all within his power to deter Mr. Ewing from examining these goods, which were both paid for and owned by the taxpayers of this country.

I have stated before that I felt that the surplus-property disposal is being about as poorly handled as possible, and this is further evidence of that fact. The Smaller War Plants Corporation office in Portland, Oreg., which had been handling veterans' certification for surplus war property became so confused and involved in its own forms that a few months ago the office completely shut its doors for a week, and a large number of veterans seeking the service to which they are entitled were left standing in the hallway. I have today made written inquiry from the War Department and the War Assets Corporation to determine just exactly why this condition exists at Pasco, Wash., and why, with both veterans and small businessmen badly in need of this property, steps are not taken to sell it to them. If these departments are not able to proceed to the immediate and proper disposition of this property, I then feel it is the duty of the Congress to take steps to see that this is effected. Both the taxpayer, on the one hand, and the veteran and small businessman, on the other, are the losers in a situation like this, and it simply cannot continue to exist.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the remainder of the bill be considered as read and that the bill from this point on be open to amendments and points of order.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. WIGGLESWORTH: On page 23, line 16, after the figures "\$133,456" strike out the period, insert a comma, and the following: "Provided, That no part of any appropriation in this act shall be used to pay the salary or wage of any person appointed or transferred to the Department of State after September 1, 1945, until essential clearance as to loyalty has been certified by the Federal Bureau of Investigation

and the appropriate security committee of the Department of State."

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I make a point of order against the amendment, but reserve it for the time being.

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH. Mr. Chairman, I offer this amendment with a view to expediting the solution of the problem to which I have already referred in my remarks under general debate.

It appears from the testimony of the State Department that some 4,000 employees have been suddenly transferred to the Department from the OWI, the OSS, the FEA, and the ANLC, that of those 4,000, 3,000 have been given temporary security clearance only on the basis of spot-check information, that 243 have been found unsuitable for continued employment in the State Department, and that the balance of 757 presumably have not yet been investigated.

The State Department states, and I again quote: "It has become quite evident that the standards employed by the interim transfer agencies," that is, the agencies to which I have referred, "in the selection, investigation, and security clearance of their employees until October 1945, do not conform by a considerable measure to those general standards of the Department of State governing personnel clearance." It adds that "about 4,000 employees have been suddenly transferred to the Department of State" and that "the investigative files as such are fragmentary and in many cases consist only of limited spot checks."

Mr. Chairman, this is an old story in terms of OWI. Year after year we have had official reports of hundreds if not thousands of personnel on the rolls of OWI in respect to which essential clearance as to loyalty has not been given by the Civil Service Commission or otherwise—or by OWI itself. Year after year we have waited for specific charges of serious character against specific individuals to be dealt with.

This amendment would simply bring the good offices of the FBI into the picture so that the personnel from the interim agencies which has been turned over to the Department of State may be efficiently investigated and either cleared or released at the earliest possible moment.

I hope the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON] will not make the point of order, in view of the character of the amendment offered and the importance of its purpose.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, while the proposed amendment is in the form of a limitation, it is coupled with an affirmative direction which amounts to a change of law. For this reason, although presented in the guise of an exception to the rule, it is, in effect, legislation on an appropriation bill, and therefore subject to the point of order.

The CHAIRMAN (Mr. HART). The Chair is ready to rule.

The amendment as drawn is in the form of a limitation but it does have in it positive language which gives it the effect of legislation on an appropriation bill. The Chair, therefore, sustains the point of order made by the gentleman from Missouri.

Mr. LUDLOW. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. LUDLOW: On page 20, after line 22, insert the following:

"MARINE CORPS

"General expenses, Marine Corps

"Expenses, Marine Corps, national encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Ind.: For expenses of the United States Marine Band in attending the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Ind., August 20 to 31, 1946, \$8,140."

Mr. LUDLOW. Mr. Chairman, on November 20, 1866, the First National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was held in Indianapolis, Ind. For more than threescore years this organization loomed very large in the history of our country. The last thin remnant of this once great Army will meet again in Indianapolis, probably for the last time, in August 1946. Indiana was the keystone of the North in the Civil War and it is appropriate that the Grand Army of the Republic should have its beginning and its end in Indiana. It has been the custom for many years for Congress to make appropriations to send the Marine Band to attend the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and the National Encampment of the United Confederate Veterans, and this amendment has been offered in conformity with that custom. The appropriation provided in this amendment is the amount which the Marine Corps estimates will be necessary to cover all of the expenses of the trip. I hope there will be no opposition to it, and I submit it for the judgment of the House.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. LUDLOW. I yield to the gentleman from Nebraska.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. How many members of the Grand Army of the Republic are still living?

Mr. LUDLOW. I regret to say that I am unable to answer the question.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. I understand that there are only 382, and only 10 percent of them are able to get around by themselves. Their average age is 98-plus.

Mr. LUDLOW. This is a very small band, but this will be a large occasion nevertheless. It is an historic occasion. It is the conclusion of the history of that organization.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. About 35 of them are able to get around.

Mr. LUDLOW. I think this appropriation is eminently proper as the conclusion of the history of that organization.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I am in heartiest accord with the purport of this amendment. The committee will accept the amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. LUDLOW].

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. PICKETT. Mr. Chairman, I make a point of order against the item contained in page 33, lines 2 and 3, entitled "Committee on Fair Employment Practice: 'Salaries and expenses',

\$30,000;" on the ground there is no legislative authority for the existence of the Committee on Fair Employment Practice and, therefore, this is legislation in an appropriation bill.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, the Committee concedes the point of order.

The CHAIRMAN. The point of order is sustained.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise and report the bill back to the House with an amendment, with the recommendation that the amendment be agreed to, and that the bill as amended do pass.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the Committee rose; and the Speaker having resumed the chair, Mr. HART, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee having had under consideration the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, had directed him to report the bill back to the House with an amendment, with the recommendation that the amendment be agreed to and that the bill as amended do pass.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the bill and the amendment thereto to final passage.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE TO EXTEND REMARKS

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members who have spoken on the bill may have five legislative days in which to extend their remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. WIGGLESWORTH asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks and include some reports from committee hearings.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. LEA. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

THE PETRILLO BILL—PROGRAM FOR TOMORROW

Mr. LEA. Mr. Speaker, I observe that the majority leader, the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK] is present. I desire to call his attention to the fact that the conferees have agreed on the so-called Petrillo bill. The unanimous report of the conferees is on file. I would like to know if we can take that up tomorrow.

Mr. McCORMACK. Can the gentleman from California give me any idea of how long it will take to consider the conference report?

Mr. LEA. I think it would not take over 10 or 15 minutes.

Mr. McCORMACK. But it will not take more than 20 minutes in any event?

Mr. LEA. I believe not.

Mr. McCORMACK. Under those conditions, I announce to the House that it will be the first order of business on tomorrow.

Mr. LEA. I may state in that connection that the bill as agreed to by the conferees is practically the bill as it passed the House.

The conference report and statement referred to are as follows:

CONFERENCE REPORT

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 63) to amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, so as to prohibit interference with the broadcasting of noncommercial cultural or educational programs, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the text of the bill and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment insert the following: "That title V of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, is amended by inserting after section 505 thereof the following new section:

"COERCIVE PRACTICES AFFECTING BROADCASTING

"SEC. 506. (a) It shall be unlawful, by the use or express or implied threat of the use of force, violence, intimidation, or duress, or by the use or express or implied threat of the use of other means, to coerce, compel or constrain or attempt to coerce, compel, or constrain a licensee—

"(1) to employ or agree to employ, in connection with the conduct of the broadcasting business of such licensee, any person or persons in excess of the number of employees needed by such licensee to perform actual services; or

"(2) to pay or give or agree to pay or give any money or other thing of value in lieu of giving, or on account of failure to give, employment to any person or persons, in connection with the conduct of the broadcasting business of such licensee, in excess of the number of employees needed by such licensee to perform actual services; or

"(3) to pay or agree to pay more than once for services performed in connection with the conduct of the broadcasting business of such licensee; or

"(4) to pay or give or agree to pay or give any money or other thing of value for services, in connection with the conduct of the broadcasting business of such licensee, which are not to be performed; or

"(5) to refrain, or agree to refrain, from broadcasting or from permitting the broadcasting of a noncommercial educational or cultural program in connection with which the participants receive no money or other

thing of value for their services, other than their actual expenses, and such licensee neither pays nor gives any money or other thing of value for the privilege of broadcasting such program nor receives any money or other thing of value on account of the broadcasting of such program; or

"(6) to refrain, or agree to refrain, from broadcasting or permitting the broadcasting of any radio communication originating outside the United States.

"(b) It shall be unlawful, by the use or express or implied threat of the use of force, violence, intimidation or duress, or by the use or express or implied threat of the use of other means, to coerce, compel or constrain or attempt to coerce, compel or constrain a licensee or any other person—

"(1) to pay or agree to pay any exaction for the privilege of, or on account of, producing, preparing, manufacturing, selling, buying, renting, operating, using, or maintaining recordings, transcriptions, or mechanical, chemical, or electrical reproductions, or any other articles, equipment, machines, or materials, used or intended to be used in broadcasting or in the production, preparation, performance, or presentation of a program or programs for broadcasting; or

"(2) to accede to or impose any restriction upon such production, preparation, manufacture, sale, purchase, rental, operation, use, or maintenance, if such restriction is for the purpose of preventing or limiting the use of such articles, equipment, machines, or materials in broadcasting or in the production, preparation, performance, or presentation of a program or programs for broadcasting; or

"(3) to pay or agree to pay any exaction on account of the broadcasting, by means of recordings or transcriptions, of a program previously broadcast, payment having been made, or agreed to be made, for the services actually rendered in the performance of such program.

"(c) The provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall not be held to make unlawful the enforcement or attempted enforcement, by means lawfully employed, of any contract right heretofore or hereafter existing or of any legal obligation heretofore or hereafter incurred or assumed.

"(d) Whoever willfully violates any provision of subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both.

"(e) As used in this section the term 'licensee' includes the owner or owners, and the person or persons having control or management, of the radio station in respect of which a station license was granted."

And the House agree to the same.

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the title of the bill, and agree to the same.

CLARENCE F. LEA,
A. L. BULWINKLE,
OREN HARRIS,
CARROLL REECE,
CLARENCE J. BROWN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

E. C. JOHNSON,
JAMES M. TUNNELL,
FRANCIS J. MYERS,
WALLACE H. WHITE, Jr.,
WARREN R. AUSTIN,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 63) to amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, so as to prohibit interference with the broadcasting of noncommercial cultural or educational programs, submit the following statement

in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the conferees and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

The bill as agreed to in conference, except for two minor changes, is the same as the bill as passed by the House. The two changes made by the committee of conference are as follows:

In paragraphs (1) and (3) of the proposed new section 506 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, the word "tribute" has been stricken out and the words "any exaction" have been substituted therefor. This change does not modify the meaning of these paragraphs, but was made merely for the purpose of using a term which the conferees deemed to be more appropriate than the term "tribute".

The other change is in subsection (c) of the proposed new section 506 of the Communications Act of 1934. In the bill as passed by the House this subsection provided that subsection (a) or (b) should not be held to make unlawful the enforcement, by means lawfully employed, of "any contract right or legal obligation". The quoted language has been modified to make it perfectly clear that it refers not only to contract rights and legal obligations which may have arisen prior to the enactment of the legislation, but also to contract rights and legal obligations which may arise after the enactment of the legislation.

CLARENCE F. LEA,
A. L. BULWINKLE,
OREN HARRIS,
CARROLL REECE,
CLARENCE J. BROWN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. HENDRICKS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute, revise and extend by remarks, and include a letter which I received from the national commander of the American Legion and my reply to him.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

VETERANS' PRIORITIES IN DISPOSITION OF SURPLUS PROPERTY

Mr. HENDRICKS. Mr. Speaker, sometime ago when I was handling the independent offices appropriation bill on the floor of the House, I made two proposals in regard to the disposition of surplus property, one that the President of the United States by Executive order freeze all surplus property sales until such time as plans could be worked out so that the veteran could get what he was entitled to. The second proposal was that the veteran have a priority II, second only to the Federal Government. The President has not yet taken action on that even though I called on him personally. In accordance with the letter that the national commander of the American Legion, Mr. John Stelle, has written to me, I am today introducing two resolutions, a House joint resolution which would have the effect of law if passed and a House concurrent resolution which would express the will of Congress. I feel it is time we stopped the sale of surplus property until the Disposal Act is amended so that the veteran can have a priority II. I believe the committee now studying the revision of the Surplus Property Sales Act will adopt

Mar
28

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 28 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply de-
5 ficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending
6 June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supple-

1 mental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
2 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

3 TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

4 LEGISLATIVE

5 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

6 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

7 Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for
8 miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.

9 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for steno-
10 graphic reports of hearings of committees other than special
11 and select committees, fiscal year 1946, \$5,000.

12 Special and select committees: For an additional amount
13 for expenses of special and select committees authorized by
14 the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

15 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
16 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
17 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal
18 Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946,
19 \$3,000.

20 Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for
21 telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,
22 fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

23 Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery
24 (additional allowance second session, of the Seventy-ninth
25 Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

1 ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

2 CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

3 Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for
4 lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and
5 House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congres-
6 sional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to
7 remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects
8 specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appro-
9 priation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

10 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

11 BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

12 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
13 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

14 INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

15 CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

16 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
17 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
18 specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-
19 priation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation
20 on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby
21 increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".

22 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

23 FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

24 Enforcement operations: For an additional amount
25 fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and

1 the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia
2 is hereby increased from "\$680,000" to "\$692,000".

3 FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

4 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
5 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
6 specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency
7 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

8 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

9 Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount,
10 fiscal year 1946, for "Hospitals and medical care", including
11 the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security
12 Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$748,000.

13 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

14 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

15 Return of departmental functions to the seat of govern-
16 ment: For all expenses, including personal services in the
17 District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the
18 Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary
19 to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such
20 bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Govern-
21 ment as are designated from time to time by the President,
22 which were removed from, or established at places other than,
23 the seat of government by reason of the national emergency,
24 including the expenses of travel of employees transferred,

1 including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of trans-
2 portation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel
3 performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation
4 of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing,
5 crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpack-
6 ing, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in
7 an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated
8 and eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated,
9 in accordance with regulations approved by the President;
10 and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5
11 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees,
12 plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member
13 of immediate families of employees; \$200,000, to remain
14 available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to the seat
15 of government of Government-owned or leased furniture,
16 equipment, supplies, and other property and household goods
17 and personal effects of employees, and costs of restoration of
18 leased office space when required, may be accomplished
19 without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes:
20 *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the seat of
21 government, in accordance with a designation of the Presi-
22 dent as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval of
23 this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other
24 allowances authorized by other law in connection with change

1 of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein
2 authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and
3 excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal
4 effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That
5 such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of
6 Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred
7 to other agencies concerned for the payment to the trans-
8 ferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

9 PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATOR

10 Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage
11 to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of
12 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The
13 Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the
14 several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of
15 roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substan-
16 tially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any
17 other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set
18 forth in House Document Numbered 475, Seventy-ninth
19 Congress, \$681,193.83.

20 NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

21 Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards:
22 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitra-
23 tion, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including
24 the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal
25 Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$140,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

TARIFF COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Commission", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$53,000.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1, 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army

1 and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the pay-
2 ment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of
3 Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

4 Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105
5 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon
6 "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

7 OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

8 Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this
9 appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available
10 and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of
11 the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study
12 of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the
13 Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum;
14 printing and binding; and objects specified under the head
15 "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Ap-
16 propriation Act, 1946.

17 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

18 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

19 BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

20 Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects
22 specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture
23 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

1 Insect and plant disease control: For an additional
2 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease
3 control", \$20,000.

4 FOREST SERVICE

5 National forest protection and management: For an
6 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest
7 protection and management", including the objects specified
8 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Approp-
9 priation Act, 1946, \$168,000.

10 PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

11 CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

12 RESOURCES

13 The limitation on the amount which may be expended
14 for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head
15 in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946,
16 and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is
17 hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

18 WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

19 Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an addi-
20 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid
21 and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under
22 this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation
23 Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

3 Declassification and technical services: For an addi-
4 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and
5 technical services", including the objects specified under
6 this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946,
7 \$400,000.

8 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
9 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

10 OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

11 General administration, Office of the Administrator: For
12 an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General admin-
13 istration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects
14 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
15 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$39,000.

16 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an addi-
17 tional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the De-
19 partment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000,
20 and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during
21 the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to
22 the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget,
23 air-navigation and communication facilities, including appur-
24 tenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

25 Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities:

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance
2 nance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
3 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
4 Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$749,655.

5 Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional
6 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regula-
7 tions", including the objects specified under this head in
8 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
9 \$364,000.

10 Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional
11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of
12 aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in
13 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
14 \$103,705.

15 Maintenance and operation, Washington National Air-
16 port: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Main-
17 tenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the Depart-
19 ment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

20 Construction, Washington National Airport: For the
21 construction of one hangar and the installation of additional
22 paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft.
23 \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.

24 COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

25 Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional

1 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, depart-
2 mental", including the objects specified under this head in the
3 Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000,
4 and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended
5 for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000"
6 to "\$1,881,000".

7 Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount,
8 fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", includ-
9 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
10 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

11 Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount,
12 fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", includ-
13 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
14 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

15 PATENT OFFICE

16 Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal
17 year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects
18 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
19 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

20 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which
22 \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents;
23 designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official
24 Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900
25 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$535,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to "\$1,170,000".

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station, is hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of transportation of the immediate families of such officers and employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available for the traveling expenses of the immediate families of officers and employees of the Department who were returned from points outside

1 the United States during the war is hereby amended by
2 extending said authority to apply to the appropriations avail-
3 able for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
4 tion Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the
5 amount which may be expended under said authority, as
6 amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

7 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

8 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

9 Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
10 for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head
11 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

12 GRAZING SERVICE

13 Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year
14 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified
15 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation
16 Act, 1946, \$20,000.

17 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

18 INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

19 Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional
20 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency
21 prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian
22 reservations", including the objects specified under this head
23 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
24 \$50,000.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation, Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes, Utah", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, \$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment, materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the Colorado River Indian Reservation.

EDUCATION

Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

1 Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal
2 year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in
3 nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

4 Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and
5 the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
6 increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number
7 of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-
8 five".

9 Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the
10 amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
11 increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number
12 of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred
13 and ninety".

14 Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount
15 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
16 from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils
17 from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and
18 seventy-five".

19 Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla-
20 homa, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of
21 Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to
22 "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred"
23 to "three hundred and twenty-five".

24 Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available
25 for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from

1 “\$152,905” to “\$162,530”; and the number of pupils from
2 “four hundred and twenty-five” to “four hundred and fifty”.

3 Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount
4 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
5 from “\$119,475” to “\$142,575”; and the number of pupils
6 from “three hundred and fifteen” to “three hundred and
7 seventy-five”.

8 Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year
9 1946, for “Natives in Alaska”, including the objects speci-
10 fied under this head in the Interior Department Appropria-
11 tion Act, 1946, \$125,000, to remain available until June
12 30, 1947.

13 GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

14 Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal
15 funds): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for
16 “Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal
17 funds)”, including the objects specified under this head in
18 the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$10,000,
19 payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular
20 tribe interested.

21 CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

22 Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana:
23 For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and
24 equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace

1 one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available
2 until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

3 ROADS AND BRIDGES

4 Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount,
5 fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair,
6 and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the
7 objects specified under this head in the Interior Department
8 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available
9 until expended.

10 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

11 The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation
12 Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during
13 the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and
14 Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including
15 such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased
16 from "\$704,828" to "\$729,000".

17 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

18 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

19 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
20 year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
21 specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Approp-
22 priation Act, 1937, \$11.

23 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
24 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
2 Appropriation Act, 1942; \$1,149.16.

3 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
4 year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

5 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional
6 amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands
7 Division", including the objects specified under this head
8 in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942,
9 \$5,164.45.

10 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
11 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and
12 expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the
13 objects specified under this head in the Department of
14 Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

15 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
16 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries
17 and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including
18 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
19 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$125,000.

20 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an
21 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
22 penses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects
23 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
24 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

1 FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

2 Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount,
3 fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", includ-
4 ing objects specified under this head in the Department of
5 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

6 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

7 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

8 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
9 for "Salaries", \$31,600.

10 EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

11 Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an addi-
12 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office
13 Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary
14 increases for United States employees of that Service under
15 State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

16 NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

17 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

18 Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an
19 additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bu-
20 reau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

21 MARINE CORPS

22 GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

23 Expenses, Marine Band, National Encampment, Grand
24 Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana: For expenses

1 of the United States Marine Band in attending the National
2 Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Indian-
3 apolis, Indiana, August 20 to 31, 1946, \$8,140.

4 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

5 (Out of the postal revenues)

6 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF

7 COLUMBIA

8 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

9 For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Post-
10 master General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Depart-
11 ment, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

12 Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

13 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General,
14 \$30,000.

15 Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General,
16 \$12,600.

17 Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General,
18 \$5,000.

19 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General,
20 \$14,900.

21 CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

22 Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an addi-
23 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and mis-
24 cellaneous expenses," including the objects specified under

1 this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act,
2 1946, \$8,600.

3 FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

4 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

5 Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal
6 year 1946, for "Salaries and inspectors", \$25,000.

7 OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

8 Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount,
9 fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters",
10 \$2,711,000.

11 OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

12 Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal
13 year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

14 OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

15 Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
16 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office sta-
17 tionery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects
18 specified under this head in the Post Office Department Ap-
19 propriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limi-
20 tation on the amount available for the pay of employees
21 in the District of Columbia in connection with the ship-
22 ment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

23 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
24 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified

1 under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation
2 Act, 1946, \$60,000.

3 Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an addi-
4 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of
5 equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

6 (Payable out of the General Fund of the Treasury)

7 For payment to Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Illinois, in
8 full settlement of all claims against the United States, as
9 authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress,
10 approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

11 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

12 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

13 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
14 for "Salaries", including the objects specified under this
15 head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
16 and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons
17 paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without
18 regard to the civil-service and classification laws, \$133,456.

19 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
20 year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
21 specified under this head in the Department of State Appo-
22 priation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

23 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
24 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Department of State Approp-
2 riation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

3 FOREIGN OFFICE

4 Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional
5 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and
6 ministers", including the objects specified under this head
7 in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
8 \$35,000.

9 Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Serv-
11 ice", including the objects specified under this head in the
12 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$100,000.

13 Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional
14 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign
15 Service", including the objects specified under this head in
16 the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
17 \$400,000.

18 Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service:
19 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscel-
20 laneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", includ-
21 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
22 of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$35,300.

23 Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an addi-
24 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service,
25 auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified

1 under this head in the Department of State Appropriation
2 Act, 1946, \$567,070.

3 The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service",
4 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service",
5 and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal
6 year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases
7 in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of For-
8 eign Service employees whose basic compensation was not
9 increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay
10 Act of 1945.

11 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

12 United States participation in United Nations: For all
13 necessary expenses of participation by the United States in
14 the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to
15 the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of
16 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations con-
17 cerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire,
18 maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (includ-
19 ing the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; pur-
20 chase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to
21 section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111) ;
22 \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available
23 for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations
24 working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appro-

1 priation "Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Con-
2 sular Service" from which sums have been advanced to the
3 United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State,
4 when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to
5 acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions
6 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784),
7 as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United
8 States contribution to the United Nations, and such contri-
9 bution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property
10 and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, inci-
11 dent to the acquisition thereof.

12 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

13 FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

14 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
15 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
16 specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appro-
17 priation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

18 BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

19 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
20 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the ob-
21 jects specified under this head in the Treasury Department
22 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the
23 limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for
24 personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby in-

1 creased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from
2 "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

3 SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

4 Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an
5 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing
6 counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects speci-
7 fied under this head in the Treasury Department Appro-
8 priation Act, 1946, \$50,000, and the appropriate appro-
9 priation of the War Department shall bear the cost
10 (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this
11 agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

12 PROCUREMENT DIVISION

13 The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer
14 to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procure-
15 ment Division, without compensation therefor, at such time
16 as it is determined by the War Department that the premises
17 are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land,
18 building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known
19 as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribu-
20 tion Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located
21 at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Wash-
22 ington, and the War Department shall appraise the property
23 so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a
24 statement in detail of the description and value of such
25 property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, \$429,805.41.

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,300.

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", in-

cluding the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary
Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for
the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized
by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6,
1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151),
and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation
enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing
increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as
follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

For—

“Salaries, officers and employees, Senate”,
\$490,000;

“Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Print-
ing, Senate”, \$1,150;

“Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, Sen-
ate”, \$12,000;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates
and proceedings of the Senate”, \$10,000;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning,
repairing, and varnishing furniture”, \$385;

“Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses,

1 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Sen-
2 ate", \$7,000;

3 "Salaries, officers and employees, House of Repre-
4 sentatives", \$335,000;

5 "Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of
6 Representatives", \$925,000;

7 "Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House
8 of Representatives", \$5,000;

9 "Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
10 House of Representatives", \$1,150;

11 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
12 folding documents", \$10,000;

13 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
14 furniture and repairs", \$9,500;

15 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
16 miscellaneous items", \$2,500;

17 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
18 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation",
19 \$7,000;

20 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives.
21 Speaker's automobile", \$675;

22 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives.
23 payment for certain services", \$1,200;

1 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
2 attending physician”, \$385;

3 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
4 Revision of the Laws”, \$1,000;

5 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
6 preparation of a New Edition United States Code (no
7 year)”, \$5,000;

8 Architect of the Capitol:

9 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: “Salaries”, \$19,-
10 000;

11 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:

12 “Capitol Buildings”, \$91,000;

13 “Capitol grounds”, \$32,300;

14 “Senate Office Building”, \$97,000;

15 “House Office Buildings”, \$129,500;

16 “Capitol power plant”, \$85,000;

17 Library of Congress:

18 Copyright Office: “Salaries”, \$50,900;

19 Legislative Reference Service: “Salaries”, \$35,734;

20 Index to State legislation: “Salaries and expenses”,
21 \$6,242;

22 Union catalogs: “Salaries and expenses”, \$8,566;

23 “Motion-picture project”, \$696;

1 Library Buildings: "Salaries", \$88,326;

2 Total, Legislative Branch, \$2,468,209.

3 THE JUDICIARY

4 For—

5 United State Supreme Court:

6 "Salaries", \$70,000;

7 "Structural and mechanical care of the building
8 and grounds", \$29,300;

9 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: "Salaries",
10 \$10,850;

11 United States Customs Court: "Salaries", \$24,000;

12 Miscellaneous items of expense:

13 "Salaries of clerks of courts", \$675,000;

14 "Probation system, United States courts", \$225,000;

15 "Salaries of criers", \$62,000;

16 "Fees of commissioners", \$110,000;

17 "Miscellaneous salaries", \$85,000;

18 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: "Sala-
19 ries", \$30,000;

20 Total, The Judiciary, \$1,321,150.

21 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

22 For—

23 The White House Office: "Salaries and expenses"
24 \$30,000;

1 Bureau of the Budget: "Salaries and expenses"

2 \$280,000;

3 Office for Emergency Management:

4 "Office of Alien Property Custodian". (The

5 amount, \$332,900, which may be used for gen-

6 eral administration expenses by other agencies

7 on a reimbursable basis.)

8 Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

9 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

10 For—

11 Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses",

12 \$1,300,000;

13 Employees' Compensation Commission: "Salaries and

14 expenses", \$140,000;

15 Federal Communications Commission:

16 "Salaries and expenses", \$363,000;

17 "Salaries and expenses, national defense", \$194,000;

18 "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation": (The amount

19 which may be used for administrative expenses is

20 increased by \$417,000.)

21 Federal Power Commission:

22 "Salaries and expenses", \$287,300;

23 "Flood control surveys", \$17,700;

- 1 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
2 \$232,000;
- 3 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$4,813,000;
- 4 Interstate Commerce Commission:
- 5 "General administrative expenses", \$380,000;
6 "Safety of employees", \$42,000;
7 "Signal safety systems", \$9,800;
8 "Locomotive inspection", \$43,600;
9 "Valuation of property of carriers", \$56,000;
10 "Motor transport regulation", \$341,000;
11 "Salaries and expenses, emergency", \$24,000;
- 12 "National Capital Housing Authority", \$1,850;
- 13 National Labor Relations Board:
- 14 "Salaries", \$348,000;
15 "Salaries and expenses (national defense)",
16 \$57,600;
- 17 National Mediation Board:
- 18 "Salaries and expenses", \$19,600;
- 19 National Railroad Adjustment Board: "Salaries and
20 expenses", \$23,850;
- 21 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and ex-
22 penses", \$385,000;
- 23 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$120,200;
24 "The Tax Court of the United States", \$48,800;

Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical,
hospital, and domiciliary services", \$54,168,000;
Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

For—

"Columbia Institution for the Deaf", \$13,000;

Food and Drug Administration:

"Enforcement operations", \$433,000;

"General administration", \$16,900;

Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses",
\$253,300;

Howard University: "Salaries", \$13,500;

Office of Education:

"Library service", \$3,700;

"Services for the blind", \$980;

"Salaries", \$61,440;

"Salaries and expenses" (vocational educa-
tion), \$53,300;

Public Health Service:

"Industrial hygiene", \$11,280;

"Foreign quarantine service", \$232,700;

"Hospitals and medical care", \$3,935,200;

"National Institute of Health", \$228,000;

1 “National Cancer Institute, operating ex-
2 penses”, \$58,700;
3 “Salaries and miscellaneous expenses”, \$160,000;
4 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Salaries and ex-
5 penses”, \$663,700;
6 Social Security Board:
7 “Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance”, \$130,000;
8 “Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security”,
9 \$105,700;
10 “Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors’
11 Insurance”, \$3,240,200;
12 “Salaries, offices of the Social Security
13 Board”, \$525,200;
14 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:
15 “For payments to States”, \$11,500;
16 “For general administrative expenses”, \$45,400;
17 Office of the Administrator:
18 “Salaries, Office of the Administrator”, \$25,800;
19 “Community War Services”, \$62,900;
20 “Salaries, Division of Personnel Manage-
21 ment”, \$17,000;
22 “Salaries, Division of Service Operations”, \$50,700;
23 “Salaries, Office of the General Counsel”, \$94,000;
24 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
\$35,530;

Public Buildings Administration:

"General administrative expenses", \$201,380;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
in the District of Columbia and adjacent area",
\$4,372,460;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
outside the District of Columbia", \$1,547,130;

Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses":

(The amount which may be used for administrative
expenses is increased by \$52,900.)

Federal Home Loan Bank Administration: "Salaries

and expenses": (The amount which may be used
for administrative expenses is increased by
\$126,000.)

Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and ex-

penses": (The amount which may be used for
administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)

1 Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and ex-
2 penses": (The amount which may be used for
3 administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

4 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

5 For—

6 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses",
7 \$204,000;

8 Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses",
9 \$242,000;

10 Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses",
11 \$72,000;

12 Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and
13 expenses", \$84,000;

14 Bureau of Agricultural Economics:

15 "Economic investigations", \$310,000;

16 "Crop and livestock estimates", \$217,000;

17 Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations: "Salaries and
18 expenses", \$85,000;

19 Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of
20 extension work", \$60,000;

21 Agricultural Research Administration:

22 Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
23 \$40,000;

24 "Special research fund, Department of Agricul-
25 ture", \$120,000;

Office of Experiment Stations:

“Administration of grants and coordination of research with States”, \$21,000;

“Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico”, \$9,000;

Bureau of Animal Industry:

“Animal husbandry”, \$95,000;

“Diseases of animals”, \$76,000;

“Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang’s disease”, \$430,000;

“Inspection and quarantine”, \$140,000;

“Meat inspection”, \$1,590,000;

“Virus Serum Toxin Act”, \$40,000;

“Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum” (increase in sum made available from appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933, from “\$31,940” to “\$37,740”);

Bureau of Dairy Industry: “Salaries and expenses”, \$99,800;

Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural Engineering:

“Field crops”, \$240,000;

“Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops”, \$205,000;

“Forest diseases”, \$31,500;

- 1 “Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation”, \$105,000;
- 2 “Agricultural engineering”, \$46,000;
- 3 “National Arboretum”, \$4,800;
- 4 Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:
- 5 “Agricultural chemical investigations”, \$44,000;
- 6 “Naval-stores investigations”, \$17,500;
- 7 “Regional research laboratories”, \$500,000;
- 8 Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:
- 9 “Salaries and expenses”, \$73,000;
- 10 “White pine blister rust control, Department of Agri-
- 11 culture”, \$270,000;
- 12 Forest Service:
- 13 Salaries and expenses:
- 14 “General administrative expenses”, \$75,000;
- 15 “National forest protection and management”,
- 16 \$2,550,000;
- 17 “Forest management”, \$116,900;
- 18 “Range investigations”, \$42,100;
- 19 “Forest products”, \$175,000;
- 20 “Forest resources investigations”, \$24,000;
- 21 “Forest-fire cooperation”, \$40,000;
- 22 “Farm and other private forestry cooperation”,
- 23 \$36,000;
- 24 “Forest roads and trails”, \$480,000;
- 25 Commodity Credit Corporation: “Salaries and admin-

1 istrative expenses" (increase in limitation for ad-
2 ministrative expenses by \$743,000) ;

3 Federal Crop Insurance Act: "Administrative and
4 operating expenses", \$320,000;

5 Soil Conservation Service:

6 "Soil conservation research", \$164,000;

7 "Soil conservation operations", \$4,575,000;

8 "Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida",
9 \$10,200;

10 "Land utilization and retirement of submarginal
11 land", \$144,000;

12 Marketing Service:

13 "Market news service", \$142,000;

14 "Market inspection of farm products", \$68,000;

15 "Marketing farm products", \$58,000;

16 "Tobacco Acts", \$67,500;

17 "Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce
18 Agency, and Standard Container Acts", \$24,-
19 500;

20 "Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures
21 Acts", \$138,000;

22 "United States Grain Standards Act", \$127,000;

23 "United States Warehouse Act", \$60,000;

24 "Federal Seed Act", \$14,000;

25 "Packers and Stockyards Acts", \$48,000;

- 1 “Naval Stores Act”, \$4,500;
 2 “Insecticide Act”, \$27,700;
 3 “Commodity Exchange Act”, \$41,500;
 4 “Freight rates for farm products”, \$12,000;
 5 “Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation”, \$3,200,000;
 6 Farm tenancy: “Salaries and expenses”, \$365,000;
 7 “Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas”, \$25,000;
 8 Rural Electrification Administration: “Salaries and
 9 expenses”, \$490,000;
 10 Farm Credit Administration:
 11 “Salaries and expenses”, \$66,800; and increase the
 12 funds made available pursuant to Act of Jan-
 13 uary 29, 1937, from “\$3,845,209” to “\$4,-
 14 385,209”;
 15 Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

16 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

17 For—

- 18 Office of the Secretary: “Salaries and expenses”, \$98,000;
 19 Bureau of the Census: “Compiling census reports, and
 20 so forth”, \$735,000;
 21 Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:
 22 “General administration, Office of the Administra-
 23 tor”, \$370,000;
 24 “Technical development”, \$42,000;
 25 “Enforcement of safety regulations”, \$386,000;

1 "Airport Advisory Service", \$33,000;

2 "Maintenance and operation of aircraft", \$43,000;

3 "Maintenance and operation, Washington National
4 Airport", \$107,000;

5 "Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses",
6 \$135,000;

7 Coast and Geodetic Survey:

8 "Salaries and expenses, departmental", \$169,000;

9 "Salaries and expenses, field", \$258,000;

10 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

11 "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$275,000;

12 "Field office service", \$62,800;

13 Patent Office: "Salaries", \$400,000;

14 National Bureau of Standards:

15 "Operation and administration", \$75,000;

16 "Testing, inspection, and information service",
17 \$178,000;

18 "Research and development", \$192,000;

19 "Standards for commerce", \$30,000;

20 Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

21 For—

22 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 Office of the Secretary:

24 "Salaries", \$195,000;

25 "Office of Solicitor", \$29,900;

- 1 “Division of Territories and Island Possessions”,
- 2 \$14,200;
- 3 Petroleum Conservation Division: “Salaries and
- 4 expenses”, \$12,600;
- 5 Division of Geography: “Salaries and expenses”,
- 6 \$1,350;
- 7 “Soil and moisture conservation operations”, \$123,-
- 8 400;
- 9 “Commission of Fine Arts”, \$860;
- 10 Grazing Service:
- 11 “Salaries and expenses”, \$142,000;
- 12 “Range improvements”, \$9,050;
- 13 General Land Office:
- 14 “Salaries”, \$138,940;
- 15 “Surveying public lands”, \$50,000;
- 16 “Salaries and expenses, branch of field examina-
- 17 tion”, \$15,370;
- 18 “Salaries and expenses of land offices”, \$42,300;
- 19 “Forest management and protection, public domain,
- 20 Alaska”, \$19,660;
- 21 “Revested Oregon and California Railroad and re-
- 22 conveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands,
- 23 Oregon (reimbursable)”, \$13,000;
- 24 “Range improvements on public lands outside of
- 25 grazing districts (receipt limitation)”, \$2,000;

1 Bureau of Indian Affairs:

2 Salaries and general expenses:

3 "Departmental personal services", \$115,200;

4 "Maintaining law and order on Indian reser-
5 vations", \$17,590;

6 Industrial assistance and advancement:

7 "Preservation of timber on Indian reserva-
8 tions", \$134,500;

9 "Expenses incidental to the sale of timber
10 (reimbursable)", \$26,820;

11 "Developing agriculture and stock raising among
12 the Indians", \$80,000;

13 "Development of water supply", \$6,700;

14 Irrigation and drainage:

15 "Construction, repair, and maintenance of
16 irrigation systems (reimbursable)", \$20,-
17 200;

18 "Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
19 project (receipt limitation)", \$28,880;

20 "Improvement, operation, and maintenance of
21 the irrigation and power systems on the
22 Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt
23 limitation)", \$3,030;

24 "Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
25 the Fort Hall irrigation systems", \$5,840;

1 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation
2 of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt
3 limitation)”, \$5,760;

4 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
5 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
6 Fort Belknap Reservation (reimburs-
7 able)”, \$750;

8 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
9 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
10 Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limita-
11 tion)”, \$640;

12 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
13 of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable)”,
14 \$740;

15 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
16 of the Fort Peck project (receipt limita-
17 tion)”, \$1,400;

18 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
19 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet In-
20 dian Reservation (reimbursable)”, \$730;

21 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
22 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet
23 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
24 \$1,780;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the irrigation
2 and power systems on the Flathead Reser-
3 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$25,780;

4 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
5 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
6 vation (reimbursable)”, \$450;

7 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
8 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
9 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$4,360;

10 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
11 miscellaneous irrigation projects on the
12 Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
13 \$490;

14 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
15 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
16 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
17 and White River Utes (reimbursable)”,
18 \$950;

19 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
20 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
21 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
22 and White River Utes (receipt limita-
23 tion)”, \$2,620;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the Wapato ir-
 2 rigation and drainage systems, Yakima
 3 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
 4 \$26,510;

5 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 6 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 7 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 8 (reimbursable)”, \$410;

9 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 10 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 11 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 12 (receipt limitation)”, \$1,200;

13 Education:

14 “Support of Indian Schools”, \$886,700;

15 “Support and education of Indian pupils at
 16 nonreservation boarding schools”, \$417,-
 17 300;

18 “Natives in Alaska”, \$224,000;

19 Conservation of health:

20 “Conservation of health among Indians”, \$1,-
 21 988,500;

22 “Medical relief in Alaska”, \$102,000;

23 General support and administration:

24 “General administration of Indian property”,
 25 \$451,100;

1 "Reindeer service", \$6,770;

2 "Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal
3 funds, \$12,333)";

4 "Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal
5 funds, \$19,525)";

6 "Support of Menominee Agency and pay of
7 tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds,
8 \$3,860)";

9 "Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal
10 officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,-
11 600)";

12 Bureau of Reclamation:

13 Reclamation fund, special fund:

14 "Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California
15 (from power revenues \$18,100)";

16 "Yuma project, Arizona-California", \$11,000;

17 "Boise project, Idaho", \$10,000;

18 "Minidoka project, Idaho", \$5,300;

19 "Minidoka project, Idaho (from power reve-
20 nues, \$15,000)";

21 "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from
22 power revenues, \$5,400)";

23 "Owyhee project, Oregon", \$21,200;

24 "Klamath project, Oregon-California", \$11,000;

- 1 “Columbia Basin project, Washington (from
2 power revenues, \$63,000) ”;
- 3 “Yakima project, Washington”, \$21,500;
- 4 “Riverton project, Wyoming”, \$4,000;
- 5 “Shoshone project, Wyoming”, \$1,800;
- 6 “Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power
7 revenues, \$2,000) ”;
- 8 “Salaries and expenses (other than project
9 offices) ”, \$456,200;
- 10 General fund, construction: “Colorado River project,
11 Texas (reimbursable) ”, \$6,900;
- 12 “Geological Survey”, \$151,500;
- 13 Bureau of Mines:
- 14 “Salaries and expenses”, \$9,500;
- 15 “Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and in-
16 vestigation of mine accidents”, \$83,600;
- 17 “Coal-mine inspections and investigations”, \$122,-
18 380;
- 19 “Mineral mining investigations”, \$35,000;
- 20 “Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania”,
21 \$18,300;
- 22 “Economics of mineral industries”, \$40,000;
- 23 “National Park Service”, \$636,000;
- 24 “Recreational demonstration areas”, \$17,860;

1 "Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks",

2 \$70,500;

3 Fish and Wildlife Service: "Salaries and expenses",

4 \$543,100;

5 Government in the Territories:

6 Territory of Alaska: "Expenses of the offices of the

7 Governor and the Secretary", \$3,000;

8 Territory of Hawaii: "Expenses of the offices of

9 the Governor and the Secretary", \$1,100;

10 Government of the Virgin Islands: "Salaries of the

11 Governor and employees", \$7,370;

12 Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

13 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

14 For—

15 Legal activities and general administration:

16 "Office of the Attorney General", \$9,600;

17 "Office of the Solicitor General", \$5,000;

18 "Office of Assistant to the Attorney General",

19 \$16,000;

20 "Administrative Division", \$201,500;

21 "Tax Division", \$87,700;

22 "Criminal Division", \$11,300;

23 "Claims Division", \$129,000;

24 "Office of the Assistant Solicitor General", \$15,000;

- 1 “Office of Pardon Attorney”, \$4,000;
- 2 “Salaries and expenses, Customs Division”, \$18,000;
- 3 “Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division”,
- 4 \$175,000;
- 5 “Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field”,
- 6 \$18,000;
- 7 “Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so
- 8 forth”, \$599,000;
- 9 “Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth”,
- 10 \$7,900;
- 11 “Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth,”
- 12 \$507,000;
- 13 “Pay and expenses of bailiffs”, \$39,000;
- 14 Federal Bureau of Investigation: “Salaries and expenses,
- 15 detection and prosecution of crimes”, \$1,249,000;
- 16 Immigration and Naturalization Service: “Salaries and
- 17 expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service”,
- 18 \$3,720,000;
- 19 Federal Prison System:
- 20 “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons”,
- 21 \$53,800;
- 22 “Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional insti-
- 23 tutions”, \$3,639,000;
- 24 “Medical and hospital service”, \$224,700;
- 25 Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For—

Office of the Secretary:

“Salaries”, \$68,600;

“Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor”, \$110,900;

“Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards”, \$23,500;

“Commissioners of Conciliation”, \$59,050;

“Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense)”, \$206,300;

Bureau of Labor Statistics:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$215,100;

“Salaries and expenses (national defense)”, \$423,700;

Children’s Bureau:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$55,460;

“Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions”, \$35,970;

“Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare”, \$59,170;

“Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and infant care (national defense)”, \$5,750;

Women’s Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, \$33,500;

Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries”, \$635,200;

1 War manpower functions:

2 "Apprentice training service", \$73,100;

3 "Employment office facilities and services".

4 \$5,504,800;

5 Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

6 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

7 (Out of the Postal Revenues)

8 For—

9 Post Office Department, Washington, District of Co-
10 lumbia:

11 "Office of the Postmaster General: "Salaries",
12 \$52,800;

13 Salaries in bureaus and offices:

14 "Office of Budget and Administrative Plan-
15 ning", \$5,300;

16 "Office of the First Assistant Postmaster Gen-
17 eral", \$138,000;

18 "Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster Gen-
19 eral", \$140,400;

20 "Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster Gen-
21 eral", \$202,700;

22 "Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster Gen-
23 eral", \$93,000;

24 "Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office De-
25 partment", \$18,770;

1 "Office of the Chief Inspector", \$59,100;

2 "Office of the Purchasing Agent", \$11,500;

3 "Bureau of Accounts", \$57,100;

4 Field Service, Post Office Department:

5 Office of Chief Inspector:

6 "Salaries of inspectors", \$563,900;

7 "Clerks, division headquarters", \$187,300;

8 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

9 "Rural Delivery Service", \$17,385,000;

10 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

11 "Post office stationery, equipment, and sup-
12 plies", \$20,700;

13 "Pneumatic-tube service, New York City,
14 \$52,800;

15 Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

16 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary of State:

19 "Salaries", \$1,861,810;

20 "Passport agencies", \$10,410;

21 "Collecting and editing official papers of Territories
22 of the United States", \$400;

23 Foreign Service:

24 "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", \$13,000;

25 "Salaries, Foreign Service officers", \$294,000;

1 “Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service”, \$518,150;

2 “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign
3 Service”, \$55,850;

4 “Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)”, \$400,-
5 000;

6 International obligations:

7 “Salaries and expenses, International Boundary
8 Commission, United States and Mexico”,
9 \$61,400;

10 “Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in
11 the El Paso-Juarez Valley”, \$9,800;

12 “International Boundary Commission, United
13 States and Canada and Alaska and Canada”,
14 \$2,530;

15 “Salaries and expenses, International Joint Com-
16 mission, United States and Great Britain”,
17 \$3,080;

18 “Special and technical investigations, International
19 Joint Commission, United States and Great
20 Britain”, \$8,300;

21 “Cooperation with the American republics”, \$98,-
22 370;

23 Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries", \$57,400;

Division of Tax Research: "Salaries", \$25,200;

Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: "Salaries", \$11,800;

Division of Research and Statistics: "Salaries", \$26,600;

Office of General Counsel: "Salaries", \$21,800;

Division of Personnel: "Salaries", \$32,200;

Office of Chief Clerk: "Salaries", \$68,200;

Fiscal service:

Bureau of Accounts:

"Salaries and expenses", \$180,800;

"Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses", \$1,075,900;

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt", \$7,612,000;

Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

"Salaries and expenses", \$881,700;

"Salaries (reimbursable)", \$17,300;

Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses", \$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: "Salaries", \$44,200;

1 Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses",
2 \$178,800;

3 Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and
4 expenses", \$1,035,700;

5 Secret Service Division:

6 "White House Police", \$49,500;

7 Bureau of the Mint:

8 "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director",
9 \$23,000;

10 "Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices,"
11 \$242,900;

12 Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$70,900;

13 Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

14 WAR DEPARTMENT

15 For—

16 The Panama Canal:

17 "Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal",
18 \$587,000;

19 "Sanitation, Canal Zone", \$477,000;

20 "Civil government", \$361,000;

21 Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

22 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

23 For—

24 General administration:

25 "Executive office", \$17,550;

1 "Office of the corporation counsel", \$17,720;

2 "Board of Tax Appeals", \$2,790;

3 Fiscal Service:

4 "Assessor's office", \$45,870;

5 "Collector's office", \$19,530;

6 "Auditor's office", \$36,400;

7 "Purchasing Division", \$7,640;

8 Regulatory agencies:

9 "Alcoholic Beverage Control Board", \$6,210;

10 "Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole",
11 \$4,840;

12 "Coroner's office", \$7,050;

13 "Department of Insurance", \$7,300;

14 "Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets",
15 \$19,670;

16 "Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board", \$6,-
17 750;

18 "Office of Administrator of Rent Control", \$6,510;

19 "Office of Recorder of Deeds", \$32,500;

20 "Poundmaster's office", \$9,230;

21 "Public Utilities Commission", \$14,320;

22 "Zoning Commission", \$2,170;

23 Public schools:

24 Operating expenses:

25 "General administration", \$71,330;

- 1 “General supervision and instruction”, \$1,355,-
2 160;
3 “Vocational education, George-Deen program”,
4 \$16,350;
5 “Operation of buildings and maintenance of
6 equipment”, \$386,460;
7 “Public Library”, \$112,740;
8 Recreation Department: “Operating expenses”, \$56,-
9 410;
10 “Metropolitan Police”, \$777,040;
11 “Fire Department”, \$383,400;
12 “Policemen’s and Firemen’s Relief”, \$292,190;
13 Courts:
14 “Juvenile court”, \$27,260;
15 “Psychiatric service, juvenile court”, \$1,360;
16 “Municipal court”, \$45,440;
17 “Municipal court of appeals”, \$5,000;
18 “Probation system”, \$4,920;
19 “Office of Register of Wills”, \$13,730;
20 “Commission on Mental Health”, \$2,840;
21 Health Department:
22 “Health Department (excluding hospitals)”, \$209,-
23 010;
24 “Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium”, \$225,400;

1 “Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital”,
2 \$504,130;

3 Public welfare:

4 “Office of the Director”, \$7,920;

5 Family Welfare Service:

6 “Operating expenses, child care”, \$20,000;

7 “Adult assistance”, \$32,700;

8 “Operating expenses, institutions for the indi-
9 gent”, \$55,730;

10 Juvenile Correctional Service: “Operating ex-
11 penses”, \$65,410;

12 Adult Correctional Service: “Operating expenses”,
13 \$279,740;

14 Mental Rehabilitation Service:

15 “Operating expenses, District Training School”,
16 \$111,300;

17 “Saint Elizabeths Hospital”, \$903,400;

18 Public works:

19 “Office of chief clerk”, \$4,560;

20 “Office of Municipal Architect”, \$13,800;

21 “Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of
22 District Buildings”, \$91,650;

23 “Surveyor’s office”, \$7,960;

24 “Department of Inspections”, \$60,550;

1 “Operating expenses, Electrical Division”, \$49,790;
2 “Central garage”, \$4,200;
3 “Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from
4 highway fund)”, \$40,500;
5 “Reimbursement of other appropriations (payable
6 from highway fund)”, \$109,600;
7 “Operating expenses, Refuse Division”, \$46,900;
8 “Operating expenses, Sewer Division”, \$59,260;
9 “Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from
10 water fund)”, \$83,650;
11 Washington Aqueduct: “Operating expenses (payable
12 from water fund)”, \$22,360;
13 “National Capital Parks”, \$96,420;
14 “National Capital Park and Planning Commission”,
15 \$7,410;
16 “National Zoological Park”, \$65,670;
17 Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

18 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

19 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
20 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
21 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
22 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

23 SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations

1 or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the
2 fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be expended
3 for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts which
4 may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations,
5 are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet increased
6 pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public
7 Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945
8 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158),
9 and other legislation enacted during or applicable to the fiscal
10 year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian employees
11 of the Government.

12 TITLE III—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED
13 CLAIMS

14 PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

15 SEC. 301. (a) For the payment of claims for damages
16 to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and deter-
17 mined by the following respective departments and independ-
18 ent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act
19 to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising
20 against the Government of the United States in the sum
21 not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December
22 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House

1 Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as
2 follows:

3 Executive Office of the President:

4 Office for Emergency Management:

5 Office of Scientific Research and Development,
6 \$45;

7 Independent offices:

8 Selective Service System, \$256.98;

9 Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

10 Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

11 Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

12 Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

13 Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

14 Department of Justice, \$13.50;

15 Department of Labor, \$15.50;

16 Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

17 Post Office Department (payable from postal reve-
18 nues), \$1,117;

19 Treasury Department, \$269.94;

20 In all, \$16,966.95;

21 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

22 SEC. 302. (a) For the payment of final judgments, in-
23 cluding costs of suits, which have been rendered under the
24 provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act
25 to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government

1 of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act
2 of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have
3 been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House Docu-
4 ment Numbered 477, under the following agencies:

5 Executive Office of the President:

6 Office for Emergency Management:

7 War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

8 Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

9 Treasury Department, \$4,000;

10 War Department, \$4,762.84;

11 In all, \$20,924.08, together with such additional sum
12 as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified
13 in the judgments.

14 (b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of
15 suits, rendered against the Government of the United States
16 by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act
17 entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States
18 in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services
19 rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and
20 for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C.
21 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House
22 Document Numbered 472, under the following agencies:

23 Navy Department, \$35,000;

24 War Department, \$9,731.68;

25 In all, \$44,731.68, together with such additional sum

1 as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified
2 in the judgments.

3 (c) None of the judgments contained under this caption
4 shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except
5 such as has become final and conclusive against the United
6 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

7 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

8 SEC. 303. (a) For payment of judgments rendered by
9 the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth
10 Congress in House Document Numbered 476, under the fol-
11 lowing agencies, namely:

12 Independent offices:

13 Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;

14 Federal Works Agency:

15 Public Buildings Administration, \$9,000;

16 Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;

17 Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;

18 Department of the Interior:

19 Civil, \$266,253.85;

20 Indians, \$1,808.73;

21 Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

22 Navy Department, \$1,787.62;

23 Treasury Department, \$120,819.71;

24 War Department, \$112,303.37;

1 In all, \$589,033.86, together with such additional
2 amount as may be necessary to pay interest as and where
3 specified in the judgments;

4 (b) None of the judgments contained under this caption
5 shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired
6 except such as have become final and conclusive against the
7 United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

8 Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments
9 contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for
10 more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

11 AUDITED CLAIMS

12 SEC. 304. (a) For the payment of claims certified to
13 be due by the General Accounting Office under appropria-
14 tions the balances of which have been carried to the surplus
15 fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June
16 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations
17 heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of
18 the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated,
19 and which have been certified to Congress under section 2
20 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set
21 forth in House Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Con-
22 gress, there is appropriated the sum of \$10,194,651.06,
23 together with such additional sum due to increases in rates
24 of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the for-

1 eign currency and interest as specified in certain of the
2 settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed
3 and accounted for as a single fund; \$446.24, payable from
4 District of Columbia revenues, and \$549,355.34, payable
5 from postal revenues; in all, \$10,744,452.64.

6 (b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General
7 Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act
8 for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service
9 of the United States mustered into service for the War with
10 Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands
11 after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899",
12 approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-
13 sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the
14 Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July
15 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in
16 House Document Numbered 474, \$417.38.

17 TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

18 SEC. 401. No part of any appropriation contained in
19 this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
20 person who advocates, or who is a member of an organiza-
21 tion that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the
22 United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the
23 purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie
24 evidence that the person making the affidavit does not ad-
25 vocate, and is not a member of an organization that advo-

1 cates, the overthrow of the Government of the United
2 States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any per-
3 son who advocates, or who is a member of an organization
4 that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the
5 United States by force or violence and accepts employment
6 the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropria-
7 tion contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and,
8 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
9 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided*
10 *further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to,
11 and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing
12 law.

13 SEC. 402. This Act may be cited as the "Second
14 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946".

Passed the House of Representatives March 27, 1946.

Attest:

SOUTH TRIMBLE,

Clerk.



AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

MARCH 28 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Appropriations

H. R. 5890

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 3 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. GREEN to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, viz:

- 1** On page 3, between lines 9 and 10, insert the following:

- ## 2 “ERECTION OF A STATUE OF GEORGE WASHINGTON ON THE

- ## 3 CAPITOL GROUNDS

- 4 “To enable the Architect of the Capitol to acquire a

- 5 statue of George Washington and a suitable granite pedestal

- 6 upon which to erect such statue and to defray all expenses

- 7** of erecting such statue upon the Capitol Grounds, all as

- 8 authorized by the Act of June 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 299),

- 9 \$25,000.”

79TH CONGRESS
2^D Session

H. R. 5890

AMENDMENT

Intended to be proposed by Mr. Green to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

April 3 (legislative day, March 5), 1946

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and
ordered to be printed

DIGEST OF
CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS
OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Legislative Reports and Service Section
(For Department staff only)

Issued April 25, 1946
For actions of April 23 & 24, 1946
79th-2nd, Nos. 75 & 76

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F.C.A.....	2	Price control.....	5,15	Wool.....	4

HIGHLIGHTS: Senate committee reported second deficiency appropriation bill. Senate committee reported process or renovated butter bill. Sen. Taft discussed international commodity agreements and Sen. Bilbo claimed that U.S. cannot sell cotton to England at a world price-level.

NOTE: Senate hearings on 1947 Agricultural Appropriation bill have been scheduled to begin at 11:00 a.m., Mon., Apr. 29.

SENATE - April 23

1. RECESSED until Wed., Apr. 24 (p. 4177).

SENATE - April 24

2. **SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946.** The Appropriations Committee reported with amendments this bill, H. R. 5890 (S. Rept. 1236) (p. 4130). Department of Agriculture items covering additional funds for the fiscal year 1946 contained in this bill and a comparison of the budget estimates and amounts provided by the House bill are reflected in the tabulation below:

	Budget estimates	House Bill	Senate Committee Bill
Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine: Insect investigations (spruce budworm) ...	\$32,000	\$32,000	\$32,000
Insect and plant disease control:			
Pink bollworm control	150,000	- -	150,000
Gypsy and brown-tail moth control ..	200,000	20,000	200,000
Forest Service:			
National forest protection and management (rehabilitation of recreational areas)	1,000,000	168,000	500,000
Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas (FSA) (additional loan funds for repair and development of water facilities)	500,000	200,000	500,000
Conservation and use of agricultural land resources:			
Increase of \$600,000 in limitation on administrative expenses for			

measuring flue-cured tobacco
acres by county conserva-
tion associations

Approved Approved Approved

In addition, the Committee restored \$295,020 under Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency, for the return of FCA to Washington from Kansas City, Mo.

The bill includes the following changes of interest to the Department:

Appropriates \$20,000 additional for the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures; \$2,730,000 for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds, FWA; \$14,000 for Grazing Service; \$39,700 for halibut allocation program, Fish and Wildlife Service; and \$5,577.86 for this Department's claims as set forth in S. Docs. 161 and 162.

Excerpts from the Committee report:

"The committee is recommending an item of \$295,020 for the return of the Farm Credit Administration to Washington from Kansas City, Mo. Certain employees have already been returned to Washington and the amount included in this bill will complete the transfer of the remaining employees. It is understood that the space vacated by the Farm Credit Administration is urgently needed to house activities of the Veterans' Administration."

"Under Executive Order No. 9649, dated Oct. 29, 1945, the Office of Fishery Coordination was abolished. The order provided, however, that the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Fish and Wildlife Service, could continue to exercise the continuing functions of that office. At the time the estimates for the fiscal year 1947 were prepared it was believed that there would be no need for continuing any of the activities beyond June 30, 1946. However, the Fish and Wildlife Service has been requested by the Office of Price Administration and by the United States Department of Agriculture to administer an allocation program for Pacific halibut during the season which begins May 1, and ends in November 1946."

3. BUTTER. The Finance Committee reported without amendment H.R. 3611, to authorize this Department to condemn materials which are intended for use in process or renovated butter and which is unfit for human consumption (S. Rept. 1240) (p. 4180).
4. BRITISH LOAN. Continued debate on S. J. Res. 138, to authorize the loan to Great Britain (pp. 4185-207). During the debate Sen. Taft, Ohio, discussed international commodity agreements, mentioning the war-time agreements on sugar, wheat, and coffee and stating that there is a "strong movement for the imposition of quotas on wool" (p. 4193). Sen. Bilbo, Miss., claimed that England proposes to buy cotton at world price-levels and that the U.S. cannot sell cotton at that level without Government subsidies (p. 4197).
5. PRICE CONTROL. Received a Calif. school petition urging the continuation of price control (p. 4180).
6. CIVIL SERVICE. Received from the President CSC's proposed legislation to amend the Classification Act of 1923 to bring about uniformity and coordination in the allocation of field and departmental positions under the grades of this Act to the Civil Service Committee. (p. 4179).
7. RESEARCH. Sen. Wiley, Wis., inserted a statement indicating his opposition to S. 1850, to create a National Science Foundation (p. 4207).



United States
of America

Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 79th CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Vol. 92

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1946

No. 76

House of Representatives

The House was not in session today. Its next meeting will be held on Tuesday, April 30, 1946, at 12 o'clock noon.

Senate

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1946

(Legislative day of Tuesday, March 5, 1946)

The Senate met at 12 o'clock meridian, on the expiration of the recess.

Rev. Emory Stevens Bucke, editor, Zion's Herald, Boston, Mass., offered the following prayer:

Great and good God, Thou who has endowed all men with a chance for greatness, give us the will to know Thy will.

Thou who hast made us stewards of brotherhood under Thy fatherhood, bless our Nation and the nations of the world, that Thy children may regain a sense of moral responsibility.

We pray for these servants of Thy children. Make this a truly great body because of the revelation of Thy will. Gird them up and make them strong that the Nation may take its rightful place in restoring a broken and disillusioned world.

Give us the power to aid the suffering millions of the world. Help us to realize that no man liveth unto himself and that the welfare of all determines the welfare of each.

Forgive us our sins, confirm us in Thy love, and may Thy will be done through the United Nations. This we pray in Thy name. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

On request of Mr. BARKLEY, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of the calendar days Monday, April 22, 1946, and Tuesday, April 23, 1946, was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE STONE

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, it was a great regret to me that when the Senate convened yesterday I was attending a meeting of the Committee on Military Affairs, and was therefore unable to be present in the Senate at the time when

tribute was paid to my beloved friend, the distinguished late Chief Justice of the United States.

At this time I merely wish to take the opportunity to express my own sense of loss in the passing of this great jurist. He was not only a great jurist, but in my case had been a lifelong friend. I attended the Columbia Law School some years ago when Mr. Justice Stone was an instructor in law there, and he was one of the first men to inspire me with an interest in the affairs of our country and our legal system.

I felt that I must add this word of brief tribute to the memory of the late Chief Justice, and this expression of the great affection I have borne for him and Mrs. Stone during a great portion of my life.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. BUTLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent of the Senate to be absent from attendance at the sessions of the Senate for a few days.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, leave is granted.

ENROLLED BILLS PRESENTED

The Secretary of the Senate reported that on April 22, 1946, he had presented to the President of the United States the following enrolled bills:

S. 1152. An act to effectuate the purposes of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes;

S. 1610. An act for the rehabilitation of the Philippines; and

S. 1757. An act to amend the Surplus Property Act of 1944 with reference to veterans' preference, and for other purposes.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore laid before the Senate the following letters, which were referred as indicated:

AUTHORIZATION FOR UNITED STATES PARK POLICE TO MAKE CERTAIN ARRESTS WITHIN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

A letter from the Secretary of the Interior, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to authorize the United States Park Police to make arrests within Federal reservations in the environs of the District of Columbia (with an accompanying paper); to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

LEGISLATION PASSED BY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF ST. THOMAS AND ST. JOHN, AND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

A letter from the Secretary of the Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, copies of legislation passed by the Municipal Council of St. Thomas and St. John, and by the Legislative Assembly of the Virgin Islands (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Territories and Insular Affairs.

AMENDMENT OF CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1923

A letter from the President of the United States Civil Service Commission, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation further to amend the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; to bring about uniformity and coordination in the allocation of field and departmental positions under the grades of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and for other purposes (with an accompanying paper); to the Committee on Civil Service.

REPORT OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE TRUST FUND

A letter from the Board of Trustees of the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, transmitting, pursuant to law, the sixth annual report of that Board of Trustees, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1945 (with an accompanying report); to the Committee on Finance.

COMPLETION OF PAN-AMERICAN HIGHWAY

The PRESIDENT pro tempore laid before the Senate a letter from the Secretary of State, transmitting translations of certain documents, which were referred to the Committee on Foreign Re-

tations and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, April 19, 1946.

The Honorable KENNETH MCKELLAR,
President pro tempore,
United States Senate.

MY DEAR SENATOR MCKELLAR: I am transmitting herewith copies of a translation of a motion passed by the Costa Rican Congress on April 3, 1946 commissioning Señor Rafael Angel Grillo, the President of Congress, to present special greetings to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States during a visit which he intends shortly to make to this country. Also, I am enclosing copies of a translation of a note dated April 8, 1946 from the Costa Rican Minister of Foreign Affairs to the Ambassador of the United States at San José. These documents are self-explanatory.

Señor Grillo will cease to be a member of the Costa Rican Congress on May 1, 1946, on which date the recently elected members will take office. Señor Grillo did not run for reelection, and it is understood that he intends to return to the practice of medicine. Undoubtedly, he will continue to be an influential figure in Costa Rican politics.

Sincerely yours,

JAMES F. BYRNES.

[Enclosures: 1, Two copies of translation of motion of April 3; 2, Two copies of translation of note dated April 8.]

[Translation]

CONSTITUTIONAL CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF
COSTA RICA

Motion of Congressmen Quirós Troyo, Volio Guardia, Fonseca Chamier, and Muñoz Fonseca, approved by the Constitutional Congress in its session of April 3, 1946:

"That, in view of the coming trip of the President of Congress, Señor Rafael Angel Grillo, to the United States of America, the Chamber entrusts to him the mission of presenting to the Senate and House of Representatives of that great nation a fraternal greeting, and of expressing to them the desire of our congress—which interprets the feelings of the country—that the appropriation of the funds required for finishing the Pan-American highway be approved."

[Translation]

Note of April 8, 1946 from Costa Rican Minister of Foreign Affairs to the Ambassador of the United States at San José:

"For your information and for whatever action Your Excellency cares to take I have the honor to give the literal text of a letter from R. A. Grillo, President of Congress:

"Mr. Minister, the Constitutional Congress has designated me to give, as its representative, a greeting to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and has asked me to express its wish that the bill may be acted favorably upon which destines funds for the termination of the inter-American highway. I would thank you to communicate this designation to the American embassy here and to our embassy in Washington in order that arrangements may be made for the realization of the wishes of Congress. I shall leave for the United States on April 21. Moreover, in addition to the above mission, I plan to deliver personally to the wife of ex-President Roosevelt the parchment on which is written the legislative decree which as a posthumous homage gives Costa Rican honorary citizenship to the illustrious ex-President Franklin D. Roosevelt."

"With sentiments of my highest and most distinguished consideration, Julio Acosta."

PETITIONS

Petitions were laid before the Senate, or presented, and referred as indicated:

By the PRESIDENT pro tempore:

A telegram in the nature of a petition from the faculty of the John Muir Junior High School, of Los Angeles, Calif., signed by Geraldine Schwaderer, chairman, praying for the continuation of the Office of Price Administration; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. SALTONSTALL (for himself and Mr. WALSH):

Resolutions of the General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; to the Committee on Finance:

"Resolution memorializing Congress to amend the Federal laws relative to matching by the Federal Government of amounts expended by States and their political subdivisions on account of old-age assistance

"Resolved, That the General Court of Massachusetts hereby urges the Congress of the United States to immediately pass legislation to so amend the Federal old-age assistance law as to permit the matching with Federal funds of all amounts expended by States or their political subdivisions on account of old-age assistance; and be it further

"Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent by the State secretary to the President of the United States, the President pro tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Members of Congress from Massachusetts."

COMPULSORY FEDERAL HEALTH
SERVICE

Mr. CAPPER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to present for appropriate reference and to have printed in the RECORD a letter I have received from William Docking, a prominent businessman of Lawrence, Kans., who opposes compulsory Federal health service and endorses the Blue Cross health system now in operation in his city.

There being no objection, the letter was received, referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Lawrence, Kans., April 3, 1946.

HON. ARTHUR CAPPER,
United States Senate,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR SENATOR: We have been reading a good deal about the compulsory Federal health service.

I presume you are familiar with the Blue Cross system for which there are a number of groups formed in Lawrence. We have one in the bank here and the bank pays the fees on the hospital bills for its employees.

This matter will all work itself out privately and at vastly less expense than would be incurred by a Washington bureau and a vast addition to the taxes. A great many of the large concerns for a long time have had the employees protected in this way and this Blue Cross affair is to cover the unprotected in the smaller concerns. Farmers can join by forming groups.

I certainly hope that the Federal scheme will not pass as no one can tell what it will cost, but plenty.

Yours very truly,

WILLIAM DOCKING.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. MCKELLAR, from the Committee on Appropriations:

H. R. 5890. A bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes; with amendments (Rept. No. 1236).

By Mr. BILBO, from the Committee on the District of Columbia:

S. 1955. A bill to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to provide necessary utilities for veterans' housing furnished and erected by the National Housing Administrator; with amendments (Rept. No. 1237).

By Mr. LA FOLLETTE, from the Committee on Finance:

H. R. 3611. A bill to authorize the condemnation of materials which are intended for use in process or renovated butter and which are unfit for human consumption, and for other purposes; without amendment (Rept. No. 1240).

By Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Naval Affairs:

H. R. 5641. A bill to authorize the attendance of the Marine Band at the national convention of the United Spanish War Veterans to be held in Milwaukee, Wis., August 4 to 10, inclusive, 1946; without amendment (Rept. No. 1239); and

H. J. Res. 307. Joint resolution to authorize the use of naval vessels to determine the effect of atomic weapons upon such vessels; with amendments (Rept. No. 1238).

By Mr. ELLENDER, from the Committee on Claims:

H. R. 3506. A bill for the relief of Mary A. Wallis; without amendment (Rept. No. 1241);

H. R. 3556. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Glen Rothenberger; without amendment (Rept. No. 1242);

H. R. 4141. A bill for the relief of Plombo Bros. & Co.; without amendment (Rept. No. 1243);

H. R. 4237. A bill for the relief of the estate of Vedal B. Brooks, deceased; Mrs. Katherine I. Brooks; and the legal guardian of Sally Brooks, a minor; without amendment (Rept. No. 1244);

H. R. 4244. A bill for the relief of Fundador Nieves del Valle; without amendment (Rept. No. 1245);

H. R. 4670. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Edna B. LaBlanc; without amendment (Rept. No. 1246);

H. R. 4777. A bill for the relief of the Sawtooth Co.; without amendment (Rept. No. 1247);

H. R. 4832. A bill for the relief of Stanley B. Reeves and Mrs. Stanley B. Reeves; without amendment (Rept. No. 1248);

H. R. 4885. A bill for the relief of Ernst V. Brender; without amendment (Rept. No. 1249);

H. R. 4977. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Theresa Ebrecht; without amendment (Rept. No. 1250);

H. R. 5049. A bill for the relief of the estate of Obaldino Francis Dias; without amendment (Rept. No. 1251); and

H. R. 5307. A bill for the relief of Ben V. King; without amendment (Rept. No. 1252).

By Mr. CAPPER, from the Committee on Claims:

H. R. 3378. A bill for the relief of Dr. John A. Logan; without amendment (Rept. No. 1253);

H. R. 3822. A bill for the relief of the estate of Charles M. Overcash, deceased; without amendment (Rept. No. 1254); and

H. R. 4405. A bill for the relief of John Bakelaar; without amendment (Rept. No. 1255).

By Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on Claims:

H. R. 4633. A bill for the relief of John B. Clausen; without amendment (Rept. No. 1256); and

[SUBCOMMITTEE PRINT]

Calendar No.

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

[Report No.]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 28 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

APRIL , 1946

Reported by Mr. -----, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply de-
5 ficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending
6 June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supple-
7 mental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
8 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

1 TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

2 LEGISLATIVE

3 SENATE

4 *For payment to Orja L. Sutliff for services rendered in*
5 *the office of Senator Charles O. Andrews while on terminal*
6 *military leave from September 10 to October 31, 1945, in*
7 *accordance with the provisions of Public Law Numbered*
8 *226, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 21, 1945,*
9 *\$840.34, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of*
10 *officers and employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1946.*

11 *Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For*
12 *payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries*
13 *and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Reve-*
14 *nue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946, \$3,000.*

15 *Senate restaurants: For payment to the Architect of the*
16 *Capitol in accordance with the Act approved September 9,*
17 *1942, fiscal year 1946, \$6,000.*

18 *For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, exclu-*
19 *sive of labor, fiscal year 1946, \$260,000.*

20 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

21 *To pay the widow of William Olin Burgin, late a Rep-*
22 *resentative from the State of North Carolina, \$10,000.*

23 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

24 *Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for*
25 *miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.*

1 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for steno-
 2 graphic reports of hearings of committees other than special
 3 and select committees, fiscal year 1946, ~~\$5,000~~ \$15,000.

4 Special and select committees: For an additional amount
 5 for expenses of special and select committees authorized by
 6 the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

7 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
 8 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
 9 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal
 10 Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946,
 11 \$3,000.

12 Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for
 13 telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,
 14 fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

15 Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery
 16 (additional allowance second session, of the Seventy-ninth
 17 Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

18 COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

19 *For an amount which is hereby authorized to enable the*
 20 *Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Ex-*
 21 *penditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section*
 22 *601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain*
 23 *available during the existence of the committee, \$20,000, one-*
 24 *half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the*

1 *other half by the Clerk of the House on vouchers approved by*
 2 *the chairman of the committee.*

3 ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

4 CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

5 Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for
 6 lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and
 7 House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to
 8 remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects
 10 specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

12 *Erection of a statue of George Washington on the*
 13 *Capitol Grounds: To enable the Architect of the Capitol*
 14 *to acquire a statue of George Washington and a suitable*
 15 *granite pedestal upon which to erect such statue and to*
 16 *defray all expenses of erecting such statue upon the Capitol*
 17 *Grounds, all as authorized by the Act of June 11, 1940*
 18 *(54 Stat. 299), \$25,000.*

19 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

20 BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

21 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 22 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

23 COMMITTEE ON FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE

24 *For an additional amount for the Committee on Fair*
 25 *Employment Practice to meet increased pay costs authorized*

1 by the Act of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), and to
2 provide for lump-sum terminal leave as authorized by the
3 Act of December 21, 1944 (Public Law 525, Seventy-
4 eighth Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$27,600, to be expended
5 prior to June 1, 1946.

6 PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR

7 Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropri-
8 ation "Salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for
9 War", in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act,
10 1946, on the amount which may be expended for printing
11 and binding is hereby increased from "\$20,000" to
12 "\$30,000".

13 WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION

14 War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: The
15 amount that may be used for administrative expenses for the
16 fiscal year 1946 under the head "War Shipping Administra-
17 tion, revolving fund" is hereby increased by \$3,325,000.

18 INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

19 CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

20 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
21 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
22 specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-
23 priation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation
24 on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby
25 increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Enforcement operations: For an additional amount fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "\$680,000" to "\$692,000".

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Hospitals and medical care"; including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$748,000~~ \$1,348,000.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Return of departmental functions to the seat of government: For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Govern-

1 ment as are designated from time to time by the President,
2 which were removed from, or established at places other than,
3 the seat of government by reason of the national emergency,
4 including the expenses of travel of employees transferred,
5 including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of trans-
6 portation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel
7 performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation
8 of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing,
9 crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpack-
10 ing, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in
11 an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated
12 and eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated,
13 in accordance with regulations approved by the President;
14 and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5
15 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees,
16 plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member
17 of immediate families of employees; ~~\$200,000~~ \$495,020, to
18 remain available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to
19 the seat of government of Government-owned or leased furni-
20 ture, equipment, supplies, and other property and household
21 goods and personal effects of employees, and costs of restora-
22 tion of leased office space when required, may be accom-
23 plished without regard to section 3709 of the Revised
24 Statutes: *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the

1 seat of government, in accordance with a designation of the
 2 President as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval
 3 of this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other
 4 allowances authorized by other law in connection with change
 5 of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein
 6 authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and
 7 excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal
 8 effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That
 9 such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of
 10 Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred
 11 to other agencies concerned for the payment to the trans-
 12 ferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

13 *Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in*
 14 *the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For an addi-*
 15 *tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses,*
 16 *public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia*
 17 *and adjacent area", including the objects specified under*
 18 *this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946,*
 19 *\$1,780,000.*

20 *Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds out-*
 21 *side the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,*
 22 *fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings*
 23 *and grounds outside the District of Columbia", including the*
 24 *objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices*
 25 *Appropriation Act, 1946, \$950,000.*

1,780,000
 2,730,000

PUBLIC ROADS ~~ADMINISTRATOR~~ ADMINISTRATION

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set forth in *Senate Document Numbered 163*, and *House Document Numbered 475*, Seventy-ninth Congress, ~~\$684,193.83~~ \$780,379.53.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed \$400,000 from the sources specified under said head.

NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitra-

tion, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$140,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$18,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For

1 *an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and*
2 *expenses, National Gallery of Art", including the objects*
3 *specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-*
4 *priation Act, 1946, \$16,000.*

5 **TARIFF COMMISSION**

6 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
7 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Com-
8 mission", including the objects specified under this head
9 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946,
10 \$53,000.

11 **UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION**

12 *The amount that may be used for administrative ex-*
13 *penses in the fiscal year 1946 under the head "United States*
14 *Maritime Commission" is hereby increased by \$1,330,000,*
15 *and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for*
16 *attendance at meetings is hereby increased by \$1,000.*

17 **VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION**

18 Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1,
19 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army
20 and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the pay-
21 ment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of
22 Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

23 Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105
24 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon
25 "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

1 OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

2 Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this
3 appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available
4 and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of
5 the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study
6 of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the
7 Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum;
8 printing and binding; and objects specified under the head
9 "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Ap-
10 propriation Act, 1946.

11 *DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA*12 *HEALTH DEPARTMENT*

13 *Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For*
14 *an additional amount for the fiscal year 1946 for all expenses*
15 *necessary for Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuber-*
16 *culosis Hospital at Fourteenth and Upshur Streets North-*
17 *west, including the objects specified under this head in the*
18 *District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$7,000.*

19 *PUBLIC WORKS*

20 *Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For an additional*
21 *amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Sewer Di-*
22 *vision", including the objects specified under this head in*
23 *the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$300,000,*
24 *to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

1 *Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from*
2 *water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,*
3 *for “Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from*
4 *water fund)”, including the objects specified under this head*
5 *in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946,*
6 *\$75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

7 *Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water*
8 *fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for*
9 *“Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water*
10 *fund)”, including the objects specified under this head in*
11 *the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946,*
12 *\$200,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

14 *The sums appropriated in this Act for the District*
15 *of Columbia, shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be*
16 *paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia,*
17 *as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act,*
18 *1946.*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

22 Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal
23 year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture
2 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

3 Insect and plant disease control: For an additional
4 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease
5 control", ~~\$20,000~~ \$350,000.

6 FOREST SERVICE

7 National forest protection and management: For an
8 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest
9 protection and management", including the objects specified
10 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appro-
11 priation Act, 1946, ~~\$168,000~~ \$500,000.

12 PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

13 CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

14 RESOURCES

15 The limitation on the amount which may be expended
16 for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head
17 in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946,
18 and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is
19 hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

20 WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

21 Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an addi-
22 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid
23 and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under
24 this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation
25 Act, 1946, ~~\$200,000~~ \$500,000.

1 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

2 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

3 Declassification and technical services: For an addi-
4 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and
5 technical services", including the objects specified under
6 this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946,
7 \$400,000.

8 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
9 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

10 OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

11 General administration, Office of the Administrator: For
12 an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General admin-
13 istration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects
14 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
15 Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$39,000~~ \$59,000.

16 Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an addi-
17 tional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the De-
19 partment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000,
20 and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during
21 the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to
22 the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget,
23 air-navigation and communication facilities, including appur-
24 tenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

25 Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities:

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
2 nance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
3 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
4 Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$749,655~~ \$924,600.

5 Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional
6 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regulations", including the objects specified under this head in
7 tions", including the objects specified under this head in
8 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
9 \$364,000.

10 Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional
11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of
12 aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in
13 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
14 \$103,705.

15 Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
16 port: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Main-
17 tenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
18 including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

19 Construction, Washington National Airport: For the
20 construction of one hangar and the installation of additional
21 paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft,
22 \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.
23

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, departmental", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000" to "\$1,881,000".

Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

PATENT OFFICE

Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents,

1 designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official
 2 Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900
 3 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

4 WEATHER BUREAU

5 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 6 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
 7 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
 8 Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$535,000~~ \$1,035,000, and the
 9 limitation upon the amount which may be expended for
 10 departmental personal services in the District of Columbia
 11 is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to ~~"\$1,170,000"~~
 12 *"\$1,175,000": Provided, That in the conduct of meteor-*
 13 *ological investigations by the Weather Bureau in the Arctic*
 14 *region, the War Department is authorized in the fiscal*
 15 *year 1946, subject to the approval of the Director of the*
 16 *Bureau of the Budget, to transfer without charge to the*
 17 *Weather Bureau materials, equipment, and supplies, surplus*
 18 *to the needs of the War Department and necessary for the*
 19 *establishment, maintenance, and operation of Arctic weather*
 20 *stations.*

21 GENERAL PROVISIONS

22 The provision in the Department of Commerce Appro-
 23 priation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Com-
 24 merce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of
 25 the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and

1 the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment
2 of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods
3 of officers and employees on change of official station, is
4 hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of
5 transportation of the immediate families of such officers and
6 employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

7 The provision in the Department of Commerce Approp-
8 priation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations
9 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945,
10 available for travel shall be available for the traveling ex-
11 penses of the immediate families of officers and employees
12 of the Department who were returned from points outside
13 the United States during the war is hereby amended by
14 extending said authority to apply to the appropriations avail-
15 able for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
16 tion Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the
17 amount which may be expended under said authority, as
18 amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

19 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

20 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

21 Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
22 for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head
23 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

24 GRAZING SERVICE

25 *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*

1 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
 2 specified under this head in the Interior Department Approp-
 3 priation Act, 1946, \$14,000.

4 Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 5 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified
 6 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation
 7 Act, 1946, \$20,000.

8 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

9 INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

10 Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional
 11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency
 12 prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian
 13 reservations", including the objects specified under this head
 14 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
 15 \$50,000.

16 IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

17 *Maintenance, San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River*
 18 *Reservation, Arizona: For an additional amount, fiscal year*
 19 *1946, for operation and maintenance of the San Carlos*
 20 *project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian*
 21 *Reservation, Arizona, \$29,000 (operation and maintenance*
 22 *collections) and \$23,200 (power revenues), from which total*
 23 *amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts*
 24 *covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of*
 25 *the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.*

1 *Maintenance, irrigation systems, Flathead Reservation,*
 2 *Montana: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for*
 3 *operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power sys-*
 4 *tems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, \$12,800 (opera-*
 5 *tion and maintenance collections), from which total amount*
 6 *expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered*
 7 *into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Perma-*
 8 *nent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.*

9 *Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow*
 10 *Reservation, Montana (receipt limitation): For an additional*
 11 *amount for improvement, maintenance, and operation of the*
 12 *irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, fiscal*
 13 *year 1946, \$21,000, from which amount expenditures shall*
 14 *not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury*
 15 *in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation*
 16 *Repeal Act, 1934.*

17 *Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation,*
 18 *Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Con-*
 19 *tinuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the*
 20 *irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River*
 21 *Utes, Utah", including the objects specified under this head*
 22 *in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945,*
 23 *\$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed*
 24 *the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accord-*

12,800
 21,000
 29,000
 23,200

1 ance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal
2 Act, 1934.

3 *Maintenance, Wapato irrigation and drainage systems,*
4 *and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Washington: For an*
5 *additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and main-*
6 *tenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, and*
7 *auxiliary units thereof, Yakima Indian Reservation, Wash-*
8 *ington, \$16,000 (collections from the water users on the*
9 *Wapato-Satus, Toppenish-Simcoe, and Ahtanum units),*
10 *from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the*
11 *aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance*
12 *with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act,*
13 *1934.*

14 The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to
15 transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau
16 of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment,
17 materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceed-
18 ing \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River
19 Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on
20 the Colorado River Indian Reservation, *and there is trans-*
21 *ferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange*
22 *of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation*
23 *Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian*
24 *Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine*
25 *to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans*

1 *on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reserva-*
2 *tions, Arizona: Provided, That any building materials trans-*
3 *ferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority*
4 *shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as*
5 *the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable,*
6 *and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as*
7 *miscellaneous receipts.*

8 EDUCATION

9 Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal
10 year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise
11 provided for", including the objects specified under this head
12 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
13 \$200,000.

14 Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal
15 year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in
16 nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

17 Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and
18 the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
19 increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number
20 of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-
21 five".

22 Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the
23 amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
24 increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number

1 of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred
2 and ninety".

3 Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount
4 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
5 from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils
6 from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and
7 seventy-five".

8 Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla-
9 homa, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of
10 Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to
11 "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred"
12 to "three hundred and twenty-five".

13 Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available
14 for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from
15 "\$152,905" to "\$162,530"; and the number of pupils from
16 "four hundred and twenty-five" to "four hundred and fifty".

17 Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount
18 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
19 from "\$119,475" to "\$142,575"; and the number of pupils
20 from "three hundred and fifteen" to "three hundred and
21 seventy-five".

22 Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year
23 1946, for "Natives in Alaska", including the objects speci-
24 fied under this head in the Interior Department Appropria-

tion Act, 1946, \$125,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds)", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$10,000~~ \$15,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular tribe interested.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana: For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available until expended.

1 BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

2 *Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: The limitation*
3 *under the subhead "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas",*
4 *Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appro-*
5 *priation Act, 1946, upon the amount available from power*
6 *revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power*
7 *system is hereby increased from "\$80,700" to "\$130,700".*

8 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

9 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

10 *Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For an*
11 *additional amount for administration, protection, and mainte-*
12 *nance of mammal and bird reservations, including the objects*
13 *specified under this head in the Interior Department Appro-*
14 *priation Act, 1946, and for the improvement, construction,*
15 *and repair of the outlet channel from Reelfoot Lake, Ten-*
16 *nessee, to the Mississippi River, and control facilities con-*
17 *nected therewith, fiscal year 1946, \$20,000, to remain*
18 *available until June 30, 1947.*

19 The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation
20 Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during
21 the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and
22 Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including
23 such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased
24 from "\$704,828" to "\$729,000".

25 *Halibut allocation program: For expenses necessary to*

1 enable the Fish and Wildlife Service to administer an
 2 allocation program for the Pacific halibut fishery pursuant
 3 to authority delegated to the Secretary of the Interior under
 4 Flood Directive Numbered 2, issued by the Secretary of
 5 Agriculture on February 8, 1943 (8 F. R. 1777), as
 6 amended March 16, 1943 (8 F. R. 3280), including per-
 7 sonal services in the District of Columbia; contract steno-
 8 graphic reporting services; the acceptance and utilization
 9 of voluntary and uncompensated services; maintenance,
 10 operation, repair, and hire of passenger automobiles; print-
 11 ing and binding; and the purchase in the District of Colum-
 12 bia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to
 13 the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the
 14 Interior"; fiscal year 1946, \$39,700, to remain available
 15 until December 31, 1946.

16 GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

17 TERRITORY OF ALASKA

18 Insane of Alaska: For an additional amount for "In-
 19 sane of Alaska", including the objects specified under this
 20 head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
 21 \$14,000.

22 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

23 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

24 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 25 year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects

1 specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Approp-
2 priation Act, 1937, \$11.

3 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
4 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects
5 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
6 Appropriation Act, 1942, \$1,149.16.

7 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
8 year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

9 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands
11 Division", including the objects specified under this head
12 in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942,
13 \$5,164.45.

14 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
15 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and
16 expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the
17 objects specified under this head in the Department of
18 Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

19 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
20 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries
21 and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including
22 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
23 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$125,000~~ \$250,000.

24 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an

1 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
2 penses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects
3 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
4 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

5 FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

6 Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", includ-
8 ing objects specified under this head in the Department of
9 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

10 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

11 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

12 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
13 for "Salaries", \$31,600.

14 EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

15 Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an addi-
16 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office
17 Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary
18 increases for United States employees of that Service under
19 State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

20 NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

21 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

22 Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an
23 additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bu-
24 reau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

MARINE CORPS

GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

Expenses, Marine Band, National Encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana: For expenses of the United States Marine Band in attending the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana, August 20 to 31, 1946, \$8,140.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF

COLUMBIA

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Postmaster General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Department, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, \$30,000.

Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, \$12,600.

Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, \$5,000.

Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, \$14,900.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and miscellaneous expenses," including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$8,600.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Personal or property damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years, for "Personal or property damage claims", \$27,500.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and inspectors", \$25,000.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters", \$2,711,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Unpaid money orders more than one year old", \$487,000.

1 OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
 3 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office sta-
 4 tionery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects
 5 specified under this head in the Post Office Department Ap-
 6 propriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limi-
 7 tation on the amount available for the pay of employees
 8 in the District of Columbia in connection with the ship-
 9 ment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

10 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 11 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified
 12 under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation
 13 Act, 1946, \$60,000.

14 Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an addi-
 15 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of
 16 equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

17 ~~(Payable out of the General Fund of the Treasury)~~

18 For payment to Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Illinois, in
 19 full settlement of all claims against the United States, as
 20 authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress,
 21 approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

22 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

23 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

24 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
 25 for "Salaries", including the objects specified under this

1 head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
 2 and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons
 3 paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without
 4 regard to the civil-service and classification laws, ~~\$133,456~~
 5 *\$200,000*.

6 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 7 year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
 8 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
 9 priation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

10 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 11 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
 12 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
 13 priation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

14 FOREIGN OFFICE

15 Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional
 16 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and
 17 ministers", including the objects specified under this head
 18 in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
 19 \$35,000.

20 Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional
 21 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Serv-
 22 ice", including the objects specified under this head in the
 23 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$100,000~~
 24 *\$198,000*.

1 Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional
2 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign
3 Service", including the objects specified under this head in
4 the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
5 ~~\$400,000~~ \$433,000.

6 Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service:
7 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscel-
8 laneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", includ-
9 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
10 of State Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$35,300~~ \$163,000.

11 Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an addi-
12 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service,
13 auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified
14 under this head in the Department of State Appropriation
15 Act, 1946, ~~\$567,070~~ \$1,067,070.

16 The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service",
17 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service",
18 and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal
19 year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases
20 in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of For-
21 eign Service employees whose basic compensation was not
22 increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay
23 Act of 1945.

24 *Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular*
25 *Service: The appropriation "Emergencies arising in the*

1 *Diplomatic and Consular Service*”, contained in the Depart-
2 *ment of State Appropriation Act, 1946*, is hereby made
3 *available for the deportation of enemy aliens.*

4 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

5 United States participation in United Nations: For all
6 necessary expenses of participation by the United States in
7 the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to
8 the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of
9 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations con-
10 cerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire,
11 maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (includ-
12 ing the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; pur-
13 chase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to
14 section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111);
15 \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available
16 for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations
17 working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appro-
18 priation “Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Con-
19 sular Service” from which sums have been advanced to the
20 United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State,
21 when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to
22 acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions
23 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784),
24 as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United
25 States contribution to the United Nations, and such contri-

1 bution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property
 2 and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, inci-
 3 dent to the acquisition thereof: *Provided further, That upon*
 4 *request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the*
 5 *cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or*
 6 *by reimbursement, any executive department, independent*
 7 *establishment, or agency of the United States Government*
 8 *may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies, equip-*
 9 *ment, and services, including personal services, to the United*
 10 *Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United*
 11 *Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appro-*
 12 *priations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current*
 13 *at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are*
 14 *received from that organization.*

15 *Rio Grande canalization project: For the replacement*
 16 *of the Anthony Bridge, over the Rio Grande within the Rio*
 17 *Grande canalization project, as authorized by and subject*
 18 *to the provisions of the Act, approved April 22, 1940 (54*
 19 *Stat. 151), fiscal year 1946, \$40,000, to remain available*
 20 *until expended.*

21 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

22 FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

23 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 24 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appro-
 2 priation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

3 BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

4 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 5 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the ob-
 6 jects specified under this head in the Treasury Department
 7 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the
 8 limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for
 9 personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby in-
 10 creased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from
 11 "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

12 BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

13 *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*
 14 *year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects*
 15 *specified under this head in the Treasury Department Ap-*
 16 *propriation Act, 1946, \$50,800.*

17 SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

18 Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an
 19 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing
 20 counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects speci-
 21 fied under this head in the Treasury Department Appro-
 22 priation Act, 1946, ~~\$50,000~~ \$110,000, and the appropriate
 23 appropriation of the War Department shall bear the cost
 24 (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this
 25 agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set

1 forth in *Senate Document Numbered 164*, and House Docu-
 2 ment Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, ~~\$429,805.44~~
 3 ~~\$543,416.91~~.

4 *CIVIL FUNCTIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS*

5 *RIVERS AND HARBORS*

6 *For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers*
 7 *and harbors", including the objects specified under this head*
 8 *in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946,*
 9 *\$865,000, to remain available until expended.*

10 *THE JUDICIARY*

11 *UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT*

12 *Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure: For an*
 13 *additional amount for "Preparation of Rules for Civil*
 14 *Procedure, Supreme Court", fiscal year 1946, \$7,500, to*
 15 *remain available until June 30, 1947.*

16 *UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA*

17 *Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United*
 18 *States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,*
 19 *fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District*
 20 *Court of the United States for the District of Columbia",*
 21 *including the objects specified under this head in the*
 22 *Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$1,300~~ \$5,400: Pro-*
 23 *vided, That not to exceed \$3,600 of this amount shall be*
 24 *available for structural changes, alterations, and installa-*
 25 *tion of fixtures and equipment in the Municipal Court Build-*

ing of the District of Columbia (civil branch) including incidental expenses, to provide accommodations in that building for activities of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia.

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

For—

"Salaries, officers and employees, Senate",
\$490,000;

"Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing, Senate", \$1,150;

1 “Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, Sen-
2 ate”, \$12,000;

3 “Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates
4 and proceedings of the Senate”, \$10,000;

5 “Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning,
6 repairing, and varnishing furniture”, \$385;

7 “Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses,
8 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Sen-
9 ate”, \$7,000;

10 “Salaries, officers and employees, House of Repre-
11 sentatives”, \$335,000;

12 “Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of
13 Representatives”, \$925,000;

14 “Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House
15 of Representatives”, \$5,000;

16 “Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
17 House of Representatives”, \$1,150;

18 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
19 folding documents”, \$10,000;

20 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
21 furniture and repairs”, \$9,500;

22 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
23 miscellaneous items”, \$2,500;

24 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,

1 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation",
2 \$7,000;

3 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
4 Speaker's automobile", \$675;

5 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
6 payment for certain services", \$1,200;

7 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
8 attending physician", \$385;

9 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
10 Revision of the Laws", \$1,000;

11 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
12 preparation of a New Edition United States Code (no
13 year)", \$5,000;

14 Architect of the Capitol:

15 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: "Salaries", \$19,-
16 000;

17 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:

18 "Capitol Buildings", \$91,000;

19 "Capitol grounds", \$32,300;

20 "Senate Office Building", \$97,000;

21 "House Office Buildings", \$129,500;

22 "Capitol power plant", \$85,000;

23 Library of Congress:

24 Copyright Office: "Salaries", \$50,900;

25 Legislative Reference Service: "Salaries", \$35,734;

1 Index to State legislation: "Salaries and expenses",

2 \$6,242;

3 Union catalogs: "Salaries and expenses", \$8,566;

4 "Motion picture project", \$696;

5 Library Buildings: "Salaries", \$88,326;

6 Total, Legislative Branch, \$2,468,209.

7 THE JUDICIARY

8 For—

9 United States Supreme Court:

10 "Salaries", \$70,000;

11 "Structural and mechanical care of the building

12 and grounds", \$29,300;

13 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: "Salaries",

14 \$10,850;

15 United States Customs Court: "Salaries", \$24,000;

16 Miscellaneous items of expense:

17 "Salaries of clerks of courts", \$675,000;

18 "Probation system, United States courts", \$225,000;

19 "Salaries of clerks", \$62,000;

20 "Fees of commissioners", \$110,000;

21 "Miscellaneous salaries", \$85,000;

22 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: "Sala-

23 ries", \$30,000;

24 Total, The Judiciary, \$1,321,150.

1 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

2 For—

3 The White House Office: "Salaries and expenses",
4 \$30,000;

5 Bureau of the Budget: "Salaries and expenses",
6 \$280,000;

7 Office for Emergency Management:

8 "Office of Alien Property Custodian". (The
9 amount, \$332,900, which may be used for gen-
10 eral administration expenses by other agencies
11 on a reimbursable basis.)

12 Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

13 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

14 For—

15 Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
16 \$1,300,000;

17 Employees' Compensation Commission: "Salaries and
18 expenses", \$140,000;

19 Federal Communications Commission:

20 "Salaries and expenses", \$363,000;

21 "Salaries and expenses, national defense", \$194,000;

22 "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation": (The amount
23 which may be used for administrative expenses is
24 increased by \$417,000.)

1 Federal Power Commission:

2 "Salaries and expenses", \$287,300;

3 "Flood control surveys", \$17,700;

4 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses",

5 \$232,000;

6 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$4,813,000;

7 Interstate Commerce Commission:

8 "General administrative expenses", \$380,000;

9 "Safety of employees", \$42,000;

10 "Signal safety systems", \$9,800;

11 "Locomotive inspection", \$43,600;

12 "Valuation of property of carriers", \$56,000;

13 "Motor transport regulation", \$341,000;

14 "Salaries and expenses, emergency", \$24,000;

15 "National Capital Housing Authority", \$1,850;

16 National Labor Relations Board:

17 "Salaries", \$348,000;

18 "Salaries and expenses (national defense)",

19 \$57,600;

20 National Mediation Board:

21 "Salaries and expenses", \$19,600;

22 National Railroad Adjustment Board: "Salaries and

23 expenses", \$23,850;

24 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and ex-

25 penses", \$385,000;

1 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$120,200;
 2 "The Tax Court of the United States", \$48,800;
 3 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical,
 4 hospital, and domiciliary services", \$54,168,000;
 5 Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

6 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

7 For—

8 "Columbia Institution for the Deaf", \$13,000;
 9 Food and Drug Administration:
 10 "Enforcement operations", \$433,000;
 11 "General administration", \$16,900;
 12 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses",
 13 \$253,300;
 14 Howard University: "Salaries", \$13,500;
 15 Office of Education:
 16 "Library service", \$3,700;
 17 "Services for the blind", \$980;
 18 "Salaries", \$61,440;
 19 "Salaries and expenses" (vocational educa-
 20 tion), \$53,300;
 21 Public Health Service:
 22 "Industrial hygiene", \$11,280;
 23 "Foreign quarantine service", \$232,700;
 24 "Hospitals and medical care", \$3,935,200;
 25 "National Institute of Health", \$228,000;

1 "National Cancer Institute, operating ex-
2 penses", \$58,700;

3 "Salaries and miscellaneous expenses", \$160,000;
4 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Salaries and ex-
5 penses", \$663,700;

6 Social Security Board:

7 "Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance", \$130,000;

8 "Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security",
9 \$105,700;

10 "Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors'
11 Insurance", \$3,240,200;

12 "Salaries, offices of the Social Security
13 Board", \$525,200;

14 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:

15 "For payments to States", \$11,500;

16 "For general administrative expenses", \$45,400;

17 Office of the Administrator:

18 "Salaries, Office of the Administrator", \$25,800;

19 "Community War Services", \$62,900;

20 "Salaries, Division of Personnel Manage-
21 ment", \$17,000;

22 "Salaries, Division of Service Operations", \$50,700;

23 "Salaries, Office of the General Counsel", \$94,000;

24 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

1 ~~FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY~~

2 For—

3 Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",

4 \$35,530;

5 Public Buildings Administration:

6 "General administrative expenses", \$201,380;

7 "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds

8 in the District of Columbia and adjacent area",

9 \$4,372,460;

10 "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds

11 outside the District of Columbia", \$1,547,130;

12 Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

13 ~~NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY~~

14 For—

15 Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses":

16 (The amount which may be used for administrative

17 expenses is increased by \$52,900.)

18 Federal Home Loan Bank Administration: "Salaries

19 and expenses": (The amount which may be used

20 for administrative expenses is increased by

21 \$126,000.)

22 Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and ex-

23 penses": (The amount which may be used for

24 administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)

25 Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and ex-

penses": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses",
\$204,000;

Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses",
\$242,000;

Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses",
\$72,000;

Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and expenses", \$84,000;

Bureau of Agriculture Economics:

"Economic investigations", \$310,000;

"Crop and livestock estimates", \$217,000;

Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations: "Salaries and expenses", \$85,000;

Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of extension work", \$60,000;

Agricultural Research Administration:

Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
\$40,000;

"Special research fund, Department of Agriculture", \$120,000;

1 Office of Experiment Stations:

2 "Administration of grants and coordination of
3 research with States", \$21,000;

4 "Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico",
5 \$9,000;

6 Bureau of Animal Industry:

7 "Animal husbandry", \$95,000;

8 "Diseases of animals", \$76,000;

9 "Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang's disease",
10 \$430,000;

11 "Inspection and quarantine", \$140,000;

12 "Meat inspection", \$1,590,000;

13 "Virus Serum Toxin Act", \$40,000;

14 "Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and
15 serum" (increase in sum made available from
16 appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the
17 Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May
18 12, 1933, from "\$31,940" to "\$37,740");

19 Bureau of Dairy Industry: "Salaries and expenses",
20 \$99,800;

21 Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural
22 Engineering:

23 "Field crops", \$240,000;

24 "Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops", \$205,000;

25 "Forest diseases", \$31,500;

- 1 "Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation", \$105,000;
- 2 "Agricultural engineering", \$46,000;
- 3 "National Arboretum", \$4,800;
- 4 Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:
- 5 "Agricultural chemical investigations", \$44,000;
- 6 "Naval stores investigations", \$17,500;
- 7 "Regional research laboratories", \$500,000;
- 8 Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:
- 9 "Salaries and expenses", \$73,000;
- 10 "White pine blister rust control, Department of Agri-
- 11 culture", \$270,000;
- 12 Forest Service:
- 13 Salaries and expenses:
- 14 "General administrative expenses", \$75,000;
- 15 "National forest protection and management",
- 16 \$2,550,000;
- 17 "Forest management", \$116,900;
- 18 "Range investigations", \$42,100;
- 19 "Forest products", \$175,000;
- 20 "Forest resources investigations", \$24,000;
- 21 "Forest fire cooperation", \$40,000;
- 22 "Farm and other private forestry cooperation",
- 23 \$36,000;
- 24 "Forest roads and trails", \$480,000;
- 25 Commodity Credit Corporation: "Salaries and admin-

1 administrative expenses" (increase in limitation for ad-
2 ministrative expenses by \$743,000);

3 Federal Crop Insurance Act: "Administrative and
4 operating expenses", \$320,000;

5 Soil Conservation Service:

6 "Soil conservation research", \$164,000;

7 "Soil conservation operations", \$4,575,000;

8 "Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida",
9 \$10,200;

10 "Land utilization and retirement of submarginal
11 land", \$144,000;

12 Marketing Service:

13 "Market news service", \$142,000;

14 "Market inspection of farm products", \$68,000;

15 "Marketing farm products", \$58,000;

16 "Tobacco Acts", \$67,500;

17 "Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce
18 Agency, and Standard Container Acts", \$24,
19 500;

20 "Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures
21 Acts", \$138,000;

22 "United States Grain Standards Act", \$127,000;

23 "United States Warehouse Act", \$60,000;

24 "Federal Seed Act", \$14,000;

25 "Packers and Stockyards Acts", \$48,000;

1 "Naval Stores Act", \$4,500;
 2 "Insecticide Act", \$27,700;
 3 "Commodity Exchange Act", \$41,500;
 4 "Freight rates for farm products", \$12,000;
 5 "Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation", \$3,200,000;
 6 Farm tenancy: "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000;
 7 "Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas", \$25,000;
 8 Rural Electrification Administration: "Salaries and
 9 expenses", \$490,000;
 10 Farm Credit Administration:
 11 "Salaries and expenses", \$66,800; and increase the
 12 funds made available pursuant to Act of Jan-
 13 uary 29, 1937, from "\$3,845,209" to "\$4,-
 14 385,209";
 15 Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

16 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

17 For—
 18 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses", \$98,-
 19 000;
 20 Bureau of the Census: "Compiling census reports, and
 21 so forth", \$735,000;
 22 Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:
 23 "General administration, Office of the Administra-
 24 tor", \$370,000;
 25 "Technical development", \$42,000;

1 "Enforcement of safety regulations", \$386,000;

2 "Airport Advisory Service", \$33,000;

3 "Maintenance and operation of aircraft", \$43,000;

4 "Maintenance and operation, Washington National

5 Airport, \$107,000;

6 "Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses",

7 \$135,000;

8 Coast and Geodetic Survey:

9 "Salaries and expenses, departmental", \$169,000;

10 "Salaries and expenses, field", \$258,000;

11 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

12 "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$275,000;

13 "Field office service", \$62,800;

14 Patent Office: "Salaries", \$400,000;

15 National Bureau of Standards:

16 "Operation and administration", \$75,000;

17 "Testing, inspection, and information service",

18 \$178,000;

19 "Research and development", \$192,000;

20 "Standards for commerce", \$30,000;

21 Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

22 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 For—

24 Office of the Secretary:

25 "Salaries", \$195,000;

- 1 "Office of Solicitor", \$29,900;
- 2 "Division of Territories and Island Possessions",
- 3 \$14,200;
- 4 Petroleum Conservation Division: "Salaries and
- 5 expenses", \$12,600;
- 6 Division of Geography: "Salaries and expenses",
- 7 \$1,350;
- 8 "Soil and moisture conservation operations", \$123,
- 9 400;
- 10 "Commission of Fine Arts", \$860;
- 11 Grazing Service:
- 12 "Salaries and expenses", \$142,000;
- 13 "Range improvements", \$9,050;
- 14 General Land Office:
- 15 "Salaries", \$138,940;
- 16 "Surveying public lands", \$50,000;
- 17 "Salaries and expenses, branch of field examina-
- 18 tion", \$15,370;
- 19 "Salaries and expenses of land offices", \$42,300;
- 20 "Forest management and protection, public domain,
- 21 Alaska", \$19,660;
- 22 "Revested Oregon and California Railroad and re-
- 23 conveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands,
- 24 Oregon (reimbursable)", \$13,000;

1 “Range improvements on public lands outside of
2 grazing districts (receipt limitation)”, \$2,000;

3 Bureau of Indian Affairs:

4 Salaries and general expenses:

5 “Departmental personal services”, \$115,200;

6 “Maintaining law and order on Indian reser-
7 vations”, \$17,590;

8 Industrial assistance and advancement:

9 “Preservation of timber on Indian reserva-
10 tions”, \$134,500;

11 “Expenses incidental to the sale of timber
12 (reimbursable)”, \$26,820;

13 “Developing agriculture and stock raising among
14 the Indians”, \$80,000;

15 “Development of water supply”, \$6,700;

16 Irrigation and drainage:

17 “Construction, repair, and maintenance of
18 irrigation systems (reimbursable)”, \$20,-
19 200;

20 “Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
21 project (receipt limitation)”, \$28,880;

22 “Improvement, operation, and maintenance of
23 the irrigation and power systems on the
24 Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt
25 limitation)”, \$3,030;

1 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
2 the Fort Hall irrigation systems”, \$5,840;

3 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation
4 of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt
5 limitation)”, \$5,760;

6 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
7 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
8 Fort Belknap Reservation (reimburs-
9 able)”, \$750;

10 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
11 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
12 Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limita-
13 tion)”, \$640;

14 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
15 of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable)”,
16 \$740;

17 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
18 of the Fort Peck project (receipt limita-
19 tion)”, \$1,400;

20 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
21 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet In-
22 dian Reservation (reimbursable)”, \$730;

23 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
24 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet

- 1 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)";
- 2 \$1,780;
- 3 "Operation and maintenance of the irrigation
- 4 and power systems on the Flathead Reser-
- 5 vation (receipt limitation)", \$25,780;
- 6 "Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
- 7 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
- 8 vation (reimbursable)", \$450;
- 9 "Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
- 10 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
- 11 vation (receipt limitation)", \$4,360;
- 12 "Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
- 13 miscellaneous irrigation projects on the
- 14 Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)",
- 15 \$490;
- 16 "Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
- 17 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
- 18 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
- 19 and White River Utes (reimbursable)",
- 20 \$950;
- 21 "Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
- 22 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
- 23 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
- 24 and White River Utes (receipt limita-
- 25 tion)", \$2,620;

1 "Operation and maintenance of the Wapato ir-
 2 rigation and drainage systems, Yakima
 3 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)",
 4 \$26,510;

5 "Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 6 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 7 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 8 (reimbursable)", \$410;

9 "Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 10 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 11 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 12 (receipt limitation)", \$1,200;

13 Education:

14 "Support of Indian Schools", \$886,700;

15 "Support and education of Indian pupils at
 16 nonreservation boarding schools", \$417,
 17 300;

18 "Natives in Alaska", \$224,000;

19 Conservation of health:

20 "Conservation of health among Indians", \$1,
 21 988,500;

22 "Medical relief in Alaska", \$102,000;

23 General support and administration:

24 "General administration of Indian property",
 25 \$451,100;

1 “Reindeer service”, \$6,770;

2 “Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal
3 funds, \$12,333)”;

4 “Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal
5 funds, \$19,525)”;

6 “Support of Menominee Agency and pay of
7 tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds,
8 \$3,860)”;

9 “Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal
10 officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,
11 600)”;

12 Bureau of Reclamation:

13 Reclamation fund, special fund:

14 “Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California
15 (from power revenues \$18,100)”;

16 “Yuma project, Arizona-California”, \$11,000;

17 “Boise project, Idaho”, \$10,000;

18 “Minidoka project, Idaho”, \$5,300;

19 “Minidoka project, Idaho (from power reve-
20 nues, \$15,000)”;

21 “Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from
22 power revenues, \$5,400)”;

23 “Owyhee project, Oregon”, \$21,200;

24 “Klamath project, Oregon-California”, \$11,000;

- 1 "Columbia Basin project, Washington (from
- 2 power revenues, \$63,000)";
- 3 "Yakima project, Washington", \$21,500;
- 4 "Riverton project, Wyoming", \$4,000;
- 5 "Shoshone project, Wyoming", \$1,800;
- 6 "Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power
- 7 revenues, \$2,000)";
- 8 "Salaries and expenses (other than project
- 9 offices)", \$456,200;
- 10 General fund, construction: "Colorado River project,
- 11 Texas (reimbursable)", \$6,900;
- 12 "Geological Survey", \$151,500;
- 13 Bureau of Mines:
- 14 "Salaries and expenses", \$9,500;
- 15 "Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and in-
- 16 vestigation of mine accidents", \$83,600;
- 17 "Coal-mine inspections and investigations", \$122,-
- 18 380;
- 19 "Mineral mining investigations", \$35,000;
- 20 "Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania",
- 21 \$18,300;
- 22 "Economies of mineral industries", \$40,000;
- 23 "National Park Service", \$636,000;
- 24 "Recreational demonstration areas", \$17,860;

1 “Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks”,

2 \$70,500;

3 Fish and Wildlife Service: “Salaries and expenses”,

4 \$543,100;

5 Government in the Territories:

6 Territory of Alaska: “Expenses of the offices of the

7 Governor and the Secretary”, \$3,000;

8 Territory of Hawaii: “Expenses of the offices of

9 the Governor and the Secretary”, \$1,100;

10 Government of the Virgin Islands: “Salaries of the

11 Governor and employees”, \$7,370;

12 Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

13 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

14 For—

15 Legal activities and general administration:

16 “Office of the Attorney General”, \$9,600;

17 “Office of the Solicitor General”, \$5,000;

18 “Office of Assistant to the Attorney General”,

19 \$16,000;

20 “Administrative Division”, \$201,500;

21 “Tax Division”, \$87,700;

22 “Criminal Division”, \$11,300;

23 “Claims Division”, \$129,000;

24 “Office of the Assistant Solicitor General”, \$15,000;

25 “Office of Pardon Attorney”, \$4,000;

1	“Salaries and expenses, Customs Division”, \$18,000;
2	“Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division”,
3	\$175,000;
4	“Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field”,
5	\$18,000;
6	“Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so
7	forth”, \$599,000;
8	“Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth”,
9	\$7,900;
10	“Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth”,
11	\$507,000;
12	“Pay and expenses of bailiffs”, \$39,000;
13	Federal Bureau of Investigation: “Salaries and expenses,
14	detection and prosecution of crimes”, \$1,249,000;
15	Immigration and Naturalization Service: “Salaries and
16	expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service”,
17	\$3,720,000;
18	Federal Prison System:
19	“Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons”,
20	\$53,800;
21	“Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional insti-
22	tutions”, \$3,639,000;
23	“Medical and hospital service”, \$224,700;
24	Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

1 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

2 For—

3 Office of the Secretary: .

4 “Salaries”, \$68,600;

5 “Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor”, \$110,900;

7 “Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards”, \$23,500;

9 “Commissioners of Conciliation”, \$59,050;

10 “Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense)”, \$206,300;

12 Bureau of Labor Statistics:

13 “Salaries and expenses”, \$215,100;

14 “Salaries and expenses (national defense)”,
15 \$423,700;

16 Children’s Bureau:

17 “Salaries and expenses”, \$55,460;

18 “Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions”,
19 \$35,970;20 “Salaries and expenses, maternal and child
21 welfare”, \$59,170;22 “Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and
23 infant care (national defense)”, \$5,750;

24 Women’s Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, \$33,500;

25 Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries”, \$635,200;

War manpower functions:

“Apprentice training service”, \$73,100;

“Employment office facilities and services”,

\$5,504,800;

Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the Postal Revenues)

For—

Post Office Department, Washington, District of Columbia:

“Office of the Postmaster General: ‘Salaries’”,

\$52,800;

Salaries in bureaus and offices:

“Office of Budget and Administrative Planning”, \$5,300;

“Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General”, \$138,000;

“Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General”, \$140,400;

“Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General”, \$202,700;

“Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General”, \$93,000;

“Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department”, \$18,770;

1 "Office of the Chief Inspector", \$59,100;

2 "Office of the Purchasing Agent", \$11,500;

3 "Bureau of Accounts", \$57,100;

4 Field Service, Post Office Department:

5 Office of Chief Inspector:

6 "Salaries of inspectors", \$563,900;

7 "Clerks, division headquarters", \$187,300;

8 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

9 "Rural Delivery Service", \$17,385,000;

10 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

11 "Post office stationery, equipment, and sup-
12 plies", \$20,700;

13 "Pneumatic-tube service, New York City,"
14 \$52,800;

15 Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

16 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary of State:

19 "Salaries", \$1,861,810;

20 "Passport agencies", \$10,410;

21 "Collecting and editing official papers of Territories
22 of the United States", \$400;

23 Foreign Service:

24 "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", \$13,000;

25 "Salaries, Foreign Service officers", \$294,000;

1 "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service", \$518,159;

2 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign

3 Service", \$55,850;

4 "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", \$400,-

5 000;

6 International obligations:

7 "Salaries and expenses, International Boundary

8 Commission, United States and Mexico",

9 \$61,400;

10 "Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in

11 the El Paso Juarez Valley", \$9,800;

12 "International Boundary Commission, United

13 States and Canada and Alaska and Canada",

14 \$2,530;

15 "Salaries and expenses, International Joint Com-

16 mission, United States and Great Britain",

17 \$3,080;

18 "Special and technical investigations, International

19 Joint Commission, United States and Great

20 Britain", \$8,300;

21 "Cooperation with the American republics", \$98,-

22 370;

23 Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries", \$57,400;

Division of Tax Research: "Salaries", \$25,200;

Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: "Salaries", \$11,800;

Division of Research and Statistics: "Salaries", \$26,600;

Office of General Counsel: "Salaries", \$21,800;

Division of Personnel: "Salaries", \$32,200;

Office of Chief Clerk: "Salaries", \$68,200;

Fiscal service:

Bureau of Accounts:

"Salaries and expenses", \$180,800;

"Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses", \$1,075,900;

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt", \$7,612,000;

Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

"Salaries and expenses", \$881,700;

"Salaries (reimbursable)", \$17,300;

Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses", \$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: "Salaries", \$44,200;

Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses", \$178,800;

Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,035,700;

Secret Service Division:

"White House Police", \$49,500;

Bureau of the Mint:

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director",
\$23,000;

"Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices",
\$242,900;

Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$70,900;

Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

WAR DEPARTMENT

For—

The Panama Canal:

"Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal",
\$587,000;

"Sanitation, Canal Zone", \$477,000;

"Civil government", \$361,000;

Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For—

General administration:

"Executive office", \$17,550;

- 1 "Office of the corporation counsel", \$17,720;
- 2 "Board of Tax Appeals", \$2,790;
- 3 Fiscal Service:
- 4 "Assessor's office", \$45,870;
- 5 "Collector's office", \$19,530;
- 6 "Auditor's office", \$36,400;
- 7 "Purchasing Division", \$7,640;
- 8 Regulatory agencies:
- 9 "Alcoholic Beverage Control Board", \$6,210;
- 10 "Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole",
11 \$4,840;
- 12 "Coroner's office", \$7,050;
- 13 "Department of Insurance", \$7,300;
- 14 "Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets",
15 \$19,670;
- 16 "Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board", \$6,-
17 750;
- 18 "Office of Administrator of Rent Control", \$6,510;
- 19 "Office of Recorder of Deeds", \$32,500;
- 20 "Poundmaster's office", \$9,230;
- 21 "Public Utilities Commission", \$14,320;
- 22 "Zoning Commission", \$2,170;
- 23 Public Schools:
- 24 Operating expenses:
- 25 "General administration", \$71,330;

1 "General supervision and instruction", \$1,355,-
2 160;

3 "Vocational education, George Deen program",
4 \$16,350;

5 "Operation of buildings and maintenance of
6 equipment", \$386,460;

7 "Public Library", \$112,740;

8 Recreation Department: "Operating expenses", \$56,-
9 410;

10 "Metropolitan Police", \$777,040;

11 "Fire Department", \$383,400;

12 "Policemen's and Firemen's Relief", \$292,190;

13 Courts:

14 "Juvenile court", \$27,260;

15 "Psychiatric service, juvenile court", \$1,360;

16 "Municipal court", \$45,440;

17 "Municipal court of appeals", \$5,000;

18 "Probation system", \$4,920;

19 "Office of Register of Wills", \$13,730;

20 "Commission on Mental Health", \$2,840;

21 Health Department:

22 "Health Department (excluding hospitals)", \$209,-
23 010;

24 "Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium", \$225,400;

1 "Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital",
2 \$504,130;

3 Public welfare:

4 "Office of the Director", \$7,920;

5 Family Welfare Service:

6 "Operating expenses, child care", \$20,000;

7 "Adult assistance", \$32,700;

8 "Operating expenses, institutions for the indi-
9 gent", \$55,730;

10 Juvenile Correctional Service: "Operating ex-
11 penses", \$65,410;

12 Adult Correctional Service: "Operating expenses",
13 \$279,740;

14 Mental Rehabilitation Service:

15 "Operating expenses, District Training School",
16 \$111,300;

17 "Saint Elizabeths Hospital", \$903,400;

18 Public works:

19 "Office of chief clerk", \$4,560;

20 "Office of Municipal Architect", \$13,800;

21 "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of
22 District Buildings", \$91,650;

23 "Surveyor's office", \$7,960;

24 "Department of Inspections", \$60,550;

25 "Operating expenses, Electrical Division", \$49,790;

1 “Central garage”, \$4,200;

2 “Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from
3 highway fund)”, \$40,500;

4 “Reimbursement of other appropriations (payable
5 from highway fund)”, \$109,600;

6 “Operating expenses, Refuse Division”, \$46,900;

7 “Operating expenses, Sewer Division”, \$59,260;

8 “Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from
9 water fund)”, \$83,650;

10 Washington Aqueduct: “Operating expenses (payable
11 from water fund)”, \$22,360;

12 “National Capital Parks”, \$96,420;

13 “National Capital Park and Planning Commission”,
14 \$7,410;

15 “National Zoological Park”, \$65,670;

16 Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

17 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

18 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
19 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
20 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
21 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

22 SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations
23 or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the
24 fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be ex-
25 pended for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts

1 which may be transferred between appropriations or author-
 2 izations, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet
 3 increased pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945
 4 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July
 5 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public
 6 Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable
 7 to the fiscal year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian
 8 employees of the Government.

9 TITLE III II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED
 10 CLAIMS

11 PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

12 SEC. 304 201. (a) For the payment of claims for dam-
 13 ages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and
 14 determined by the following respective departments and inde-
 15 pendent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An
 16 Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising
 17 against the Government of the United States in the sum
 18 not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December
 19 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House
 20 Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as
 21 follows:

22 Executive Office of the President:

23 Office for Emergency Management:

24 Office of Scientific Research and Development,

25 \$45;

Independent offices:

Selective Service System, \$256.98;

Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

Department of Justice, \$13.50;

Department of Labor, \$15.50;

Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), \$1,117;

Treasury Department, \$269.94;

In all, \$16,966.95;

(b) *For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 161, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:*

1 *Executive Office of the President:*

2 *Office for Emergency Management: Office of Scien-*
 3 *tific Research and Development, \$33.24;*

4 *Independent offices: National Advisory Committee for*
 5 *Aeronautics, \$28.06;*

6 *Federal Works Agency, \$471.20;*

7 *Department of Agriculture, \$1,544.60;*

8 *Department of Commerce, \$15;*

9 *Department of the Interior, \$1,440.41;*

10 *Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues),*
 11 *\$332.48;*

12 *Treasury Department, \$2,667.94;*

13 *In all, \$6,532.93.*

14 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

15 SEC. 302 202. (a) For the payment of final judgments,
 16 including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the
 17 provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act
 18 to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government
 19 of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act
 20 of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have
 21 been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in *Senate Docu-*
 22 *ment Numbered 159* and House Document Numbered 477,
 23 under the following agencies:

Executive Office of the President:

Office for Emergency Management:

War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

State Department, \$768.80;

Treasury Department, \$4,000;

War Department, ~~\$4,762.84~~ \$26,129.04;

In all, ~~\$20,924.08~~ \$43,059.08, together with such addi-

tional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in the judgments.

(b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C. 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in *Senate Document Numbered 158*, and *House Document Numbered 472*, under the following agencies:

Navy Department, ~~\$35,000~~ \$52,500;

War Department, ~~\$9,731.68~~ \$36,188.27;

In all, ~~\$44,731.68~~ \$88,688.27, together with such addi-

tional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where

1 specified in the judgments *listed in Senate Document Num-*
 2 *bered 158 and House Document Numbered 472; also neces-*
 3 *sary sum to pay interest on judgments set forth in Senate*
 4 *Document Numbered 112, the principal of the judgments*
 5 *having been appropriated for in Public 269, dated December*
 6 *28, 1945.*

7 (c) None of the judgments contained under this caption
 8 shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except
 9 such as has become final and conclusive against the United
 10 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

11 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

12 SEC. ~~303~~ 203. (a) For payment of judgments rendered
 13 by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth
 14 Congress in *Senate Document Numbered 160, and House*
 15 *Document Numbered 476, under the following agencies,*
 16 *namely:*

17 *Legislative Branch: Architect of the Capitol, \$6,781.49;*

18 *Independent offices:*

19 *Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;*

20 *Federal Works Agency:*

21 *Public Buildings Administration, \$9,000 \$90,-*
 22 *998.15;*

23 *Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;*

24 *Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;*

Department of the Interior:

Civil, \$266,253.85;

Indians, \$1,808.73;

Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

Navy Department, ~~\$1,787.62~~ \$4,426.62;

Treasury Department, ~~\$120,819.71~~ \$127,333.47;

War Department, ~~\$112,303.37~~ \$115,884.55;

In all, ~~\$589,033.86~~ \$690,547.44, together with such

additional amount as may be necessary to pay interest as

and where specified in the judgments, *and interest on the*

mandate issued in the case of Louis Townsley, Court of

Claims Numbered 45097;

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. ~~304~~ 204. (a) For the payment of claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June

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 12,744,221.64 \\
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1 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations
 2 heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of
 3 the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated,
 4 and which have been certified to Congress under section 2
 5 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set
 6 forth in *Senate Document Numbered* 162, and House
 7 Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Congress, there
 8 is appropriated the sum of ~~\$10,194,651.06~~ \$12,202,715.10,
 9 together with such additional sum due to increases in rates
 10 of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the for-
 11 eign currency and interest as specified in certain of the
 12 settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed
 13 and accounted for as a single fund; ~~\$446.24~~ \$472.49, pay-
 14 able from District of Columbia revenues, and ~~\$549,355.34~~
 15 \$563,026.40, payable from postal revenues; in all, ~~\$10,744,~~
 16 ~~452.64~~ \$12,766,213.99.

17 (b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General
 18 Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act
 19 for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service
 20 of the United States mustered into service for the War with
 21 Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands
 22 after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899",
 23 approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-
 24 sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the

1 Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July
2 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in
3 House Document Numbered 474, \$417.38.

4 TITLE ~~IV~~ III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

5 SEC. ~~401~~ 301. No part of any appropriation contained
6 in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
7 person who advocates, or who is a member of an organiza-
8 tion that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the
9 United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the
10 purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie
11 evidence that the person making the affidavit does not ad-
12 vocate, and is not a member of an organization that advo-
13 cates, the overthrow of the Government of the United
14 States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any per-
15 son who advocates, or who is a member of an organization
16 that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the
17 United States by force or violence and accepts employment
18 the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropria-
19 tion contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and,
20 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
21 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided*
22 *further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to,
23 and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing
24 law.

- 1 SEC. ~~402~~ 302. This Act may be cited as the "Second
2 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946".

Passed the House of Representatives March 27, 1946.

Attest:

SOUTH TRIMBLE,

Clerk.

Calendar No.

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

[Report No.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

MARCH 28 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Appropriations

APRIL , 1946

Reported with amendments

Calendar No. 1261

79TH CONGRESS }
2d Session }

SENATE

{ REPORT
{ No. 1236

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

APRIL 24 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. McKELLAR, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 5890]

The Committee on Appropriations, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, report the same to the Senate with various amendments and present herewith information relative to the changes made.

Amount of bill as passed House.....	¹ \$233, 157, 293. 37
Decrease by Senate (net).....	169, 893, 363. 35
Amount of bill as reported to Senate.....	63, 263, 930. 02

Total estimates considered, including \$9,471,296.65

submitted in Senate documents.....	² 252, 615, 464. 02
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The bill is under the estimates.....	³ 189, 351, 534. 00
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¹ Includes \$181,239,469 for increased pay costs subsequently provided for in separate resolution.

² Includes \$181,416,769 for increased pay costs.

³ Includes \$181,389,269 for increased pay costs.

The changes recommended by the committee in the amounts of the House bill are as follows:

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS

Senate:

Committee clerks:

It is recommended by the committee that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

For payment to Orja L. Sutliff for services rendered in the office of Senator Charles O. Andrews while on terminal military leave from September 10 to October 31, 1945, in accordance with the provisions of Public Law Numbered 226, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 21, 1945, \$840.34, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of officers and employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1946.

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation:

Salaries and expenses-----	\$3, 000. 00
Senate restaurants-----	6, 000. 00
Miscellaneous items exclusive of labor-----	260, 000. 00
Total, Senate-----	269, 000. 00

House of Representatives:

Payment to the widow of William Olin Burgin, late a Representative from the State of North Carolina-----	10, 000. 00
Reporting hearings-----	10, 000. 00
Total, House of Representatives-----	20, 000. 00

Committee on Federal Expenditures:

Salaries and expenses-----	20, 000. 00
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Architect of the Capitol:

Statue of George Washington-----	25, 000. 00
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Committee on Fair Employment Practice:

Salaries and expenses-----	27, 600. 00
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The committee recommend an appropriation of \$27,600 to meet increased pay costs authorized by Public Law 106, 79th Cong., and to provide for terminal leave as authorized by Public Law 525 of the 78th Cong. The committee also limits the appropriation to June 1, 1946.

Petroleum Administration for War:

It is recommended by the committee that the following provision be added to the bill:

PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR

Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for War," in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for printing and binding is hereby increased from "\$20,000" to "\$30,000".

(The purpose of the foregoing item is to authorize an increase in the limitation on the amount which may be expended for printing and binding from the current appropriation for the Petroleum Administration for War, in order that the Administration may print the final report of the operations of the Petroleum Coordinator for National Defense, the Petroleum Coordinator for War, and the Petroleum Administrator for War.)

War Shipping Administration:

It is recommended by the committee that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION

War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: The amount that may be used for administrative expenses for the fiscal year 1946 under the head "War Shipping Administration, revolving fund" is hereby increased by \$3,325,000.

(The proposed increase in limitation is required for lump-sum payments for terminal leave of employees separated from the service, foreign-service personnel, and additional employees and expenses necessary as a result of an unexpected increase in shipping demands to meet foreign relief and national programs.)

Federal Security Agency:

Public Health Service:

Hospital and medical care-----	\$600, 000. 00
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(The committee recommend \$1,348,000 for hospitals and medical care, in lieu of \$748,000, as proposed by the House, and \$2,858,000 as submitted by the Budget. This represents an increase of \$600,000 over the House and is \$1,510,000 less than the Budget estimates. The committee has approved an item of \$101,622 for salary increases to officers and employees of the Carville Leprosarium and has applied the remaining \$498,388 to the various items making up the estimate, with the exception of the item for replacement of voluntary services which is rejected in its entirety.)

Federal Works Agency:

Public Buildings Administration:

Return of departmental functions to Washington--	295, 020. 00
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(The committee is recommending an item of \$295,020 for the return of the Farm Credit Administration to Washington from Kansas City, Mo. Certain employees have already been returned to Washington and the amount included in this bill will complete the transfer of the remaining employees. It is understood that the space vacated by the Farm Credit Administration is urgently needed to house activities of the Veterans' Administration.)

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia-----	1, 780, 000. 00
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(This appropriation is required to meet requirements for tenant changes, moving and space adjustments, and increases in custodial employment due to the 40-hour workweek.)

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia-----	950, 000. 00
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(This appropriation is required to provide additional space outside of Washington principally for the purpose of providing necessary space for the Veterans' Administration program and to provide additional custodial services made necessary by the 40-hour workweek.)

Public Roads Administration:

Damage claims-----	99, 185. 70
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Total, Federal Works Agency-----	3, 124, 205. 70
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National Housing Agency:

Federal Housing Administration:

It is recommended by the committee that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, for "Salaries and expenses," there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed \$400,000 from the sources specified under said head.

(Funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, were based on a wartime budget estimate and made no provision for any changes as a result of VJ-day. Since then the housing situation has become a serious problem, particularly as it relates to accommodations for veterans and their families. A Housing Expediter has been appointed and a veterans' emergency housing program formulated.

(The importance of the work of the Federal Housing Administration to the veterans' housing program cannot be overly emphasized, both as to mortgage-insurance activities and priority processing work. Work load in these activities is increasing rapidly, and serious backlogs are now accumulating. As the veterans' housing program gathers momentum, it is extremely important that all facilities of the Administration be utilized to the fullest extent. This will require additional manpower which it is proposed to obtain through funds to be made available by this appropriation.)

Smithsonian Institution:

Salaries and expenses	\$18,000. 00
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(This appropriation is required to meet within-grade promotions which have accrued to veterans while on duty with the armed forces and to provide for the cost of terminal leave of war status employees.)

National Gallery of Art:

Salaries and expenses	16,000. 00
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(This appropriation is required to meet within-grade promotions which have accrued to veterans while on duty with the armed forces, terminal leave of war status employees, reclassifications of positions and other in grade promotions provided by law.)

Total, Smithsonian Institution	34,000. 00
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United States Maritime Commission:

Administrative expenses:

It is recommended by the committee that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

The amount that may be used for administrative expenses in the fiscal year 1946 under the head "United States Maritime Commission" is hereby increased by \$1,330,000, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for attendance at meetings is hereby increased by \$1,000.

(The proposed provision is necessary to provide lump-sum payments for terminal leave of employees separated from the service. The Maritime Commission has absorbed approximately \$400,000 required for this purpose, in addition to the cost of Public Law 106 (79th Cong.), but will be unable to meet the entire costs of terminal leave within the existing limitation.)

(An analysis of obligations for attendance at meetings during the first 8 months of the current fiscal year indicates that the existing limitation for this purpose will be inadequate.)

District of Columbia:

Health Department:

Gallinger Hospital, for additional nurses-----	\$7, 000. 00
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Public Works:

Capital outlay, Sewer Division-----	300, 000. 00
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Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund)-----	75, 000. 00
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Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund)-----	200, 000. 00
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Total, District of Columbia-----	582, 000. 00
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Department of Agriculture:

Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine:

Insect and plant disease control-----	330, 000. 00
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The committee recommend an appropriation of \$350,000—\$200,000 for gypsy-moth control and \$150,000 for pink-bollworm control—in lieu of \$20,000 proposed by the House for gypsy-moth control.

Forest service:

National forest protection and management-----	332, 000. 00
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The committee recommend \$500,000 for rehabilitating national forest recreational facilities in lieu of \$168,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,000,000 as submitted by the Budget.

Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas-----	300, 000. 00
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The committee recommend \$500,000 for this purpose in lieu of \$200,000, as proposed by the House. A survey conducted in the 17 Western States comprising the arid and semiarid areas showed that actual application for loans as of November 30, 1945, exceeded the funds available for the fiscal year 1946 by \$861,709. As of March 29, 1946, only \$22,370 of the current year's appropriation for loans remained unobligated. Even with the approval of the \$500,000 recommended by the committee it is estimated that it will be necessary to carry over into the fiscal year 1947 applications for loans exceeding \$1,500,000.

Total, Department of Agriculture-----	962, 000. 00
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Department of Commerce:

Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:

Office of Administrator-----	\$20, 000. 00
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(The committee recommend \$59,000 in lieu of \$39,000 as proposed by the House and \$102,000 as submitted by the Budget. The increase of \$20,000 proposed is for the purpose of providing funds for the plans and performance staff and the establishment of an Aviation Production Statistics Section.)

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities-----	174, 945. 00
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(The committee recommend an appropriation of \$924,600 in lieu of \$749,655 as proposed by the House and \$934,000, as submitted by the Budget. The committee has provided funds amounting to \$69,617 for the operation of 14 communications stations and related radio facilities formerly operated by the Army and \$105,328 for instrument-landing systems.)

Weather Bureau:

Salaries and expenses-----	500, 000. 00
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(The committee recommend an appropriation of \$500,000 for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of Public Law 296, 79th Cong., entitled "An Act concerning the establishment of meteorological observation stations in the Arctic region of the Western Hemisphere, for the purpose of improving the weather forecasting service within the United States and on the civil international air transport routes from the United States.")

Total, Department of Commerce--	694, 945. 00
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Interior Department:

Grazing service:

Salaries and expenses-----	14, 000. 00
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(This amount is necessary to provide for the placement of returning veterans and the allowance of the statutory terminal leave allowed war service appointees upon separation from the service.)

Bureau of Indian Affairs:

Irrigation and drainage: ~

Maintenance, San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River Reservation, Ariz-----	52, 200. 00
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Maintenance, irrigation systems, Flathead Reservation-----	12, 800. 00
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Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow Reservation, Mont-----	21, 000. 00
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Maintenance, Wapato Irrigation and Drainage Systems, Yakima Reservation, Wash-----	16, 000. 00
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Total irrigation and drainage-----	102, 000. 00
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Interior Department—Continued

Bureau of Indian Affairs—Continued

Transfer of Property of War Relocation Authority:

It is recommended by the committee that the following language be added to the bill:

, and there is transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reservations, Arizona: Provided, That any building materials transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable, and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof:

(It is recommended by the committee that the amount of \$10,000 proposed by the House for this purpose be increased to \$15,000.)

Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs.....	\$102, 000. 00
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Bureau of Reclamation:

Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas:

(The committee recommend that the limitation upon the amount available from power revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power system be increased from \$80,700 to \$130,700. This increase in the amount available from power revenues is necessary for the operation during the remainder of the fiscal year of the recently completed White Sands-Las Cruces transmission line, for replacement of turbines, for camp alterations, and for necessary operation and maintenance expense at Elephant Butte Dam.)

Government in the Territories:

Insane in Alaska.....	14, 000. 00
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(The additional \$14,000 is necessary to provide additional funds for the maintenance of insane patients at Morningside Hospital, Portland, Oreg., due to rising costs and to an increase in patient population over the number for whom funds are provided in the current appropriation.)

Fish and Wildlife Service:

Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations.....	20, 000. 00
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(The purpose of this amendment is to provide \$20,000 to augment the work of the Department of Conservation, State of Tennessee, at Reelfoot Lake, Tenn. (fish and wildlife bird refuge), in conformance with agreement dated Aug. 28, 1941. Channels must be excavated and water control structures built to alleviate flooding of farm lands adjacent to the lake and filling of the lake with silt.)

Interior Department—Continued

Fish and Wildlife Service—Continued

Halibut allocation program-----	\$39, 700. 00
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(Under Executive Order No. 9649, dated Oct. 29, 1945, the Office of Fishery Coordination was abolished. The order provided, however, that the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Fish and Wildlife Service, could continue to exercise the continuing functions of that office. At the time the estimates for the fiscal year 1947 were prepared it was believed that there would be no need for continuing any of the activities beyond June 30, 1946. However, the Fish and Wildlife Service has been requested by the Office of Price Administration and by the United States Department of Agriculture to administer an allocation program for Pacific halibut during the season which begins May 1, and ends in November 1946.)

(It is estimated that \$14,000 will be required for administration of a halibut allocation order during the coming halibut fishing season for the remainder of the fiscal year 1946 and that \$30,700 will be required for this purpose during the first half of the fiscal year 1947. It is expected, however, that \$5,000 of the appropriation made for the Office of Fishery Coordination for the fiscal year 1946 over and above amounts which have been rescinded will be available for this purpose so that the total required for administration of the order during the season beginning May 1 and ending in November 1946 will be \$39,700.)

Total, Interior Department-----	189, 700. 00
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Department of Justice:

Salaries of District Attorneys-----	125, 000. 00
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(This additional amount is required because of temporary increases in the personnel of district attorneys' offices resulting from return of veterans from military service, and lump-sum payments to war-service employees for accumulated annual leave upon termination of their appointments.)

Post Office Department:

Personal or property damage claims-----	27, 500. 00
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Office of Third Assistant Postmaster General:	
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Unpaid money orders more than 1 year old-----	487, 000. 00
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Total, Post Office Department-----	514, 500. 00
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Department of State:

Office of the Secretary:

Salaries-----\$66, 544. 00

(The Department originally requested an appropriation of \$513,000 to provide salaries for 588 additional positions for a full 3-month period. Subsequently, the Department reduced this request to \$350,000 in view of the fact that the pending bill will not become law until about May 1; thus leaving only 2 months of the current fiscal year. At the hearing, the amount requested was further reduced to \$245,760. The House allowed an appropriation of \$133,456, and the committee recommend that the amount be increased to \$200,000.)

Foreign Service:

Transportation, Foreign Service-----98, 000. 00

(The House allowed \$100,000 for this item. The committee recommend that the amount be increased to the amount of the Budget estimate, \$198,000. This amount is needed to pay the traveling expenses of additional personnel during the fiscal year 1946 recommended by the committee under the appropriations "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances" and "Salaries of clerks, foreign service.")

Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service-----33, 000. 00

(This additional amount is recommended to provide for the employment of 62 additional American employees for the two remaining months of the current fiscal year. This additional number of employees was requested in the 1947 estimates, but in view of the fact that the foreign service establishments are faced with heavy work loads at the present time, the Department wishes to employ these additional employees at the earliest possible date.)

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service-----127, 700. 00

The 1947 estimates provide for 200 additional employees under this appropriation. It was represented to the committee that these additional employees are needed as soon as they can be obtained, and the \$127,700 increase recommended by the committee is to provide for their employment during the last 2 months of the current fiscal year.

Foreign service, auxiliary-----500, 000. 00

The 1947 estimates provide for a sharp reduction in employment under this appropriation, and transportation costs must be provided for those employees whose services are being terminated. The bill as passed by the House provides \$500,000 for transportation costs. The State Department advised the committee that an additional \$500,000 will be required in order to pay for the transportation costs of returning employees now abroad, together with their families and effects, who either have resigned, or will be resigning before June 30, 1946, as a result of reduction in force under this appropriation.

Department of State—Continued

Foreign Service—Continued

Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service:

The committee recommend that the following provision be added to the bill:

Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service: The appropriation "Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service" contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby made available for the deportation of enemy aliens.

Rio Grande canalization project-----

\$40, 000. 00

The amount recommended by the committee is for the replacement of the Anthony Bridge over the Rio Grande within the Rio Grande canalization project. The bridge has been seriously damaged as a result of river channel changes during recent years due to the operation of the project. It was pointed out to the committee that recent failure of one of the abutments has rendered the structure temporarily impassable, and that complete failure of the bridge would deflect the water from the present channel, causing breaks to the levee system and serious damages to farm lands and improvements.

United States participation in United Nations:

The committee recommend that the following proviso be added to the bill:

: Provided further, That until July 1, 1947, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies, equipment, and services, including personal services, to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization

Total, State Department-----

865, 244. 00

Treasury Department:

Bureau of Narcotics:

Salaries and expenses-----

50, 800. 00

(This amount is required to enable the Bureau of Narcotics to accomplish its program for the enforcement of the Federal narcotic and marihuana laws. Special investigations of large and important cases during the early part of the fiscal year have resulted in the obligation of such amounts for travel and the purchase of evidence that additional funds are necessary to operate effectively during the balance of the year. Additional funds are also required to cover the cost of dual employment for a temporary period necessitated by the reinstatement of war veterans while the replaced employee is still in a pay status.)

Treasury Department—Continued

Seeret Service Division:

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes.....	\$60, 000. 00
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(This amount is necessary to enable the Seeret Service Division to pay for the increased cost of within-grade promotions due to Public Law 106 and the cost of dual employment for a temporary period necessitated by the reinstatement of war veterans while the replaced employee is still in a pay status.)

Total, Treasury Department.....	110, 800. 00
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War Department:

Damage claims.....	113, 611. 50
Rivers and Harbors.....	865, 000. 00

This amount is for the purpose of providing funds for work on the project for Baltimore Harbor and channels, Maryland, as authorized in the River and Harbor Act, approved Mar. 2, 1945.

Total, War Department.....	978, 611. 50
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The Judiciary:

U. S. Supreme Court:	
Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure.....	7, 500. 00

U. S. Court for the District of Columbia:	
Repairs and improvements.....	4, 100. 00

Total, The Judiciary.....	11, 600. 00
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Judgments and authorized claims:

Property damage claims.....	6, 532. 93
Judgments, United States courts.....	66, 091. 59
Judgments, Court of Claims.....	101, 513. 58
Claims allowed by the General Accounting Office.....	2, 021, 761. 35

Total, judgments and authorized claims.....	2, 195, 899. 45
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Total increase.....	11, 350, 105. 65
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DECREASES AND LIMITATIONS

Post Office Department:

Claim of Osear R. Steinert.....	4, 000. 00
(H. R. 5664 which has passed both Houses of Congress provides for the payment of this claim.)	

Title II, increased pay costs.....	181, 239, 469. 00
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(The funds for increased pay costs were incorporated in H. J. Res. 342, which has already passed both Houses of Congress. It was, therefore, necessary to strike title II from the second deficiency bill.)

Total decrease.....	181, 243, 469. 00
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Total increase.....	11, 350, 105. 65
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Net decrease.....	169, 893, 363. 35
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Amount of bill as reported to the Senate.....	63, 263, 930. 02
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Calendar No. 1261

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

[Report No. 1236]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 28 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Appropriations

APRIL 24 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Reported by Mr. McKELLAR, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply de-
5 ficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending
6 June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supple-
7 mental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
8 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

1 TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

2 LEGISLATIVE

3 SENATE

4 *For payment to Orja L. Sutliff for services rendered in*
5 *the office of Senator Charles O. Andrews while on terminal*
6 *military leave from September 10 to October 31, 1945, in*
7 *accordance with the provisions of Public Law Numbered*
8 *226, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 21, 1945,*
9 *\$840.34, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of*
10 *officers and employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1946.*

11 *Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For*
12 *payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries*
13 *and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Reve-*
14 *nue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946, \$3,000.*

15 *Senate restaurants: For payment to the Architect of the*
16 *Capitol in accordance with the Act approved September 9,*
17 *1942, fiscal year 1946, \$6,000.*

18 *For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, exclu-*
19 *sive of labor, fiscal year 1946, \$260,000.*

20 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

21 *To pay the widow of William Olin Burgin, late a Rep-*
22 *resentative from the State of North Carolina, \$10,000.*

23 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

24 *Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for*
25 *miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.*

1 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for steno-
 2 graphic reports of hearings of committees other than special
 3 and select committees, fiscal year 1946, ~~\$5,000~~ \$15,000.

4 Special and select committees: For an additional amount
 5 for expenses of special and select committees authorized by
 6 the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

7 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
 8 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
 9 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal
 10 Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946,
 11 \$3,000.

12 Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for
 13 telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,
 14 fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

15 Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery
 16 (additional allowance second session, of the Seventy-ninth
 17 Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

18 *COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL EXPENDITURES*

19 *For an amount which is hereby authorized to enable the*
 20 *Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Ex-*
 21 *penditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section*
 22 *601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain*
 23 *available during the existence of the committee, \$20,000, one-*
 24 *half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the*

1 *other half by the Clerk of the House on vouchers approved by*
 2 *the chairman of the committee.*

3 ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

4 CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

5 Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for
 6 lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and
 7 House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congres-
 8 sional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to
 9 remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects
 10 specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appro-
 11 priation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

12 *Erection of a statue of George Washington on the*
 13 *Capitol Grounds: To enable the Architect of the Capitol*
 14 *to acquire a statue of George Washington and a suitable*
 15 *granite pedestal upon which to erect such statue and to*
 16 *defray all expenses of erecting such statue upon the Capitol*
 17 *Grounds, all as authorized by the Act of June 11, 1940*
 18 *(54 Stat. 299), \$25,000.*

19 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

20 BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

21 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 22 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

23 COMMITTEE ON FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE

24 *For an additional amount for the Committee on Fair*
 25 *Employment Practice to meet increased pay costs authorized*

1 *by the Act of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), and to*
2 *provide for lump-sum terminal leave as authorized by the*
3 *Act of December 21, 1944 (Public Law 525, Seventy-*
4 *eighth Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$27,600, to be expended*
5 *prior to June 1, 1946.*

6 **PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR**

7 *Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropri-*
8 *ation "Salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for*
9 *War", in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act,*
10 *1946, on the amount which may be expended for printing*
11 *and binding is hereby increased from "\$20,000" to*
12 *"\$30,000".*

13 **WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION**

14 *War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: The*
15 *amount that may be used for administrative expenses for the*
16 *fiscal year 1946 under the head "War Shipping Administra-*
17 *tion, revolving fund" is hereby increased by \$3,325,000.*

18 **INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES**

19 **CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION**

20 *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*
21 *year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects*
22 *specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-*
23 *priation Act, 1946, \$369,000: Provided, That the limitation*
24 *on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby*
25 *increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".*

1 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

2 FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

3 Enforcement operations: For an additional amount
4 fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and
5 the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia
6 is hereby increased from "\$680,000" to "\$692,000".

7 FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

8 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
9 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
10 specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency
11 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

12 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

13 Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount,
14 fiscal year 1946, for "Hospitals and medical care", including
15 the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security
16 Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$748,000~~ \$1,348,000.

17 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

18 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

19 Return of departmental functions to the seat of govern-
20 ment: For all expenses, including personal services in the
21 District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the
22 Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary
23 to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such
24 bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Govern-

1 ment as are designated from time to time by the President,
2 which were removed from, or established at places other than,
3 the seat of government by reason of the national emergency,
4 including the expenses of travel of employees transferred,
5 including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of trans-
6 portation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel
7 performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation
8 of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing,
9 crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpack-
10 ing, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in
11 an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated
12 and eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated,
13 in accordance with regulations approved by the President;
14 and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5
15 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees,
16 plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member
17 of immediate families of employees; ~~\$200,000~~ \$495,020, to
18 remain available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to
19 the seat of government of Government-owned or leased furni-
20 ture, equipment, supplies, and other property and household
21 goods and personal effects of employees, and costs of restora-
22 tion of leased office space when required, may be accom-
23 plished without regard to section 3709 of the Revised
24 Statutes: *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the

1 seat of government, in accordance with a designation of the
2 President as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval
3 of this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other
4 allowances authorized by other law in connection with change
5 of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein
6 authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and
7 excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal
8 effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That
9 such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of
10 Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred
11 to other agencies concerned for the payment to the trans-
12 ferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

13 *Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in*
14 *the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For an addi-*
15 *tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses,*
16 *public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia*
17 *and adjacent area", including the objects specified under*
18 *this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946,*
19 *\$1,780,000.*

20 *Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds out-*
21 *side the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,*
22 *fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings*
23 *and grounds outside the District of Columbia", including the*
24 *objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices*
25 *Appropriation Act, 1946, \$950,000.*

PUBLIC ROADS ~~ADMINISTRATOR~~ ADMINISTRATION

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set forth in *Senate Document Numbered 163, and House Document Numbered 475, Seventy-ninth Congress, \$681,193.83 \$780,379.53.*

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed \$400,000 from the sources specified under said head.

NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitra-

tion, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$140,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$18,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For

1 *an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and*
2 *expenses, National Gallery of Art", including the objects*
3 *specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-*
4 *priation Act, 1946, \$16,000.*

5 **TARIFF COMMISSION**

6 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
7 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Com-
8 mission", including the objects specified under this head
9 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946,
10 \$53,000.

11 **UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION**

12 *The amount that may be used for administrative ex-*
13 *penses in the fiscal year 1946 under the head "United States*
14 *Maritime Commission" is hereby increased by \$1,330,000,*
15 *and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for*
16 *attendance at meetings is hereby increased by \$1,000.*

17 **VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION**

18 Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1,
19 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army
20 and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the pay-
21 ment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of
22 Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

23 Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105
24 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon
25 "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

1 OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

2 Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this
3 appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available
4 and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of
5 the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study
6 of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the
7 Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum;
8 printing and binding; and objects specified under the head
9 "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Ap-
10 propriation Act, 1946.

11 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

12 HEALTH DEPARTMENT

13 *Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For*
14 *an additional amount for the fiscal year 1946 for all expenses*
15 *necessary for Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuber-*
16 *culosis Hospital at Fourteenth and Upshur Streets North-*
17 *west, including the objects specified under this head in the*
18 *District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$7,000.*

19 PUBLIC WORKS

20 *Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For an additional*
21 *amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Sewer Di-*
22 *vision", including the objects specified under this head in*
23 *the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$300,000,*
24 *to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

1 *Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from*
2 *water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,*
3 *for "Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from*
4 *water fund)", including the objects specified under this head*
5 *in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946,*
6 *\$75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

7 *Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water*
8 *fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for*
9 *"Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water*
10 *fund)", including the objects specified under this head in*
11 *the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946,*
12 *\$200,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

13 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

14 *The sums appropriated in this Act for the District*
15 *of Columbia, shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be*
16 *paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia,*
17 *as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act,*
18 *1946.*

19 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

20 AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

21 BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

22 Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal
23 year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture
2 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

3 Insect and plant disease control: For an additional
4 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease
5 control", ~~\$20,000~~ \$350,000.

6 FOREST SERVICE

7 National forest protection and management: For an
8 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest
9 protection and management", including the objects specified
10 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appro-
11 priation Act, 1946, ~~\$168,000~~ \$500,000.

12 PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

13 CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

14 RESOURCES

15 The limitation on the amount which may be expended
16 for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head
17 in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946,
18 and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is
19 hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

20 WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

21 Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an addi-
22 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid
23 and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under
24 this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation
25 Act, 1946, ~~\$200,000~~ \$500,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Declassification and technical services: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and technical services", including the objects specified under this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

General administration, Office of the Administrator: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General administration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$39,000~~ \$59,000.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000, and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, air-navigation and communication facilities, including appurtenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities:

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
2 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
3 Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$749,655~~ \$924,600.

5 Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional
6 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regulations", including the objects specified under this head in
7 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
8 \$364,000.

10 Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional
11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of
12 aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in
13 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
14 \$103,705.

15 Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
16 including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

20 Construction, Washington National Airport: For the
21 construction of one hangar and the installation of additional
22 paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft,
23 \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, departmental", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000" to "\$1,881,000".

Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

PATENT OFFICE

Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents,

1 designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official
 2 Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900
 3 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

4 WEATHER BUREAU

5 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 6 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
 7 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
 8 Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$535,000~~ \$1,035,000, and the
 9 limitation upon the amount which may be expended for
 10 departmental personal services in the District of Columbia
 11 is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to ~~"\$1,170,000"~~
 12 *"\$1,175,000": Provided, That in the conduct of meteor-*
 13 *ological investigations by the Weather Bureau in the Arctic*
 14 *region, the War Department is authorized in the fiscal*
 15 *year 1946, subject to the approval of the Director of the*
 16 *Bureau of the Budget, to transfer without charge to the*
 17 *Weather Bureau materials, equipment, and supplies, surplus*
 18 *to the needs of the War Department and necessary for the*
 19 *establishment, maintenance, and operation of Arctic weather*
 20 *stations.*

21 GENERAL PROVISIONS

22 The provision in the Department of Commerce Approp-
 23 riation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Com-
 24 merce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of
 25 the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and

1 the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment
2 of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods
3 of officers and employees on change of official station, is
4 hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of
5 transportation of the immediate families of such officers and
6 employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

7 The provision in the Department of Commerce Appro-
8 priation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations
9 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945,
10 available for travel shall be available for the traveling ex-
11 penses of the immediate families of officers and employees
12 of the Department who were returned from points outside
13 the United States during the war is hereby amended by
14 extending said authority to apply to the appropriations avail-
15 able for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
16 tion Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the
17 amount which may be expended under said authority, as
18 amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

19 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

20 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

21 Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
22 for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head
23 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

24 GRAZING SERVICE

25 *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*

1 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
2 specified under this head in the Interior Department Approp-
3 riation Act, 1946, \$14,000.

4 Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year
5 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified
6 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation
7 Act, 1946, \$20,000.

8 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

9 INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

10 Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional
11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency
12 prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian
13 reservations", including the objects specified under this head
14 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
15 \$50,000.

16 IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

17 Maintenance, San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River
18 Reservation, Arizona: For an additional amount, fiscal year
19 1946, for operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
20 project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian
21 Reservation, Arizona, \$29,000 (operation and maintenance
22 collections) and \$23,200 (power revenues), from which total
23 amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts
24 covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of
25 the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

1 *Maintenance, irrigation systems, Flathead Reservation,*
2 *Montana: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for*
3 *operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power sys-*
4 *tems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, \$12,800 (opera-*
5 *tion and maintenance collections), from which total amount*
6 *expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered*
7 *into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Perma-*
8 *nent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.*

9 *Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow*
10 *Reservation, Montana (receipt limitation): For an additional*
11 *amount for improvement, maintenance, and operation of the*
12 *irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, fiscal*
13 *year 1946, \$21,000, from which amount expenditures shall*
14 *not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury*
15 *in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation*
16 *Repeal Act, 1934.*

17 *Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation,*
18 *Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Con-*
19 *tinuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the*
20 *irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River*
21 *Utes, Utah", including the objects specified under this head*
22 *in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945,*
23 *\$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed*
24 *the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accord-*

1 ance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal
2 Act, 1934.

3 *Maintenance, Wapato irrigation and drainage systems,*
4 *and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Washington: For an*
5 *additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and main-*
6 *tenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, and*
7 *auxiliary units thereof, Yakima Indian Reservation, Wash-*
8 *ington, \$16,000 (collections from the water users on the*
9 *Wapato-Satus, Toppenish-Simcoe, and Ahtanum units),*
10 *from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the*
11 *aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance*
12 *with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act,*
13 *1934.*

14 The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to
15 transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau
16 of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment,
17 materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceed-
18 ing \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River
19 Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on
20 the Colorado River Indian Reservation, *and there is trans-*
21 *ferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange*
22 *of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation*
23 *Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian*
24 *Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine*
25 *to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans*

1 *on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reserva-*
2 *tions, Arizona: Provided, That any building materials trans-*
3 *ferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority*
4 *shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as*
5 *the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable,*
6 *and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as*
7 *miscellaneous receipts.*

8 EDUCATION

9 Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal
10 year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise
11 provided for", including the objects specified under this head
12 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
13 \$200,000.

14 Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal
15 year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in
16 nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

17 Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and
18 the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
19 increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number
20 of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-
21 five".

22 Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the
23 amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
24 increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number

1 of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred
2 and ninety".

3 Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount
4 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
5 from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils
6 from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and
7 seventy-five".

8 Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla-
9 homa, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of
10 Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to
11 "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred"
12 to "three hundred and twenty-five".

13 Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available
14 for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from
15 "\$152,905" to "\$162,530"; and the number of pupils from
16 "four hundred and twenty-five" to "four hundred and fifty".

17 Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount
18 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
19 from "\$119,475" to "\$142,575"; and the number of pupils
20 from "three hundred and fifteen" to "three hundred and
21 seventy-five".

22 Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year
23 1946, for "Natives in Alaska", including the objects speci-
24 fied under this head in the Interior Department Appropria-

tion Act, 1946, \$125,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds) : For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds)", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$10,000~~ \$15,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular tribe interested.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana: For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available until expended.

1 BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

2 *Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: The limitation*
3 *under the subhead “Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas”,*
4 *Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appro-*
5 *priation Act, 1946, upon the amount available from power*
6 *revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power*
7 *system is hereby increased from “\$80,700” to “\$130,700”.*

8 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

9 SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For an additional amount for administration, protection, and maintenance of mammal and bird reservations, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, and for the improvement, construction, and repair of the outlet channel from Reelfoot Lake, Tennessee, to the Mississippi River, and control facilities connected therewith, fiscal year 1946, \$20,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

19 The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation
20 Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during
21 the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and
22 Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including
23 such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased
24 from “\$704,828” to “\$729,000”.

25 *Halibut allocation program: For expenses necessary to*

1 enable the Fish and Wildlife Service to administer an
 2 allocation program for the Pacific halibut fishery pursuant
 3 to authority delegated to the Secretary of the Interior under
 4 Food Directive Numbered 2, issued by the Secretary of
 5 Agriculture on February 8, 1943 (8 F. R. 1777), as
 6 amended March 16, 1943 (8 F. R. 3280), including per-
 7 sonal services in the District of Columbia; contract steno-
 8 graphic reporting services; the acceptance and utilization
 9 of voluntary and uncompensated services; maintenance,
 10 operation, repair, and hire of passenger automobiles; print-
 11 ing and binding; and the purchase in the District of Colum-
 12 bia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to
 13 the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the
 14 Interior"; fiscal year 1946, \$39,700, to remain available
 15 until December 31, 1946.

16 GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

17 TERRITORY OF ALASKA

18 *Insane of Alaska: For an additional amount for "In-*
 19 *sane of Alaska", including the objects specified under this*
 20 *head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,*
 21 *\$14,000.*

22 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

23 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

24 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 25 year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects

1 specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Approp-
2 priation Act, 1937, \$11.

3 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
4 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects
5 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
6 Appropriation Act, 1942, \$1,149.16.

7 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
8 year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

9 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional
10 amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands
11 Division", including the objects specified under this head
12 in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942,
13 \$5,164.45.

14 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
15 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and
16 expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the
17 objects specified under this head in the Department of
18 Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

19 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
20 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries
21 and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including
22 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
23 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$125,000~~ \$250,000.

24 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an

1 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
2 penses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects
3 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
4 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

5 FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

6 Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", includ-
8 ing objects specified under this head in the Department of
9 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

10 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

11 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

12 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
13 for "Salaries", \$31,600.

14 EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

15 Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an addi-
16 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office
17 Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary
18 increases for United States employees of that Service under
19 State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

20 NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

21 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

22 Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an
23 additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bu-
24 reau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

MARINE CORPS

GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

Expenses, Marine Band, National Encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana: For expenses of the United States Marine Band in attending the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana, August 20 to 31, 1946, \$8,140.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF

COLUMBIA

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Postmaster General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Department, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, \$30,000.

Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, \$12,600.

Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, \$5,000.

Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, \$14,900.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and miscellaneous expenses," including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$8,600.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Personal or property damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years, for "Personal or property damage claims", \$27,500.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and inspectors", \$25,000.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters", \$2,711,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Unpaid money orders more than one year old", \$487,000.

1 OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

2 Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
 3 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office sta-
 4 tionery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects
 5 specified under this head in the Post Office Department Ap-
 6 propriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limi-
 7 tation on the amount available for the pay of employees
 8 in the District of Columbia in connection with the ship-
 9 ment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

10 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 11 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified
 12 under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation
 13 Act, 1946, \$60,000.

14 Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an addi-
 15 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of
 16 equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

17 ~~(Payable out of the General Fund of the Treasury)~~

18 For payment to Osear R. Steinert, Chicago, Illinois, in
 19 full settlement of all claims against the United States, as
 20 authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress,
 21 approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

22 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

23 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

24 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
 25 for "Salaries", including the objects specified under this

1 head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
2 and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons
3 paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without
4 regard to the civil-service and classification laws, ~~\$133,456~~
5 \$200,000.

6 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
7 year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects
8 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
9 priation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

10 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
11 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects
12 specified under this head in the Department of State Appro-
13 priation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

14 FOREIGN OFFICE

15 Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional
16 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and
17 ministers", including the objects specified under this head
18 in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
19 \$35,000.

20 Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional
21 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Serv-
22 ice", including the objects specified under this head in the
23 Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$100,000~~
24 \$198,000.

1 Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional
2 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign
3 Service", including the objects specified under this head in
4 the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
5 ~~\$400,000~~ \$433,000.

6 Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service:
7 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscel-
8 laneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", includ-
9 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
10 of State Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~\$35,300~~ \$163,000.

11 Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an addi-
12 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service,
13 auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified
14 under this head in the Department of State Appropriation
15 Act, 1946, ~~\$567,070~~ \$1,067,070.

16 The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service",
17 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service",
18 and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal
19 year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases
20 in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of For-
21 eign Service employees whose basic compensation was not
22 increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay
23 Act of 1945.

24 *Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular*
25 *Service: The appropriation "Emergencies arising in the*

1 *Diplomatic and Consular Service*", contained in the Depart-
2 *ment of State Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby made*
3 *available for the deportation of enemy aliens.*

4 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

5 United States participation in United Nations: For all
6 necessary expenses of participation by the United States in
7 the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to
8 the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of
9 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations con-
10 cerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire,
11 maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (includ-
12 ing the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; pur-
13 chase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to
14 section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111) ;
15 \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available
16 for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations
17 working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appro-
18 priation "Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Con-
19 sular Service" from which sums have been advanced to the
20 United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State,
21 when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to
22 acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions
23 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784),
24 as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United
25 States contribution to the United Nations, and such contri-

1 bution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property
2 and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, inci-
3 dent to the acquisition thereof: *Provided further, That until*
4 *July 1, 1947, upon request of the United Nations and its*
5 *agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by*
6 *advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive*
7 *department, indepeudent establishment, or agency of the*
8 *United States Government may furnish or may procure*
9 *and furuish supplies, equipment, and services, including*
10 *personal services, to the United Nations and, when reim-*
11 *bursments are made by the United Nations, such reimburse-*
12 *ments shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or*
13 *accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obliga-*
14 *tions are incurred or such amounts are received from that*
15 *organization.*

16 *Rio Grande canalization project: For the replacement*
17 *of the Anthony Bridge, over the Rio Grande within the Rio*
18 *Grande caualization project, as authorized by and subject*
19 *to the provisions of the Act, approved April 22, 1940 (54*
20 *Stat. 151), fiscal year 1946, \$40,000, to remain available*
21 *until expended.*

22 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

23 FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

24 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
25 year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects

1 specified under this head in the Treasury Department Approp-
2 riation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

3 BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

4 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
5 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the ob-
6 jects specified under this head in the Treasury Department
7 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the
8 limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for
9 personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby in-
10 creased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from
11 "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

12 BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

13 *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*
14 *year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects*
15 *specified under this head in the Treasury Department Ap-*
16 *propriation Act, 1946, \$50,800.*

17 SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

18 Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an
19 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing
20 counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects speci-
21 fied under this head in the Treasury Department Approp-
22 riation Act, 1946, ~~\$50,000~~ \$110,000, and the appropriate
23 appropriation of the War Department shall bear the cost
24 (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this
25 agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set

1 forth in *Senate Document Numbered 164*, and House Docu-
 2 ment Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, ~~\$429,805.41~~
 3 *\$543,416.91*.

4 *CIVIL FUNCTIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS*

5 *RIVERS AND HARBORS*

6 *For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers*
 7 *and harbors", including the objects specified under this head*
 8 *in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946,*
 9 *\$865,000, to remain available until expended.*

10 *THE JUDICIARY*

11 *UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT*

12 *Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure: For an*
 13 *additional amount for "Preparation of Rules for Civil*
 14 *Procedure, Supreme Court", fiscal year 1946, \$7,500, to*
 15 *remain available until June 30, 1947.*

16 *UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA*

17 *Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United*
 18 *States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,*
 19 *fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District*
 20 *Court of the United States for the District of Columbia",*
 21 *including the objects specified under this head in the*
 22 *Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,300 \$5,400: Pro-*
 23 *vided, That not to exceed \$3,600 of this amount shall be*
 24 *available for structural changes, alterations, and installa-*
 25 *tion of fixtures and equipment in the Municipal Court Build-*

1 *ing of the District of Columbia (civil branch) including*
 2 *incidental expenses, to provide accommodations in that build-*
 3 *ing for activities of the District Court of the United States*
 4 *for the District of Columbia.*

5 Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Ap-
 6 peals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,
 7 fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United
 8 States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", in-
 9 cluding the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary
 10 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

11 ~~TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS~~

12 ~~SEC. 201.~~ For additional amounts for appropriations for
 13 the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized
 14 by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6,
 15 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151),
 16 and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation
 17 enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing
 18 increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as
 19 follows:

20 LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

21 For—

22 "Salaries, officers and employees, Senate",
 23 \$490,000;

24 "Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Print-
 25 ing, Senate", \$1,150;

1 “Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, Sen-
2 ate”, \$12,000;

3 “Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates
4 and proceedings of the Senate”, \$10,000;

5 “Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning,
6 repairing, and varnishing furniture”, \$385;

7 “Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses,
8 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Sen-
9 ate”, \$7,000;

10 “Salaries, officers and employees, House of Repre-
11 sentatives”, \$335,000;

12 “Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of
13 Representatives”, \$925,000;

14 “Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House
15 of Representatives”, \$5,000;

16 “Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
17 House of Representatives”, \$1,150;

18 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
19 folding documents”, \$10,000;

20 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
21 furniture and repairs”, \$9,500;

22 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
23 miscellaneous items”, \$2,500;

24 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,

1 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation",
2 \$7,000;

3 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
4 Speaker's automobile", \$675;

5 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
6 payment for certain services", \$1,200;

7 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
8 attending physician", \$385;

9 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
10 Revision of the Laws", \$1,000;

11 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
12 preparation of a New Edition United States Code (no
13 year)", \$5,000;

14 Architect of the Capitol:

15 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: "Salaries", \$19,
16 000;

17 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:

18 "Capitol Buildings", \$91,000;

19 "Capitol grounds", \$32,300;

20 "Senate Office Building", \$97,000;

21 "House Office Buildings", \$129,500;

22 "Capitol power plant", \$85,000;

23 Library of Congress:

24 Copyright Office: "Salaries", \$50,900;

25 Legislative Reference Service: "Salaries", \$35,734;

- 1 Index to State legislation: "Salaries and expenses",
 2 \$6,242;
 3 Union catalogs: "Salaries and expenses", \$8,566;
 4 "Motion picture project", \$696;
 5 Library Buildings: "Salaries", \$88,326;
 6 Total, Legislative Branch, \$2,468,209.

7 THE JUDICIARY

8 For—

- 9 United States Supreme Court:
 10 "Salaries", \$70,000;
 11 "Structural and mechanical care of the building
 12 and grounds", \$29,300;
 13 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: "Salaries",
 14 \$10,850;
 15 United States Customs Court: "Salaries", \$24,000;
 16 Miscellaneous items of expense:
 17 "Salaries of clerks of courts", \$675,000;
 18 "Probation system, United States courts", \$225,000;
 19 "Salaries of clerks", \$62,000;
 20 "Fees of commissioners", \$110,000;
 21 "Miscellaneous salaries", \$85,000;
 22 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: "Sala-
 23 ries", \$30,000;
 24 Total, The Judiciary, \$1,321,150.

1 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

2 For—

3 The White House Office: "Salaries and expenses",
4 \$30,000;

5 Bureau of the Budget: "Salaries and expenses",
6 \$280,000;

7 Office for Emergency Management:

8 "Office of Alien Property Custodian". (The
9 amount, \$332,900, which may be used for gen-
10 eral administration expenses by other agencies
11 on a reimbursable basis.)

12 Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

13 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

14 For—

15 Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
16 \$1,300,000;

17 Employees' Compensation Commission: "Salaries and
18 expenses", \$140,000;

19 Federal Communications Commission:

20 "Salaries and expenses", \$363,000;

21 "Salaries and expenses, national defense", \$194,000;

22 "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation": (The amount
23 which may be used for administrative expenses is
24 increased by \$417,000.)

1 Federal Power Commission:

2 "Salaries and expenses", \$287,300;

3 "Flood control surveys", \$17,700;

4 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses",

5 \$232,000;

6 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$4,813,000;

7 Interstate Commerce Commission:

8 "General administrative expenses", \$380,000;

9 "Safety of employees", \$42,000;

10 "Signal safety systems", \$9,800;

11 "Locomotive inspection", \$43,600;

12 "Valuation of property of carriers", \$56,000;

13 "Motor transport regulation", \$341,000;

14 "Salaries and expenses, emergency", \$24,000;

15 "National Capital Housing Authority", \$1,850;

16 National Labor Relations Board:

17 "Salaries", \$348,000;

18 "Salaries and expenses (national defense)",

19 \$57,600;

20 National Mediation Board:

21 "Salaries and expenses", \$19,600;

22 National Railroad Adjustment Board: "Salaries and

23 expenses", \$23,850;

24 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and ex-

25 penses", \$385,000;

1 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$120,200;
 2 "The Tax Court of the United States", \$48,800;
 3 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical,
 4 hospital, and domiciliary services", \$54,168,000;
 5 Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

6 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

7 For—

8 "Columbia Institution for the Deaf", \$13,000;
 9 Food and Drug Administration:
 10 "Enforcement operations", \$433,000;
 11 "General administration", \$16,900;
 12 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses",
 13 \$253,300;
 14 Howard University: "Salaries", \$13,500;
 15 Office of Education:
 16 "Library service", \$3,700;
 17 "Services for the blind", \$980;
 18 "Salaries", \$61,440;
 19 "Salaries and expenses" (vocational educa-
 20 tion), \$53,300;
 21 Public Health Service:
 22 "Industrial hygiene", \$11,280;
 23 "Foreign quarantine service", \$232,700;
 24 "Hospitals and medical care", \$3,935,200;
 25 "National Institute of Health", \$228,000;

1 “National Cancer Institute, operating ex-
2 penses”, \$58,700;

3 “Salaries and miscellaneous expenses”, \$160,000;
4 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Salaries and ex-
5 penses”, \$663,700;

6 Social Security Board:

7 “Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance”, \$130,000;

8 “Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security”,
9 \$105,700;

10 “Salaries, Bureau of Old Age and Survivors’
11 Insurance”, \$3,240,200;

12 “Salaries, offices of the Social Security
13 Board”, \$525,200;

14 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:

15 “For payments to States”, \$11,500;

16 “For general administrative expenses”, \$45,400;

17 Office of the Administrator:

18 “Salaries, Office of the Administrator”, \$25,800;

19 “Community War Services”, \$62,900;

20 “Salaries, Division of Personnel Manage-
21 ment”, \$17,000;

22 “Salaries, Division of Service Operations”, \$50,700;

23 “Salaries, Office of the General Counsel”, \$94,000;

24 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",

\$35,530;

Public Buildings Administration:

"General administrative expenses", \$201,380;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
in the District of Columbia and adjacent area",

\$4,372,460;

"Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
outside the District of Columbia", \$1,547,130;

Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses":

(The amount which may be used for administrative
expenses is increased by \$52,900.)

Federal Home Loan Bank Administration: "Salaries
and expenses": (The amount which may be used
for administrative expenses is increased by
\$126,000.)

Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and ex-
penses": (The amount which may be used for
administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)

Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and ex-

penses": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses",
\$204,000;

Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses",
\$242,000;

Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses",
\$72,000;

Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and expenses", \$84,000;

Bureau of Agriculture Economics:

"Economic investigations", \$310,000;

"Crop and livestock estimates", \$217,000;

Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations: "Salaries and expenses", \$85,000;

Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of extension work", \$60,000;

Agricultural Research Administration:

Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
\$40,000;

"Special research fund, Department of Agriculture", \$120,000;

1 Office of Experiment Stations:

2 "Administration of grants and coordination of
3 research with States", \$21,000;

4 "Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico",
5 \$9,000;

6 Bureau of Animal Industry:

7 "Animal husbandry", \$95,000;

8 "Diseases of animals", \$76,000;

9 "Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang's disease",
10 \$430,000;

11 "Inspection and quarantine", \$140,000;

12 "Meat inspection", \$1,590,000;

13 "Virus Serum Toxin Act", \$40,000;

14 "Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and
15 serum" (increase in sum made available from
16 appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the
17 Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May
18 12, 1933, from "\$31,940" to "\$37,740");

19 Bureau of Dairy Industry: "Salaries and expenses",
20 \$99,800;

21 Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural
22 Engineering:

23 "Field crops", \$240,000;

24 "Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops", \$205,000;

25 "Forest diseases", \$31,500;

- 1 "Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation", \$105,000;
- 2 "Agricultural engineering", \$46,000;
- 3 "National Arboretum", \$4,800;
- 4 Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:
- 5 "Agricultural chemical investigations", \$44,000;
- 6 "Naval stores investigations", \$17,500;
- 7 "Regional research laboratories", \$500,000;
- 8 Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:
- 9 "Salaries and expenses", \$73,000;
- 10 "White pine blister rust control, Department of Agri-
- 11 culture", \$270,000;
- 12 Forest Service:
- 13 Salaries and expenses:
- 14 "General administrative expenses", \$75,000;
- 15 "National forest protection and management",
- 16 \$2,550,000;
- 17 "Forest management", \$116,900;
- 18 "Range investigations", \$42,100;
- 19 "Forest products", \$175,000;
- 20 "Forest resources investigations", \$24,000;
- 21 "Forest fire cooperation", \$40,000;
- 22 "Farm and other private forestry cooperation",
- 23 \$36,000;
- 24 "Forest roads and trails", \$480,000;
- 25 Commodity Credit Corporation: "Salaries and admin-

1 administrative expenses" (increase in limitation for ad-
2 ministrative expenses by \$743,000);

3 Federal Crop Insurance Act: "Administrative and
4 operating expenses", \$320,000;

5 Soil Conservation Service:

6 "Soil conservation research", \$164,000;

7 "Soil conservation operations", \$4,575,000;

8 "Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida",
9 \$10,200;

10 "Land utilization and retirement of submarginal
11 land", \$144,000;

12 Marketing Service:

13 "Market news service", \$142,000;

14 "Market inspection of farm products", \$68,000;

15 "Marketing farm products", \$58,000;

16 "Tobacco Acts", \$67,500;

17 "Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce
18 Agency, and Standard Container Acts", \$24,
19 500;

20 "Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures
21 Acts", \$138,000;

22 "United States Grain Standards Act", \$127,000;

23 "United States Warehouse Act", \$60,000;

24 "Federal Seed Act", \$14,000;

25 "Packers and Stockyards Acts", \$48,000;

1 "Naval Stores Act", \$4,500;

2 "Insecticide Act", \$27,700;

3 "Commodity Exchange Act", \$41,500;

4 "Freight rates for farm products", \$12,000;

5 "Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation", \$3,200,000;

6 Farm tenancy: "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000;

7 "Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas", \$25,000;

8 Rural Electrification Administration: "Salaries and
9 expenses", \$490,000;

10 Farm Credit Administration:

11 "Salaries and expenses", \$66,800; and increase the
12 funds made available pursuant to Act of Jan-
13 uary 29, 1937, from "\$3,845,209" to "\$4,-
14 385,209";

15 Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

16 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses", \$98,-
19 000;

20 Bureau of the Census: "Compiling census reports, and
21 so forth", \$735,000;

22 Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:

23 "General administration, Office of the Administra-
24 tor", \$370,000;

25 "Technical development", \$42,000;

- 1 “Enforcement of safety regulations”, \$386,000;
- 2 “Airport Advisory Service”, \$33,000;
- 3 “Maintenance and operation of aircraft”, \$43,000;
- 4 “Maintenance and operation, Washington National
- 5 Airport, \$107,000;
- 6 “Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses”,
- 7 \$135,000;
- 8 Coast and Geodetic Survey:
- 9 “Salaries and expenses, departmental”, \$169,000;
- 10 “Salaries and expenses, field”, \$258,000;
- 11 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:
- 12 “Departmental salaries and expenses”, \$275,000;
- 13 “Field office service”, \$62,800;
- 14 Patent Office: “Salaries”, \$400,000;
- 15 National Bureau of Standards:
- 16 “Operation and administration”, \$75,000;
- 17 “Testing, inspection, and information service”,
- 18 \$178,000;
- 19 “Research and development”, \$192,000;
- 20 “Standards for commerce”, \$30,000;
- 21 Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

23 For—

24 Office of the Secretary:

25 “Salaries”, \$195,000;

1 "Office of Solicitor", \$29,900;

2 "Division of Territories and Island Possessions",
3 \$14,200;

4 Petroleum Conservation Division: "Salaries and
5 expenses", \$12,600;

6 Division of Geography: "Salaries and expenses",
7 \$1,350;

8 "Soil and moisture conservation operations", \$123,-
9 400;

10 "Commission of Fine Arts", \$860;

11 Grazing Service:

12 "Salaries and expenses", \$142,000;

13 "Range improvements", \$9,050;

14 General Land Office:

15 "Salaries", \$138,940;

16 "Surveying public lands", \$50,000;

17 "Salaries and expenses, branch of field examina-
18 tion", \$15,370;

19 "Salaries and expenses of land offices", \$42,300;

20 "Forest management and protection, public domain,
21 Alaska", \$19,660;

22 "Revested Oregon and California Railroad and re-
23 conveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands,
24 Oregon (reimbursable)", \$13,000;

1 “Range improvements on public lands outside of
2 grazing districts (receipt limitation)”, \$2,000;

3 Bureau of Indian Affairs:

4 Salaries and general expenses:

5 “Departmental personal services”, \$115,200;

6 “Maintaining law and order on Indian reser-
7 vations”, \$17,590;

8 Industrial assistance and advancement:

9 “Preservation of timber on Indian reserva-
10 tions”, \$134,500;

11 “Expenses incidental to the sale of timber
12 (reimbursable)”, \$26,820;

13 “Developing agriculture and stock raising among
14 the Indians”, \$80,000;

15 “Development of water supply”, \$6,700;

16 Irrigation and drainage:

17 “Construction, repair, and maintenance of
18 irrigation systems (reimbursable)”, \$20,-
19 200;

20 “Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
21 project (receipt limitation)”, \$28,880;

22 “Improvement, operation, and maintenance of
23 the irrigation and power systems on the
24 Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt
25 limitation)”, \$3,030;

1 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
2 the Fort Hall irrigation systems”, \$5,840;

3 “Improvements, maintenance, and operation
4 of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt
5 limitation)”, \$5,760;

6 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
7 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
8 Fort Belknap Reservation (reimburs-
9 able)”, \$750;

10 “Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
11 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
12 Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limita-
13 tion)”, \$640;

14 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
15 of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable)”,
16 \$740;

17 “Maintenance and operation of the several units
18 of the Fort Peck project (receipt limita-
19 tion)”, \$1,400;

20 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
21 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet In-
22 dian Reservation (reimbursable)”, \$730;

23 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
24 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet

1 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)",
2 \$1,780;

3 "Operation and maintenance of the irrigation
4 and power systems on the Flathead Reser-
5 vation (receipt limitation)", \$25,780;

6 "Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
7 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
8 vation (reimbursable)", \$450;

9 "Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
10 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
11 vation (receipt limitation)", \$4,360;

12 "Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
13 miscellaneous irrigation projects on the
14 Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)",
15 \$490;

16 "Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
17 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
18 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
19 and White River Utes (reimbursable)",
20 \$950;

21 "Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
22 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
23 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
24 and White River Utes (receipt limita-
25 tion)", \$2,620;

1 “Operation and maintenance of the Wapato ir-
 2 rigation and drainage systems, Yakima
 3 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
 4 \$26,510;

5 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 6 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 7 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 8 (reimbursable)”, \$410;

9 “Operation and maintenance of irrigation sys-
 10 tems within the ceded and diminished por-
 11 tions of the Wind River Reservation
 12 (receipt limitation)”, \$1,200;

13 Education:

14 “Support of Indian Schools”, \$886,700;

15 “Support and education of Indian pupils at
 16 nonreservation boarding schools”, \$417,-
 17 300;

18 “Natives in Alaska”, \$224,000;

19 Conservation of health:

20 “Conservation of health among Indians”, \$1,-
 21 988,500;

22 “Medical relief in Alaska”, \$102,000;

23 General support and administration:

24 “General administration of Indian property”,
 25 \$451,100;

1 “Reindeer service”, \$6,770;

2 “Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal
3 funds, \$12,333)”;

4 “Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal
5 funds, \$19,525)”;

6 “Support of Menominee Agency and pay of
7 tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds,
8 \$3,860)”;

9 “Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal
10 officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,-
11 600)”;

12 Bureau of Reclamation:

13 Reclamation fund, special fund:

14 “Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California
15 (from power revenues \$18,100)”;

16 “Yuma project, Arizona-California”, \$11,000;

17 “Boise project, Idaho”, \$10,000;

18 “Minidoka project, Idaho”, \$5,300;

19 “Minidoka project, Idaho (from power reve-
20 nues, \$15,000)”;

21 “Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from
22 power revenues, \$5,400)”;

23 “Owyhee project, Oregon”, \$21,200;

24 “Klamath project, Oregon-California”, \$11,000;

1 “Columbia Basin project, Washington (from
2 power revenues, \$63,000)”;

3 “Yakima project, Washington”, \$21,500;

4 “Riverton project, Wyoming”, \$4,000;

5 “Shoshone project, Wyoming”, \$1,800;

6 “Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power
7 revenues, \$2,000)”;

8 “Salaries and expenses (other than project
9 offices)”, \$456,200;

10 General fund, construction: “Colorado River project,
11 Texas (reimbursable)”, \$6,900;

12 “Geological Survey”, \$151,500;

13 Bureau of Mines:

14 “Salaries and expenses”, \$9,500;

15 “Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and in-
16 vestigation of mine accidents”, \$83,600;

17 “Coal-mine inspections and investigations”, \$122,-
18 380;

19 “Mineral mining investigations”, \$35,000;

20 “Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania”,
21 \$18,300;

22 “Economics of mineral industries”, \$40,000;

23 “National Park Service”, \$636,000;

24 “Recreational demonstration areas”, \$17,860;

1 "Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks",

2 \$70,500;

3 Fish and Wildlife Service: "Salaries and expenses",

4 \$543,100;

5 Government in the Territories:

6 Territory of Alaska: "Expenses of the offices of the

7 Governor and the Secretary", \$3,000;

8 Territory of Hawaii: "Expenses of the offices of

9 the Governor and the Secretary", \$1,100;

10 Government of the Virgin Islands: "Salaries of the

11 Governor and employees", \$7,370;

12 Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

13 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

14 For—

15 Legal activities and general administration:

16 "Office of the Attorney General", \$9,600;

17 "Office of the Solicitor General", \$5,000;

18 "Office of Assistant to the Attorney General",

19 \$16,000;

20 "Administrative Division", \$201,500;

21 "Tax Division", \$87,700;

22 "Criminal Division", \$11,300;

23 "Claims Division", \$129,000;

24 "Office of the Assistant Solicitor General", \$15,000;

25 "Office of Pardon Attorney", \$4,000;

1 "Salaries and expenses, Customs Division", \$18,000;
 2 "Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division",
 3 \$175,000;
 4 "Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field",
 5 \$18,000;
 6 "Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so
 7 forth", \$599,000;
 8 "Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth",
 9 \$7,900;
 10 "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth",
 11 \$507,000;
 12 "Pay and expenses of bailiffs", \$39,000;
 13 Federal Bureau of Investigation: "Salaries and expenses,
 14 detection and prosecution of crimes", \$1,249,000;
 15 Immigration and Naturalization Service: "Salaries and
 16 expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service",
 17 \$3,720,000;
 18 Federal Prison System:
 19 "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons",
 20 \$53,800;
 21 "Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional insti-
 22 tutions", \$3,639,000;
 23 "Medical and hospital service", \$224,700;
 24 Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For—

Office of the Secretary:

“Salaries”, \$68,600;

“Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor”, \$110,900;

“Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards”, \$23,500;

“Commissioners of Conciliation”, \$59,050;

“Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense)”, \$206,300;

Bureau of Labor Statistics:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$215,100;

“Salaries and expenses (national defense)”,
\$423,700;

Children's Bureau:

“Salaries and expenses”, \$55,460;

“Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions”,
\$35,970;

“Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare”, \$59,170;

“Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and infant care (national defense)”, \$5,750;

Women's Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, \$33,500;

Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries”, \$635,200;

War manpower functions:

“Apprentice training service”, \$73,100;

“Employment office facilities and services”,

\$5,504,800;

Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the Postal Revenues)

For—

Post Office Department, Washington, District of Columbia:

“Office of the Postmaster General: ‘Salaries’”,

\$52,800;

Salaries in bureaus and offices:

“Office of Budget and Administrative Planning”, \$5,300;

“Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General”, \$138,000;

“Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General”, \$140,400;

“Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General”, \$202,700;

“Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General”, \$93,000;

“Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department”, \$18,770;

1 "Office of the Chief Inspector", \$59,100;

2 "Office of the Purchasing Agent", \$11,500;

3 "Bureau of Accounts", \$57,100;

4 Field Service, Post Office Department:

5 Office of Chief Inspector:

6 "Salaries of inspectors", \$563,900;

7 "Clerks, division headquarters", \$187,300;

8 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

9 "Rural Delivery Service", \$17,385,000;

10 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

11 "Post office stationery, equipment, and sup-
12 plies", \$20,700;

13 "Pneumatic-tube service, New York City,"
14 \$52,800;

15 Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

16 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

17 For—

18 Office of the Secretary of State:

19 "Salaries", \$1,861,810;

20 "Passport agencies", \$10,410;

21 "Collecting and editing official papers of Territories
22 of the United States", \$400;

23 Foreign Service:

24 "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", \$13,000;

25 "Salaries, Foreign Service officers", \$294,000;

1 “Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service”, \$518,159;

2 “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign
3 Service”, \$55,850;

4 “Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)”, \$400,
5 000;

6 International obligations:

7 “Salaries and expenses, International Boundary
8 Commission, United States and Mexico”,
9 \$61,400;

10 “Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in
11 the El Paso Juarez Valley”, \$9,800;

12 “International Boundary Commission, United
13 States and Canada and Alaska and Canada”,
14 \$2,530;

15 “Salaries and expenses, International Joint Com-
16 mission, United States and Great Britain”,
17 \$3,080;

18 “Special and technical investigations, International
19 Joint Commission, United States and Great
20 Britain”, \$8,300;

21 “Cooperation with the American republics”, \$98,
22 370;

23 Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

~~TREASURY DEPARTMENT~~

2 For—

3 Office of the Secretary: “Salaries”, \$57,400;

4 Division of Tax Research: "Salaries", \$25,200;

5 ~~Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: “Salaries”, \$11,800;~~

6 ~~Division of Research and Statistics: “Salaries”, \$26,600;~~

7 Office of General Counsel: “Salaries”, \$21,800;

8 . Division of Personnel: ~~"Salaries", \$32,200;~~

9 Office of Chief Clerk: “Salaries”, \$68,200;

10 ~~Fiscal service:~~

11 Bureau of Accounts:

12 ~~“Salaries and expenses”, \$180,800;~~

13 “Division of Disbursement, salaries and ex-
14 penses”, \$1,075,900;

15 Bureau of the Public Debt: “Administering the
16 public debt”, \$7,612,000;

17 Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

18 ~~“Salaries and expenses”, \$881,700;~~

19 ~~"Salaries (reimbursable)", \$17,300;~~

20 Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses",
21 \$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: “Salaries”,
\$44,200;

24 Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses",
25 ~~\$178,800;~~

Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,035,700;

Secret Service Division:

"White House Police", \$49,500;

Bureau of the Mint:

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director", \$23,000;

"Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices", \$242,900;

Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$70,900;

Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

WAR DEPARTMENT

For—

The Panama Canal:

"Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal", \$587,000;

"Sanitation, Canal Zone", \$477,000;

"Civil government", \$361,000;

Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For—

General administration:

"Executive office", \$17,550;

1 "Office of the corporation counsel", \$17,720;

2 "Board of Tax Appeals", \$2,790;

3 Fiscal Service:

4 "Assessor's office", \$45,870;

5 "Collector's office", \$19,530;

6 "Auditor's office", \$36,400;

7 "Purchasing Division", \$7,640;

8 Regulatory agencies:

9 "Alcoholic Beverage Control Board", \$6,210;

10 "Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole",
11 \$4,840;

12 "Coroner's office", \$7,050;

13 "Department of Insurance", \$7,300;

14 "Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets",
15 \$19,670;

16 "Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board", \$6,
17 750;

18 "Office of Administrator of Rent Control", \$6,510;

19 "Office of Recorder of Deeds", \$32,500;

20 "Poundmaster's office", \$9,230;

21 "Public Utilities Commission", \$14,320;

22 "Zoning Commission", \$2,170;

23 Public Schools:

24 Operating expenses:

25 "General administration", \$71,330;

- 1 "General supervision and instruction", \$1,355,-
- 2 160;
- 3 "Vocational education, George Deen program",
- 4 \$16,350;
- 5 "Operation of buildings and maintenance of
- 6 equipment", \$386,460;
- 7 "Public Library", \$112,740;
- 8 Recreation Department: "Operating expenses", \$56,-
- 9 410;
- 10 "Metropolitan Police", \$777,040;
- 11 "Fire Department", \$383,400;
- 12 "Policemen's and Firemen's Relief", \$292,190;
- 13 Courts:
- 14 "Juvenile court", \$27,260;
- 15 "Psychiatric service, juvenile court", \$1,360;
- 16 "Municipal court", \$45,440;
- 17 "Municipal court of appeals", \$5,000;
- 18 "Probation system", \$4,920;
- 19 "Office of Register of Wills", \$13,730;
- 20 "Commission on Mental Health", \$2,840;
- 21 Health Department:
- 22 "Health Department (excluding hospitals)", \$209,-
- 23 010;
- 24 "Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium", \$225,400;

1 “Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital”,

2 \$504,130;

3 Public welfare:

4 “Office of the Director”, \$7,920;

5 Family Welfare Service:

6 “Operating expenses, child care”, \$20,000;

7 “Adult assistance”, \$32,700;

8 “Operating expenses, institutions for the indi-

9 gent”, \$55,730;

10 Juvenile Correctional Service: “Operating ex-

11 penses”, \$65,410;

12 Adult Correctional Service: “Operating expenses”,

13 \$279,740;

14 Mental Rehabilitation Service:

15 “Operating expenses, District Training School”,

16 \$111,300;

17 “Saint Elizabeths Hospital”, \$903,400;

18 Public works:

19 “Office of chief clerk”, \$4,560;

20 “Office of Municipal Architect”, \$13,800;

21 “Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of

22 District Buildings”, \$91,650;

23 “Surveyor’s office”, \$7,960;

24 “Department of Inspections”, \$60,550;

25 “Operating expenses, Electrical Division”, \$49,790;

- 1 "Central garage", \$4,200;
 2 "Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from
 3 highway fund)", \$40,500;
 4 "Reimbursement of other appropriations (payable
 5 from highway fund)", \$109,600;
 6 "Operating expenses, Refuse Division", \$46,900;
 7 "Operating expenses, Sewer Division", \$59,260;
 8 "Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from
 9 water fund)", \$83,650;
 10 Washington Aqueduct: "Operating expenses (payable
 11 from water fund)", \$22,360;
 12 "National Capital Parks", \$96,420;
 13 "National Capital Park and Planning Commission",
 14 \$7,410;
 15 "National Zoological Park", \$65,670;
 16 Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

17 DIVISION OF EXPENSES

18 The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
 19 Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be
 20 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
 21 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

22 SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations
 23 or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the
 24 fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be ex-
 25 pended for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts

1 which may be transferred between appropriations or author-
 2 izations, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet
 3 increased pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945
 4 (~~Public Law 106~~), July 6, 1945 (~~Public Law 134~~), July
 5 14, 1945 (~~Public Law 151~~), and July 21, 1945 (~~Public~~
 6 ~~Law 158~~), and other legislation enacted during or applicable
 7 to the fiscal year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian
 8 employees of the Government.

9 TITLE ~~III~~ II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED
 10 CLAIMS

11 PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

12 SEC. ~~301~~ 201. (a) For the payment of claims for dam-
 13 ages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and
 14 determined by the following respective departments and inde-
 15 pendent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An
 16 Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising
 17 against the Government of the United States in the sum
 18 not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December
 19 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House
 20 Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as
 21 follows:

22 Executive Office of the President:

23 Office for Emergency Management:

24 Office of Scientific Research and Development,

25 \$45;

Independent offices:

Selective Service System, \$256.98;

Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

Department of Justice, \$13.50;

Department of Labor, \$15.50;

Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), \$1,117;

Treasury Department, \$269.94;

In all, \$16,966.95;

(b) *For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 161, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:*

1 *Executive Office of the President:*

2 *Office for Emergency Management: Office of Scien-*
3 *tific Research and Development, \$33.24;*

4 *Independent offices: National Advisory Committee for*
5 *Aeronautics, \$28.06;*

6 *Federal Works Agency, \$471.20;*

7 *Department of Agriculture, \$1,544.60;*

8 *Department of Commerce, \$15;*

9 *Department of the Interior, \$1,440.41;*

10 *Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues),*
11 *\$332.48;*

12 *Treasury Department, \$2,667.94;*

13 *In all, \$6,532.93.*

14 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

15 SEC. ~~302~~ 202. (a) For the payment of final judgments,
16 including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the
17 provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act
18 to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government
19 of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act
20 of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have
21 been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in *Senate Docu-*
22 *ment Numbered 159, and House Document Numbered 477,*
23 under the following agencies:

1 Executive Office of the President:

2 Office for Emergency Management:

3 War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

4 Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

5 *State Department*, \$768.80;

6 Treasury Department, \$4,000;

7 War Department, ~~\$4,762.84~~ \$26,129.04;

8 In all, ~~\$20,924.08~~ \$43,059.08, together with such addi-
 9 tional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where
 10 specified in the judgments.

11 (b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of
 12 suits, rendered against the Government of the United States
 13 by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act
 14 entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States
 15 in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services
 16 rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and
 17 for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C.
 18 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in *Senate*
 19 *Document Numbered 158*, and House Document Numbered
 20 472, under the following agencies:

21 Navy Department, ~~\$35,000~~ \$52,500;

22 War Department, ~~\$9,731.68~~ \$36,188.27;

23 In all, ~~\$44,731.68~~ \$88,688.27, together with such addi-
 24 tional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where

1 specified in the judgments *listed in Senate Document Num-*
 2 *bered 158 and House Document Numbered 472; also neces-*
 3 *sary sum to pay interest on judgments set forth in Senate*
 4 *Document Numbered 112, the principal of the judgments*
 5 *having been appropriated for in Public 269, dated December*
 6 *28, 1945.*

7 (c) None of the judgments contained under this caption
 8 shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except
 9 such as has become final and conclusive against the United
 10 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

11 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

12 SEC. ~~303~~ 203. (a) For payment of judgments rendered
 13 by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth
 14 Congress in *Senate Document Numbered 160, and House*
 15 *Document Numbered 476, under the following agencies,*
 16 *namely:*

17 *Legislative Branch: Architect of the Capitol, \$6,781.49;*

18 *Independent offices:*

19 *Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;*

20 *Federal Works Agency:*

21 *Public Buildings Administration, \$9,000 \$90,-*

22 *998.15;*

23 *Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;*

24 *Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;*

Department of the Interior:

Civil, \$266,253.85;

Indians, \$1,808.73;

Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

Navy Department, ~~\$1,787.62~~ \$4,426.62;

Treasury Department, ~~\$120,819.71~~ \$127,333.47;

War Department, ~~\$112,303.37~~ \$115,884.55;

In all, ~~\$589,033.86~~ \$690,547.44, together with such

additional amount as may be necessary to pay interest as

and where specified in the judgments, *and interest on the*

mandate issued in the case of Louis Townsley, Court of

Claims Numbered 45097;

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption

shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired

except such as have become final and conclusive against the

United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments

contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for

more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. ~~304~~ 204. (a) For the payment of claims certified

to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropria-

tions the balances of which have been carried to the surplus

fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June

1 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations
 2 heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of
 3 the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated,
 4 and which have been certified to Congress under section 2
 5 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set
 6 forth in *Senate Document Numbered 162*, and House
 7 Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Congress, there
 8 is appropriated the sum of ~~\$10,194,651.06~~ \$12,202,715.10,
 9 together with such additional sum due to increases in rates
 10 of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the for-
 11 eign currency and interest as specified in certain of the
 12 settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed
 13 and accounted for as a single fund; ~~\$446.24~~ \$472.49, pay-
 14 able from District of Columbia revenues, and ~~\$549,355.34~~
 15 \$563,026.40, payable from postal revenues; in all, ~~\$10,744,-~~
 16 ~~452.64~~ \$12,766,213.99.

17 (b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General
 18 Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act
 19 for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service
 20 of the United States mustered into service for the War with
 21 Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands
 22 after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899",
 23 approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-
 24 sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the

1 Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July
2 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in
3 House Document Numbered 474, \$417.38.

4 TITLE ~~IV~~ III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

5 SEC. ~~401~~ 301. No part of any appropriation contained
6 in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any
7 person who advocates, or who is a member of an organiza-
8 tion that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the
9 United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the
10 purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie
11 evidence that the person making the affidavit does not ad-
12 vocate, and is not a member of an organization that advo-
13 cates, the overthrow of the Government of the United
14 States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any per-
15 son who advocates, or who is a member of an organization
16 that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the
17 United States by force or violence and accepts employment
18 the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropria-
19 tion contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and,
20 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
21 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided*
22 *further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to,
23 and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing
24 law.

- 1 SEC. ~~402~~ 302. This Act may be cited as the "Second
2 Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946".

Passed the House of Representatives March 27, 1946.

Attest:

SOUTH TRIMBLE,

Clerk.

79TH CONGRESS
2^D Session

H. R. 5890

[Report No. 1236]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

MARCH 28 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Appropriations

APRIL 24 (legislative day, MARCH 5), 1946

Reported with amendments

DIGEST OF
CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS
OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Legislative Reports and Service Section
(For Department staff only)

Issued April 29, 1946
For actions of April 26, 1946
79th-2nd, No. 77

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HIGHLIGHTS. Senate passed second deficiency appropriations bill and conferees were appointed. Sen. Langer introduced bill to provide 30 cents per bushel bonus on wheat produced and sold between Jan. 1, 1945, and April 18, 1946.

SENATE

1. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946. Passed with amendments this bill, H. R. 5890 (pp. 4244-53). In all provisions affecting this Department, the bill was passed as reported (see Digest 75 & 76). For other provisions of interest to the Department see Digest 53. Sens. McKellar, Glass, Hayden, Tydings, Russell, Brooks, Bridges, and Gurney were appointed conferees (p. 4253).
2. PUBLIC LANDS. The Judiciary Committee reported without amendment H. J. Res. 225, to quiet the titles of the respective States, and others, to lands beneath tide-waters and lands beneath navigable waters within the boundaries of such States and to prevent further clouding of such titles (S. Rept. 1260) (p. 4210).
3. BRITISH LOAN. Continued debate on S. J. Res. 138, to authorize the loan to Great Britain (pp. 4222-4, 4232-44).
4. SURPLUS PROPERTY. Sens. Tunnell, Del., Mead, N. Y., and Knowland, Calif., discussed the feasibility of returning surplus property from overseas for use and disposition in the U. S. (pp. 4224-32).
Sen. Maybank, S. C., inserted a War Assets Administration letter explaining policies and methods of disposing of surplus property to veterans (pp. 4212-3).
5. PRICE CONTROL. Sen. Capper, Kans., inserted a General Federation of Women's Clubs letter urging the continuation of price control (p. 4210).
Received an Oakland, Calif. citizens' petition urging the continuation of price control (p. 4210).
6. SELECTIVE SERVICE. Received from the Director of Selective Service System a list of registrants deferred for occupational reasons because of their employment in or under the Federal Government as of Apr. 1, 1946.
7. REGRESSED until Mon. Apr. 29 (p. 4255).

NOT IN SESSION. Next meeting Tues., Apr. 30.

8. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW. It is understood that the House Judiciary Committee has ordered S. 7 reported with the language of H. R. 5988 substituted therefor. This bill requires administrative agencies to publish full information about procedures except where national security or the internal management of the agencies is concerned, establishes procedures for fair hearings and judicial review for the redress of any legal wrong, confers various procedural rights on the public, limits administrative penalties, etc.

BILLS INTRODUCED

9. WHEAT. S. 2118, by Sen. Langer, W. Dak., to provide for the payment of a bonus of 30 cents per bushel on wheat produced and sold between January 1, 1945 and April 18, 1946. To Agriculture and Forestry Committee: (p. 4211.)
10. PUBLIC LANDS. S. 2119, by Sen. Murdock, Utah, creating a commission on Federal contributions to States and local governments by reason of Federal ownership of real property. To Public Lands and Surveys Committee. (p. 4211.)
11. APPROPRIATIONS. S. J. Res. 155, by Sen. Tydings, Md., to amend the Constitution so as to prohibit Congress from appropriating funds in excess of receipts (beginning one year from adoption of the amendment, except in case of war) without at least a 3/5 vote. To Appropriations Committee. (April 24.)

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

12. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. McKellar, Tenn., inserted a Truth and Herald (Winchester, Tenn.) editorial, "Senator McKellar Champion of TVA" (pp. A2482-3).
13. FOOD PRODUCTION. Sen. Hickenlooper, Iowa, inserted a Time article, "Farmers—Against Hunger", outlining the problems of a typical American farmer (pp. A2486-7).

oOo

COMMITTEE-HEARINGS ANNOUNCEMENTS for Apr. 29: S. Banking and Currency, OPA extension; S. Agriculture, tobacco situation; S. Appropriations, agricultural appropriation (ex.); S. Interstate Commerce, Bulwinkle transportation bill.

oOo

COMMITTEE HEARINGS RELEASED BY G. P. O.

14. RESEARCH; ATOMIC ENERGY. Pursuant to S. Res. 179, Pt. 5. Senate Special Atomic Energy Committee.
15. SMALL BUSINESS. H. Res. 64, merger of smaller war plants function and personnel into Commerce Department and RFC. House National Defense Program Committee. Pursuant to S. Res. 28, Pt. 83, impact of price controls and stabilization policies on small business and Pt. 84, problems of small uses of steel products. Senate Small Business Committee.
16. PHILIPPINE TRADE. H. R. 5856, Philippine Trade Act of 1946. Senate Finance Committee.

Russell Yoder: "We shouldn't make this loan to Britain. We've plenty of uses for money right here at home. It seems to me Churchill is trying to get us into a war with Russia with his talk about alliances, and if he does not keep his mouth shut he will."

Roy McReynolds: "Why drain this country dry in order to build up the British Empire again? If we want peace we should treat Russia as an ally rather than as an enemy."

Lester Gillian: "I'm in favor of letting the British have the food they need and whatever surplus supplies we can spare, but we shouldn't shower them with dollars. As for Churchill's speech, I don't know why we allow foreigners to come over here and voice opinions that will get us into trouble."

Tracy Deal: "I believe in loaning money to people who would pay it back. If we give money to Britain and not to other countries, we get a doubtful friend and several certain enemies."

Harold Crump: "Charity begins at home, it seems to me, and a loan to the British would be charity. They didn't pay before and they won't this time. The alliance idea is a good one. It will take a lot of power to keep peace, and we would be strengthened by an alliance."

G. J. Smith: "We should lend Britain enough to make sure everybody has enough to eat, but there's no excuse to lend them billions of dollars."

F. H. Schwartz: "I haven't made up my mind about the loan, but I am against entering an alliance. It would just provoke Russia. We should depend on the United Nations Organization to solve these problems."

LOAN TO BRITISH OPENING WEDGE, TEACHER WARNS—OTHERS WILL WANT THEIRS, DEAN PREDICTS

If the proposed \$3,700,000,000 loan to Great Britain is made, the United States will face loan demands from other nations, and be placed in the position of giving diplomatic affront if it refuses.

This warning was given by Dr. Clarence E. Manion, dean of the College of Law of the University of Notre Dame, in a recent address before the Northern Indiana Conference of Bank Auditors and Controllers in South Bend, Ind.

Dr. Manion said that the loan arrangement sounds like a chapter from Alice in Wonderland. He charged it is intended to establish a precedent for a \$6,000,000,000 cash advance to Russia, a \$600,000,000 cash advance to France, and "comparable amounts to every other country on the globe."

LISTS OTHER PROSPECTS

"If the British transaction is approved," the law-school dean asserted, "subsequent refusal to deal in like manner with Russia, France, and other countries will be construed as a diplomatic affront to those countries."

Dr. Manion said that in order to finance any subsequent exorbitant loans the Government will have to borrow from its citizens at high interest. The national debt will increase as a result, he said, and reduce the value of war bonds in the hands of the people. Deficit spending will continue and inflation will be accelerated, he warned.

"If the millions of Americans whose savings are now patriotically invested in war bonds know what is good for them they will kill this hypocritical British loan by an avalanche of protests to Congress," Dr. Manion said.

SEES THIRTY BILLION GIFT

The Notre Dame professor asserted that the proposed loan to Britain amounts to a gift of \$30,381,000,000. Under the loan terms, he said, \$2,331,000,000 still owed America by Great Britain from World War I is automatically canceled and forgiven. In addition, he said, twenty-five billion due under lend-lease

is reduced to a minimum of fifty million and a maximum of seven hundred and fifty million. On top of this, he declared, three billion is to be given without repayment for 55 years.

"For this thirty billion three hundred million—three billion and twenty-seven billion in excused or forgiven indebtedness to us—we get in return," said Manion, "only the unsecured promise of a debtor who has defaulted to us repeatedly during the past 25 years and who now pleads bankruptcy."

TERMS PROTESTS PHONY

Dr. Manion called British protests against the loan mere sham. The reported opposition to it in London is strictly phony, he said. The British complaints, he declared, are deliberately meant to give Americans the false impression that for once in their lives they have outsmarted the British. "They actually are giving us the horse laugh," Manion said.

"If we are in a mood for outright charity," Dr. Manion said, "this is no time to bankrupt ourselves in order to socialize the British coal mines or to nationalize the Bank of England."

[From the New York Daily News of April 2, 1946]

THE BRITISH "LOAN"

Since Lord Northcliffe died Lord Beaverbrook has become the most powerful and influential newspaper publisher in Great Britain.

Lord Beaverbrook was born in Newcastle, New Brunswick, Canada, son of the Reverend William Aitken, Scotch minister at Newcastle. Beaverbrook's original name was William Maxwell Aitken.

He became a successful businessman in New Brunswick; then conquered Canada, so to speak; then went to England. There he built his newspapers—London Daily Express, Sunday Express, Evening Standard; and served in various cabinets. His most notable public services were rendered as Minister of Supply in 1941-42 in which capacity he got Britain's aircraft industry really rolling 'em out for war purposes.

The London Daily Express has the world's largest daily newspaper circulation—about 3,400,000 at last report—for an interesting reason. It is printed simultaneously in three cities—London, Manchester, and Glasgow. Thus, it pretty well blankets England, Scotland, and Wales.

This mechanical advantage, of being able to print in three large cities on a relatively small but thickly populated island, is the main reason why the London Daily Express has a larger circulation than the New York Daily News, which has the largest newspaper circulation in America.

We mention Lord Beaverbrook at such length because his press power gives importance to anything he says on public affairs.

What he is saying nowadays about the proposed United States loan to Great Britain is of particular importance to Americans.

Lord Beaverbrook's view, as set forth in the London Daily Express, is that His Majesty's Government should graciously accept the "loan," but that it should also maintain imperial preference.

The "loan" would come to about \$4,000,000,000, with interest at 2 percent. Britain wouldn't have to begin payments on either interest or principal till 1951, and it would have 50 years after that to pay in full. In years when British export trade fell below prewar levels, it could omit the interest.

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE

Imperial preference is a big, rather resounding name for a simple device. This simple device is the maintenance of tariff walls around the British Empire, to make it hard for United States or other nonempire business people to sell their goods inside the

Empire while making it easy for Empire business people to sell their goods inside the Empire.

It is a trade monopoly scheme, whereby a market consisting of about one-fourth of the earth's land area and about one-fourth of its total population is pretty thoroughly fenced off for the benefit of business people inside that market.

Lord Beaverbrook has a perfect right to think and talk about imperial preference, and to be for it, as a veteran British Empire "firster."

Americans, however, have an equal right to think about what imperial preference would mean to them; and whether they would be smart or idiotic to extend Britain a "loan" of \$4,000,000,000 with the expectation that imperial preference would be maintained thereafter.

Britain, with a Socialist government, could use this money, among other things, to speed up nationalization of its industries. Thus, a capitalist nation would be helping to finance socialism in another nation—rather ridiculous.

Then, too, if we should loan Britain this money, there would be no excuse for our refusing to make similar loans to other nations. France first intimated that it would like a loan of two and one-half billions; now it hints that it might be willing to settle for five billions. Stalin some time ago told United States Congressmen visiting Moscow that Russia would settle for a loan of six billions—some, at least, of which would go to push the cause of communism in the rest of the world, including the United States.

All this money, it should be emphasized, would come, not out of the air or a magician's hat or a bookkeeper's bottle of red ink, but out of the pockets of United States taxpayers. These days, we are all taxpayers, directly or indirectly.

As we've said before, we think this whole matter is one for the American Legion to consider thoughtfully. The Legion, we believe, should consider the question whether it wouldn't prefer to have these billions go to our own World War II veterans in the form of bonuses, rather than to British, French, and Russian veterans. Having carefully considered this question, the Legion should act accordingly.

[From the Jackson (Miss.) Daily News]

THAT BRITISH LOAN

The Senate will be engaged during the coming week with a debate of Great Britain's request for a \$3,750,000,000 loan.

Great Britain's public debt today is \$22,398,000,000, compared with \$8,026,127,000 in 1928, an increase of 179 percent, due mostly to World War II.

Compare that, if you please, with our national debt of about \$278,000,000,000.

Instead of requesting a 50-year loan from the United States of America, without security and at a trivial interest rate, why doesn't Great Britain offer to sell her bonds to our citizens direct? This can easily be accomplished by newspaper advertisements—but not for 50-year bonds. Make several issues—one for 10 or 15 years at 2½ percent interest—one for 20 years at 3 percent and one for 30 years at 3½ percent. Place these advertisements in the principal newspapers in the United States, Canada, Australia, Union of South Africa, and Malaya—these countries have tremendous natural resources and all necessary items to feed and clothe all human beings.

Also, keep it in the forefront of your mind that Great Britain still owes us a debt of about \$12,000,000,000, with interest, accumulated since World War I.

Buying wars from our British cousins, and paying the entire bill, is a drain on our resources that is quite too heavy.

WOODLAWN AMERICAN LEGION POST OPPOSES
LOAN TO BRITAIN

WOODLAWN POST No. 175,
THE AMERICAN LEGION,
Chicago, Ill., January 15 1945.

Mr. WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST,
San Simeon, Calif.

DEAR MR. HEARST: The following resolution was presented and adopted at a recent meeting of our post and represents the opinion of our membership.

The Americanism committee of our post was authorized to send a copy to the Illinois Senators—LUCAS and BROOKS.

F. WILBER WATSON,
Commander.

Whereas the public debt of the United States is nearing the astronomical height of \$300,000,000,000 and seems likely to go even higher; and

Whereas if this debt is not curtailed and brought under control, or drastically reduced, a serious danger of ruinous inflation will obtain to the detriment of the public welfare throughout the country; and

Whereas returning GI's are required to pay 4 to 5 percent interest on loans from the United States Government: Therefore be it

Resolved, That Woodlawn Post No. 175, County of Cook, State of Illinois, American Legion, is unalterably opposed to the granting of a loan to Great Britain, under its proposed conditions, for the following reasons:

1. That the interest rate (1.6 percent) is entirely too low in comparison with other governmental obligations, and, further, that returning veterans desiring a loan would have to pay more than twice that rate of interest to secure a small loan for rehabilitation purposes.

2. That the agreement is so cunningly devised in that it compels us to establish a definite fixed policy of tariff that our failure to do so would afford Great Britain a valid reason to default on the agreement at a later date. This provision should be remedied.

3. That Great Britain has not divulged nor will she divulge her hidden assets to determine whether she actually needs this loan for the purposes stated by her or whether it will be diverted by her into channels for the purpose of propagandizing a socialistic government in contradistinction to our own form of government.

4. That the terms of the credit granted Great Britain is wholly disadvantageous to the best interests of the United States Government. This should definitely be repealed by the Senate.

We submit this for your consideration.

MRS. HENRY H. HAY—VETO MESSAGE
(S. DOC. NO. 174)

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. MURDOCK in the chair) laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, which was read, and with the accompanying bill, referred to the Committee on Claims and ordered to be printed:

To the Senate:

I return herewith, without my approval, S. 1190, Seventy-ninth Congress, entitled "An act for the relief of Mrs. Henry H. Hay."

The enactment would authorize and direct the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to Mrs. Henry H. Hay, of Savannah, Ga., the sum of \$1,082.46, in full satisfaction of her claim against the United States for compensation for accrued annual leave, earned by her husband, the late Henry H. Hay, as a merchant marine inspector in the United States Coast Guard, the amount representing compensation for 88 days and 15 minutes of

unused annual leave standing to his credit at the time of his death on December 4, 1944.

At the time of the employee's death there was no law or regulation authorizing the payment of compensation equivalent to, or in lieu of, the leave not taken by a former employee prior to his death. At that time the applicable law and regulations granted a right to an employee only to be absent from duty for the prescribed period without loss of compensation while retaining his status as a civilian officer or employee of the United States. The benefit was personal to the employee and ceased upon his death. While the act of December 21, 1944 (58 Stat. 845), now authorizes a lump-sum payment for all unused accrued annual leave of an employee upon his death to his designated beneficiary or to his estate, the provisions thereof are not retroactively effective. Many claims similar to the present one have been disallowed by the Government. Hence, the approval of relief legislation on behalf of the widow of the former employee named in this enactment would give her preferential treatment and, no doubt, would result in numerous relief bills with respect to other former employees similarly situated. For the reason stated herein I do not feel justified in giving this enactment my approval.

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

APRIL 26, 1946.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. BILBO. Mr. President, while I have the floor, I wish to ask leave of the Senate until the 2d day of July. I shall leave Washington at 4 o'clock tomorrow morning. I believe that the people of my State will be willing for me to devote at least 60 days to my own political defense, after having served them faithfully for 6 years here, 18 hours a day, except when I was sick in the hospital. I could never feel satisfied to stay here when there are four peckers-woods down in Mississippi trying to take my job away from me. So I hope to obtain the permission of the Senate to leave until the 2d of July, to attend to my business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, consent of the Senate is granted.

PROPOSED LOAN TO GREAT BRITAIN

The Senate resumed consideration of the joint resolution (S. J. Res. 138) to implement further the purposes of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act by authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to carry out an agreement with the United Kingdom, and for other purposes.

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, we have been debating this measure for several days. We lost 2 days this week on account of the unfortunate death of the late Chief Justice of the United States, Mr. Stone. I had thought that we might bring up part of that tomorrow; but I find that the Members of the Senate are not as yet enthusiastic about Saturday sessions, and I shall not ask for one. I had intended to ask unanimous consent that beginning on Monday debate be limited to 1 hour on the joint resolution and 1 hour on any amendments thereto,

which would make a total of 2 hours for any one Senator. But after consultation, I find that I cannot obtain such an agreement.

I merely ask Senators beginning on Monday to concentrate their thoughts and their speeches on the pending joint resolution, so that we may obtain a vote on it early in the week. There are some amendments which are to be offered. I do not know how much discussion they will involve. But it is desirable, not only on account of the merits of the pending measure, but on account of other legislation which is entitled to consideration and is waiting to receive it, that the Senate dispose as soon as possible of the pending joint resolution approving the agreement entered into between this country and the United Kingdom.

Therefore, in the absence of any agreement for limitation of debate, which I am not willing to propose now, let me say that I hope Senators will be here Monday prepared to hasten consideration of this proposed legislation as much as is possible, consistent with its importance.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS

Mr. MCKELLAR. Mr. President, I move that the unfinished business be laid aside temporarily, and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of House bill 5890, the deficiency appropriations bill.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Appropriations with amendments.

Mr. MCKELLAR. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the formal reading of the bill be dispensed with, that it be read for amendment, and that the amendments of the committee be first considered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered; and the clerk will proceed to state the amendments reported by the committee.

The first amendment of the Committee on Appropriations was, under the heading "Title I—General appropriations—Legislative," on page 2, after line 2, to insert:

SENATE

For payment to Orja L. Sutliff for services rendered in the office of Senator CHARLES O. ANDREWS while on terminal military leave from September 10 to October 31, 1945, in accordance with the provisions of Public Law No. 226, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 21, 1945, \$840.34, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of officers and employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1946.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 2, after line 10, to insert:

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946, \$3,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 2, after line 14, to insert:

Senate restaurants: For payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with the act approved September 9, 1942, fiscal year 1946, \$6,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 2, after line 17, to insert:

For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1946, \$260,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "House of Representatives," on page 2, after line 20, to insert:

To pay the widow of William Olin Burgin, late a Representative from the State of North Carolina, \$10,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Contingent expenses of the House," on page 3, line 3, after the numerals "1946" to strike out "\$5,000" and insert "\$15,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 3, after line 17, to insert:

COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

For an amount which is hereby authorized to enable the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section 601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain available during the existence of the committee, \$20,000, one-half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half by the Clerk of the House on vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

Mr. McKELLAR. Mr. President, I desire to offer an amendment to that committee amendment, and I wish to call the attention of the Senator from New Hampshire to it. In the committee amendment on page 3, in line 23, after the figures "\$20,000," I desire to strike out the word "one-half"; and beginning in line 24, after the word "Senate," to strike out the words "and the other half by the Clerk of the House on vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee."

Mr. Oco Thompson tells us that in order to have the matter handled by him, it will be necessary to make that change. I hope there will be no objection.

Mr. BRIDGES. That is satisfactory.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Tennessee to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the amendment was agreed to.

The amendment as amended was agreed to.

Mr. McKELLAR. Mr. President, I have an amendment which grows out of action on the part of the Rules Committee yesterday. The amendment, which is to come in on page 4, after line 3, reads as follows:

Senate Office Building: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for maintenance, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

Mr. President, the purpose of the amendment is to furnish more office

space for Senators who have less than four rooms. I cannot say how it will be done, but it will give office space to a number of Senators who need additional rooms.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Tennessee.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the next amendment reported by the committee.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Architect of the Capitol—Capitol Buildings and Grounds," on page 4, after line 11, to insert:

Erection of a statue of George Washington on the Capitol Grounds: To enable the Architect of the Capitol to acquire a statue of George Washington and a suitable granite pedestal upon which to erect such statue and to defray all expenses of erecting such statue upon the Capitol Grounds, all as authorized by the act of June 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 299), \$25,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 4, after line 22, to insert:

COMMITTEE ON FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE

For an additional amount for the Committee on Fair Employment Practice to meet increased pay costs authorized by the act of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), and to provide for lump-sum terminal leave as authorized by the act of December 21, 1944 (Public Law 525, 78th Cong.), fiscal year 1946, \$27,600, to be expended prior to June 1, 1946.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 5, after line 5, to insert:

PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR

Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for War," in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for printing and binding is hereby increased from "\$20,000" to "\$30,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 5, after line 12, to insert:

WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION

War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: The amount that may be used for administrative expenses for the fiscal year 1946 under the head "War Shipping Administration, revolving fund" is hereby increased by \$3,325,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Independent Executive Agencies—Public Health Service," on page 6, line 16, after the numerals "1946," to strike out "\$748,000" and insert "\$1,348,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Federal Works Agency—Public Buildings Administration," on page 7, line 17, before the word "to" to strike out "\$200,000" and insert "\$495,020."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 8, after line 12, to insert:

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area," including the objects specified under this head in the Inde-

pendent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,780,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 8, after line 19, to insert:

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia," including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$950,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, in the subhead, on page 9, line 1, after the word "Roads," to strike out "Administrator" and insert "Administration"; in line 10, after the word "in," to insert "Senate Document No. 163, and"; and in line 11, after the word "Congress," to strike out "\$681,193.83" and insert "\$780,379.53."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 9, after line 12, to insert:

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, for "Salaries and expenses," there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed \$400,000 from the sources specified under said head.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 10, after line 19, to insert:

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution," including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$18,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 10, after line 24, to insert:

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art," including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 11, after line 10, to insert:

UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

The amount that may be used for administrative expenses in the fiscal year 1946 under the head "United States Maritime Commission" is hereby increased by \$1,330,000, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for attendance at meetings is hereby increased by \$1,000.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, if I correctly understood the clerk when he read the amendment, it provides for one increase of \$1,000, but the major appropriation is increased by \$1,330,000.

Mr. McKELLAR. The Senator is correct. The \$1,000 item is a limitation on the amount which may be expended for attendance at meetings.

Mr. BRIDGES. I personally was not present when the item was discussed in the committee. What is the reason for such a substantial increase being requested on the part of the Maritime Commission?

Mr. McKELLAR. The increase is necessary in order to provide lump-sum payments for employees who are on terminal leave after having been separated from the service. The Maritime Commission has absorbed approximately \$400,000 required for this purpose, in addition to the cost of Public Law 106, Seventy-ninth Congress, but will be unable to meet the entire costs of terminal leave without the existing limitation. The Maritime Commission must have the money. Congress has already authorized it. The committee was unanimous, as I recall, in reporting the amendment.

Mr. BRIDGES. What is the total appropriation for the Maritime Commission up to the end of the present fiscal year?

Mr. McKELLAR. It is quite a large sum. I do not have the information before me.

Mr. BRIDGES. In my opinion, the Maritime Commission is one of the agencies which should be liquidating many of its activities.

Mr. McKELLAR. The amount which has been appropriated for the fiscal year is \$25,600,000. The additional appropriation of \$1,330,000 will make the total appropriation for the year \$26,930,000.

Mr. BRIDGES. Did the representatives of the Maritime Commission testify that an additional amount beyond the \$25,600,000 already appropriated was needed?

Mr. McKELLAR. Yes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment on page 11, after line 10.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 12, after line 10, to insert:

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1946 for all expenses necessary for Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuberculosis Hospital at Fourteenth and Upshur Streets NW., including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$7,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 12, after line 18, to insert:

PUBLIC WORKS

Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Sewer Division," including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$300,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, at the top of page 13, to insert:

Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund)," including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 13, after line 6, to insert:

Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund)," including the objects specified under this head in

the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 13, after line 12, to insert:

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this act for the District of Columbia, shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "Department of Agriculture—Agricultural Research Administration—Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine," on page 4, line 5, after the word "control", to strike out "\$20,000" and insert \$350,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Forest Service," on page 14, line 11, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$168,000" and insert "\$500,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas," on page 14, line 25, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$200,000" and insert "\$500,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics", on page 15, line 15, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$39,000" and insert "\$59,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 16, line 4, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$749,655" and insert "\$924,600."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was under the subhead "Weather Bureau," on page 18, line 8, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$535,000" and insert "\$1,035,000"; and in line 11, after the word "to", to strike out "\$1,170,000" and insert: "\$1,175,000: *Provided*, That in the conduct of meteorological investigations by the Weather Bureau in the Arctic region, the War Department is authorized in the fiscal year 1946, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to transfer without charge to the Weather Bureau materials, equipment, and supplies, surplus to the needs of the War Department and necessary for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of Arctic weather stations."

Mr. LANGER. Mr. President, it has been my understanding that the Government has been reducing personnel. The Joint Committee on Reduction of Non-essential Federal Expenditures, of which the Senator from Virginia [Mr. BYRD] is the chairman, issued a statement a few days ago to the effect that the Government is reducing personnel. Yet, I note that we are being asked to approve an appropriation for increased personnel by approximately double the original amount. Can the Senator from Tennessee explain why? I refer to the amendment on page 18, in line 8.

Mr. McKELLAR. The proviso is for the purpose of carrying out an act passed by Congress to establish in Arctic regions

weather bureau stations, and the materials, equipment, and supplies.

Mr. LANGER. I was not talking about the proviso; I was speaking about the amendment on page 18, line 8, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$535,000" and insert "\$1,035,000."

Mr. McKELLAR. That increase is, of course, caused by Congress having passed a law providing for the establishment of certain weather bureau stations in the Arctic region. When Congress passes a law which requires an appropriation, Congress must later appropriate in order to put the law into effect.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, time after time officers of various agencies come before congressional committees for authorizations. Time after time I have heard statements in committees to the effect, "Well, this, you understand, is not an appropriation, but an authorization." But always those interested return later and say in effect, "Congress having passed the act, it must now make an appropriation."

Mr. McKELLAR. The Senator from New Hampshire is entirely correct. We sometimes very carelessly allow authorization bills to be passed. After they are passed officers of the Government will later come to the Appropriations Committee and say, "Congress has authorized, and you must make an appropriation." I wish to join the Senator from New Hampshire in saying that I believe the practice to be a very vicious one, and that we should be much more careful in the future in regard to these matters than we have been in the past.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment on page 18, in lines 8 and 11.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Grazing Service," on page 19, after line 24, to insert:

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses," including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$14,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Irrigation and Drainage," on page 20, after line 16, to insert:

Maintenance, San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River Reservation, Arizona: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and maintenance of the San Carlos project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian Reservation, Arizona, \$29,000 (operation and maintenance collections) and \$23,200 (power revenues), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, at the top of page 21, to insert:

Maintenance, irrigation systems, Flathead Reservation, Montana: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, \$12,800 (operation and maintenance collections), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in ac-

cordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 21, after line 8, to insert:

Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow Reservation, Montana (receipt limitation): For an additional amount for improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, fiscal year 1946, \$21,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. McKELLAR. I may say, Mr. President, that all these items will be paid out of income from the operations of the irrigation systems.

The PRESIDING OFFICER: The next amendment of the committee will be stated.

The next amendment was, on page 22, after line 2, to insert:

Maintenance, Wapato irrigation and drainage systems, and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Washington: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and maintenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, and auxiliary units thereof, Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, \$16,000 (collections from the water users on the Wapato-Satus, Toppenish-Simcoe, and Ahtanum units), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 22, line 20, after the word "Reservation", to insert a comma and "and there is transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reservations, Ariz.: *Provided*, That any building materials transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable, and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "General support and administration," on page 25, line 8, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$10,000" and insert "\$15,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, at the top of page 26, to insert:

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: The limitation under the subhead "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas," Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, upon the amount available from power revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power system is hereby increased from "\$80,700" to "\$130,700."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Fish and Wildlife Service," on page 26, after line 8, to insert:

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For an additional amount for administration, protection, and maintenance of mammal and bird reservations, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, and for the improvement, construction, and repair of the outlet channel from Reelfoot Lake, Tenn., to the Mississippi River, and control facilities connected therewith, fiscal year 1946, \$20,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 26, after line 24, to insert:

Halibut allocation program: For expenses necessary to enable the Fish and Wildlife Service to administer an allocation program for the Pacific halibut fishery pursuant to authority delegated to the Secretary of the Interior under Food Directive No. 2, issued by the Secretary of Agriculture on February 8, 1943 (8 F. R. 1777), as amended March 16, 1943 (8 F. R. 3280), including personal services in the District of Columbia; contract stenographic reporting services; the acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; maintenance, operation, repair, and hire of passenger automobiles; printing and binding; and the purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior"; fiscal year 1946, \$39,700, to remain available until December 31, 1946.

Mr. LANGER. Mr. President, referring to the language on page 27, dealing with an appropriation for stenographic reporting services, and so forth, I ask the distinguished acting chairman of the Appropriations Committee if there is not on the statute books a law which makes it illegal for a Government official to spend money until it has been first appropriated.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, perhaps I can reply to the Senator from North Dakota. It was assumed that this halibut allocation program would not be carried on this year, but, in view of the continuation of the Office of Price Administration, the Fish and Wildlife Service will be required to administer an allocation program for the halibut catch. In order to do that, they must be properly equipped. That is what the appropriation is for. If there were no OPA, the Fish and Wildlife Service would not have to perform this work.

Mr. LANGER. Allow me to return to my question. In my State the legislature makes a certain definite appropriation for performing certain work. If the person in charge spends a single dollar more than the appropriation, he goes to jail. There is no fooling about it. I understand that in the case of the United States Government there is a similar law.

Mr. McKELLAR. There is.

Mr. LANGER. Then, why should we have any deficiency appropriation at all?

Mr. HAYDEN. When the program was provided for it was assumed the activity would not be proceeded with this year, and the money was not included in the regular annual appropriation bill, but subsequently Congress did not do away with the OPA, and the program in regard

to the distribution of this type of fish has to be administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service. That being the case, we have to provide the money.

Mr. LANGER. Why should not the money be appropriated at the same time we give the authority?

Mr. HAYDEN. This is the first chance we have had to do it.

Mr. McKELLAR. The work was suspended. During the war there was very little of this work done.

Mr. HAYDEN. The deficiency begins on May 1. It was assumed last year that we would not have this program under way in May.

Mr. LANGER. The money has not yet been spent?

Mr. HAYDEN. No.

Mr. LANGER. It is going to be spent in the future?

Mr. HAYDEN. Yes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment on page 26, beginning in line 25.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the next amendment.

The next amendment was, on page 27, after line 15, to insert:

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

TERRITORY OF ALASKA

Insane of Alaska: For an additional amount for "Insane of Alaska," including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$14,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Department of Justice—Legal activities and general administration", on page 28, line 23, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$125,000" and insert "\$250,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Field Service, Post Office Department," on page 31, after line 7, to insert:

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Personal or property damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years, for "Personal or property damage claims," \$27,500.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 31, after line 21, to insert:

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Unpaid money orders more than 1 year old: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946; for "Unpaid money orders more than 1 year old," \$487,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General," on page 32, after line 16, to strike out:

(Payable out of the general fund of the Treasury)

For payment to Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Ill., in full settlement of all claims against the United States, as authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Department of State—Office of the Secretary of State," on page 33, line

4, after the word "laws", to strike out "\$133,456" and insert "\$200,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Foreign Office," on page 33, line 23, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$100,000" and insert "\$198,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 34, line 5, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$400,000" and insert "\$433,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 34, line 10, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$35,300" and insert "\$163,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 34, line 15, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$567,070" and insert "\$1,067,070."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 34, after line 23, to insert:

Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service: The appropriation "Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service," contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby made available for the deportation of enemy aliens.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "International obligations," on page 36, line 3, after the word "thereof," to insert a colon and the following additional proviso: "Provided further, That until July 1, 1947, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies, equipment, and services, including personal services, to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization."

Mr. LANGER. Mr. President, may we have an explanation of this amendment?

Mr. McKELLAR. It is for the purpose of enabling the United Nations to utilize certain Government agencies in getting their work started. If the Senator will read the language he will find it is almost self-explanatory.

Mr. LANGER. Suppose the United Nations asked for \$10,000,000 for the purchase, say, of a site for some buildings. Would that be covered?

Mr. McKELLAR. That could not be done under this provision.

Mr. LANGER. What could be done under it?

Mr. McKELLAR. Just as it provides, the United Nations could utilize the services of different agencies of the Government. Services are not real estate or improvements.

Mr. LANGER. For example, they could buy 50 automobiles. That would be equipment.

Mr. McKELLAR. I imagine they could, if they would pay for them.

Mr. LANGER. They could hire a hundred lawyers if they desired.

Mr. McKELLAR. If they paid for them. I doubt that they would go that far.

Mr. LANGER. I mean the amendment gives them authority?

Mr. McKELLAR. That much could be done.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the next amendment.

The next amendment was, on page 36, after line 15, to insert:

Rio Grande canalization project: For the replacement of the Anthony Bridge, over the Rio Grande within the Rio Grande canalization project, as authorized by and subject to the provisions of the act, approved April 22, 1940 (54 Stat. 151), fiscal year 1946, \$40,000, to remain available until expended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 37, after line 11, to insert:

BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses," including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$50,800.

Mr. LANGER. May we have an explanation of the amendment?

Mr. McKELLAR. The Bureau of Narcotics has had a number of very troublesome cases which they have had to prosecute. They made a request and got an estimate of \$50,800 for the prosecution of those cases.

Mr. LANGER. Does it mean the hiring of more men to go out and dig up evidence?

Mr. McKELLAR. Not to dig up evidence. It is to prosecute cases.

Mr. BRIDGES. Mr. President, will the Senator from Tennessee yield?

Mr. McKELLAR. I yield.

Mr. BRIDGES. I followed this very carefully in the committee. I may say in answer to the Senator from North Dakota, and I was amazed at some of the testimony which was adduced.

For example—and I think every Member of the Senate should listen to this particular statement—drug peddling and the use of narcotics in the District of Columbia, here in the capital of the United States, is worse than at any other place in the country. It is disgraceful. That was the testimony of Mr. Harry J. Anslinger, the Commissioner of Narcotics. I read from page 66 of the hearings. He said:

For instance, here in the District of Columbia we ran into about the worst situation that we have ever seen in the way of drug peddling. I brought in about 8 or 10 men from different sections of the country and had to put them on a per diem.

I think the appropriation is justified; I am sure it is needed; but the point I wish to make is that there is a disgraceful condition here in the Nation's capital, where the peddling of drugs and narcotics is worse than at any other place in the entire Nation. Something should be done about it.

If the Senator from Tennessee will further permit me, I read further from the hearing. I asked this question:

I feel that it is difficult to keep narcotics under control. What reason is there for the terrific increase in the District of Columbia?

Mr. ANSLINGER. The average sentence here is 8 months and in Baltimore it is 38 months. They do not have peddling in Baltimore; even though the indeterminate-sentence law in the District of Columbia required that the violator must serve the minimum of 8 months, nevertheless, the average time served by those paroled throughout the United States was 13 months. I have taken the matter up with the chief justice and some of his associates and have tried to point out that with short sentences you are not going to deter the traffic. We had to spend \$15,000 here for purchases of evidence, travel, and other expenses. I have to keep as many men in the District of Columbia as in the New England district or as many men as we have in five Midwestern States.

I am glad the Senator from North Dakota raised the point, because while I believe the appropriation is justified, I think the reason for the appropriation, the widespread peddling of narcotics and drugs in our National Capital, is disgraceful and should be stopped.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the next amendment.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Secret Service Division", on page 37, line 22, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$50,000" and insert "\$110,000."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the heading "War Department—Office of the Secretary," on page 39, line 1, after the word "in", to insert "Senate Document No. 164, and", and in line 2, after the word "Congress", to strike out "\$429,805.41" and insert "\$543,416.91."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 39, after line 3, to insert:

CIVIL FUNCTIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers and harbors," including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, \$865,000, to remain available until expended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 39, after line 10, to insert:

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure: For an additional amount for "Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure, Supreme Court," fiscal year 1946, \$7,500, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "United States courts for the District of Columbia", on page 39, line 22, after the numerals "1946", to strike out "\$1,300" and insert "\$5,400: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$3,600 of this amount shall be available for structural changes, alterations, and installation of fixtures and equipment in the Municipal Court Building of the District of Columbia (civil branch), including incidental expenses, to provide accommodations in

that building for activities of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 40, after line 10, to strike out:

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized by the acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

For—

"Salaries, officers and employees, Senate," \$490,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing, Senate," \$1,150;
 "Salaries and expenses, legislative counsel, Senate," \$12,000;
 "Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates and proceedings of the Senate," \$10,000;
 "Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning repairing, and varnishing furniture," \$385;
 "Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Senate," \$7,000;
 "Salaries, officers and employees, House of Representatives," \$335,000;
 "Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of Representatives," \$925,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, legislative counsel, House of Representatives," \$5,000;
 "Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing, House of Representative," \$1,150;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, folding documents," \$10,000;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, furniture and repairs," \$9,500;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, miscellaneous items," \$2,500;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation," \$7,000;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, Speaker's automobile," \$675;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, payment for certain services," \$1,200;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, attending physician," \$385;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, Revision of the Laws," \$1,000;
 "Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, preparation of a new edition, United States Code (no year)," \$5,000;
 Architect of the Capitol:
 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: "Salaries," \$19,000;
 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:
 "Capitol buildings," \$91,000;
 "Capitol grounds," \$32,300;
 "Senate Office Building," \$97,000;
 "House Office Buildings," \$129,500;
 "Capitol power plant," \$85,000;
 Library of Congress:
 Copyright Office: "Salaries," \$50,900;
 Legislative Reference Service: "Salaries," \$35,734;
 Index to State legislation: "Salaries and expenses," \$6,242;
 Union catalogs: "Salaries and expenses," \$8,566;
 "Motion-picture project," \$696;
 Library buildings: "Salaries," \$88,326;
 Total, legislative branch, \$2,468,209.

THE JUDICIARY

For—

United States Supreme Court:
 "Salaries," \$70,000;
 "Structural and mechanical care of the building and grounds," \$29,300;

Court of Customs and Patent Appeals:
 "Salaries," \$10,850;
 United States Customs Court: "Salaries," \$24,000;
 Miscellaneous items of expense:
 "Salaries of clerks of courts," \$675,000;
 "Probation system, United States courts," \$225,000;
 "Salaries of criers," \$62,000;
 "Fees of commissioners," \$110,000;
 "Miscellaneous salaries," \$85,000;
 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: "Salaries," \$30,000;
 Total, the judiciary, \$1,321,150.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

For—

The White House Office: "Salaries and expenses," \$30,000;
 Bureau of the Budget: "Salaries and expenses," \$280,000;
 Office for Emergency Management:
 "Office of Alien Property Custodian": (The amount, \$332,900, which may be used for general administration expenses by other agencies on a reimbursable basis.)
 Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

For—

Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses," \$1,300,000;
 Employees' Compensation Commission: "Salaries and expenses," \$140,000;
 Federal Communications Commission: "Salaries and expenses," \$363,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, national defense," \$194,000;
 "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$417,000.)
 Federal Power Commission:
 "Salaries and expenses," \$287,300;
 "Flood control surveys," \$17,700;
 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses," \$232,000;
 General Accounting Office: "Salaries," \$4,813,000;
 Interstate Commerce Commission:
 "General administrative expenses," \$380,000;
 "Safety of employees," \$42,000;
 "Signal safety systems," \$9,800;
 "Locomotive inspection," \$43,600;
 "Valuation of property of carriers," \$56,000;
 "Motor transport regulation," \$341,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, emergency," \$24,000;
 "National Capital Housing Authority," \$1,850;
 National Labor Relations Board:
 "Salaries," \$348,000;
 "Salaries and expenses (national defense)," \$57,600;
 National Mediation Board:
 "Salaries and expenses," \$19,600;
 National Railroad Adjustment Board:
 "Salaries and expenses," \$23,850;
 Securities and Exchange Commission:
 "Salaries and expenses," \$385,000;
 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses," \$120,200;
 "The Tax Court of the United States," \$48,800;
 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services," \$54,168,000;
 Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

For—

"Columbia Institution for the Deaf," \$13,000;
 Food and Drug Administration:
 "Enforcement operations," \$433,000;
 "General administration," \$16,900;
 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses," \$253,300;
 Howard University: "Salaries," \$13,500;
 Office of Education:
 "Library service," \$3,700;

"Services for the blind," \$980;
 "Salaries," \$61,440;
 "Salaries and expenses" (vocational education), \$53,300;
 Public Health Service:
 "Industrial hygiene," \$11,280;
 "Foreign quarantine service," \$232,700;
 "Hospitals and medical care," \$3,935,200;
 "National Institute of Health," \$228,000;
 "National Cancer Institute, operating expenses," \$58,700;
 "Salaries and miscellaneous expenses," \$160,000;
 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: "Salaries and expenses," \$663,700;
 Social Security Board:
 "Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance," \$130,000;
 "Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security," \$105,700;
 "Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors' Insurance," \$3,240,200;
 "Salaries, offices of the Social Security Board," \$525,200;
 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:
 "For payments to States," \$11,500;
 "For general administrative expenses," \$45,400;
 Office of the Administrator:
 "Salaries, Office of the Administrator," \$25,800;
 "Community War Services," \$62,900;
 "Salaries, Division of Personnel Management," \$17,000;
 "Salaries, Division of Service Operations," \$50,700;
 "Salaries, Office of the General Counsel," \$94,000;
 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses," \$35,530;
 Public Buildings Administration:
 "General administrative expenses," \$201,380;
 "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area," \$4,372,460;
 "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia," \$1,547,130;
 Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

For—

Office of the Administrator: "Salaries and expenses":
 (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$52,900.)
 Federal Home Loan Bank Administration:
 "Salaries and expenses": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$126,000.)
 Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and expenses": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)
 Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and expenses": (The amount which may be used for administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses," \$204,000;
 Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses," \$242,000;
 Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses," \$72,000;
 Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and expenses," \$84,000;
 Bureau of Agriculture Economics:
 "Economic investigations," \$310,000;
 "Crop and livestock estimates," \$217,000;
 Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations:
 "Salaries and expenses," \$85,000;
 Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of extension work," \$60,000;

Agricultural Research Administration:
Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses," \$40,000;
"Special research fund, Department of Agriculture," \$120,000;
Office of Experiment Stations:
"Administration of grants and coordination of research with States," \$21,000;
"Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico," \$9,000;
Bureau of Animal Industry:
"Animal husbandry," \$95,000;
"Diseases of animals," \$76,000;
"Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang's disease," \$430,000;
"Inspection and quarantine," \$140,000;
"Meat inspection," \$1,590,000;
"Virus Serum Toxin Act," \$40,000;
"Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum" (increase in sum made available from appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933, from "\$31,940" to "\$37,740");
Bureau of Dairy Industry: "Salaries and expenses," \$99,800;
Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural Engineering:
"Field crops," \$240,000;
"Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops," \$205,000;
"Forest diseases," \$31,500;
"Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation," \$105,000;
"Agricultural engineering," \$46,000;
"National Arboretum," \$4,800;
Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:
"Agricultural chemical investigations," \$44,000;
"Naval stores investigations," \$17,500;
"Regional research laboratories," \$500,000;
Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:
"Salaries and expenses," \$73,000;
"White pine blister rust control, Department of Agriculture," \$270,000;
Forest Service:
Salaries and expenses:
"General administrative expenses," \$75,000;
"National forest protection and management," \$2,550,000;
"Forest management," \$116,900;
"Range investigations," \$42,100;
"Forest products," \$175,000;
"Forest resources investigations," \$24,000;
"Forest fire cooperation," \$40,000;
"Farm and other private forestry cooperation," \$36,000;
"Forest roads and trails," \$480,000;
Commodity Credit Corporation: "Salaries and administrative expenses" (increase in limitation for administrative expenses by \$743,000);
Federal Crop Insurance Act: "Administrative and operating expenses," \$320,000;
Soil Conservation Service:
"Soil conservation research," \$164,000;
"Soil conservation operations," \$4,575,000;
"Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida," \$10,200;
"Land utilization and retirement of submarginal land," \$144,000;
Marketing Service:
"Market news service," \$142,000;
"Market inspection of farm products," \$63,000;
"Marketing farm products," \$58,000;
"Tobacco Acts," \$67,500;
"Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce Agency, and Standard Container Acts," \$24,500;
"Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures Acts," \$138,000;
"United States Grain Standards Act," \$127,000;
"United States Warehouse Act," \$60,000;
"Federal Seed Act," \$14,000;
"Packers and Stockyards Acts," \$48,000;
"Naval Stores Act," \$4,500;
"Insecticide Act," \$27,700;
"Commodity Exchange Act," \$41,500;
"Freight rates for farm products," \$12,000;
"Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation," \$3,200,000;

Farm tenancy: "Salaries and expenses," \$365,000;
"Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas," \$25,000;
Rural Electrification Administration:
"Salaries and expenses," \$490,000;
Farm Credit Administration: "Salaries and expenses," \$66,800; and increase the funds made available pursuant to act of January 29, 1937, from "\$3,845,209" to "\$4,385,209";
Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

For—
Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses," \$98,000;
Bureau of the Census: "Compiling census reports, etc.," \$735,000;
Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:
"General administration, Office of the Administrator," \$370,000;
"Technical development," \$42,000;
"Enforcement of safety regulations," \$386,000;
"Airport Advisory Service," \$33,000;
"Maintenance and operation of aircraft," \$43,000;
"Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport," \$107,000;
"Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses," \$135,000;
Coast and Geodetic Survey:
"Salaries and expenses, departmental," \$169,000;
"Salaries and expenses, field," \$258,000;
Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:
"Departmental salaries and expenses," \$275,000;
"Field office service," \$62,800;
Patent Office: "Salaries," \$400,000;
National Bureau of Standards:
"Operation and administration," \$75,000;
"Testing, inspection, and information service," \$178,000;
"Research and development," \$192,000;
"Standards for commerce," \$30,000;
Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For—
Office of the Secretary:
"Salaries," \$195,000;
"Office of Solicitor," \$29,900;
"Division of Territories and Island Possessions," \$14,200;
Petroleum Conservation Division: "Salaries and expenses," \$12,000;
Division of Geography: "Salaries and expenses," \$1,350;
"Soil and moisture conservation operations," \$123,400;
"Commission of Fine Arts," \$860;
Grazing Service:
"Salaries and expenses," \$142,000;
"Range improvements," \$9,050;
General Land Office:
"Salaries," \$138,940;
"Surveying public lands," \$50,000;
"Salaries and expenses, branch of field examination," \$15,370;
"Salaries and expenses of land offices," \$12,300;
"Forest management and protection, public domain, Alaska," \$19,660;
"Revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, Oregon (reimbursable)," \$13,000;
"Range improvements on public lands outside of grazing districts (receipt limitation)," \$2,000;
Bureau of Indian Affairs:
Salaries and general expenses:
"Departmental personal services," \$115,200;
"Maintaining law and order on Indian reservations," \$17,590;
Industrial assistance and advancement:
"Preservation of timber on Indian reservations," \$134,500;

"Expenses incidental to the sale of timber (reimbursable)," \$26,820;
"Developing agriculture and stock raising among the Indians," \$30,000;
"Development of water supply," \$6,700;
Irrigation and drainage:
"Construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems (reimbursable)," \$20,200;
"Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos project (receipt limitation)," \$28,880;
"Improvement, operation, and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$3,030;
"Improvements, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall irrigation systems," \$5,840;
"Improvements, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt limitation)," \$5,760;
"Maintenance and operation, repairs, and purchase of stored waters, irrigation systems, Fort Belknap Reservation (reimbursable)," \$750;
"Maintenance and operation, repairs, and purchase of stored waters, irrigation systems, Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$640;
"Maintenance and operation of the several units of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable)," \$740;
"Maintenance and operation of the several units of the Fort Peck project (receipt limitation)," \$1,400;
"Improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation (reimbursable)," \$730;
"Improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$1,780;
"Operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Flathead Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$25,780;
"Improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation (reimbursable)," \$450;
"Improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$4,360;
"Improvement, maintenance, and operation of miscellaneous irrigation projects on the Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$490;
"Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes (reimbursable)," \$950;
"Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes (receipt limitation)," \$2,620;
"Operation and maintenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage systems, Yakima Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$26,510;
"Operation and maintenance of irrigation systems within the ceded and diminished portions of the Wind River Reservation (reimbursable)," \$410;
"Operation and maintenance of irrigation systems within the ceded and diminished portions of the Wind River Reservation (receipt limitation)," \$1,200;
Education:
"Support of Indian Schools," \$883,700;
"Support and education of Indian pupils at nonreservation boarding schools," \$417,300;
"Natives in Alaska," \$224,000;
Conservation of health:
"Conservation of health among Indians," \$1,988,500;
"Medical relief in Alaska," \$102,000;
General support and administration:
"General administration of Indian property," \$451,100;
"Reindeer service," \$6,770;

"Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal funds, \$12,333)";
 "Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal funds \$19,525)";
 "Support of Menominee Agency and pay of tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds, \$3,860)";

"Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,600)";

Bureau of Reclamation:

Reclamation fund, special fund:

"Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California (from power revenues \$18,100)";

"Yuma project, Arizona-California," \$11,000;

"Boise project, Idaho," \$10,000;

"Minidoka project, Idaho," \$5,300;

"Minidoka project, Idaho (from power revenues, \$15,000)";

"Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from power revenues, \$5,400)";

"Owyhee project, Oregon," \$21,200;

"Klamath project, Oregon-California," \$11,000;

"Columbia Basin project, Washington (from power revenues, \$63,000)";

"Yakima project, Washington," \$21,500;

"Riverton project, Wyoming," \$4,000;

"Shoshone project, Wyoming," \$1,800;

"Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power revenues, \$2,000)";

"Salaries and expenses (other than project offices)," \$456,200;

General fund, construction: "Colorado River project, Texas (reimbursable)," \$6,900;

"Geological Survey," \$151,500;

Bureau of Mines:

"Salaries and expenses," \$9,500;

"Operating mine rescue cars and stations and investigation of mine accidents," \$88,600;

"Coal-mine inspections and investigations," \$122,380;

"Mineral mining investigations," \$35,000;

"Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pa.," \$18,300;

"Economics of mineral industries," \$40,000;

"National Park Service," \$636,000;

"Recreational demonstration areas," \$17,860;

"Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks," \$70,500;

Fish and Wildlife Service: "Salaries and expenses," \$543,100;

Government in the Territories:

Territory of Alaska: "Expenses of the offices of the Governor and the Secretary," \$3,000;

Territory of Hawaii: "Expenses of the offices of the Governor and the Secretary," \$1,100;

Government of the Virgin Islands: "Salaries of the Governor and employees," \$7,370;

Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

For—

Legal activities and general administration:

"Office of the Attorney General," \$9,600;

"Office of the Solicitor General," \$5,000;

"Office of Assistant to the Attorney General," \$16,000;

"Administrative Division," \$201,500;

"Tax Division," \$87,700;

"Criminal Division," \$11,300;

"Claims Division," \$129,000;

"Office of the Assistant Solicitor General," \$15,000;

"Office of Pardon Attorney," \$4,000;

"Salaries and expenses, Customs Division," \$18,000;

"Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division," \$175,000;

"Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field," \$18,000;

"Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, etc.," \$599,000;

"Compensation of special attorneys, etc.," \$7,900;

"Salaries and expenses of marshals, etc.," \$507,000;

"Pay and expenses of bailiffs," \$39,000;

Federal Bureau of Investigation: "Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes," \$1,249,000;

Immigration and Naturalization Service: "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service," \$3,720,000;

Federal Prison System:

"Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons," \$53,800;

"Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional institutions," \$3,639,000;

"Medical and hospital service," \$224,700;

Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For—

Office of the Secretary:

"Salaries," \$68,600;

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor," \$110,900;

"Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards," \$23,500;

"Commissioners of Conciliation," \$59,050;

"Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense)," \$206,300;

Bureau of Labor Statistics:

"Salaries and expenses," \$215,100;

"Salaries and expenses (national defense)," \$423,700;

Children's Bureau:

"Salaries and expenses," \$55,460;

"Salaries and expenses, child-labor provisions," \$35,970;

"Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare," \$59,170;

"Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and infant care (national defense)," \$2,750;

Women's Bureau: "Salaries and expenses," \$33,500;

Wage and Hour Division: "Salaries," \$635,200;

War manpower functions:

"Apprentice training service," \$73,100;

"Employment office facilities and services," \$5,504,800;

Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT (Out of the postal revenues)

For—

Post Office Department, Washington, D. C.:

"Office of the Postmaster General: 'Salaries,'" \$52,800;

Salaries in bureaus and offices:

"Office of Budget and Administrative Planning," \$5,300;

"Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General," \$132,000;

"Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General," \$140,400;

"Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General," \$202,700;

"Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General," \$93,000;

"Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department," \$18,770;

"Office of the Chief Inspector," \$59,100;

"Office of the Purchasing Agent," \$11,500;

"Bureau of Accounts," \$57,100;

Field service, Post Office Department:

Office of Chief Inspector:

"Salaries of inspectors," \$563,900;

"Clerks, division headquarters," \$187,300;

Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

"Rural delivery service," \$17,385,000;

Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

"Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies," \$20,700;

"Pneumatic-tube service, New York City," \$52,800;

Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

For—

Office of the Secretary of State:

"Salaries," \$1,861,810;

"Passport agencies," \$10,410;

"Collecting and editing official papers of Territories of the United States," \$400;

Foreign service:

"Salaries, ambassadors and ministers," \$13,000;

"Salaries, foreign service officers," \$294,000;

"Salaries of clerks, foreign service," \$518,159;

"Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, foreign service," \$55,850;

"Foreign service, auxiliary (emergency)," \$400,000;

International obligations:

"Salaries and expenses, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico," \$61,400;

"Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in the El Paso Juarez Valley," \$9,800;

"International Boundary Commission, United States and Canada and Alaska and Canada," \$2,530;

"Salaries and expenses, International Joint Commission, United States and Great Britain," \$3,080;

"Special and technical investigations, International Joint Commission, United States and Great Britain," \$8,300;

"Cooperation with the American republics," \$98,370;

Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries," \$57,400;

Division of Tax Research: "Salaries," \$25,200;

Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: "Salaries," \$11,800;

Division of Research and Statistics: "Salaries," \$26,600;

Office of General Counsel: "Salaries," \$21,800;

Division of Personnel: "Salaries," \$32,200;

Office of Chief Clerk: "Salaries," \$68,200;

Fiscal service:

Bureau of Accounts:

"Salaries and expenses," \$180,800;

Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses," \$1,075,900;

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt," \$7,612,000;

Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

"Salaries and expenses," \$881,700;

"Salaries (reimbursable)," \$17,300;

Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses," \$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: "Salaries," \$44,200;

Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses," \$178,800;

Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and expenses," \$1,035,700;

Secret Service Division:

"White House Police," \$49,500;

Bureau of the Mint:

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director," \$23,000;

"Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices," \$242,900;

Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses," \$70,900;

Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

WAR DEPARTMENT

For—

The Panama Canal:

"Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal," \$587,000;

"Sanitation, Canal Zone," \$477,000;

"Civil government," \$361,000;

Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For—

General administration:

"Executive office," \$17,550;

"Office of the corporation counsel," \$17,720;

"Board of Tax Appeals," \$2,790;

Fiscal Service:

"Assessor's office," \$45,870;

"Collector's office," \$19,530;

"Auditor's office," \$36,400;

"Purchasing Division," \$7,640;
 Regulatory agencies:
 "Alcoholic Beverage Control Board," \$6,210;
 "Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole," \$4,840;
 "Coroner's office," \$7,050;
 "Department of Insurance," \$7,300;
 "Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets," \$19,670;
 "Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board," \$6,750;
 "Office of Administrator of Rent Control," \$6,510;
 "Office of Recorder of Deeds," \$32,500;
 "Poundmaster's office," \$9,230;
 "Public Utilities Commission," \$14,320;
 "Zoning Commission," \$2,170;
 Public Schools:
 Operating expenses:
 "General administration," \$71,330;
 "General supervision and instruction," \$1,355,160;
 "Vocational education, George Deen program," \$16,350;
 "Operation of buildings and maintenance of equipment," \$386,460;
 "Public Library," \$112,740;
 Recreation Department: "Operating expenses," \$56,410;
 "Metropolitan Police," \$777,040;
 "Fire Department," \$383,400;
 "Police and Firemen's Relief," \$292,190;
 Courts:
 "Juvenile court," \$27,260;
 "Psychiatric service, juvenile court," \$1,360;
 "Municipal court," \$45,440;
 "Municipal court of appeals," \$5,000;
 "Probation system," \$4,920;
 "Office of Register of Wills," \$13,730;
 "Commission on Mental Health," \$2,840;
 Health Department:
 "Health Department (excluding hospitals)," \$209,010;
 "Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium," \$225,400;
 "Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital," \$504,130;
 Public welfare:
 "Office of the Director," \$7,920;
 Family Welfare Service:
 "Operating expenses, child care," \$20,000;
 "Adult assistance," \$32,700;
 "Operating expenses, institutions for the indigent," \$55,730;
 Juvenile Correctional Service: "Operating expenses," \$65,410;
 Adult Correctional Service: "Operating expenses," \$279,740;
 Mental Rehabilitation Service:
 "Operating expenses, District Training School," \$111,300;
 "Saint Elizabeths Hospital," \$903,400;
 Public works:
 "Office of chief clerk," \$4,560;
 "Office of Municipal Architect," \$13,800;
 "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings," \$91,650;
 "Surveyor's office," \$7,960;
 "Department of Inspections," \$60,550;
 "Operating expenses, Electrical Division," \$49,790;
 "Central garage," \$4,200;
 "Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from highway fund)," \$40,500;
 "Reimbursement of other appropriations (payable from highway fund)," \$109,600;
 "Operating expenses, Refuse Division," \$46,900;
 "Operating expenses, Sewer Division," \$59,260;
 "Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund)," \$83,650;
 Washington Aqueduct: "Operating expenses (payable from water fund)," \$22,360;
 "National Capital Parks," \$96,420;
 "National Capital Park and Planning Commission," \$7,410;
 "National Zoological Park," \$65,670;
 Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be expended for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by the acts of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable to the fiscal year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian employees of the Government.

Mr. McKELLAR. The whole of title II is stricken out because Congress took action some time ago making similar provision.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment reported by the committee.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, in the heading, on page 74, line 9, after the word "Title", to strike out "III" and insert "II"; and in line 12, to change the section number from 301 to 201.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 75, after line 14, to insert:

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case," approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document No. 161, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:

Office for Emergency Management: Office of Scientific Research and Development, \$33.24;

Independent offices:

National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, \$28.06;
 Federal Works Agency, \$471.20;
 Department of Agriculture, \$1,544.60;
 Department of Commerce, \$15;
 Department of the Interior, \$1,440.41;
 Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), \$332.48;
 Treasury Department, \$2,667.94;
 In all, \$6,532.93.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Judgments, United States Courts", on page 76, line 15, to change the section number from 302 to 202; and in line 21, after the word "in", to insert "Senate Document Numbered 159, and."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, after line 4, to insert: "State Department, \$768.80."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, line 7, after "War Department", to strike out "\$4,762.84" and insert "\$26,129.04."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, line 8, after the words "In all", to strike out "\$20,924.08" and insert "\$43,059.08."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, line 18, after the word "in", to insert "Senate Document No. 158, and."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, line 21, after "Navy Department", to strike out "\$35,000" and insert "\$52,500."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, line 22, after "War Department", to strike out "\$9,731.68" and insert "\$36,188.27."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 77, line 23, after the words "In all", to strike out "\$44,731.68" and insert "\$88,688.27"; and on page 78, line 1, after the word "judgments", to insert "listed in Senate Document No. 158 and House Document No. 472; also necessary sum to pay interest on judgments set forth in Senate Document No. 112, the principal of the judgments having been appropriated for in Public, 269, dated December 28, 1945."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Judgments, United States Court of Claims," on page 78, line 12, to change the section number from 303 to 203; and in line 14, after the word "in", to insert "Senate Document No. 160, and."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 78, after line 16, to insert:

Legislative branch: Architect of the Capitol, \$6,781.49.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 78, line 21, after the words "Public Buildings Administration", to strike out "\$9,000" and insert "\$90,998.15."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 79, line 5, after "Navy Department" to strike out "\$1,787.62" and insert "\$4,426.62."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 79, line 6, after "Treasury Department", to strike out "\$120,819.71" and insert "\$127,333.47."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 79, line 7, after "War Department", to strike out "\$112,303.37" and insert "\$115,884.55."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 79, line 8, after the words "In all", to strike out "\$589,033.86" and insert "\$690,547.44"; and in line 10, after the word "judgments", to insert "and interest on the mandate issued in the case of Louis Townsley, Court of Claims No. 45097."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Audited claims," on page 79, line 21, to change the section number from 304 to 204; on page 80, line 6, after the word "in", to insert "Senate Document No. 162, and"; in line 8 after the words "sum of", to strike out "\$10,194,651.06" and insert "\$12,202,715.10"; in line 13, after the word "fund", to strike out "\$446.24" and insert "\$472.49"; in line 14, after the word "and", to strike out "\$549,355.34" and insert "\$563,026.40"; and in line 15, after the words "in

all", to strike out "\$10,744,452.64" and insert "\$12,766,213.99."

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, in the heading on page 81, line 4, after the word "Title", to strike out "IV" and insert "III"; and in line 5 to change the section number from 401 to 301.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 82, line 1, to change the section number from 402 to 302.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. That completes the committee amendments. The bill is open to further amendment. If there be no further amendment to be offered, the question is on the engrossment of the amendments and the third reading of the bill.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed, and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill (H. R. 5890) was read the third time, and passed.

Mr. McKELLAR. I move that the Senate insist upon its amendments, request a conference with the House thereon, and that the Chair appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The motion was agreed to; and the Presiding Officer appointed Mr. McKELLAR, Mr. GLASS, Mr. HAYDEN, Mr. TYDINGS, Mr. RUSSELL, Mr. BROOKS, Mr. BRIDGES, and Mr. GURNEY conferees on the part of the Senate.

Mr. LANGER. Mr. President, I should like to ask the Senator from Tennessee a question about an item appearing on page 79 of the bill. Can the Senator tell us about the case of Louis Townsley, which seems to involve \$690,000?

Mr. McKELLAR. That item is for overtime payments to employees of the Panama Canal. The whole amount in-

involved goes to them because of the law which Congress passed.

Mr. LANGER. Townsley was simply one man suing for himself and all the others?

Mr. McKELLAR. Yes; for himself and all the others.

Mr. LANGER. How many employees were involved?

Mr. McKELLAR. That is not shown. The amount involved represents the judgment of the court, and that is why it is not given in detail.

Mr. LANGER. I thank the Senator from Tennessee.

ERECTION OF STATUE OF NATHAN HALE IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, from the Committee on the Library, I report favorably, without amendment, Senate Joint Resolution 84, and ask unanimous consent for its consideration.

There being no objection, the joint resolution (S. J. Res. 84) introduced by Mr. McMAHON (for himself and Mr. HART) on July 12, authorizing the erection in the District of Columbia of a statue of Nathan Hale, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

Resolved, etc., That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to grant authority to the Second National Bank, of New Haven, Conn., executor of the estate of the late George Dudley Seymour, to erect the bronze statue of Nathan Hale, bequeathed by him to the United States of America, including pedestal, on an appropriate site on grounds now owned by the United States in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the site chosen shall be approved by the National Commission of Fine Arts, and the United States shall be put to no expense in or by the erection of this statue: Provided further, That unless the

erection of this statue is begun within 5 years from and after the date of passage of this joint resolution, the authorization hereby granted is revoked.

REAPPOINTMENT OF DR. VANNEVAR BUSH AS CITIZEN REGENT OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, from the Committee on the Library I report favorably, without amendment, House joint resolution 333, and ask unanimous consent for its present consideration.

There being no objection, the joint resolution (H. J. Res. 333), to provide for the reappointment of Dr. Vannevar Bush as citizen regent of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF PAPER AND PAPER MATERIAL

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, at the time the lumber hearings were being held by a subcommittee of the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, a remark was made by one of the witnesses relative to some type of agreement between Great Britain or Canada and the United States, dealing with what I understood to be the lumber situation. I went into the matter somewhat, and tried to obtain information. I find that the agreement apparently was not with respect to lumber as such, but with respect to wood pulp and newsprint.

At this point in my remarks, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to place in the RECORD the figures of imports and exports of various types of paper products.

There being no objection, the table was ordered to be printed in the RECORD as follows:

United States exports¹ of paper and paper materials, annual, 1940-45, and monthly, January 1945 to February 1946

[Values in thousands of dollars]

Period	Paper and paper materials						
	Total	Paper base stocks			Paper and manufactures		
		Total	Waste ²	Other	Total	Newsprint	Other
Annual:							
1940	98,782	35,441	4,287	31,154	63,341	2,644	60,697
1941	92,672	25,633	3,268	22,365	67,039	4,820	62,219
1942	87,790	26,042	847	25,195	61,748	3,016	58,732
1943	86,331	21,715	490	21,225	64,616	2,478	62,138
1944	90,183	16,555	276	16,079	73,828	2,513	71,315
1945	102,015	10,936	275	10,661	91,079	3,159	87,920
Monthly:							
1945—							
January	8,025	781	8	773	7,244	108	7,136
February	6,954	650	7	643	6,304	101	6,203
March	9,753	1,286	12	1,274	8,467	417	8,050
April	9,228	1,625	17	1,608	7,603	296	7,307
May	10,134	1,305	13	1,292	8,829	176	8,653
June	9,058	1,501	75	1,426	7,557	422	7,135
July	10,741	1,826	10	1,816	8,915	602	8,313
August	8,091	884	11	873	7,207	256	6,951
September	6,595	198	37	161	6,397	292	6,105
October	5,487	384	26	358	5,103	173	4,930
November	9,940	289	21	268	9,651	191	9,460
December	8,009	207	38	169	7,802	123	7,679
1946—							
January	10,229	357	84	273	9,872	566	9,306
February	8,553	243	84	159	8,310	182	8,128

¹ United States merchandise.

² Waste, including overissue and old newspapers.

United States imports¹ of paper and paper materials, annual, 1940-45, and monthly, January 1945 to February 1946

[Values in thousands of dollars]

Period	Paper and paper materials						
	Total	Paper base stocks			Paper and manufactures		
		Total	Waste	Other	Total	Newsprint	Other
Annual:							
1940.....	208,025	75,414	1,257	74,157	132,611	124,659	7,952
1941.....	231,008	84,264	2,458	81,806	146,744	134,124	12,620
1942.....	232,045	93,224	2,297	90,927	138,821	130,387	8,434
1943.....	233,990	95,475	1,882	93,593	138,515	132,268	6,247
1944.....	233,769	92,166	2,253	89,913	141,603	135,242	6,361
1945.....	297,777	140,244	2,442	137,802	157,533	150,814	6,719
Monthly:							
1945—							
January.....	17,384	7,009	172	6,837	10,375	9,904	471
February.....	17,471	7,333	164	7,169	10,138	9,573	565
March.....	20,006	7,912	153	7,759	12,094	11,516	578
April.....	19,213	7,104	206	6,897	12,110	11,590	520
May.....	21,071	7,627	204	7,423	13,444	12,828	616
June.....	21,786	8,949	275	8,674	12,837	12,189	648
July.....	35,974	11,382	137	11,245	14,592	13,904	688
August.....	28,910	14,619	224	14,395	14,291	13,682	609
September.....	27,051	13,975	181	13,794	13,076	12,539	537
October.....	25,231	19,587	285	19,302	15,644	15,129	515
November.....	31,927	16,650	244	16,406	15,277	14,809	468
December.....	31,753	18,098	198	17,900	13,655	13,152	503
1946—							
January.....	32,566	16,942	174	16,768	15,624	14,997	627
February.....	27,259	11,691	190	11,501	15,568	14,930	638

¹ Imports for consumption.

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I desire to read into the RECORD a letter which I have received from Mr. Louis J. Walinsky, of the Civilian Production Administration, dated April 24, and addressed to me, as follows:

DEAR SENATOR KNOWLAND: At your request I am transmitting a copy of the preliminary report of the combined pulp and paper working group to the Combined Raw Materials Board which was submitted under date of June 16, 1945, and considered by the Combined Raw Materials Board at a meeting on June 19, 1945. The minutes of the meeting of June 19 are also attached and should be considered as amending in some parts the preliminary report. I am transmitting also for your information a copy of a report made to the Combined Raw Materials Board by the pulp and paper mission to London and Stockholm, July 3-23, 1945, in the attempt to carry further the recommendations made in the original findings of the combined pulp and paper working group.

The material is classified as confidential.

If there is any further information I can give you in connection with this matter I shall be glad to do so.

Very truly yours,

LOUIS J. WALINSKY.

Mr. President, I merely wish to say at this point in my remarks—and I shall have something further to say at a later date—that I think it is fundamentally bad practice for the Government of the United States to negotiate an agreement and keep it secret from the American people for the period of time this agreement has been kept secret. I do not at this point intend to disclose the agreement itself, but I have requested the Civilian Production Administration forthwith to remove it from material which is classified as confidential so that it can be made public. The report referred to in the letter deals with an agreement with certain foreign countries that the United States would not go into the Scandinavian countries for the purchase of newsprint in meeting commitments. I believe there is no national security involved in such an agreement. I believe

the Congress and the American people are entitled to the facts, and whether it be this agreement or another one where the national security is not involved, where negotiations are not pending which might be upset, I do not see any reason for withholding it. It does not make sense to me to try and hold such an agreement from the Congress or from the people by giving it a high classification.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Mr. BARKLEY. I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of executive business.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. MAYBANK in the chair) laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations, which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(For nominations this day received, see the end of Senate proceedings.)

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF A COMMITTEE

Mr. McKELLAR, from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, reported favorably the nominations of sundry postmasters.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there be no further reports of committees, the clerk will state the nominations on the calendar.

VIRGIN ISLANDS—NOMINATION PASSED OVER

The legislative clerk read the nomination of William H. Hastie, of the District of Columbia, to be Governor of the Virgin Islands.

Mr. BARKLEY. At the request of one or two Members of the Senate, I ask that that nomination go over.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the nomination will go over.

FOREIGN SERVICE

The legislative clerk proceeded to read sundry nominations in the foreign service.

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, with the exception of Report No. 24, Calendar No. 729, the nomination of Lowell C. Pinkerton, of Missouri, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Iraq, which the Senator from Missouri [Mr. DONNELL] has asked to be put over, I ask unanimous consent that the remaining nominations in the foreign service be confirmed en bloc.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the nominations in the foreign service, with the exception of that of Lowell C. Pinkerton, of Missouri, are confirmed en bloc.

Mr. LANGER. Mr. President, I am not going to object, but I want to say again, as I did some time ago, that North Dakota has never had a single ambassador appointed to any country in the 55 years of its existence. Here is another batch of appointments of men coming from New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and other States, and yet in the 55 years of its existence North Dakota has not had any. I serve notice now that if North Dakota does not receive an ambassadorial appointment soon I shall continue to object to every single ambassador who may be nominated.

UNITED STATES PUBLIC SERVICE

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Thomas A. Foster to be pharmacist in the regular corps, United States Public Health Service.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the nomination is confirmed.

THE ARMY

The legislative clerk proceeded to read sundry nominations in the Army.

Mr. BARKLEY. I ask that the nominations in the Army be confirmed en bloc.

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CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Legislative Reports and Service Section
(For Department staff only)

Issued May 1, 1946
For actions of April 30, 1946
79th-2nd, No. 79

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Cotton.....15	Loans.....19	Research.....33
Expenditures.....2,27	Loans, foreign.....3,15	R.F.C.....19
Farm production.....26,32	Machinery, farm.....1	Relief, foreign..7,13,26,31
Forestry.....22,29,32	Personnel.....2,12,21	Rubber.....23
Fruits and vegetables...15	Philippine rehabilitation.32	Rural rehabilitation.....11
Fur-bearing animals.....33	Price control....6,18,29,30	Subsidies.....29,30
Grain.....1,8,14,20	Property, surplus.5,16,28,32	Tobacco.....15
Labor, farm.....1	Public works.....4,24	Trade, foreign.....34
Land, public.....22,23		Wheat.....1,8,20

HIGHLIGHTS: Sen. Langer criticized Secretary Anderson's wheat-bonus order stating that it is unfair to farmers who sold wheat earlier and discussed farm-labor and farm-machinery shortages. Received Byrd committee report on postwar civilian personnel and recommendation for smaller personnel ceilings. Sen. Butler introduced measure enabling private corn and wheat purchasers to buy at same price as Government. Rep. Miller criticized Department's wheat-corn-bonus plan as hindering purchase of grain for feed. President approved Philippine trade bill and bill transferring fur-bearing animal activities to this Department.

SENATE

- WHEAT BONUS.** Sen. Langer, N. Dak., criticized Secretary Anderson's 30¢ per bushel bonus on wheat and discussed with Sen. Young, N. Dak., the farm-labor and farm-machinery shortages, and included constituents' letters protesting the wheat bonus (pp. 4298-9).
- EXPENDITURES; PERSONNEL REDUCTIONS.** Sen. Byrd, Va., submitted the Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures Committee postwar civilian personnel report in which the committee recommends the graduating downward of personnel ceilings in the executive branch, expedient liquidation of war agencies, and legislation fixing standards of personnel reporting and publication (S. Doc. 177) (pp. 4294-6).
- BRITISH LOAN.** Continued debate on S. J. Res. 138, to authorize the loan to Great Britain (pp. 4300-5, 4318-24, 4325-6).
- FEDERAL-AID AIRPORTS.** Agreed, 49-32, to conference report on S. 2, to provide for Federal aid for the development, construction, improvement, and repair of public airports (pp. 4305-18).
- SURPLUS PROPERTY.** Received from the Secretary of State first report on the disposal of U.S. surplus property in foreign areas. To Military Affairs Committee. (p. 4293).
Sens. Mead (N.Y.), Wherry (Nebr.), and others discussed surplus-property disposals and Sen. Langer, N. Dak., criticized truck disposals to other than farmers and farmers' cooperatives (pp. 4326-32).
- PRICE CONTROL.** Received a Lakewood (N.J.) Pioneer Woman's Club petition urging OPA continuation (p. 4293).

7. FOREIGN RELIEF. S. 2101 (see Digest 78), as passed by the Senate, amends the Trading With the Enemy Act so as to permit individuals, corporations, companies, etc., in the U.S. to donate and transfer or deliver to any individual, etc. in countries in which hostilities have ceased any articles (including food, clothing, and medicine) intended to be used solely to remove human suffering.

HOUSE

8. GRAIN SHORTAGE. Rep. Miller, Nebr., criticized the Department's wheat-corn-bonus plan as hindering farmers in their purchase of grain for feed (pp. 4336-7).
9. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. Reps. Cannon (Mo.), Ludlow, O'Neal, Johnson (Okla.), Kerr, Taber, Wigglesworth, and Dirksen were appointed conferees on this bill, H.R. 5890 (p. 4336). Senate conferees were appointed Apr. 26.
10. SECOND APPROPRIATION RESCISSIONS BILL. Reps. Cannon (Mo.), Ludlow, O'Neal, Rabaut, Johnson (Okla.), Kerr, Taber, Wigglesworth, and Dirksen were appointed conferees on this bill, H.R. 5604 (p. 4336). Senate conferees were appointed Apr. 8.
11. RURAL REHABILITATION. Received from this Department a report on the progress of the liquidation of Federal rural-rehabilitation projects (p. 4348).
12. PERSONNEL. Received from this Department proposed legislation to provide for salary payments to members of the U.S. armed forces who enter or reenter civilian Government employment while in military pay status prior to assignment to active duty. To Civil Service Committee. (p. 4348.)
- Received from the President CSC's proposed legislation to amend the Classification Act to bring about uniformity and coordination in the allocation of field and departmental positions under the grades of this Act. To Civil Service Committee. (p. 4348.)
13. FOREIGN RELIEF. Received from the President the sixth report on UNRRA operations for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1945 (p. 4339).
- Received New England college petitions urging adequate relief for war-devastated Europe (p. 4350).
14. GRAIN SHORTAGE. Received citizens' petitions urging legislation to authorize the President and the Secretary of Agriculture to issue directives preventing the use of grain for beverage purposes during the food shortage (p. 4350).
15. BRITISH LOAN. Rep. Rich, Pa., spoke in opposition to the proposed loan to Great Britain and inserted Jesse Jones' alternate recommendations which include a proposal that the CCC be authorized to sell cotton, tobacco, fruits, and other farm products to the United Kingdom on credit equal to her normal imports of such items from the U.S. (pp. 4337-8).
16. SURPLUS PROPERTY. Rep. Church, Ill., criticized the "red tape in the disposal of surplus property" and recommended an investigation by the Expenditures in the Executive Departments Committee (pp. 4339-41).
17. CONTRACT SETTLEMENT. Received from the Office of Contract Settlement the 7th quarterly progress report of that office (p. 4349).
18. PRICE CONTROL. Received a Calif. citizens' petition urging the continuation of price control (p. 4350).

S. 1757. An act to amend the Surplus Property Act of 1944 with reference to veterans' preference, and for other purposes.

BOARD OF VISITORS TO THE UNITED STATES MERCHANT MARINE ACADEMY

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication:

APRIL 24, 1946.

The SPEAKER,
House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: On January 17, 1946, I wrote you that pursuant to Public Law 301 of the Seventy-eighth Congress, I had appointed the following members of the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries to serve as members of the Board of Visitors to the United States Merchant Marine Academy for the year 1946: Hon. EDWARD J. HART, Hon. HERBERT C. BONNER, Hon. FRED BRADLEY.

Mr. BONNER has advised me that he cannot attend the meeting. I have, therefore, appointed Hon. RALPH H. DAUGHTON in Mr. BONNER's place.

Yours very sincerely,

S. O. BLAND,
Chairman.

BOARD OF VISITORS TO THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD ACADEMY

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication:

APRIL 12, 1946.

The SPEAKER,
House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Hon. JAMES DOMENGEAUX, of Louisiana, has resigned from the Board of Visitors to the United States Coast Guard Academy and I am writing to advise you that I have appointed Hon. HUGH PETERSON, of Georgia, to serve in his place.

Yours very sincerely,

S. O. BLAND,
Chairman.

SPECIAL ORDER GRANTED

Mr. LANHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that on tomorrow, at the conclusion of the legislative program of the day and following any special orders heretofore entered, I may be permitted to address the House for 20 minutes.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Mr. SMITH of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that today, following any special orders heretofore entered, I may be permitted to address the House for 15 minutes and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia?

There was no objection.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. SPENCE asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include a letter from Hon. Marriner S. Eccles, Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and a statement in regard to a bill which he introduced today.

Mr. ROE of Maryland asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD in two instances; to include in one an article by Raymond Moley, and in the other two editorials from the Denton Journal, Denton, Md.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

A FRUSTRATED BUREAUCRAT IS A POOR REPORTER OF FACTS

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, an interesting discovery that I made during the recess was that a frustrated bureaucrat is a poor reporter of facts. Messrs. Chester Bowles' and Paul Porter's misrepresentations of the acts and the motives of the House as regards OPA has added nothing to the reputation of these gentlemen for veracity, nor has it contributed anything to the solution of the problem at hand. I would like to commend to the study of these gentlemen two of the most outstanding men in the Truman administration—the Secretary of the Treasury, Fred Vinson, and the Speaker of this House, SAM RAYBURN. If these gentlemen will do this, they will discover that reason and fair play takes a man further than abuse and misrepresentation. The way these gentlemen have squawked, one would think that the House had stabbed them through the heart and spilled their blood all over the ground when, as a matter of fact, it has done no such thing. The House simply stepped on their toes, demonstrating to the country that it has a responsibility to perform, and that it is nobody's hound dog to be kicked around with bureaucratic impunity.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. GORDON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

THE LATE STANLEY H. KUNZ

Mr. GORDON. Mr. Speaker, it is with profound regret that I announce the passing of a former Member of this House, who was one of my predecessors, the Honorable Stanley H. Kunz, of the Eighth Congressional District of Illinois, on April 23, 1946, at a ripe age of 81 years.

He was one of the prominent Polish-American leaders of Chicago for many years. At the age of 21 in the year of 1886, he was elected as a State representative, and from that time he was always in public service. For 26 years he served in the Chicago City Council, and was elected to Congress in 1920 and served until 1934.

Stanley Kunz possessed many rare traits, but to me it always seemed that he was one of the most patient, sympathetic, and courteous men I have ever met. Regardless of how heavy his burdens were, he always found time to listen to problems of the people and give counsel, consideration, and advise in the solution of them. His life was one of exceptional service and he practiced the teachings of his faith and sought to live true to the standards set by the Saviour of mankind and at all times, was a true American.

Mr. SABATH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. SABATH. Mr. Speaker, I am one of the few still in Congress who served with Stanley H. Kunz during his 14 years in the House of Representatives. I knew him during those years not only as a United States Representative, but as an alderman of the city of Chicago, as a State senator, and as a member of the Cook County Central Democratic Committee and of the State Democratic Committee. He followed closely Peter Kiolvasa, the first Polish-American to win high public office as city treasurer of Chicago; in earlier years I cooperated with both in the cause of democracy.

Born and educated in New England, Stanley Kunz had a magnificent physique, courage, determination, and a strong will, and a complete mastery of the English language. His boldness and enterprise won the confidence of his people, and he became an outstanding Polish-American leader, not only in his adopted city of Chicago but throughout the Middle West.

Like myself, he was a believer in the true Jeffersonian democracy, which he strongly advocated among his people. Having secured their confidence and cooperation, by his own ability and the charm of his personality, he brought to his American-Polish compatriots the recognition and acceptance which they so eminently deserved. His influence extended far beyond our city and county and throughout our Nation. More, perhaps, than to any other American the Polish-Americans of today owe to Stanley H. Kunz their high prestige in public service.

His indomitable courage was backed by a swift and supple intellect. In the New York National Democratic Convention he more than any other delegate, contributed to the solution of the impasse between McAdoo and Smith, and brought about the nomination of John W. Davis.

Americans of Polish birth or of Polish parentage have lost a strong spokesman, and so has American democracy.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. SABATH asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an address delivered by him a few weeks ago.

Mr. KOPPELMANN asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an address delivered by himself on the radio with reference to expenditures and balancing the Budget.

Mr. WASIELEWSKI asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include an editorial.

Mr. MANASCO asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD and include two editorials from the New York Times and a newspaper article.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that today, following

any special orders heretofore entered, I may be permitted to address the House for 15 minutes.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. WASIELEWSKI. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that on Monday next, at the conclusion of the legislative program of the day and following any special orders heretofore entered, I may be permitted to address the House for 15 minutes.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. MILLS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arkansas?

There was no objection.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. Speaker, in the war program the larger manufacturers and the larger mining companies were provided, where necessary, with Government funds and Government-owned equipment. Through the Contract Settlement Act of 1944, Public Law 395, payments for contract termination and reconversion were likewise provided. Although the act was intended to cover the small miners of strategic and critical minerals, it appears that it is not being so administered.

A considerable number of small producers of strategic and critical minerals responded to the Government's urgent call for production, frequently of materials not needed for peacetime use, and upon the termination of the Government programs found themselves with unrecovered investments and no further market for their products.

In order that the House may have full opportunity of considering the matter, I have today introduced a bill which has been prepared by the Small Business Committee of the Senate and introduced in that body by Senator MURRAY, for himself and several other Senators, proposing to extend the operations of the Contract Settlement Act of 1944 to include small miners of strategic and critical minerals.

The proposed amendment is only a reenactment of the War Minerals Relief Act of 1919, expanded to include the minerals and metals designated by Congress as strategic or critical, and amends Public Law 395 so as to utilize the settlement provisions already provided.

CORRECTION OF VOTE

Mr. MARTIN of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, on roll call No. 91, on April 17, the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. STEVENSON] is recorded as voting "yea." He says his vote was actually "nay." I ask unanimous consent that the RECORD and Journal be corrected accordingly.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

SECOND APPROPRIATION RESCISSION BILL, 1946

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill H. R. 5604, an act reducing or further reducing certain appropriations and contractual authorizations available for the fiscal year 1946, and for other purposes, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the Senate amendments, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none, and appoints the following conferees: Messrs. CANNON of Missouri, LUDLOW, O'NEAL, RABAUT, JOHNSON of Oklahoma, KERR, TABER, WIGGLESWORTH, and DIRKSEN.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill H. R. 5890, an act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the Senate amendments, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none, and appoints the following conferees: Messrs. CANNON of Missouri, LUDLOW, O'NEAL, JOHNSON of Oklahoma, KERR, TABER, WIGGLESWORTH, and DIRKSEN.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. REED of New York asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD in two instances, in one to include an editorial from the Homebilder, and in the other on the subject of the OPA swindle to include a letter.

Mr. REED of New York. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD and include an article by Ladislav Farago. The Public Printer informs me that this article will cost \$80. Notwithstanding, I ask unanimous consent that the extension may be made.

The SPEAKER. Notwithstanding the cost and without objection, the extension may be made.

There was no objection.

[The matter referred to appears in the Appendix.]

Mr. LEMKE (at the request of Mr. ROBERTSON of North Dakota) was given permission to revise and extend his remarks appearing in the RECORD of April 22.

Mr. PITTINGER (at the request of Mr. TABER) was given permission to extend his remarks in the RECORD in two instances and include newspaper items in one and an article in the other.

Mr. PLUMLEY asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD and include a newspaper article.

Mr. MUNDT asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD in two instances, in one to include an editorial, and in the other a statement which he made before the House Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. BENNET of New York asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD in two instances and include a letter and an editorial.

Mr. SHARP asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD and include an address delivered by Hon. W. Kingsland Macy following his reelection as president of the National Republican Club of New York City on Tuesday evening, April 23, 1946.

Mr. SCRIVNER asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD and include a copy of a letter from a constituent.

Mr. WOODRUFF asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD and include a letter from a voter in the State of Michigan.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska asked and was given permission to extend his remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD on the subject of military discipline in Japan and include a letter from a soldier in Japan.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Nebraska?

There was no objection.

GOVERNMENT PURCHASE OF CORN

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, the recent order which offers a bribe of 30 cents a bushel for corn and wheat does give a cloak of respectability to the black market. It is understood that the black-market dealers in corn and wheat now pay about 30 cents above the ceiling in order to get grain. The Government now legalizes these transactions by entering into competition with these black-market racketeers.

The small, honest, legitimate feeder, or the individual desiring grain for the poultry and dairy industries, cannot buy except at the double standard price set by the Government. This price is 30 cents below the black market, so the Government and the black-market boys get all the grain.

Mr. Speaker, I understand the 50,000,000 bushels of corn which is being bought at the 30-cent bribe is to go to the industries producing food from corn. It is hoped that this will take them out of the black market.

It is quite apparent that the Government no longer wants the raiser of hogs to feed them corn, nor do they want corn fed to cattle. There are a great

79TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 5890

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 30, 1946

Ordered to be printed with the amendments of the Senate numbered

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3 That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money
- 4 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply de-
- 5 ficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending
- 6 June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supple-
- 7 mental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
- 8 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

1 TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

2 LEGISLATIVE

3 (1)SENATE

4 (2)For payment to Orja L. Sutliff for services rendered in
5 the office of Senator Charles O. Andrews while on terminal
6 military leave from September 10 to October 31, 1945, in
7 accordance with the provisions of Public Law Numbered
8 226, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved November 21, 1945,
9 \$840.34, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of
10 officers and employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1946.

11 (3)Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
12 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
13 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Reve-
14 nue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946, \$3,000.

15 (4)Senate restaurants: For payment to to Architect of the
16 Capitol in accordance with the Act approved September 9,
17 1942, fiscal year 1946, \$6,000.

18 (5)For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, exclu-
19 sive of labor, fiscal year 1946, \$260,000.

20 (6)To pay the widow of William Olin Burgin, late a
21 Representative from the State of North Carolina, \$10,000.

22 CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

23 Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for
24 miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.

1 Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for steno-
 2 graphic reports of hearings of committees other than special
 3 and select committees, fiscal year 1946, ~~(7)\$5,000~~ \$15,000.

4 Special and select committees: For an additional amount
 5 for expenses of special and select committees authorized by
 6 the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

7 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For
 8 payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries
 9 and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal
 10 Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946,
 11 \$3,000.

12 Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for
 13 telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,
 14 fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

15 Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery
 16 (additional allowance second session, of the Seventy-ninth
 17 Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

18 **(8) COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL EXPENDITURES**

19 *For an amount which is hereby authorized to enable the*
 20 *Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Ex-*
 21 *penditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section*
 22 *601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain*
 23 *available during the existence of the committee, \$20,000,*
 24 *to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate.*

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

(9) *Senate Office Building: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for maintenance, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946 \$22,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

(10) *Erection of a statue of George Washington on the Capitol Grounds: To enable the Architect of the Capitol to acquire a statue of George Washington and a suitable granite pedestal upon which to erect such statue and to defray all expenses of erecting such statue upon the Capitol Grounds, all as authorized by the Act of June 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 299), \$25,000.*

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

1 **(11) COMMITTEE ON FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE**

2 *For an additional amount for the Committee on Fair*
 3 *Employment Practice to meet increased pay costs authorized*
 4 *by the Act of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 106), and to*
 5 *provide for lump-sum terminal leave as authorized by the*
 6 *Act of December 21, 1944 (Public Law 525, Seventy-*
 7 *eighth Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$27,600, to be expended*
 8 *prior to June 1, 1946.*

9 **(12) PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR**

10 *Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropri-*
 11 *ation "Salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for*
 12 *War", in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act,*
 13 *1946, on the amount which may be expended for printing*
 14 *and binding is hereby increased from "\$20,000" to*
 15 *"\$30,000".*

16 **(13) WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION**

17 *War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: The*
 18 *amount that may be used for administrative expenses for the*
 19 *fiscal year 1946 under the head "War Shipping Administra-*
 20 *tion, revolving fund" is hereby increased by \$3,325,000.*

21 **INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES**

22 **CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION**

23 *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*
 24 *year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects*

1 specified under this head in the Independent Offices Approp-
 2 priation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation
 3 on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby
 4 increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".

5 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

6 FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

7 Enforcement operations: For an additional amount
 8 fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and
 9 the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia
 10 is hereby increased from "\$680,000" to "\$692,000".

11 FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

12 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 13 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
 14 specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency
 15 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

16 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

17 Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount,
 18 fiscal year 1946, for "Hospitals and medical care", includ-
 19 ing the objects specified under this head in the Federal
 20 Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, (14)\$748,000
 21 \$1,348,000.

22 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

23 PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

24 Return of departmental functions to the seat of govern-
 25 ment: For all expenses, including personal services in the

1 District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the
2 Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary
3 to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such
4 bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Govern-
5 ment as are designated from time to time by the President,
6 which were removed from, or established at places other than,
7 the seat of government by reason of the national emergency,
8 including the expenses of travel of employees transferred,
9 including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of trans-
10 portation at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel
11 performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation
12 of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing,
13 crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpack-
14 ing, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in
15 an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated
16 and eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated,
17 in accordance with regulations approved by the President;
18 and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5
19 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees,
20 plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member of
21 immediate families of employees; ~~(15)\$200,000~~ \$495,020, to
22 remain available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to
23 the seat of government of Government-owned or leased furni-
24 ture, equipment, supplies, and other property and household
25 goods and personal effects of employees, and costs of restora-

1 tion of leased office space when required, may be accom-
2 plished without regard to section 3709 of the Revised
3 Statutes: *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the
4 seat of government, in accordance with a designation of the
5 President as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval
6 of this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other
7 allowances authorized by other law in connection with change
8 of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein
9 authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and
10 excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal
11 effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That
12 such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of
13 Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred
14 to other agencies concerned for the payment to the trans-
15 ferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

16 **(16)** *Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in*
17 *the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For an addi-*
18 *tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses,*
19 *public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia*
20 *and adjacent area", including the objects specified under*
21 *this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946,*
22 *\$1,780,000.*

23 **(17)** *Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds out-*
24 *side the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,*
25 *fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings*

1 *and grounds outside the District of Columbia*", including the
 2 *objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices*
 3 *Appropriation Act, 1946, \$950,000.*

4 PUBLIC ROADS (18) ~~ADMINISTRATOR~~ ADMINISTRATION

5 Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage
 6 to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of
 7 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The
 8 Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the
 9 several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of
 10 roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substan-
 11 tially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any
 12 other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set
 13 forth in (19) *Senate Document Numbered 163, and*
 14 *House Document Numbered 475, Seventy-ninth Congress,*
 15 (20) ~~\$681,193.83~~ \$780,379.53.

16 (21) NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

17 FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

18 *Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made*
 19 *available to the Federal Housing Administration by the*
 20 *Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, and the*
 21 *First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, for "Salaries*
 22 *and expenses", there is hereby made available to said Ad-*
 23 *ministration not to exceed \$400,000 from the sources specified*
 24 *under said head.*

1 NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

2 Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards:
 3 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitra-
 4 tion, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including
 5 the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal
 6 Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

7 RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

8 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for
 9 "Salaries", \$140,000.

10 Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an
 11 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous
 12 expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects speci-
 13 fied under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appro-
 14 priation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

15 Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 16 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost
 17 of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

18 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

19 Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head
 20 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the
 21 amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs
 22 is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

23 (22) SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

24 (23) Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 25 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Insti-

1 *tution*", including the objects specified under this head in
 2 *the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$18,000.*

3 **(24)** *Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For*
 4 *an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and*
 5 *expenses, National Gallery of Art", including the objects*
 6 *specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-*
 7 *priation Act, 1946, \$16,000.*

8 TARIFF COMMISSION

9 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 10 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Com-
 11 mission", including the objects specified under this head
 12 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946,
 13 \$53,000.

14 **(25)** UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

15 *The amount that may be used for administrative ex-*
 16 *penses in the fiscal year 1946 under the head "United States*
 17 *Maritime Commission" is hereby increased by \$1,330,000,*
 18 *and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for*
 19 *attendance at meetings is hereby increased by \$1,000.*

20 VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

21 Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1,
 22 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army
 23 and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the pay-
 24 ment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of
 25 Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

1 Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105
 2 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon
 3 "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

4 OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

5 Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this
 6 appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available
 7 and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of
 8 the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study
 9 of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the
 10 Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum;
 11 printing and binding; and objects specified under the head
 12 "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Ap-
 13 propriation Act, 1946.

14 (26) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

15 (27) HEALTH DEPARTMENT

16 *Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For*
 17 *an additional amount for the fiscal year 1946 for all expenses*
 18 *necessary for Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuber-*
 19 *culosis Hospital at Fourteenth and Upshur Streets North-*
 20 *west, including the objects specified under this head in the*
 21 *District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$7,000.*

22 (28) PUBLIC WORKS

23 (29) Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For an additional
 24 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Sewer Di-
 25 vision", including the objects specified under this head in

1 *the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$300,000,*
 2 *to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

3 **(30)***Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from*
 4 *water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,*
 5 *for "Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from*
 6 *water fund)", including the objects specified under this head*
 7 *in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946,*
 8 *\$75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

9 **(31)***Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water*
 10 *fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for*
 11 *"Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water*
 12 *fund)", including the objects specified under this head in*
 13 *the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946,*
 14 *\$200,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.*

15 **(32) DIVISION OF EXPENSES**

16 *The sums appropriated in this Act for the District*
 17 *of Columbia, shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be*
 18 *paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia,*
 19 *as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act,*
 20 *1946.*

21 **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

22 **AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION**

23 **BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE**

24 *Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal*
 25 *year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects*

1 specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture
2 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

3 Insect and plant disease control: For an additional
4 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease
5 control", (33)~~\$20,000~~ \$350,000.

6 FOREST SERVICE

7 National forest protection and management: For an
8 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest
9 protection and management", including the objects specified
10 under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appro-
11 priation Act, 1946, (34)~~\$168,000~~ \$500,000.

12 PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

13 CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

14 RESOURCES

15 The limitation on the amount which may be expended
16 for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head
17 in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946,
18 and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is
19 hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

20 WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

21 Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an addi-
22 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid
23 and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under
24 this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation
25 Act, 1946, (35)~~\$200,000~~ \$500,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Declassification and technical services: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and technical services", including the objects specified under this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

General administration, Office of the Administrator: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General administration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, (36) ~~\$39,000~~ \$59,000.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000, and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, air-navigation and communication facilities, including appurtenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities:

1 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance
2 nance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including
3 the objects specified under this head in the Department
4 of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~(37)\$749,655~~
5 \$924,600.

6 Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional
7 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regula-
8 tions", including the objects specified under this head in
9 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
10 \$364,000.

11 Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional
12 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of
13 aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in
14 the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946,
15 \$103,705.

16 Maintenance and operation, Washington National Air-
17 port: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Main-
18 tenance and operation, Washington National Airport",
19 including the objects specified under this head in the Depart-
20 ment of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

21 Construction, Washington National Airport: For the
22 construction of one hangar and the installation of additional
23 paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft,
24 \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, departmental", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000" to "\$1,881,000".

Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

PATENT OFFICE

Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents,

1 designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official
 2 Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900
 3 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

4 WEATHER BUREAU

5 Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 6 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
 7 specified under this head in the Department of Commerce
 8 Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~(38)\$535,000~~ \$1,035,000, and
 9 the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for
 10 departmental personal services in the District of Columbia
 11 is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to ~~(39)"\$1,170,000"~~
 12 "\$1,175,000" ~~(40)~~: *Provided, That in the conduct of meteor-*
 13 *ological investigations by the Weather Bureau in the Arctic*
 14 *region, the War Department is authorized in the fiscal*
 15 *year 1946, subject to the approval of the Director of the*
 16 *Bureau of the Budget, to transfer without charge to the*
 17 *Weather Bureau materials, equipment, and supplies, surplus*
 18 *to the needs of the War Department and necessary for the*
 19 *establishment, maintenance, and operation of Arctic weather*
 20 *stations.*

21 GENERAL PROVISIONS

22 The provision in the Department of Commerce Appro-
 23 priation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Com-
 24 merce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of
 25 the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and

1 the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment
 2 of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods
 3 of officers and employees on change of official station, is
 4 hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of
 5 transportation of the immediate families of such officers and
 6 employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

7 The provision in the Department of Commerce Approp-
 8 priation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations
 9 in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945,
 10 available for travel shall be available for the traveling ex-
 11 penses of the immediate families of officers and employees
 12 of the Department who were returned from points outside
 13 the United States during the war is hereby amended by
 14 extending said authority to apply to the appropriations avail-
 15 able for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropria-
 16 tion Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the
 17 amount which may be expended under said authority, as
 18 amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

19 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

20 COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

21 Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
 22 for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head
 23 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

24 GRAZING SERVICE

25 (41) *Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal*

1 year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects
2 specified under this head in the Interior Department Approp-
3 riation Act, 1946, \$14,000.

4 Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year
5 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified
6 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation
7 Act, 1946, \$20,000.

8 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

9 INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

10 Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional
11 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency
12 prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian
13 reservations", including the objects specified under this head
14 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
15 \$50,000.

16 IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

17 (42) Maintenance, San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River
18 Reservation, Arizona: For an additional amount, fiscal year
19 1946, for operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
20 project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian
21 Reservation, Arizona, \$29,000 (operation and maintenance
22 collections) and \$23,200 (power revenues), from which total
23 amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts
24 covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of
25 the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

1 **(43)***Maintenance, irrigation systems, Flathead Reservation,*
2 *Montana: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for*
3 *operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power sys-*
4 *tems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, \$12,800 (opera-*
5 *tion and maintenance collections), from which total amount*
6 *expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered*
7 *into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Perma-*
8 *nent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.*

9 **(44)***Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow*
10 *Reservation, Montana (receipt limitation): For an additional*
11 *amount for improvement, maintenance, and operation of the*
12 *irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, fiscal*
13 *year 1946, \$21,000, from which amount expenditures shall*
14 *not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury*
15 *in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation*
16 *Repeal Act, 1934.*

17 Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation,
18 Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Con-
19 tinuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the
20 irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River
21 Utes, Utah”, including the objects specified under this head
22 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945,
23 \$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed
24 the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accord-

1 ance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal
2 Act, 1934.

3 (45) *Maintenance, Wapato irrigation and drainage systems,*
4 *and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Washington: For an*
5 *additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and main-*
6 *tenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, and*
7 *auxiliary units thereof, Yakima Indian Reservation, Wash-*
8 *ington, \$16,000 (collections from the water users on the*
9 *Wapato-Satus, Toppenish-Simcoe, and Ahtanum units),*
10 *from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the*
11 *aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance*
12 *with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act,*
13 *1934.*

14 The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to
15 transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau
16 of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment,
17 materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceed-
18 ing \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River
19 Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the
20 Colorado River Indian Reservation (46), and there is trans-
21 ferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange
22 of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation
23 Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian
24 Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine
25 to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans

1 on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reserva-
 2 tions, Arizona: Provided, That any building materials trans-
 3 ferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority
 4 shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as
 5 the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable,
 6 and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as
 7 miscellaneous receipts.

8 EDUCATION

9 Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal
 10 year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise
 11 provided for", including the objects specified under this head
 12 in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
 13 \$200,000.

14 Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal
 15 year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in
 16 nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

17 Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and
 18 the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
 19 increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number
 20 of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-
 21 five".

22 Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the
 23 amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby
 24 increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number

1 of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred
2 and ninety".

3 Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount
4 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
5 from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils
6 from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and
7 seventy-five".

8 Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Okla-
9 homa, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of
10 Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to
11 "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred"
12 to "three hundred and twenty-five".

13 Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available
14 for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from
15 "\$152,905" to "\$162,530"; and the number of pupils from
16 "four hundred and twenty-five" to "four hundred and fifty".

17 Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount
18 available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased
19 from "\$119,475" to "\$142,575"; and the number of pupils
20 from "three hundred and fifteen" to "three hundred and
21 seventy-five".

22 Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year
23 1946, for "Natives in Alaska", including the objects speci-
24 fied under this head in the Interior Department Appropria-

tion Act, 1946, \$125,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds) : For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds)", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~(47)\$10,000~~ \$15,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular tribe interested.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana: For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available until expended.

1 (48)BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

2 *Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: The limitation*
 3 *under the subhead "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas",*
 4 *Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appro-*
 5 *priation Act, 1946, upon the amount available from power*
 6 *revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power*
 7 *system is hereby increased from "\$80,700" to "\$130,700".*

8 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

9 (49)SALARIES AND EXPENSES

10 *Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For an*
 11 *additional amount for administration, protection, and mainte-*
 12 *nance of mammal and bird reservations, including the objects*
 13 *specified under this head in the Interior Department Appro-*
 14 *priation Act, 1946, and for the improvement, construction,*
 15 *and repair of the outlet channel from Reelfoot Lake, Ten-*
 16 *nessee, to the Mississippi River, and control facilities con-*
 17 *nected therewith, fiscal year 1946, \$20,000, to remain*
 18 *available until June 30, 1947.*

19 The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation
 20 Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during
 21 the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and
 22 Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including
 23 such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased
 24 from "\$704,828" to "\$729,000".

25 (50)Halibut allocation program: For expenses necessary to

1 enable the Fish and Wildlife Service to administer an
 2 allocation program for the Pacific halibut fishery pursuant
 3 to authority delegated to the Secretary of the Interior under
 4 Food Directive Numbered 2, issued by the Secretary of
 5 Agriculture on February 8, 1943 (8 F. R. 1777), as
 6 amended March 16, 1943 (8 F. R. 3280), including per-
 7 sonal services in the District of Columbia; contract steno-
 8 graphic reporting services; the acceptance and utilization
 9 of voluntary and uncompensated services; maintenance,
 10 operation, repair, and hire of passenger automobiles; print-
 11 ing and binding; and the purchase in the District of Colum-
 12 bia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to
 13 the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the
 14 Interior"; fiscal year 1946, \$39,700, to remain available
 15 until December 31, 1946.

16 (51) GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

17 TERRITORY OF ALASKA

18 *Insane of Alaska*: For an additional amount for "In-
 19 sane of Alaska", including the objects specified under this
 20 head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946,
 21 \$14,000.

22 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

23 LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

24 Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 25 year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects

1 specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Approp-
 2 priation Act, 1937, \$11.

3 Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal
 4 year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects
 5 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
 6 Appropriation Act, 1942, \$1,149.16.

7 Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal
 8 year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

9 Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional
 10 amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands
 11 Division", including the objects specified under this head
 12 in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942,
 13 \$5,164.45.

14 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
 15 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and
 16 expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the
 17 objects specified under this head in the Department of
 18 Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

19 Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth:
 20 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries
 21 and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including
 22 the objects specified under this head in the Department of
 23 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, (52) ~~\$125,000~~ \$250,000.

24 Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an

1 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and ex-
2 penses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects
3 specified under this head in the Department of Justice
4 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

5 FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

6 Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount,
7 fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", includ-
8 ing objects specified under this head in the Department of
9 Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

10 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

11 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

12 Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946,
13 for "Salaries", \$31,600.

14 EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

15 Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an addi-
16 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office
17 Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary
18 increases for United States employees of that Service under
19 State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

20 NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

21 BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

22 Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an
23 additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bu-
24 reau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

1 MARINE CORPS

2 GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

3 Expenses, Marine Band, National Encampment, Grand
4 Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana: For expenses
5 of the United States Marine Band in attending the National
6 Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Indian-
7 apolis, Indiana, August 20 to 31, 1946, \$8,140.

8 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

9 (Out of the postal revenues)

10 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF

11 COLUMBIA

12 OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

13 For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Post-
14 master General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Depart-
15 ment, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

16 Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

17 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General,
18 \$30,000.

19 Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General,
20 \$12,600.

21 Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General,
22 \$5,000.

23 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General,
24 \$14,900.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and miscellaneous expenses," including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$8,600.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(53) OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Personal or property damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years, for "Personal or property damage claims", \$27,500.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and inspectors", \$25,000.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters", \$2,711,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

(54) OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER

GENERAL

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For

1 *an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Unpaid money*
 2 *orders more than one year old", \$487,000.*

3 OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

4 Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an
 5 additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office sta-
 6 tionery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects
 7 specified under this head in the Post Office Department Ap-
 8 propriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limi-
 9 tation on the amount available for the pay of employees
 10 in the District of Columbia in connection with the ship-
 11 ment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

12 Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year
 13 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified
 14 under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation
 15 Act, 1946, \$60,000.

16 Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an addi-
 17 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of
 18 equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

19 ~~(55)(Payable out of the General Fund of the Treasury)~~

20 For payment to Oscar R. Steinert, Chicago, Illinois, in
 21 full settlement of all claims against the United States, as
 22 authorized by Private Law 241, Seventy-ninth Congress,
 23 approved November 9, 1945, \$4,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without regard to the civil-service and classification laws, (56)~~\$133,456~~ \$200,000.

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

FOREIGN OFFICE

Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$35,000.

Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional

1 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Serv-
 2 ice", including the objects specified under this head
 3 in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
 4 ~~(57)\$100,000~~ \$198,000.

5 Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional
 6 amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign
 7 Service", including the objects specified under this head in
 8 the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946,
 9 ~~(58)\$400,000~~ \$433,000.

10 Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service:
 11 For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscel-
 12 laneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", includ-
 13 ing the objects specified under this head in the Department
 14 of State Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~(59)\$35,300~~ \$163,000.

15 Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an addi-
 16 tional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service,
 17 auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified
 18 under this head in the Department of State Appropriation
 19 Act, 1946, ~~(60)\$567,070~~ \$1,067,070.

20 The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service",
 21 "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service",
 22 and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal
 23 year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases
 24 in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of For-
 25 eign Service employees whose basic compensation was not

1 increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay
2 Act of 1945.

3 (61)*Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular*
4 *Service: The appropriation "Emergencies arising in the*
5 *Diplomatic and Consular Service", contained in the Depart-*
6 *ment of State Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby made*
7 *available for the deportation of enemy aliens.*

8 INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

9 United States participation in United Nations: For all
10 necessary expenses of participation by the United States in
11 the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to
12 the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of
13 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations con-
14 cerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire,
15 maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (includ-
16 ing the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; pur-
17 chase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to
18 section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111);
19 \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available
20 for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations
21 working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appro-
22 priation "Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Con-
23 sular Service" from which sums have been advanced to the
24 United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State,
25 when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to

1 acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions
2 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784),
3 as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United
4 States contribution to the United Nations, and such contri-
5 bution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property
6 and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, inci-
7 dent to the acquisition thereof (62): *Provided further, That*
8 *until July 1, 1947, upon request of the United Nations and its*
9 *agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by*
10 *advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive*
11 *department, independent establishment, or agency of the*
12 *United States Government may furnish or may procure*
13 *and furnish supplies, equipment, and services, including*
14 *personal services, to the United Nations and, when reim-*
15 *bursments are made by the United Nations, such reimburse-*
16 *ments shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or*
17 *accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obliga-*
18 *tions are incurred or such amounts are received from that*
19 *organization.*

20 (63) *Rio Grande canalization project: For the replacement*
21 *of the Anthony Bridge, over the Rio Grande within the Rio*
22 *Grande canalization project, as authorized by and subject*
23 *to the provisions of the Act, approved April 22, 1940 (54*
24 *Stat. 151), fiscal year 1946, \$40,000, to remain available*
25 *until expended.*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby increased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

(64) BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$50,800.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Approp-

1 priation Act, 1946, ~~(65)~~~~\$50,000~~ *\$110,000*, and the appro-
2 priate appropriation of the War Department shall bear the
3 cost (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this
4 agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

18 The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer
17 to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procure-
16 ment Division, without compensation therefor, at such time
15 as it is determined by the War Department that the premises
14 are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land,
13 building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known
12 as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribu-
11 tion Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located
10 at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Wash-
9 ington, and the War Department shall appraise the property
8 so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a
7 statement in detail of the description and value of such
6 property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

21 Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage
22 to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or
23 death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War
24 under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide
25 for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruc-

tion of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in (66) *Senate Document Numbered 164*, and House Document Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, (67) ~~\$429,805.44~~ \$543,416.91.

(68) *CIVIL FUNCTIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS*

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers and harbors", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, \$865,000, to remain available until expended.

THE JUDICIARY

(69) *UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT*

Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure: For an additional amount for "Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure, Supreme Court", fiscal year 1946, \$7,500, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judi-

1 ciary Appropriation Act, 1946, ~~(70)~~\$1,300 \$5,400 ~~(71)~~:
 2 *Provided, That not to exceed \$3,600 of this amount shall be*
 3 *available for structural changes, alterations, and installa-*
 4 *tion of fixtures and equipment in the Municipal Court Build-*
 5 *ing of the District of Columbia (civil branch) including*
 6 *incidental expenses, to provide accommodations in that build-*
 7 *ing for activities of the District Court of the United States*
 8 *for the District of Columbia.*

9 Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Ap-
 10 peals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount,
 11 fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United
 12 States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", in-
 13 cluding the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary
 14 Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

15 ~~(72)~~TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

16 SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for
 17 the fiscal year 1946, to meet increased pay costs authorized
 18 by the Acts of June 30, 1945 (~~Public Law 106~~), July 6,
 19 1945 (~~Public Law 134~~), July 14, 1945 (~~Public Law 151~~),
 20 and July 21, 1945 (~~Public Law 158~~), and other legislation
 21 enacted during or applicable to said fiscal year authorizing
 22 increases in pay of Government officers and employees, as
 23 follows:

24 LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

25 For—

1 “Salaries, officers and employees, Senate”,
2 \$490,000;

3 “Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Print-
4 ing, Senate”, \$1,150;

5 “Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, Sen-
6 ate”, \$12,000;

7 “Contingent expenses, Senate, reporting debates
8 and proceedings of the Senate”, \$10,000;

9 “Contingent expenses, Senate, services in cleaning,
10 repairing, and varnishing furniture”, \$385;

11 “Contingent expenses, Senate, salaries and expenses,
12 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Sen-
13 ate”, \$7,000;

14 “Salaries, officers and employees, House of Repre-
15 sentatives”, \$335,000;

16 “Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of
17 Representatives”, \$925,000;

18 “Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House
19 of Representatives”, \$5,000;

20 “Salary and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing,
21 House of Representatives”, \$1,150;

22 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
23 folding documents”, \$10,000;

1 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
2 furniture and repairs”, \$9,500;

3 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
4 miscellaneous items”, \$2,500;

5 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
6 Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation”,
7 \$7,000;

8 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
9 Speaker’s automobile”, \$675;

10 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
11 payment for certain services”, \$1,200;

12 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
13 attending physician”, \$385;

14 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
15 Revision of the Laws”, \$1,000;

16 “Contingent expenses, House of Representatives,
17 preparation of a New Edition United States Code (no
18 year)”, \$5,000;

19 Architect of the Capitol:

20 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: “Salaries”, \$19,
21 000;

22 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:

23 “Capitol Buildings”, \$91,000;

24 “Capitol grounds”, \$32,300;

25 “Senate Office Building”, \$97,000;

- 1 “House Office Buildings”, \$129,500;
 2 “Capitol power plant”, \$85,000;
 3 Library of Congress:
 4 Copyright Office: “Salaries”, \$50,900;
 5 Legislative Reference Service: “Salaries”, \$35,734;
 6 Index to State legislation: “Salaries and expenses”,
 7 \$6,242;
 8 Union catalogs: “Salaries and expenses”, \$8,566;
 9 “Motion-picture project”, \$696;
 10 Library Buildings: “Salaries”, \$88,326;
 11 Total, Legislative Branch, \$2,468,209.

12 THE JUDICIARY

- 13 For—
 14 United States Supreme Court:
 15 “Salaries”, \$70,000;
 16 “Structural and mechanical care of the building
 17 and grounds”, \$29,300;
 18 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: “Salaries”,
 19 \$10,850;
 20 United States Customs Court: “Salaries”, \$24,000;
 21 Miscellaneous items of expense:
 22 “Salaries of clerks of courts”, \$675,000;
 23 “Probation system, United States courts”, \$225,000;
 24 “Salaries of clerks”, \$62,000;

1 “Fees of commissioners”, \$110,000;

2 “Miscellaneous salaries”, \$85,000;

3 Administrative Office of the United States Courts: “Sala-
4 ries”, \$30,000;

5 Total, The Judiciary, \$1,321,150.

6 EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

7 For—

8 The White House Office: “Salaries and expenses”,
9 \$30,000;

10 Bureau of the Budget: “Salaries and expenses”,
11 \$280,000;

12 Office for Emergency Management:

13 “Office of Alien Property Custodian”: (The
14 amount, \$332,900, which may be used for gen-
15 eral administration expenses by other agencies
16 on a reimbursable basis.)

17 Total, Executive Office of the President, \$340,000.

18 INDEPENDENT OFFICES

19 For—

20 Civil Service Commission: “Salaries and expenses”,
21 \$1,300,000;

22 Employees’ Compensation Commission: “Salaries and
23 expenses”, \$140,000;

24 Federal Communications Commission:

25 “Salaries and expenses”, \$363,000;

1 “Salaries and expenses, national defense”, \$194,000;

2 “Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation”: (The amount

3 which may be used for administrative expenses is

4 increased by \$417,000.)

5 Federal Power Commission:

6 “Salaries and expenses”, \$287,300;

7 “Flood control surveys”, \$17,700;

8 Federal Trade Commission: “Salaries and expenses”,

9 \$232,000;

10 General Accounting Office: “Salaries”, \$4,813,000;

11 Interstate Commerce Commission:

12 “General administrative expenses”, \$380,000;

13 “Safety of employees”, \$42,000;

14 “Signal safety systems”, \$9,800;

15 “Locomotive inspection”, \$43,600;

16 “Valuation of property of carriers”, \$56,000;

17 “Motor transport regulation”, \$341,000;

18 “Salaries and expenses, emergency”, \$24,000;

19 “National Capital Housing Authority”, \$1,850;

20 National Labor Relations Board:

21 “Salaries”, \$348,000;

22 “Salaries and expenses (national defense)”,

23 \$57,600;

24 National Mediation Board:

25 “Salaries and expenses”, \$19,600;

1 National Railroad Adjustment Board: "Salaries and
2 expenses", \$23,850;

3 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and ex-
4 penses", \$385,000;

5 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$120,200;

6 "The Tax Court of the United States", \$48,800;

7 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical,
8 hospital, and domiciliary services", \$54,168,000;

9 Total, Independent Offices, \$63,416,300.

10 FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

11 For—

12 "Columbia Institution for the Deaf", \$13,000;

13 Food and Drug Administration:

14 "Enforcement operations", \$433,000;

15 "General administration", \$16,900;

16 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses".

17 \$253,300;

18 Howard University: "Salaries", \$13,500;

19 Office of Education:

20 "Library service", \$3,700;

21 "Services for the blind", \$980;

22 "Salaries", \$61,440;

23 "Salaries and expenses" (vocational educa-
24 tion), \$53,300;

Public Health Service:

“Industrial hygiene”, \$11,280;

“Foreign quarantine service”, \$232,700;

“Hospitals and medical care”, \$3,935,200;

“National Institute of Health”, \$228,000;

“National Cancer Institute, operating expenses”, \$58,700;

“Salaries and miscellaneous expenses”, \$160,000;

Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Salaries and expenses”, \$663,700;

Social Security Board:

“Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance”, \$130,000;

“Salaries, Bureau of Employment Security”,
\$105,700;

“Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors’ Insurance”, \$3,240,200;

“Salaries, offices of the Social Security Board”, \$525,200;

Office of Vocational Rehabilitation:

“For payments to States”, \$11,500;

“For general administrative expenses”, \$45,400;

Office of the Administrator:

“Salaries, Office of the Administrator”, \$25,800;

“Community War Services”, \$62,900;

1 “Salaries, Division of Personnel Manage-
2 ment”, \$17,000;

3 “Salaries, Division of Service Operations”, \$50,700;

4 “Salaries, Office of the General Counsel”, \$94,000;

5 Total, Federal Security Agency, \$10,447,100.

6 FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

7 For—

8 Office of the Administrator: “Salaries and expenses”,
9 \$35,530;

10 Public Buildings Administration:

11 “General administrative expenses”, \$201,380;

12 “Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
13 in the District of Columbia and adjacent area”,
14 \$4,372,460;

15 “Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds
16 outside the District of Columbia”, \$1,547,130;

17 Total, Federal Works Agency, \$6,156,500.

18 NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

19 For—

20 Office of the Administrator: “Salaries and expenses”:
21 (The amount which may be used for administrative
22 expenses is increased by \$52,900.)

23 Federal Home Loan Bank Administration: “Salaries
24 and expenses”: (The amount which may be used

for administrative expenses is increased by
\$126,000.)

Federal Housing Administration: "Salaries and ex-
penses": (The amount which may be used for
administrative expenses is increased by \$314,800.)

Federal Public Housing Authority: "Salaries and ex-
penses": (The amount which may be used for
administrative expenses is increased by \$296,200.)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For—

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses",
\$204,000;

Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses",
\$242,000;

Office of Information: "Salaries and expenses",
\$72,000;

Library, Department of Agriculture: "Salaries and
expenses", \$84,000;

Bureau of Agriculture Economics:

"Economic investigations", \$310,000;

"Crop and livestock estimates", \$217,000;

Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations: "Salaries and
expenses", \$85,000;

Extension Service: "Administration and coordination of
extension work", \$60,000;

1 Agricultural Research Administration:

2 Office of Administrator: "Salaries and expenses",
3 \$40,000;

4 "Special research fund, Department of Agricul-
5 ture", \$120,000;

6 Office of Experiment Stations:

7 "Administration of grants and coordination of
8 research with States", \$21,000;

9 "Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico",
10 \$9,000;

11 Bureau of Animal Industry:

12 "Animal husbandry", \$95,000;

13 "Diseases of animals", \$76,000;

14 "Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang's disease",
15 \$120,000;

16 "Inspection and quarantine", \$140,000;

17 "Meat inspection", \$1,590,000;

18 "Virus Serum Toxin Act", \$40,000;

19 "Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and
20 serum" (increase in sum made available from
21 appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the
22 Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May
23 12, 1933, from "\$31,940" to "\$37,740");

24 Bureau of Dairy Industry: "Salaries and expenses",
25 \$99,800;

Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural
Engineering:

"Field crops", \$240,000;

"Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops", \$205,000;

"Forest diseases", \$31,500;

"Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation", \$105,000;

"Agricultural engineering", \$46,000;

"National Arboretum", \$4,800;

Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry:

"Agricultural chemical investigations", \$44,000;

"Naval stores investigations", \$17,500;

"Regional research laboratories", \$500,000;

Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics:

"Salaries and expenses", \$73,000;

"White pine blister rust control, Department of Agriculture", \$270,000;

Forest Service:

Salaries and expenses:

"General administrative expenses", \$75,000;

"National forest protection and management",

\$2,550,000;

"Forest management", \$116,900;

"Range investigations", \$42,100;

"Forest products", \$175,000;

"Forest resources investigations", \$24,000;

1 “Forest fire cooperation”, \$40,000;

2 “Farm and other private forestry cooperation”,
3 \$36,000;

4 “Forest roads and trails”, \$480,000;

5 Commodity Credit Corporation: “Salaries and admin-
6 istrative expenses” (increase in limitation for ad-
7 ministrative expenses by \$743,000);

8 Federal Crop Insurance Act: “Administrative and
9 operating expenses”, \$320,000;

10 Soil Conservation Service:

11 “Soil conservation research”, \$164,000;

12 “Soil conservation operations”, \$4,575,000;

13 “Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida”,
14 \$10,200;

15 “Land utilization and retirement of submarginal
16 land”, \$144,000;

17 Marketing Service:

18 “Market news service”, \$142,000;

19 “Market inspection of farm products”, \$68,000;

20 “Marketing farm products”, \$58,000;

21 “Tobacco Acts”, \$67,500;

22 “Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce
23 Agency, and Standard Container Acts”, \$24,
24 500;

1 "Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures
 2 Acts", \$138,000;
 3 "United States Grain Standards Act", \$127,000;
 4 "United States Warehouse Act", \$60,000;
 5 "Federal Seed Act", \$14,000;
 6 "Packers and Stockyards Acts", \$48,000;
 7 "Naval Stores Act", \$4,500;
 8 "Insecticide Act", \$27,700;
 9 "Commodity Exchange Act", \$41,500;
 10 "Freight rates for farm products", \$12,000;
 11 "Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation", \$3,200,000;
 12 Farm tenancy: "Salaries and expenses", \$365,000;
 13 "Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas", \$25,000;
 14 Rural Electrification Administration: "Salaries and
 15 expenses", \$490,000;
 16 Farm Credit Administration:
 17 "Salaries and expenses", \$66,800; and increase the
 18 funds made available pursuant to Act of Jan-
 19 uary 29, 1937, from "\$3,845,209" to "\$4,-
 20 385,209";
 21 Total, Department of Agriculture, \$19,203,300.

22 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

23 For—

24 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses", \$98,-
 25 000;

1 Bureau of the Census: "Compiling census reports, and
2 so forth", \$735,000;

3 Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics:

4 "General administration, Office of the Administra-
5 tor", \$370,000;

6 "Technical development", \$42,000;

7 "Enforcement of safety regulations", \$386,000;

8 "Airport Advisory Service", \$33,000;

9 "Maintenance and operation of aircraft", \$43,000;

10 "Maintenance and operation, Washington National
11 Airport, \$107,000;

12 "Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses",
13 \$135,000;

14 Coast and Geodetic Survey:

15 "Salaries and expenses, departmental", \$169,000;

16 "Salaries and expenses, field", \$258,000;

17 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:

18 "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$275,000;

19 "Field office service", \$62,800;

20 Patent Office: "Salaries", \$400,000;

21 National Bureau of Standards:

22 "Operation and administration", \$75,000;

23 "Testing, inspection, and information service",
24 \$178,000;

1 “Research and development”, \$192,000;

2 “Standards for commerce”, \$30,000;

3 Total, Department of Commerce, \$3,588,800.

4 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

5 For—

6 Office of the Secretary:

7 “Salaries”, \$195,000;

8 “Office of Solicitor”, \$29,900;

9 “Division of Territories and Island Possessions”,

10 \$14,200;

11 Petroleum Conservation Division: “Salaries and

12 expenses”, \$12,600;

13 Division of Geography: “Salaries and expenses”,

14 \$1,350;

15 “Soil and moisture conservation operations”, \$123,

16 400;

17 “Commission of Fine Arts”, \$860;

18 Grazing Service:

19 “Salaries and expenses”, \$142,000;

20 “Range improvements”, \$9,050;

21 General Land Office:

22 “Salaries”, \$138,940;

23 “Surveying public lands”, \$50,000;

24 “Salaries and expenses, branch of field examina-

25 tion”, \$15,370;

1 "Salaries and expenses of land offices", \$42,300;

2 "Forest management and protection, public domain,
3 Alaska", \$19,660;

4 "Revested Oregon and California Railroad and re-
5 conveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands,
6 Oregon (reimbursable)", \$13,000;

7 "Range improvements on public lands outside of
8 grazing districts (receipt limitation)", \$2,000;

9 Bureau of Indian Affairs:

10 Salaries and general expenses:

11 "Departmental personal services", \$115,200;

12 "Maintaining law and order on Indian reser-
13 vations", \$17,590;

14 Industrial assistance and advancement:

15 "Preservation of timber on Indian reserva-
16 tions", \$134,500;

17 "Expenses incidental to the sale of timber
18 (reimbursable)", \$26,820;

19 "Developing agriculture and stock raising among
20 the Indians", \$80,000;

21 "Development of water supply", \$6,700;

22 Irrigation and drainage:

23 "Construction, repair, and maintenance of
24 irrigation systems (reimbursable)", \$20,-
25 200;

1 "Operation and maintenance of the San Carlos
2 project (receipt limitation)", \$28,880;

3 "Improvement, operation, and maintenance of
4 the irrigation and power systems on the
5 Colorado River Indian Reservation (receipt
6 limitation)", \$3,030;

7 "Improvements, maintenance, and operation of
8 the Fort Hall irrigation systems", \$5,840;

9 "Improvements, maintenance, and operation
10 of the Fort Hall irrigation systems (receipt
11 limitation)", \$5,760;

12 "Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
13 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
14 Fort Belknap Reservation (reimburs-
15 able)", \$750;

16 "Maintenance and operation, repairs, and pur-
17 chase of stored waters, irrigation systems,
18 Fort Belknap Reservation (receipt limita-
19 tion)", \$640;

20 "Maintenance and operation of the several units
21 of the Fort Peck project (reimbursable)",
22 \$740;

23 "Maintenance and operation of the several units
24 of the Fort Peck project (receipt limita-
25 tion)", \$1,400;

- 1 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
2 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet In-
3 dian Reservation (reimbursable)”, \$730;
4 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
5 the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet
6 Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
7 \$1,780;
8 “Operation and maintenance of the irrigation
9 and power systems on the Flathead Reser-
10 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$25,780;
11 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
12 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
13 vation (reimbursable)”, \$450;
14 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
15 the irrigation systems on the Crow Reser-
16 vation (receipt limitation)”, \$4,360;
17 “Improvement, maintenance, and operation of
18 miscellaneous irrigation projects on the
19 Klamath Reservation (receipt limitation)”,
20 \$490;
21 “Continuing operation and maintenance and bet-
22 terment of the irrigation system to irrigate
23 allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah,
24 and White River Utes (reimbursable)”,
25 \$950;

“Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes (receipt limitation)”, \$2,620;

“Operation and maintenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage systems, Yakima Indian Reservation (receipt limitation)”, \$26,510;

“Operation and maintenance of irrigation systems within the ceded and diminished portions of the Wind River Reservation (reimbursable)”, \$410;

“Operation and maintenance of irrigation systems within the ceded and diminished portions of the Wind River Reservation (receipt limitation)”, \$1,200;

Education:

“Support of Indian Schools”, \$886,700;

“Support and education of Indian pupils at nonreservation boarding schools”, \$417,300;

“Natives in Alaska”, \$224,000;

1 Conservation of health:

2 "Conservation of health among Indians", \$1,
3 988,500;

4 "Medical relief in Alaska", \$102,000;

5 General support and administration:

6 "General administration of Indian property",
7 \$451,100;

8 "Reindeer service", \$6,770;

9 "Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal
10 funds, \$12,333)";

11 "Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal
12 funds, \$19,525)";

13 "Support of Menominee Agency and pay of
14 tribal officers, Wisconsin (tribal funds,
15 \$3,860)";

16 "Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal
17 officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds, \$27,
18 600)";

19 Bureau of Reclamation:

20 Reclamation fund, special fund:

21 "Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California
22 (from power revenues \$18,100)";

23 "Yuma project, Arizona-California", \$11,000;

24 "Boise project, Idaho", \$10,000;

25 "Minidoka project, Idaho", \$5,300;

1 “Minidoka project, Idaho (from power reve-
2 nues, \$15,000)”;

3 “Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas (from
4 power revenues, \$5,400)”;

5 “Owyhee project, Oregon”, \$21,200;

6 “Klamath project, Oregon-California”, \$11,000;

7 “Columbia Basin project, Washington (from
8 power revenues, \$63,000)”;

9 “Yakima project, Washington”, \$21,500;

10 “Riverton project, Wyoming”, \$4,000;

11 “Shoshone project, Wyoming”, \$1,800;

12 “Shoshone project, Wyoming (from power
13 revenues, \$2,000)”;

14 “Salaries and expenses (other than project
15 offices)”, \$456,200;

16 General fund, construction: “Colorado River project,
17 Texas (reimbursable)”, \$6,900;

18 “Geological Survey”, \$151,500;

19 Bureau of Mines:

20 “Salaries and expenses”, \$9,500;

21 “Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and in-
22 vestigation of mine accidents”, \$83,600;

23 “Coal-mine inspections and investigations”, \$122,-
24 380;

25 “Mineral mining investigations”, \$35,000;

1 "Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania",

2 \$18,300;

3 "Economies of mineral industries", \$40,000;

4 "National Park Service", \$636,000;

5 "Recreational demonstration areas", \$17,860;

6 "Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks",

7 \$70,500;

8 Fish and Wildlife Service: "Salaries and expenses",

9 \$543,100;

10 Government in the Territories:

11 Territory of Alaska: "Expenses of the offices of the

12 Governor and the Secretary", \$3,000;

13 Territory of Hawaii: "Expenses of the offices of

14 the Governor and the Secretary", \$1,100;

15 Government of the Virgin Islands: "Salaries of the

16 Governor and employees", \$7,370;

17 Total, Department of the Interior, \$7,687,440;

18 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

19 For—

20 Legal activities and general administration:

21 "Office of the Attorney General", \$9,600;

22 "Office of the Solicitor General", \$5,000;

23 "Office of Assistant to the Attorney General",

24 \$16,000;

25 "Administrative Division", \$201,500;

- 1 "Tax Division", \$87,700;
- 2 "Criminal Division", \$11,300;
- 3 "Claims Division", \$129,000;
- 4 "Office of the Assistant Solicitor General", \$15,000;
- 5 "Office of Pardon Attorney", \$4,000;
- 6 "Salaries and expenses, Customs Division", \$18,000;
- 7 "Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division".
- 8 \$175,000;
- 9 "Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field"
- 10 \$18,000;
- 11 "Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so
- 12 forth", \$599,000;
- 13 "Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth".
- 14 \$7,900;
- 15 "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth",
- 16 \$507,000;
- 17 "Pay and expenses of bailiffs", \$39,000;
- 18 Federal Bureau of Investigation: "Salaries and expenses.
- 19 detection and prosecution of crimes", \$1,249,000;
- 20 Immigration and Naturalization Service: "Salaries and
- 21 expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service".
- 22 \$3,720,000;
- 23 Federal Prison System:
- 24 "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons",
- 25 \$53,800;

1 “Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional insti-
2 tutions”, \$3,639,000;

3 “Medical and hospital service”, \$224,700;

4 Total, Department of Justice, \$10,729,500;

5 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

6 For—

7 Office of the Secretary:

8 “Salaries”, \$68,600;

9 “Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solici-
10 tor”, \$110,900;

11 “Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor
12 Standards”, \$23,500;

13 “Commissioners of Conciliation”, \$59,050;

14 “Commissioners of Conciliation (national de-
15 fense)”, \$206,300;

16 Bureau of Labor Statistics:

17 “Salaries and expenses”, \$215,100;

18 “Salaries and expenses (national defense)”,
19 \$423,700;

20 Children's Bureau:

21 “Salaries and expenses”, \$55,460;

22 “Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions”,
23 \$35,970;

24 “Salaries and expenses, maternal and child
25 welfare”, \$59,170;

1 “Salaries and expenses, emergency maternity and
2 infant care (national defense)”, \$5,750;

3 Women’s Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, \$33,500;

4 Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries”, \$635,200;

5 War manpower functions:

6 “Apprentice training service”, \$73,100;

7 “Employment office facilities and services”,
8 \$5,504,800;

9 Total, Department of Labor, \$7,510,100;

10 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

11 (Out of the Postal Revenues)

12 For—

13 Post Office Department, Washington, District of Co-
14 lumbia:

15 “Office of the Postmaster General: ‘Salaries’ ”,
16 \$52,800;

17 Salaries in bureaus and offices:

18 “Office of Budget and Administrative Plan-
19 ning”, \$5,300;

20 “Office of the First Assistant Postmaster Gen-
21 eral”, \$138,000;

22 “Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster Gen-
23 eral”, \$140,400;

24 “Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster Gen-
25 eral”, \$202,700;

1 "Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster Gen-
2 eral", \$93,000;

3 "Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office De-
4 partment", \$18,770;

5 "Office of the Chief Inspector", \$59,100;

6 "Office of the Purchasing Agent", \$11,500;

7 "Bureau of Accounts", \$57,100;

8 Field Service, Post Office Department:

9 Office of Chief Inspector:

10 "Salaries of inspectors", \$563,900;

11 "Clerks, division headquarters", \$187,300;

12 Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General:

13 "Rural Delivery Service", \$17,385,000;

14 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General:

15 "Post office stationery, equipment, and sup-
16 plies", \$20,700;

17 "Pneumatic-tube service, New York City,"
18 \$52,800;

19 Total, Post Office Department, \$18,988,370;

20 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

21 For—

22 Office of the Secretary of State:

23 "Salaries", \$1,861,810;

24 "Passport agencies", \$10,410;

“Collecting and editing official papers of Territories
of the United States”, \$400;

Foreign Service:

“Salaries, ambassadors and ministers”, \$13,000;

“Salaries, Foreign Service officers”, \$294,000;

“Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service”, \$518,159;

“Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign
Service”, \$55,850;

“Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)”, \$400,
000;

International obligations:

“Salaries and expenses, International Boundary
Commission, United States and Mexico”,
\$61,400;

“Supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in
the El Paso Juarez Valley”, \$9,800;

“International Boundary Commission, United
States and Canada and Alaska and Canada”,
\$2,530;

“Salaries and expenses, International Joint Com-
mission, United States and Great Britain”,
\$3,080;

“Special and technical investigations, International
Joint Commission, United States and Great
Britain”, \$8,300;

1 “Cooperation with the American republics”, \$98,-
2 370;

3 Total, Department of State, \$3,337,100;

4 TREASURY DEPARTMENT

5 For—

6 Office of the Secretary: “Salaries”, \$57,400;

7 Division of Tax Research: “Salaries”, \$25,200;

8 Office of Tax Legislative Counsel: “Salaries”, \$11,800;

9 Division of Research and Statistics: “Salaries”, \$26,600;

10 Office of General Counsel: “Salaries”, \$21,800;

11 Division of Personnel: “Salaries”, \$32,200;

12 Office of Chief Clerk: “Salaries”, \$68,200;

13 Fiscal service:

14 Bureau of Accounts:

15 “Salaries and expenses”, \$180,800;

16 “Division of Disbursement, salaries and ex-
17 penses”, \$1,075,900;

18 Bureau of the Public Debt: “Administering the
19 public debt”, \$7,612,000;

20 Office of the Treasurer of the United States:

21 “Salaries and expenses”, \$881,700;

22 “Salaries (reimbursable)”, \$17,300;

23 Bureau of Customs: “Salaries and expenses”,
24 \$6,000,000;

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency: "Salaries",
\$44,200;

Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses",
\$178,800;

Bureau of Engraving and Printing: "Salaries and
expenses", \$1,035,700;

Secret Service Division:

"White House Police", \$49,500;

Bureau of the Mint:

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director",
\$23,000;

"Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices",
\$242,900;

Procurement Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$70,
900;

Total, Treasury Department, \$17,655,900;

WAR DEPARTMENT

For—

The Panama Canal:

"Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal",
\$587,000;

"Sanitation, Canal Zone", \$477,000;

"Civil government", \$361,000;

Total, War Department, \$1,425,000;

1 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

2 For—

3 General administration:

4 “Executive office”, \$17,550;

5 “Office of the corporation counsel”, \$17,720;

6 “Board of Tax Appeals”, \$2,790;

7 Fiscal Service:

8 “Assessor’s office”, \$45,870;

9 “Collector’s office”, \$19,530;

10 “Auditor’s office”, \$36,400;

11 “Purchasing Division”, \$7,640;

12 Regulatory agencies:

13 “Alcoholic Beverage Control Board”, \$6,210;

14 “Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole”,

15 \$4,840;

16 “Coroner’s office”, \$7,050;

17 “Department of Insurance”, \$7,300;

18 “Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets”,

19 \$19,670;

20 “Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board”, \$6,

21 750;

22 “Office of Administrator of Rent Control”, \$6,510;

23 “Office of Recorder of Deeds”, \$32,500;

24 “Poundmaster’s office”, \$9,230;

1 "Public Utilities Commission", \$14,320;

2 "Zoning Commission", \$2,170;

3 Public Schools:

4 Operating expenses:

5 "General administration", \$71,330;

6 "General supervision and instruction", \$1,355,-
7 160;

8 "Vocational education, George Deen program",
9 \$16,350;

10 "Operation of buildings and maintenance of
11 equipment", \$386,460;

12 "Public Library", \$112,740;

13 Recreation Department: "Operating expenses", \$56,-
14 410;

15 "Metropolitan Police", \$777,040;

16 "Fire Department", \$383,400;

17 "Policemen's and Firemen's Relief", \$292,190;

18 Courts:

19 "Juvenile court", \$27,260;

20 "Psychiatric service, juvenile court", \$1,360;

21 "Municipal court", \$45,440;

22 "Municipal court of appeals", \$5,000;

23 "Probation system", \$4,920;

24 "Office of Register of Wills", \$13,730;

25 "Commission on Mental Health", \$2,840;

1 Health Department:

2 "Health Department (excluding hospitals)", \$209,
3 010;

4 "Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium", \$225,400;

5 "Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital",
6 \$504,130;

7 Public welfare:

8 "Office of the Director", \$7,920;

9 Family Welfare Service:

10 "Operating expenses, child care", \$20,000;

11 "Adult assistance", \$32,700;

12 "Operating expenses, institutions for the indi-
13 gent", \$55,730;

14 Juvenile Correctional Service: "Operating ex-
15 penses", \$65,410;

16 Adult Correctional Service: "Operating expenses",
17 \$279,740;

18 Mental Rehabilitation Service:

19 "Operating expenses, District Training School",
20 \$111,300;

21 "Saint Elizabeths Hospital", \$903,400;

22 Public works:

23 "Office of chief clerk", \$4,560;

24 "Office of Municipal Architect", \$13,800;

“Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of
District Buildings”, \$91,650;

“Surveyor’s office”, \$7,960;

“Department of Inspections”, \$60,550;

“Operating expenses, Electrical Division”, \$49,790;

“Central garage”, \$4,200;

“Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from
highway fund)”, \$40,500;

“Reimbursement of other appropriations (payable
from highway fund)”, \$109,600;

“Operating expenses, Refuse Division”, \$46,900;

“Operating expenses, Sewer Division”, \$59,260;

“Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from
water fund)”, \$83,650;

Washington Aqueduct: “Operating expenses (payable
from water fund)”, \$22,360;

“National Capital Parks”, \$96,420;

“National Capital Park and Planning Commission”,
\$7,410;

“National Zoological Park”, \$65,670;

Total, District of Columbia, \$6,994,700;

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of
Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be

1 paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as
 2 defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

3 SEC. 202. The restrictions contained in appropriations
 4 or affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the
 5 fiscal year 1946, limiting the amounts which may be ex-
 6 pended for personal services or for other purposes, or amounts
 7 which may be transferred between appropriations or author-
 8 izations, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet
 9 increased pay costs authorized by the Acts of June 30, 1945
 10 (Public Law 106), July 6, 1945 (Public Law 134), July
 11 14, 1945 (Public Law 151), and July 21, 1945 (Public
 12 Law 158), and other legislation enacted during or applicable
 13 to the fiscal year 1946 authorizing increased pay for civilian
 14 employees of the Government.

15 TITLE (73) III II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED 16 CLAIMS

17 PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

18 SEC. (74) 301 201. (a) For the payment of claims for
 19 damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and
 20 determined by the following respective departments and inde-
 21 pendent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An
 22 Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising
 23 against the Government of the United States in the sum
 24 not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December
 25 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House

1 Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as
2 follows:

3 Executive Office of the President:

4 Office for Emergency Management:

5 Office of Scientific Research and Development,
6 \$45;

7 Independent offices:

8 Selective Service System, \$256.98;

9 Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

10 Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

11 Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

12 Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

13 Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

14 Department of Justice, \$13.50;

15 Department of Labor, \$15.50;

16 Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

17 Post Office Department (payable from postal reve-
18 nues), \$1,117;

19 Treasury Department, \$269.94;

20 In all, \$16,966.95;

21 **(75)**(b) *For the payment of claims for damages to or losses*
22 *of privately owned property adjusted and determined by*
23 *the following respective departments and independent offices,*
24 *under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide*
25 *a method for the settlement of claims arising against the*

1 *Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding*
 2 *\$1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922*
 3 *(31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document*
 4 *Numbered 161, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:*

5 *Executive Office of the President:*

6 *Office for Emergency Management: Office of Scien-*
 7 *tific Research and Development, \$33.24;*

8 *Independent offices: National Advisory Committee for*
 9 *Aeronautics, \$28.06;*

10 *Federal Works Agency, \$471.20;*

11 *Department of Agriculture, \$1,544.60;*

12 *Department of Commerce, \$15;*

13 *Department of the Interior, \$1,440.41;*

14 *Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues),*
 15 *\$332.48;*

16 *Treasury Department, \$2,667.94;*

17 *In all, \$6,532.93.*

18 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

19 SEC. (76)~~302~~ 202. (a) For the payment of final judg-
 20 ments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered
 21 under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled
 22 "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Gov-
 23 ernment of the United States", as amended by section 297 of
 24 the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which
 25 have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in

1 (77) *Senate Document Numbered 159, and House Document*
 2 *Numbered 477, under the following agencies:*

3 Executive Office of the President:

4 Office for Emergency Management:

5 War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

6 Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

7 (78) *State Department, \$768.80;*

8 Treasury Department, \$4,000;

9 War Department, (79) ~~\$1,762.84~~ \$26,129.04;

10 In all, (80) ~~\$20,924.08~~ \$43,059.08, together with such
 11 additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and
 12 where specified in the judgments.

13 (b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of
 14 suits, rendered against the Government of the United States
 15 by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act
 16 entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States
 17 in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services
 18 rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and
 19 for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C.
 20 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in
 21 (81) *Senate Document Numbered 158, and House Docu-*
 22 *ment Numbered 472, under the following agencies:*

23 Navy Department, (82) ~~\$35,000~~ \$52,500;

24 War Department, (83) ~~\$9,731.68~~ \$36,188.27;

25 In all, (84) ~~\$44,731.68~~ \$88,688.27, together with such

1 additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and
 2 where specified in the judgments **(85)***listed in Senate Docu-*
 3 *ment Numbered 158 and House Document Numbered 472;*
 4 *also necessary sum to pay interest on judgments set forth in*
 5 *Senate Document Numbered 112, the principal of the judg-*
 6 *ments having been appropriated for in Public 269, dated*
 7 *December 28, 1945.*

8 (c) None of the judgments contained under this caption
 9 shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except
 10 such as has become final and conclusive against the United
 11 States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

12 JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

13 SEC. **(86)**~~303~~ 203. (a) For payment of judgments
 14 rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-
 15 ninth Congress in **(87)***Senate Document Numbered 160, and*
 16 *House Document Numbered 476, under the following*
 17 *agencies, namely:*

18 **(88)***Legislative Branch: Architect of the Capitol, \$6,781.49;*

19 Independent offices:

20 Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;

21 Federal Works Agency:

22 Public Buildings Administration, **(89)**\$9,000

23 \$90,998.15;

24 Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;

25 Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;

Department of the Interior:

Civil, \$266,253.85;

Indians, \$1,808.73;

Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

Navy Department, ~~(90)\$1,787.62~~ \$4,426.62;

Treasury Department, ~~(91)\$120,819.71~~ \$127,333.47;

War Department, ~~(92)\$112,303.37~~ \$115,884.55;

In all, ~~(93)\$589,033.86~~ \$690,547.44, together with

such additional amount as may be necessary to pay interest

as and where specified in the judgments ~~(94)~~, and interest

on the mandate issued in the case of Louis Townsley, Court

of Claims Numbered 45097;

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption

shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired

except such as have become final and conclusive against the

United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments

contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for

more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. ~~(95)304~~ 204. (a) For the payment of claims certi-

fied to be due by the General Accounting Office under appro-

priations the balances of which have been carried to the

surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of

June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations

1 heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of
 2 the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated,
 3 and which have been certified to Congress under section 2
 4 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set
 5 forth in **(96)***Senate Document Numbered 162, and House*
 6 *Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Congress*, there is
 7 appropriated the sum of **(97)**~~\$10,194,651.06~~ \$12,202,715.10,
 8 together with such additional sum due to increases in rates
 9 of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the for-
 10 eign currency and interest as specified in certain of the
 11 settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed
 12 and accounted for as a single fund; **(98)**~~\$446.24~~ \$472.49,
 13 payable from District of Columbia revenues, and **(99)**~~\$549,-~~
 14 ~~355.34~~ \$563,026.40, payable from postal revenues; in all,
 15 **(100)**~~\$10,744,452.64~~ \$12,766,213.99.

16 (b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General
 17 Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act
 18 for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service
 19 of the United States mustered into service for the War with
 20 Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands
 21 after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899",
 22 approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-
 23 sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the

1 Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July
2 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in
3 House Document Numbered 474, \$417.38.

4 TITLE ~~(101)~~~~IV~~ III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

5 SEC. ~~(102)~~~~404~~ 301. No part of any appropriation con-
6 tained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of
7 any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organi-
8 zation that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the
9 United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the
10 purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie
11 evidence that the person making the affidavit does not ad-
12 vocate, and is not a member of an organization that advo-
13 cates, the overthrow of the Government of the United
14 States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any per-
15 son who advocates, or who is a member of an organization
16 that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the
17 United States by force or violence and accepts employment
18 the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropria-
19 tion contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and,
20 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
21 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided*
22 *further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to,
23 and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing
24 law.

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 30, 1946

Ordered to be printed with the amendments of the
Senate numbered

DIGEST OF

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Legislative Reports and Service Section
(For Department staff only)

Issued May 3, 1946
For actions of May 2, 1946
79th-2nd, No. 81

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HIGHLIGHTS: House received conference report on 2nd deficiency appropriation bill; compromise figures on insect and plant-disease control, rehabilitation of forest recreation areas, and water facilities; provides for return of FCA. House received conference report on 2nd appropriation rescission bill with Senate (smaller) item on supplies for Hawaii. Both Houses received Government-corporations budget for 1947. Senate committee submitted livestock-meat industry report opposing price control and subsidies on meat. Sen. Langer inserted letters favoring his wheat-bonus bill; Rep. Robertson (N. Dak.) introduced and discussed similar bill. Sen. Butler said private corn-wheat purchasers should be permitted to buy at Government prices. Sen. Cherry criticized Anderson meat-quotas proposal. Rep. Voorhis commended USDA's reduction in grain use for alcohol but urged further reduction.

HOUSE

- SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL.** Received the conference report on this bill, H. R. 5890 (pp. 4440-1). The conferees took the following actions on items of interest to this Department: Insect and plant-disease control, \$100,000 (House figure, \$20,000; Senate, \$350,000). Rehabilitation of forest recreational areas, \$250,000 (House, \$168,000; Senate, \$500,000). Water facilities, \$325,000 (House, \$200,000; Senate, \$500,000). Public Buildings Administration, for re-centralization of departmental functions, \$495,020 (Senate figure), including \$295,020 for FOA. Joint Committee on Nonessential Federal Expenditures, \$20,000 (as proposed by Senate). Agreed to Senate figure on judgments and claims. Struck out items for Federal pay costs, as proposed by the Senate, in view of inclusion of these items in an earlier bill. The conferees reported in disagreement a provision that Federal agencies, on a reimbursable basis, may render aid to the United Nations in the way of supplies, equipment, and services; they submitted a proposed substitute which is to be proposed on the floor of the House.
- SECOND APPROPRIATION RESCISSION BILL.** Received the conference report on this bill, H. R. 5604 (pp. 4439-40). The conferees included the item on emergency supplies for territories and possessions at \$3,800,000 (Senate figure; House figure was \$5,000,000). In connection with an Army-Navy lend-lease item, they announced that they will propose transfer of \$135,000,000 to UNRRA.
- STATE, JUSTICE, COMMERCE APPROPRIATION BILL.** Continued debate on this bill, H.R. 6056 (pp. 4433-9, 4441-57). Agreed, 141-133, to the resolution waiving points of order (p. 4438-9). At several points during the debate various members discussed whether substantive legislation should be enacted to avoid such resolutions and whether the resolutions are desirable.

4. CORPORATION BUDGETS. Both houses received the President's message transmitting the Budget for 1947 regarding Government corporations. To Appropriations Committees. (pp. 4430-2, 4427.) Only a limited number of copies of this budget will be available for distribution to bureaus and agencies of the Department. If a copy is required for your use, please send your request to the budget office of your agency.
5. INFLATION. Rep. May, Ky., discussed the dangers of inflation and spoke against the House amendments to the price-control bill (p. 4430).
6. REPORTS were received as follows: Textile Foundation, RFC, Justice Department (p. 4458).
- SENATE
7. LIVESTOCK AND MEAT. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee submitted an interim report with these statements: (1) Government price controls on livestock and meat have completely broken down, (2) most meat is being sold at black-market prices, (3) there is no shortage of livestock on farms and ranches, (4) the OPA "price squeeze" on slaughterers has forced legitimate slaughterers to close, (5) other legitimate slaughterers are willing to buy livestock at legal prices, but are unable to do so because of black market operators, (6) the meat black market is imperiling the national health, (7) black-market slaughtering is causing loss of byproducts, (8) widespread evasion of price controls has created disrespect for law, (9) thousands of employees of legitimate slaughterers have been laid off, (10) Government-control experience shows the impossibility of controlling livestock and meat prices and meat distribution through Government laws, and (11) removal of price controls and subsidies from livestock and meat will stimulate marketing and production, drive the black-market operators out of business, save untold waste, safeguard the public health, and make a large supply of meat available to all at a lower price than consumers are now paying on the black market and with subsidies. The Committee recommended the removal of all price controls and subsidies on livestock and meat at once. (S. Rept. 1295.) (pp. 4396-8.)
Sen. Wherry, Nebr., criticized Secretary Anderson's proposal to establish quotas on meat as "emphasizing the distribution of meat when the thing we should emphasize is the production of meat," and recommended the removal of price controls on meat (pp. 4414-6).
8. BRITISH LOAN. Continued debate on S. J. Res. 138, to authorize the loan to Great Britain (pp. 4400-6, 4410-4, 4416-27). During the debate Sen. Wherry, Nebr., inserted a tabulation of surplus property held in stock by the United Kingdom and Sens. Johnson (Colo.) and Shipstead (Minn.) criticized exports of lumber and farm machinery (p. 4406), and Sen. Johnston, S.C., spoke favoring credit, instead of the proposed loan, to Great Britain for the purchase of tobacco, cotton, and other farm products (p. 4427).
9. RURAL REHABILITATION. Received from this Department FSA's report on the progress of liquidation of Federal rural rehabilitation projects. To Appropriations Committee. (p. 4395.)
10. FERTILIZERS. Received from the Federal Trade Commission a report on "International Phosphate Cartels." To Interstate Commerce Committee. (p. 4395.)
11. R.F.C. Received RFC's Jan. 1946 report on the activities of that Corporation. To Banking and Currency Committee. (p. 4395.)

Henry	Mansfield, Tex.	Shafer
Hobbs	Martin, Iowa	Sheridan
Hoeven	Morrow	Sikes
Holifield	Miller, Calif.	Simpson, Ill.
Holmes, Wash.	Monroney	Simpson, Pa.
Hull	Morrison	Slaughter
Jarman	Murphy	Smith, Wis.
Johnson, Ind.	Murray, Wis.	Stevenson
Johnson,	Norblad	Stewart
Lyndon B.	Norton	Stigler
Johnson, Okla.	O'Konski	Stockman
Keefe	Patrick	Sumner, Ill.
Kelly, Ill.	Patterson	Summers, Tex.
Keogh	Peterson, Fla.	Tarver
Kerr	Peterson, Ga.	Taylor
King	Phillips	Thomas, N. J.
LaFollette	Pickett	Tolan
Landis	Price, Fla.	Vursell
Lane	Rains	Wadsworth
Lea	Reece, Tenn.	Welch
LeCompte	Reed, Ill.	Welch
Lemke	Robertson, Va.	White
McDonough	Rodgers, Pa.	Wickersham
McGehee	Roe, N. Y.	Willson
McKenzie	Rogers, Fla.	Whitstead
Madden	Rooney	Wolfenden, Pa.
Maloney	Russell	Wood
Mankin	Ryter	Woodhouse

So the resolution was agreed to.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:

Mr. Wickersham for, with Mr. Taylor against.

Mr. King for, with Mr. Henry against.

Mr. Holifield for, with Mr. Lemke against.

Mr. Dingell for, with Mr. Reed of Illinois against.

Mr. Morrison for, with Mr. Gavin against.

Mr. Sheridan for, with Mr. Rodgers of Pennsylvania against.

Mr. Keogh for, with Mr. Brumbaugh against.

Mr. Doyle for, with Mr. Fuller against.

Mr. Maloney for, with Mr. Gamble against.

Mr. Patrick for, with Mr. Adams against.

Mr. Miller of California for, with Mr. Hartley against.

Mr. Byrne of New York for, with Mr. Arends against.

Mr. Cochran for, with Mr. Johnson of Indiana against.

Mr. John J. Delaney for, with Mr. Harness of Indiana against.

Mr. Mansfield of Texas for, with Mr. Grant of Indiana against.

Mr. Heffernan for, with Mr. Ellsworth against.

Mrs. Woodhouse for, with Mr. Gillie against.

Mr. Lane for, with Mr. Carlson against.

Mr. Robertson of Virginia for, with Mr. Martin of Iowa against.

Mr. Roe of New York for, with Mr. Shafer against.

Mr. Hart for, with Mr. Thomas of New Jersey against.

Mr. Bulwinkle for, with Mr. Simpson of Illinois against.

Mr. Hendricks for, with Mr. Wilson against.

Mr. Buckley for, with Mr. Simpson of Pennsylvania against.

Mr. Rooney for, with Mr. Wolfenden of Pennsylvania against.

Br. Bradley of Pennsylvania for, with Miss Sumner of Illinois against.

General pairs until further notice:

Mr. Slaughter with Mr. Keefe.

Mr. Baldwin of Maryland with Mr. Wadsworth.

Mr. Cannon of Florida with Mr. Hoeven.

Mr. Healy with Mr. Bender.

Mr. Bell with Mr. Hagen.

Mr. Hobbs with Mr. Clason.

Mr. Coffee with Mr. Dirksen.

Mr. Bonner with Mr. Gifford.

Mr. Jarman with Mr. Holmes of Washington.

Mr. Combs with Mr. Anderson of California.

Mr. Boren with Mr. Stockman.

Mr. Lyndon B. Johnson with Mr. Reece of Tennessee.

Mr. Kelly of Illinois with Mr. Stevenson.
Mr. Brooks with Mr. Murray of Wisconsin.
Mr. McGehee with Mr. Smith of Wisconsin.
Mr. Domengeaux with Mr. LeCompte.
Mr. Monroney with Mr. Morrow.
Mr. Gossett with Mr. Case of South Dakota.
Mr. Stewart with Mr. August H. Andresen.
Mr. Granger with Mr. Gwinn of New York.
Mr. Johnson of Oklahoma with Mr. Weichel.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON THE RESCISSION BILL

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following conference report and statement on the bill (H. R. 5604) reducing or further reducing certain appropriations and contractual authorizations available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes:

CONFERENCE REPORT

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5604) reducing or further reducing certain appropriations and contractual authorizations available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 11 and 18.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 16, 24, 25, 26, 27, and 29, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 13: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 13, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$57,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 14: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 14, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows:

"Naval Training Station, Port Deposit, Maryland, 1946, \$50,000."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 15: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 15, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows:

"Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1946, \$200,000,000."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 17: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 17, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$125,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 19: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 19, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows: "and neither the appropriation nor contractual authorization under this head shall be available after February 25, 1946, for the acquisition of land (other than for the authorized vessel-berthing program), except in pursuance of a specific appropriation"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 21: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 21, and agree

to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$190,784,500"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 22: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 22, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$652,986,950"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$3,015,379,424"; and the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 10, 20, 23, and 30.

CLARENCE CANNON,
LOUIS LUDLOW,
EMMET O'NEAL,
LOUIS C. RABAUT,
JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
EVERETT M. DIRKSEN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

KENNETH MCKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
M. E. TYDINGS,
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5604) reducing or further reducing certain appropriations and contractual authorizations available for the fiscal year 1946, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

Nos. 1 to 3, relating to Title I—Executive Office of the President, Independent Offices, and Executive Departments: Rescinds \$3,800,000 of funds under the Department of Agriculture for emergency supplies for territories and possessions, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$5,000,000, as proposed by the House.

Nos. 4 to 9 and 11 and 12, relating to Title II—Military Establishment: Rescinds \$4,704,700 of appropriation "Finance Service, Army, 1942-46," as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$66,140,457, as proposed by the House; and restores the House provision withdrawing the availability of the subappropriation "Engineer Service" of the appropriation "Engineer Service, Army, 1942-46," for acquiring land or building permanent structures within the continental limits of the United States, except structures not costing more than \$20,000.

Nos. 13 to 19, 21, 22, and 24 to 28, relating to Title III—Naval Establishment: Rescinds \$57,000 of the 1946 appropriation for the Naval Research Laboratory, instead of \$75,000, as proposed by the House, and \$36,000, as proposed by the Senate; rescinds \$50,000 of the 1946 appropriation for the Naval Training Station, Port Deposit, Md., instead of \$200,000, as proposed by the House, and no rescission, as proposed by the Senate; rescinds \$200,000,000 of the 1946 appropriation for pay and subsistence of naval personnel, instead of \$400,000,000, as proposed by the House, and no rescission, as proposed by the Senate; rescinds \$13,657,000 of the 1946 appropriation for maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$15,000,000, as proposed by the House; rescinds \$125,000,000 of the 1946

appropriation for transportation of things, Navy, instead of \$150,000,000, as proposed by the House, and \$119,474,300, as proposed by the Senate; restores the House provision reducing by \$5,000,000 the contractual authorization for public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks, with respect to projects within the continental limits of the United States; restores the House provision withdrawing availability of funds or contractual authorization under "Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks," for the acquisition of land after February 25, 1946, except in pursuance of a specific appropriation, amended to exclude land for the authorized vessel-berthing program; rescinds \$190,784,500 of the 1946 appropriation for aviation, Navy, instead of \$215,837,000, as proposed by the House, and \$165,682,000, as proposed by the Senate; corrects the title of the appropriation for salaries and expenses, Merchant Marine Inspection, Coast Guard, 1945, as proposed by the Senate; transfers an additional amount of \$500,000 from the appropriation "Aviation, Navy, 1946," to supply a deficiency in the appropriation "Pay, subsistence and transportation, 1943," as proposed by the Senate, and reduces the value of stock in the "Naval Stock Account" plus outstanding obligations under the "Naval Stock Fund" from \$2,250,000,000 to \$2,000,000,000, as proposed by the Senate, instead of to \$1,650,000,000, as proposed by the House.

No. 29: Changes a title, as proposed by the Senate.

AMENDMENTS IN DISAGREEMENT

No. 10, relating to rights, privileges, or benefits of persons for service in the Philippine Scouts under the provisions of section 14 of the act approved October 6, 1945 (Public Law 190, 79th Cong.).

It will be proposed to recede and concur in such amendment.

No. 20, canceling authority for and on account of a field house at the Naval Academy.

It will be proposed to recede and concur in such amendment.

No. 23, providing that combatant vessels under construction on March 1, 1946, whose percentage of construction exceeded 20 percent on such date, "will be completed."

It will be proposed that the House insist upon its disagreement to the amendment.

No. 30, relieving defense aid (lend-lease) appropriations made to the President from reimbursing appropriations for the Army and Navy.

It will be proposed to recede and concur in such amendment with an amendment, adding before the period at the end thereof the following: "Provided, That of the reduction of \$1,080,000,000 made in the appropriation 'Defense aid-lend-lease' under title I of this Act, \$135,000,000 shall be transferred to the credit of the appropriation 'United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, 1944-1946,' instead of being carried to the surplus fund and covered into the Treasury."

CLARENCE CANNON,
LOUIS LUDLOW,
EMMET O'NEAL,
LOUIS C. RABAUT,
JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
EVERETT M. DIRKSEN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

CONFERENCE REPORT

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 10, 11, 14, 36, and 41.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 39, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, and 103, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 27: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 27, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert "\$5,250"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 33: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 33, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$100,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 34: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 34, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$250,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 35: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 35, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$325,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 37: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 37, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$837,127"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 38: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 38, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$800,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 9, 40, 46, and 62.

CLARENCE CANNON,
LOUIS LUDLOW,
EMMET O'NEAL,
LOUIS C. RABAUT,
JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
EVERETT M. DIRKSEN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

KENNETH MCKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
M. E. TYDINGS,
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the

Senate to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

Nos. 1 to 5, relating to the Senate: Appropriates an additional amount of \$269,000 for the fiscal year 1946, as proposed by the Senate, and strikes out an appropriation of \$840.34, proposed by the Senate, for payment for services rendered in the office of a Senator.

Nos. 6 and 7, relating to the House of Representatives: Appropriates \$10,000 for payment to the widow of a deceased Representative, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates \$15,000, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$5,000, as proposed by the House, for reporting hearings.

No. 8: Appropriates \$20,000 for the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 10: Strikes out the appropriation of \$25,000, proposed by the Senate, for the erection of a statue of George Washington on the Capitol Grounds.

No. 11: Strikes out the appropriation of \$27,600, proposed by the Senate, for the Committee on Fair Employment Practice.

No. 12: Increases from \$20,000 to \$30,000 the limitation upon expenditures for printing and binding from the appropriation for salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for War, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 13: Increases by \$3,325,000 the limitation upon administrative expenses of the War Shipping Administration (revolving fund), as proposed by the Senate.

No. 14, relating to the Public Health Service: Appropriates \$748,000 for hospitals and medical care, as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,348,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 15 to 20, relating to the Federal Works Agency, Public Buildings Administration, appropriates for the return of departmental functions to the seat of government \$495,020, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$200,000, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$1,780,000 for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area, 1946, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates an additional amount of \$950,000 for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia, 1946, as proposed by the Senate; changes a title, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates for damage claims, Public Roads Administration, \$780,379.53, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$681,193.83, as proposed by the House.

No. 21: Increases by \$400,000 the funds currently available for salaries and expenses, Federal Housing Administration, 1946, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 22, 23, and 24: Appropriates additional amounts for salaries and expenses, 1946, for the Smithsonian Institution, \$18,000, and the National Gallery of Art, \$16,000, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 25: Increases by \$1,330,000 the limitation upon administrative expenses of the United States Maritime Commission, and by \$1,000 the limitation upon expenditures by such Commission for attendance at meetings, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 26 to 32, relating to the District of Columbia: Appropriates \$5,250 for the employment of nurses at Gallinger Municipal Hospital, instead of \$7,000, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates additional amounts, fiscal year 1946, as proposed by the Senate, as follows: Capital outlay, Sewer Division, \$300,000; operating expenses, Water

CONFERENCE REPORT ON SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following conference report and statement on the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes:

Division (payable from water fund), \$75,000, and Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund), \$200,000.

Nos. 33 to 35, relating to the Department of Agriculture: Appropriates \$100,000 for insect and plant disease control, instead of \$20,000; as proposed by the House, and \$350,000, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$250,000 for national-forest protection and management, instead of \$168,000, as proposed by the House, and \$500,000, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates \$325,000 for water facilities, arid and semiarid areas, instead of \$200,000, as proposed by the House, and \$500,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 36 to 39, relating to the Department of Commerce: Appropriates \$39,000 additional, fiscal year 1946, for general administration, Office of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, as proposed by the House, instead of \$59,000, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates an additional amount of \$837,127, fiscal year 1946, for maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities, instead of \$749,655, as proposed by the House, and \$924,600, as proposed by the Senate; and appropriates an additional amount of \$800,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, including an additional \$5,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, instead of \$535,000, as proposed by the House, and \$1,035,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 41 to 45 and 47 to 51, relating to the Department of the Interior: Strikes out the additional appropriation proposed by the Senate of \$14,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses, Grazing Service; appropriates from project revenues, as proposed by the Senate, under "Irrigation and drainage, Bureau of Indian Affairs," \$52,200 for San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River Reservation, Ariz., \$12,800 for Flathead Reservation, Mont., \$21,000 for Crow Reservation, Mont., and \$16,000 for Wapato Irrigation and drainage systems, and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Wash.; appropriates \$15,000 additional from tribal funds, fiscal year 1946, for expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$10,000, as proposed by the House; increases the 1946 amount limitation upon the amount available from power revenues for operation and maintenance of the power system, Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas, from \$80,700 to \$130,700, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$20,000 for maintenance of mammal and bird reservations, Fish and Wildlife Service, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$39,700 on account of the halibut allocation program, Fish and Wildlife Service, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, of \$14,000 for Insane of Alaska, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 52: Appropriates an additional amount of \$250,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth, Department of Justice, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$125,000, as proposed by the House.

Nos. 53 to 55, relating to the field service, Post Office Department: Appropriates \$27,500, fiscal year 1946, for personal or property-damage claims, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates an additional amount of \$487,000, fiscal year 1946, for unpaid money orders more than 1 year old, as proposed by the Senate, and strikes out, as proposed by the Senate, an appropriation of \$4,000, proposed by the House, for the settlement of a claim, which has been provided for in a separate enactment.

Nos. 56 to 61 and 63, relating to the Department of State: Appropriates an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, of \$200,000 for salaries, Office of the Secretary of State, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$133,456, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$198,000, fiscal year 1946, for transportation, foreign service, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$100,000, as proposed by the House; appropriates an

additional amount of \$433,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries of clerks, foreign service, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$400,000, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$163,000, fiscal year 1946, for miscellaneous salaries and allowances, foreign service, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$35,300, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$1,067,070, fiscal year 1946, for foreign service, auxiliary (emergency), as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$567,070, as proposed by the House; makes the appropriation "Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service" available for the deportation of enemy aliens, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates \$40,000 for the replacement of the Anthony Bridge over the Rio Grande within the Rio Grande canalization project, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 64 and 65, relating to the Treasury Department: Appropriates an additional amount of \$50,800, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses, Bureau of Narcotics, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates an additional amount of \$110,000, fiscal year 1946, for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$50,000, as proposed by the House.

Nos. 66 to 68, relating to the War Department: Appropriates \$543,416.91 for damage claims, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$429,805.41, as proposed by the House, and appropriates an additional amount of \$865,000, fiscal year 1946, for rivers and harbors, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 69 to 71, relating to the Judiciary: Appropriates an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, of \$7,500, under the "United States Supreme Court," for preparation of rules for civil procedure, as proposed by the Senate, and increases the amount of \$1,300 proposed by the House to \$5,400, as proposed by the Senate, for repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, and provides that not more than \$3,600 of the amount proposed by the Senate shall be available for the provision of accommodations in the Municipal Court Building of the District of Columbia (civil branch) for activities of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as proposed by the Senate.

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It will be proposed to recede and concur with an amendment modifying the current appropriation for salaries, Office of the Architect of the Capitol.

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It will be proposed to recede and concur in such amendment.

No. 46, transferring War Relocation Authority buildings on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian Reservations for housing Indian veterans on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reservations, Ariz., to be paid for by such veterans at such prices and terms as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable.

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the United Nations in the way of supplies, equipment, and services.

It will be proposed to recede and concur in such amendment, amended to read as follows: "Provided further, That until December 31, 1946, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies and equipment to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization."

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Managers on the Part of the House.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. SABATH asked and was given permission to revise and extend the remarks he made on the rule.

STATE, JUSTICE, COMMERCE, AND THE JUDICIARY APPROPRIATION BILL, FISCAL YEAR 1947

Mr. RABAUT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H. R. 6056) making appropriations for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, and the Judiciary, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1947, and for other purposes.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill H. R. 6056, with Mr. MILLS in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The CHAIRMAN. When the Committee last rose the first paragraph of the bill had been read.

The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For Secretary of State; Under Secretary of State, \$12,000; Assistant Secretaries of State, \$10,000 each; and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including the employment of aliens; and not to exceed \$35,000 for the temporary employment of persons in the United States, without regard to civil service and classification laws; \$17,400,000.

Mr. JONES. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. JONES: On page 2, line 5, after the word "Columbia", strike out the remainder of the line and all of lines 6, 7, 8, and 9, and insert "\$15,066,473."

Mr. JONES. Mr. Chairman, my amendment would provide the exact amount that the committee allowed for the regular, ordinary services of the State Department, except the Information Service. The State Department originally requested for the services involved in this paragraph the sum of \$23,861,000, which the committee cut down to \$17,-

400,000. This amount, \$17,400,000 allowed by the committee, is composed of items covering the regular functions of the Department and the office of the Secretary to the tune of \$14,750,000. The committee allowed 52 percent of the request for the Information Service, or \$2,284,663. It also allowed 56 percent for functions of the Foreign Economic Administration and for this purpose the committee allowed \$316,473. This makes a total in round figures of \$17,400,000.

The amendment I have offered will still provide the \$316,473 that the committee allowed for the State Department's portion of the Foreign Economic Administration. My amendment will leave that \$316,473 item untouched, and it will allow everything that the committee wanted for the regular functions of the Secretary's office, amounting to \$14,750,000. So that my amendment will leave in the bill \$15,066,473.

Now that sum of money is not hay for the Secretary's office to use during the next fiscal year. I think it is fair, I think it is reasonable, I think it is adequate to conduct the head office for our affairs with the foreign nations of the world.

There will be other speakers under the 5-minute rule who will explain what has transpired before the Committee on Foreign Affairs and what their objections are to the Information Service conceived by the State Department. I feel it is unfair to include in an appropriation bill an amount for any major function, such as this Information Service, when there has been such a great deal of smoke as the matter was presented before the legislative committee and before the Rules Committee, and still not disposed of by either committee. A couple of members of the Rules Committee, who had opposed the legislation which would authorize and make legal the Information Service, by some kind of mental gymnastics, have found justification to vote for a rule which would authorize this Information Service in the State Department appropriation bill. I do not know of any reason why they should change their minds. It is still the same question and the same contemplated function whether you attach the legislation to an appropriation bill or authorize the function in a legislative bill. It is worse, however, to permit legislation in an appropriation bill, as I pointed out in the debate on the rule, because once the Committee on Appropriations adopts the language requested by the State Department and as written by the Budget Bureau, no one can rise here on the floor of the House and recommend legislation of a perfecting nature. Why? Should a Member offer such an amendment it would be subject to a point of order. It would be stricken on objection of any Member. If amendments are offered by members of the Foreign Affairs Committee who are familiar with the legislative history of bills to authorize and make legal the appropriations in this bill—this item alone amounting to \$2,284,000 plus the total information service of \$10,000,000—I daresay a point of order will be made against such a perfecting amendment. It is unfair and it is unjust to the will of the House to have

rules reported out and adopted legalizing the illegal items and foreclosing perfecting amendments because they are "legislation on an appropriation bill."

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Ohio has expired.

WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER NOT A CLOSED RULE

Mr. SABATH. Mr. Chairman, I ask for recognition merely to make it clear that when a rule is brought in here waiving points of order, that does not deprive any Member of the opportunity to offer any amendment to any provisions in the bill. Apparently some gentlemen are under the impression that when a rule is brought in waiving points of order on any particular provision in the bill, that that provision is not subject to amendment. All of these provisions are subject to amendment, and amendments can be offered to any of the provisions that are made in order by such a rule waiving points of order. Have I made myself clear?

Mr. JONES. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SABATH. I yield.

Mr. JONES. I would like to correct the gentleman. If an amendment is offered that has legislation in it, in order to perfect a particular provision, any Member can make a point of order against such a legislative provision.

Mr. SABATH. Of course, if it is legislation in an appropriation bill and not authorized by law, a point of order will lie. That is the reason, however, that the Committee on Rules comes in with a rule.

Mr. JONES. At that point, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SABATH. I am sorry; I cannot yield now. The rule provides that a point of order shall not lie if the rule, as in this instance, waives the point of order. I regret to note that it is frequently misunderstood, not only by the gentleman, but by other Members, that a rule waiving points of order precludes the offering of amendments. That is not so. To all such provisions amendments will lie. The amendments can be debated just as can any other provision not subject to a point of order. There are many Members, especially, perhaps, among the newer Members, who are under the misapprehension that waiving a point of order deprives Members of the House of some of their rights. On the contrary, such a rule gives Members an opportunity of speaking to or opposing provisions against which a point of order might otherwise lie. Many confuse the waiving of the point of order with a closed or gag rule, which does deprive Members of the right of offering amendments, or of speaking to the amendments. I am pleased to say that as long as I have been chairman of the Committee on Rules I have opposed the granting of closed or gag rules, except in the case of complicated revenue or tax bills.

HOUSE HAS POWER TO ACT

Now the adoption of the rule is up to the House. The House has complete jurisdiction to vote it up or down, so no one is hurt or denied any right by such a rule as this, with the exception, as I have said, and I pointed out instances some time ago, that I shall oppose any

rule waiving points of order on any appropriation bill that attempts to legislate. That function belongs to the legislative committees. But in this instance a legislative bill has been reported by the committee. Originally I think 20 out of the 21 members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs voted to report that bill. But after the Committee on Rules had the bill before it, a few gentlemen thought that there ought to be some amendments. After discussion some of the gentlemen on this side felt the bill should be taken back to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and we suggested that before a rule was granted they should take the bill back, have additional hearings, and agree to some of the amendments. That has been done.

LEGISLATION DESIRED BY ALL DEPARTMENTS

As I understand, and have stated—and I have given this matter a great deal of thought—this legislation is urgently desired, not only by the Department of State, but by the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, War, Navy, and Treasury. I understand that several Republican members of the Rules Committee who opposed the rule in committee will oppose it also on the floor. I fear they are trying to make a political issue out of this legislation, which is beyond doubt in the best interest of the country, and aims to familiarize the world, not only with our democratic form of government, but with what we have and what we can produce and furnish to the world so as to compete on an equal basis with other nations who are spending millions for world trade and propaganda.

I am informed also that the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. VORYS] and other members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs have been browbeaten into opposing this legislation, notwithstanding that they voted for it in committee.

As one who has always advocated a policy that would encourage our foreign trade and benefit our country, I think it is more than ever necessary today to be sure of a market for our exportable surpluses which our tremendous productive capacity will furnish.

As to the three additional Assistant Secretaries in the Department of Commerce to which my Republican friends object because, they say, the bill to authorize these offices is in the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, I say to them they have had ample time in which to report such needed and constructive legislation. Moreover, the real objection is that it would give Secretary Wallace, our most efficient Secretary of Commerce, who is endeavoring with all his might to demonstrate to our industrial leaders—though he will sometimes criticize those who deserve it—that he has their interest and the interest of the country at heart. He is striving to bring about still greater efficiency, and to extend our foreign trade, and this is bound to improve employment opportunities for our American wage earners and to increase the output and therefore the profits of our manufacturers and businessmen, some of which will trickle back into the United States Treasury so that we can begin to reduce our national indebtedness.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946

MAY 2, 1946.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. CANNON of Missouri, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 5890]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 10, 11, 14, 36, and 41.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 39, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, and 103, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 27:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 27, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert \$5,250; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 33:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 33, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$100,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 34:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 34, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$250,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 35:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 35, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$325,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 37:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 37, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$837,127; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 38:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 38, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$800,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 9, 40, 46, and 62.

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EVERETT M. DIRKSEN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

KENNETH MCKELLAR,

CARL HAYDEN,

M. E. TYDINGS,

RICHARD B. RUSSELL,

C. WAYLAND BROOKS,

STYLES BRIDGES,

CHAN GURNEY,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT OF THE MANAGERS ON THE PART OF THE HOUSE

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

Nos. 1 to 5, relating to the Senate: Appropriates an additional amount of \$269,000 for the fiscal year 1946, as proposed by the Senate, and strikes out an appropriation of \$840.34, proposed by the Senate, for payment for services rendered in the office of a Senator.

Nos. 6 and 7, relating to the House of Representatives: Appropriates \$10,000 for payment to the widow of a deceased Representative, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates \$15,000, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$5,000, as proposed by the House, for reporting hearings.

No. 8: Appropriates \$20,000 for the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 10: Strikes out the appropriation of \$25,000, proposed by the Senate, for the erection of a statue of George Washington on the Capitol Grounds.

No. 11: Strikes out the appropriation of \$27,600, proposed by the Senate, for the Committee on Fair Employment Practice.

No. 12: Increases from \$20,000 to \$30,000 the limitation upon expenditures for printing and binding from the appropriation for salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for War, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 13: Increases by \$3,325,000 the limitation upon administrative expenses of the War Shipping Administration (revolving fund), as proposed by the Senate.

No. 14, relating to the Public Health Service: Appropriates \$748,000 for hospitals and medical care, as proposed by the House, instead of \$1,348,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 15 to 20, relating to the Federal Works Agency, Public Buildings Administration: Appropriates for the return of departmental functions to the seat of government \$495,020, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$200,000, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$1,780,000 for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area, 1946, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates an additional amount of \$950,000 for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia, 1946, as proposed by the Senate; changes a title, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates for damage claims, Public Roads Administration, \$780,379.53, as pro-

posed. by the Senate, instead of \$681,193.83, as proposed by the House.

No. 21: Increases by \$400,000 the funds currently available for salaries and expenses, Federal Housing Administration, 1946, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 22, 23, and 24: Appropriates additional amounts for salaries and expenses, 1946, for the Smithsonian Institution, \$18,000, and the National Gallery of Art, \$16,000, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 25: Increases by \$1,330,000 the limitation upon administrative expenses of the United States Maritime Commission, and by \$1,000 the limitation upon expenditures by such Commission for attendance at meetings, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 26 to 32, relating to the District of Columbia: Appropriates \$5,250 for the employment of nurses at Gallinger Municipal Hospital, instead of \$7,000, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates additional amounts, fiscal year 1946, as proposed by the Senate, as follows: Capital outlay, Sewer Division, \$300,000; operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund), \$75,000, and capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund), \$200,000.

Nos. 33 to 35, relating to the Department of Agriculture: Appropriates \$100,000 for insect and plant disease control, instead of \$20,000, as proposed by the House, and \$350,000, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$250,000 for national-forest protection and management, instead of \$168,000, as proposed by the House, and \$500,000, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates \$325,000 for water facilities, arid and semiarid areas, instead of \$200,000, as proposed by the House, and \$500,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 36 to 39, relating to the Department of Commerce: Appropriates \$39,000 additional, fiscal year 1946, for general administration, Office of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, as proposed by the House, instead of \$59,000, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates an additional amount of \$837,127, fiscal year 1946, for maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities, instead of \$749,655, as proposed by the House, and \$924,600, as proposed by the Senate; and appropriates an additional amount of \$800,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, including an additional \$5,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, instead of \$535,000, as proposed by the House, and \$1,035,000, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 41 to 45 and 47 to 51, relating to the Department of the Interior: Strikes out the additional appropriation proposed by the Senate of \$14,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses, Grazing Service; appropriated from project revenues, as proposed by the Senate, under "Irrigation and drainage, Bureau of Indian Affairs," \$52,200 for San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River Reservation, Ariz., \$12,800 for Flathead Reservation, Mont., \$21,000 for Crow Reservation, Mont., and \$16,000 for Wapato irrigation and drainage systems, and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Wash.; appropriates \$15,000 additional from tribal funds, fiscal year 1946, for expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$10,000, as proposed by the House; increases the 1946 amount limitation upon the amount available from power revenues for operation and maintenance of the power system, Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas, from \$80,700 to \$130,700, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$20,000 for maintenance of mammal and bird reservations, Fish and

Wildlife Service, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates \$39,700 on account of the halibut allocation program, Fish and Wildlife Service, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, of \$14,000 for insane of Alaska, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 52: Appropriates an additional amount of \$250,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth, Department of Justice, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$125,000, as proposed by the House.

Nos. 53 to 55, relating to the field service, Post Office Department: Appropriates \$27,500, fiscal year 1946, for personal or property damage claims, as proposed by the Senate; appropriates an additional amount of \$487,000, fiscal year 1946, for unpaid money orders more than 1 year old, as proposed by the Senate, and strikes out, as proposed by the Senate, an appropriation of \$4,000, proposed by the House, for the settlement of a claim, which has been provided for in a separate enactment.

Nos. 56 to 61 and 63, relating to the Department of State: Appropriates an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, of \$200,000 for salaries, Office of the Secretary of State, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$133,456, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$198,000, fiscal year 1946, for transportation, foreign service, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$100,000, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$433,000, fiscal year 1946, for salaries of clerks, foreign service, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$400,000, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$163,000, fiscal year 1946, for miscellaneous salaries and allowances, foreign service, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$35,300, as proposed by the House; appropriates an additional amount of \$1,067,070, fiscal year 1946, for foreign service, auxiliary (emergency), as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$567,070, as proposed by the House; makes the appropriation "Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service" available for the deportation of enemy aliens, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates \$40,000 for the replacement of the Anthony Bridge over the Rio Grande within the Rio Grande canalization project, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 64 and 65, relating to the Treasury Department: Appropriates an additional amount of \$50,800, fiscal year 1946, for salaries and expenses, Bureau of Narcotics, as proposed by the Senate, and appropriates an additional amount of \$110,000, fiscal year 1946, for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$50,000, as proposed by the House.

Nos. 66 to 68, relating to the War Department: Appropriates \$543,416.91 for damage claims, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$429,805.41, as proposed by the House, and appropriates an additional amount of \$865,000, fiscal year 1946, for rivers and harbors, as proposed by the Senate.

Nos. 69 to 71, relating to the Judiciary: Appropriates an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, of \$7,500, under the United States Supreme Court, for preparation of rules for civil procedure, as proposed by the Senate and increases the amount of \$1,300 proposed by the House to \$5,400, as proposed by the Senate, for repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, and

provides that not more than \$3,600 of the amount proposed by the Senate shall be available for the provision of accommodations in the Municipal Court Building of the District of Columbia (civil branch) for activities of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as proposed by the Senate.

No. 72: Strikes out, as proposed by the Senate, title II of the bill, as passed by the House, appropriating for increased pay costs, in consequence of separate enactment of the provisions of such title subsequent to its passage by the House (Public Law 349, 79th Cong.).

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: Provided further, That until December 31, 1946, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies and equipment to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization.

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Managers on the Part of the House.





DIGEST OF
CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS
OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Legislative Reports and Service Section
(For Department staff only)

Issued May 9, 1946
For actions of May 8, 1946
79th-2nd, No. 86

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HIGHLIGHTS: Senate rejected amendment to British loan bill requiring Britain to cede bases as condition of loan. House agreed to conference report on 2nd deficiency appropriation bill, which includes items for insect and plant-disease control, forest recreational areas, recentralization of FCA, and water facilities. House debated Interior appropriation bill, discussing economy grazing, reclamation, electrification, etc. Sen. Butler introduced bill to provide for 30¢ grain bonus on wheat and corn of 1945 crop sold before Apr. 19.

SENATE

1. BRITISH LOAN. Continued debate on S. J. Res. 138, to authorize this loan (pp. 4681-97, 4699-701, 4703-7, 4712-14). Rejected, 40-45, an amendment by Sen. McFarland, Ariz., to require Britain to cede bases as a condition of the loan (pp. 4696-7). Sen. Johnson, Colo., made a point of order that the Senate cannot act on the measure before the House, maintaining that it is a revenue bill; the Senate agreed to vote on the point of order today (it is the practice for points of order regarding constitutionality not to be decided by the presiding officer but to be submitted to the Senate).
2. FARM LABOR; PARITY FORMULA. Sen. Reed, Kans., inserted a Kans. local Grange resolution favoring inclusion of farm labor in the parity formula (p. 4697).
3. PRICE CONTROL. Sen. Butler, Nebr., inserted a Chamber of Commerce local's resolution criticizing the effect of price control on the millers (p. 4698).
4. EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION ACT. The Education and Labor Committee reported with amendments S. 178, to permit treatment by osteopaths and chiropractors under this Act (S. Rept. 1317)(p. 4698).
5. SURPLUS PROPERTY. Chairman Mead of the Defense Investigating Committee announced hearings next Tues. on the sale of surplus army trucks and discussed this matter (pp. 4711-12).

HOUSE

6. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. Agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 5890 (pp. 4721-2). For its provisions see Digest 81. Agreed to the amendment providing authority for reimbursable aid by departments and agencies

to UNO, with an amendment to restrict this aid to material (Senate amendment had also provided for aid in personnel)(p. 4722). The Senate has not yet acted on the conference report.

7. INTERIOR APPROPRIATION BILL. Began general debate on this bill, H. R. 6335 (pp. 4723-71). Rep. Johnson, Okla., stated that "the people are demanding...rigid economy in Government" and said the departments "rush in the back door-- the Deficiency Subcommittee-- for additional appropriations with the excuse that they have suddenly discovered alleged emergencies" (pp. 4723-4). In response to a request for additional funds for Interior transmission lines, by Rep. Miller, Nebr., Rep. Johnson said they can get funds for such lines through REA (pp. 4727-8). Rep. Johnson criticized the level of expenditures of the Grazing Service (pp. 4729-31). Chairman Cannon, of the Committee, said this bill "marks, I trust, the turning point at which we can begin to break away from wartime spending, get back to a peacetime budget, to a businesslike administration of Federal finances, and to the rehabilitation of the national credit" (p. 4735). Rep. Knutson, Minn., inserted a telegram to congressional leaders from Land O'Lakes Creameries, Minn. Farm Bureau, Twin City Milk Producers, and Central Cooperative Livestock Assn. urging that the coal strike be broken to get fuel to the dairies (p. 4736). Rep. Barrett, Wyo., defended the grazing program; inserted the President's recent letter transmitting a wool program and commended it, inserted a letter from the Brock Livestock Co. criticizing the quality of Argentine beef and stating that we are "losing beef unnecessarily" because of Government action, and inserted a BAI report on "outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease in Great Britain" (pp. 4744-7). Rep. Fenton, Pa., commended the USDA regional research laboratories (pp. 4754-5). Rep. Rockwell, Colo., criticized various aspects of the Grazing Service administration (pp. 4757-9). Rep. Vursell, Ill., criticized administration of OPA (pp. 4759-60). There were several other speeches on such matters as reclamation, grazing, and electrification.

BILLS INTRODUCED

8. GRAIN BONUS. S. 2161, by Sen. Butler, Nebr., to provide for payment of a 30¢ bonus on wheat and corn of the 1945 crop produced and sold before April 19, 1946. To Agriculture and Forestry Committee. (p. 4698.)
9. CREDIT UNIONS. H. R. 6372, "to amend the Federal Credit Union Act," by Rep. Spence, Ky. To Banking and Currency Committee. (p. 4772.)
10. PRICE CONTROL. H. R. 6374, by Rep. Merrow, N. H., to remove price ceilings on grain and its products. To Banking and Currency Committee. (p. 4772.)
11. ECONOMY. H. R. 6375, by Rep. Winter, Kans., to provide for a balanced budget and to place each Federal agency on a cash basis. To Expenditures in the Executive Departments Committee. (p. 4772.)
12. CONTRACT ACTIONS. H.R. 6339, by Rep. L. ke, limits to six years the period within which contract actions may be brought against the U.S. and provides for termination of the running of such period if the party to be charged renews or acknowledges the obligation in writing. To Judiciary Committee. (May 7.)

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

13. MEAT SITUATION. Rep. McGregor, Ohio, inserted a Mount Vernon (Ohio) News editorial discussing Secretary Anderson's views on meat price controls (p. 42684).

duction will go up and shortages will disappear. Let's look at their argument.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION HAS REACHED AN ALL-TIME PEAK

Federal Reserve Board and Civilian Production Administration reports show that in mid-April—less than 9 months after VJ-day—civilian production was higher than ever before in our history. It was 69 percent higher than in our last prewar years, 1935-39, and rising. The only major brake on production is the management-labor dispute in the coal industry. This is only a hint of the disputes that will most certainly arise if inflation gets loose.

In April 52,000,000 people were at work producing goods and services. That was more people than ever before worked and produced in peacetime.

IF CIVILIAN PRODUCTION IS HIGH, WHY DO WE HAVE SHORTAGES?

The answer to that is very clear. Today people want to buy more than they ever bought before. People are buying more than ever before. Right now retail sales are almost twice as high as in 1939. Retail sales have risen steadily ever since VJ-day. They are now 24 percent higher than in September 1945.

The simple fact is that spendable income of the average family is twice as big today as it was in 1939. With twice as much to spend, the average family naturally wants to buy more. In addition some families want to spend large parts of their wartime savings. Even when production gets twice as high as it was in 1939 we will still have what looks like shortages.

HOW CAN WE GET RID OF SHORTAGES?

There are two ways to do that:

1. The enemies of price control tell us to kill price control and let prices go up. If we did that production might spurt for a while. But at the same time, as prices rose people would have to buy less than they are buying now. They could spend all their money, but, with higher prices, they wouldn't get as much for it.

Then stores would have fewer customers than they have now. They would have to cut down their orders for goods. Soon factories would be laying people off because dealers were not ordering goods. Production would go down, not up. We would have fewer goods. But we would be rid of our shortages, because demand was down.

Sure, inflation followed by a depression would be one way to get rid of our shortages. Then we could all spend a lot of time hunting jobs and customers, and talking about overproduction like we did after the last war.

We could turn an economic somersault and trade a shortage of goods for a shortage of jobs and sales.

That is the way the enemies of price control want us to do it.

But there is a better way.

2. We can keep price control and hold prices at levels large numbers of people can pay. Then most families can buy large quantities of goods—and continue to buy them. The markets our businessmen serve will remain big and profits steady. Orders will flow to factories. More workers will have steady jobs and good incomes. Living standards will stay up.

That's the prosperous way to get rid of our shortages. It's the only way to do it if we don't want to put the American people through an inflationary wringer which will squeeze them dry and hang them out on the bread lines of unemployment and depression.

THE ISSUE IS CLEAR AND SIMPLE

We can get rid of shortages by letting prices go so high fewer and fewer people can

buy. If we do it that way we will have inflation and depression.

Or we can get rid of shortages by keeping prices at levels most people can pay. That way there will be steady jobs. Living standards will be high. There will be customers for stores and profits for business.

Yes; you have been misled by those who like to see ceilings removed so they can make more and more profit as long as it lasts, and after that they do not care. You have seen what happens when controls are taken off of some products. In the case of citrus fruits prices shot up 50 to 100 percent or more. The same thing

has happened to other short supply items when controls were removed.

NATIONAL CITY BANK REPORTS PROFITS

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I think this table from the May news letter of the National City Bank, of New York, showing the profits made by corporations during the first quarter of 1946 may cause some of the gentlemen who have attacked and assailed OPA and the administration to hang their heads in shame. It appears from this, private enterprise in America is doing all right.

Net income of leading corporations for the first quarter (net income is shown as reported—after depreciation, interest, taxes, and other charges and reserves, but before dividends; net worth includes book value of outstanding preferred and common stock and surplus accounts at beginning of each year)

[In thousands of dollars]								
Industrial groups	Number of companies	Net income first quarter—		Percent change ¹	Net worth Jan. 1—		Annual rate of return—	
		1945	1946		1945	1946	1945	1946
Food products.....	22	\$20,805	\$24,308	+16.8	\$731,431	\$734,294	11.4	13.2
Pulp and paper products.....	18	4,473	7,361	+64.6	272,735	284,484	6.6	10.3
Chemicals, drugs, etc.....	30	51,227	72,264	+41.1	1,788,325	1,835,734	11.5	15.7
Petroleum products.....	9	58,922	51,818	-12.1	2,571,630	2,723,450	9.2	7.6
Cement, glass, stone.....	15	9,297	6,007	-35.4	443,278	461,158	8.4	5.2
Iron and steel.....	22	39,973	19,855	-50.3	3,162,614	3,187,302	5.1	2.5
Electrical equipment.....	7	13,707	16,184	(-)	417,832	445,159	13.1	-----
Machinery.....	26	8,842	2,445	(-)	357,989	362,489	9.9	-----
Autos and equipment.....	24	50,073	38,850	(-)	1,678,970	1,751,471	11.9	-----
Other metal products.....	43	18,083	12,074	-33.2	828,577	849,232	8.7	5.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing.....	40	20,127	36,851	+83.1	596,881	649,053	13.5	22.7
Total manufacturing.....	250	295,529	175,059	-40.8	12,850,262	13,283,826	9.2	5.3
Mining and quarrying.....	21	² 11,195	² 9,347	-16.5	514,941	446,145	8.7	8.4
Trade (wholesale and retail).....	18	9,919	26,925	(+)	522,839	543,607	7.6	19.8
Service.....	11	3,605	5,233	+45.2	171,272	174,602	8.4	12.0
Total.....	300	320,248	216,564	-32.4	14,059,314	14,448,180	9.1	6.0

¹ Increases or decreases of more than 100 percent not computed.

² Deficit.

³ Before depletion charges in some cases.

PERMISSION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

WHILE WE ARE ASKED TO PROVIDE BILLIONS FOR THE EXTERIOR, LET US LOOK AFTER THE INTERIOR—INCLUDING THE NATCHEZ TRACE

Mr. RANKIN. Mr. Speaker, without being critical of the Committee on Appropriations, I desire to say that I regret very much to see some of the reductions made in this Interior Department appropriation bill. We hear so much about supplying money for the exterior, loans to be made to countries all over the earth, and expenditures to be made on foreign soil, that for my part I want to devote a good deal of attention now to building up our interior, improving our own country.

We have heard a good deal about the Alcan Highway, and about the highway down through Central America, yet years ago we provided for the Natchez Trace, extending from Nashville, Tenn., to Natchez, Miss., along the route covered by Andrew Jackson on his victorious march to New Orleans in 1814.

I regret very much to see the funds for this great highway cut down to where they will be inadequate, I am afraid, to carry on the work of completion of this great all-American highway.

While we are doing something for the exterior, for foreign countries, let us take care of the interior and do something for our own people.

Let us provide the funds to complete these great highways now.

The SPEAKER. The time of the gentleman from Mississippi has expired.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1946—CONFERENCE REPORT

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I call up the conference report on the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes; and in view of the fact that there is no difference of opinion on any item of the bill, I ask unanimous consent that the conference report be considered as read.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

(For conference report and statement, see proceedings of the House of May 2, 1946.)

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, there is complete agreement on this conference report, not only between the two Houses, but among all members of the conference committee, the managers on the part of the House, and the managers on the part of the Senate.

Mr. TABER. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. TABER. What the gentleman says is correct—there is complete agreement on this report all the way through.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Accordingly, Mr. Speaker, we have brought back four minor amendments, purely in response to the parliamentary requirements under the rules of the House. They are technical amendments which cannot be included in the conference report and which require consideration here. On two of them, we propose to move to recede and concur, and on the remaining two we propose to move to recede and concur with amendments. The bill carries as we present it to the House in this report \$61,600,496.68. That is \$9,682,672.31 above the House bill as it went to the Senate. The Senate made additions to the bill of \$11,358,105.65, for most of which there was Budget support. Of the amount the Senate added, the Senate conferees receded on \$1,686,663.34.

May I say, Mr. Speaker, in response to the remarks of my distinguished friend, the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. RANKIN] that the country is not in the financial position it was before the war. We are now in debt to such an extent that if the United States were a private business corporation it would be thrown into the hands of a receiver. The amount that we owe is such a large percentage of our actual assets that we are faced with the urgent necessity of retrenching expenditures if we maintain public credit.

Mr. Speaker, the dominant issue before the country today is how soon can we balance the budget. I am in accord with my good friend, the gentleman from Mississippi, on the importance of commemorating the glorious victory of 1814. But it is much more important that we maintain the financial integrity of the Nation in 1946. I trust the Members of the House will cooperate with the Committee on Appropriations in this program. We have a hard enough time among ourselves in agreeing upon these economies and in reaching agreement upon these reductions in Federal expenditures. When we present a report proposing to exercise some reasonable economy and pave the way to tax reduction, I trust it will have the support of the Members of the House.

Mr. Speaker, unless the gentleman from New York desires to speak or unless someone else wishes time, I move the previous question.

The previous question was ordered.

The conference report was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the first amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 9: Page 4, line 3, insert the following:

"Senate Office Building: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for maintenance, including the objects specified under this

head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947."

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. CANNON of Missouri moves that the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate No. 9 and concur in the same with an amendment as follows:

"Before the period at the end of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following: 'Provided, That, effective May 1, 1946, the appropriation for salaries, Office of the Architect of the Capitol, contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, shall provide as follows: For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol (whose compensation shall be at the rate of \$7,000 per annum), Chief Architectural and Engineering Assistant, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect, and in case of the absence or disability of the Assistant Architect, the Chief Architectural and Engineering Assistant shall so act; \$66,700.'"

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, this amendment as amended provides for certain changes in the Office of the Architect made necessary by the recent retirement of Mr. Horace D. Rouzer, who has served as Assistant Architect over a long period of years.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment No. 40: Page 18, line 12, insert the following: "Provided, That in the conduct of meteorological investigations by the Weather Bureau in the Arctic region, the War Department is authorized in the fiscal year 1946, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to transfer without charge to the Weather Bureau materials, equipment, and supplies, surplus to the needs of the War Department and necessary for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of Arctic weather stations."

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendment No. 40 and agree to the same.

This is an amendment in the interest of economy and is concurred in by all managers on the part of the House.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment No. 46: Page 22, line 20, insert the following: "and there is transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reservations, Ariz.: Provided, That any building materials transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable, and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts."

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede from its

disagreement to the amendment of the Senate, No. 46, and concur in the same.

The amendment is self-explanatory.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the next amendment in disagreement.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment No. 62: Page 36, line 7, insert the following: "Provided further, That until July 1, 1947, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies, equipment, and services, including personal services, to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization."

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendment No. 62 and agree to the same with an amendment which I send to the desk.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the motion.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. CANNON of Missouri moves that the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate, No. 62, and agree to the same, with an amendment reading as follows:

"In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following: 'Provided further, That until December 31, 1946, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies and equipment to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization.'"

Mr. CANNON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, the Senate amendment deals with the supply of both personal services and material. In the conference report we agree as to material but not as to personal services.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion of the gentleman from Missouri.

The motion was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the votes by which action was taken on the several motions was laid on the table.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

Mr. KEOGH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in two instances, in one to include a paper delivered by Federal Judge Moskovitz; and in the second, to include a letter I received from Edward J. Quigley, acting postmaster of Brooklyn.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

[The matter referred to appears in the Appendix.]

7.7.02
14

DIGEST OF
CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS
OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
Legislative Reports and Service Section
(For Department staff only)

Issued May 15, 1946
For actions of May 14, 1946
79th-2nd, No. 90

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HIGHLIGHTS: Senate agreed to conference report on 2nd deficiency appropriation bill, which includes items for insect and plant-disease control, forest recreational areas, water facilities, and recentralization of FCA; ready for President. Senate agreed to conference report on 2nd appropriation rescission bill, which includes Hawaii-relief item; ready for President. Senate agreed to House amendments to new selective-service extension measure; ready for President. House committee reported bill to make various amendments to Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act. House provided \$10,000 more for Food Shortages Committee.

HOUSE

1. **APPROPRIATIONS.** Received from the President an amendment to the 1947 Budget for the Office of Education, Federal Security Agency, providing \$1,337,000, this amount, together with \$280,900 made available to this Department, to be used for making payments to the States to cover costs of education of the public in food conservation in order to promote the production and preservation of food during the present emergency (H. Doc. 590) (p. 5126).
Continued debate on H. R. 6335, the Interior appropriation bill, discussing provisions regarding reclamation, electrification, etc. (pp. 5104-25).
Received from the President appropriation estimates for payment of claims for damages to private property (H. Doc. 592) (p. 5126).
The Appropriations Committee reported the Coast Guard appropriation bill, H. R. 6428 (H. Rept. 2038) (p. 5093) and the legislative appropriation bill, H. R. 6429 (H. Rept. 2040) (p. 5104).
2. **MARKETING AGREEMENTS.** The Agriculture Committee reported without amendment H. R. 6303, to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act (H. Rept. 2051) (p. 5126).
3. **FOOD SHORTAGES.** Agreed without amendment to H. Res. 619, to provide \$10,000 additional for the Special Committee Investigating Food Shortages (p. 5093); this resolution had been reported earlier in the day by the Accounts Committee (H. Rept. 2035) (p. 5126).
4. **FOREIGN RELIEF.** Received a petition from various N. Y. and Md. citizens recommending legislation to prohibit use of grain for beverages during the world food shortage (p. 5127).
Received a Council of American Academy of Arts and Sciences petition for return to food rationing to make food available for foreign relief (p. 5127).

5. CREDIT UNIONS. The Banking and Currency Committee reported without amendment H. R. 6372, to amend the Federal Credit Union Act so as to provide penalties for over-charging of interest; permit issuance of shares in joint tenancy, give the boards more latitude regarding bonds of officers, liberalize the limitation on amount of loans, etc. (H. Rept. 2054) (p. 512b).
6. PROPERTY REQUISITION. Both Houses received from the President the CPA report on operations under the Property Requisitioning Act from Oct. 16, 1945, through April 15, 1946. To Military Affairs Committees. (pp. 5104, 5063.)

..... SENATE

7. SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL. Agreed to the conference report on this bill, H.R. 5890 (p. 5066). Agreed to the House amendment restricting to materials the authorization for reimbursable aid by departments and agencies to UNO. For provisions of the bill see Digests 81 and 86. This bill will now be sent to the President.
8. SECOND SURPLUS APPROPRIATION RESCISSION BILL. Agreed to the conference report on this bill, H.R. 5604 (pp. 4065-6). Agreed to the House amendment to transfer \$135,000,000 of lend-lease funds to UIRRA. For provisions of the bill see Digests 81 and 87. This bill will now be sent to the President.
9. TRADE-MARKS. The Patents Committee reported with amendments H.R. 1654, to provide for the registration and protection of trade-marks used in commerce and to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions (S.Rept. 1333) (p. 5064).
10. SELECTIVE SERVICE. Agreed to the House amendments to S. J. Res. 159, to continue the Selective Training and Service Act until July 1, 1946 (pp. 5066-90). As finally passed the measure prohibits the induction of fathers and permits the induction of only those persons between the ages of 20 and 30. Approved by the President May 14, 1946.
- During the debate Sen. Langer, W.Dak., criticized the induction of boys needed on farms (p. 5086) and stated that much of the available wheat had not been delivered to markets because of poor farm-to-market-roads (pp. 5081-2).

BILLS INTRODUCED

11. SELECTIVE SERVICE; VETERANS. S. 2193, by Sen. Wheeler, Mont., to grant to personnel in the military or naval forces certain benefits with respect to accumulated leave. To Military Affairs Committee. Remarks of author. (p. 5064.)
12. PLANT QUARANTINE. H.R. 6433, by Rep. Flannagan, Va., "to amend the Plant Quarantine Act." To Agriculture Committee. (p. 5126.)
13. CONGRESSIONAL REORGANIZATION. S. 2177 (see Digest 89) to provide for increased efficiency in the legislative branch of the Government, embodies, in general, the recommendations made by the Joint Committee on Organization of Congress in its report of March 4, 1946 (for a detailed summary of the recommendations see Digest 37).
- Sens. LaFollette, Thomas (Utah), Pepper, Russell, White, and Brooks comprise the Senate Special Reorganization of Congress Committee to which the bill was referred.

ITEMS IN APPENDIX

14. ST. LAWRENCE WATERWAY. Sen. Langer, W.Dak., inserted a Mobile (Ala) Register article opposing this project (pp. A2807-8).

DEVELOPMENT OF THE ST. LAWRENCE RIVER—EDITORIAL FROM MOBILE (ALA.) REGISTER

[Mr. LANGER asked and obtained leave to have printed in the RECORD an editorial entitled "The Register Replies to Senator's Challenge on St. Lawrence Seaway," from the Register of Mobile, Ala., issue of May 2, 1946, which appears in the Appendix.]

LEARNING TO LIVE TOGETHER

[Mr. HILL asked and obtained leave to have printed in the RECORD quotations from the program on the occasion of a dinner given in honor of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, by the Women's Joint Congressional Committee, of Washington, D. C., which appear in the Appendix.]

THE EQUAL PAY BILL AND THE EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT—LETTER BY MISS MARY ANDERSON

[Mr. MORSE asked and obtained leave to have printed in the RECORD a letter addressed to the Christian Science Monitor by Miss Mary Anderson, former Director, Women's Bureau, United States Department of Labor, on the subject of the equal pay bill and the equal rights amendment, which appears in the Appendix.]

STATEMENT OF FACTS ABOUT WATCHES—ADVERTISEMENT OF AMERICAN WATCH ASSEMBLERS' ASSOCIATION

[Mr. MEAD asked and obtained leave to have printed in the RECORD an advertisement entitled "Statement of Facts About Watches," by the American Watch Assemblers' Association, published in the New York Times of April 11, 1946, which appears in the Appendix.]

CALL OF THE ROLL

Mr. HILL. Mr. President, I understand the Senator from Florida has the floor. If he will yield to me, I should like to suggest the absence of a quorum.

Mr. PEPPER. I yield.

Mr. HILL. I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk called the roll, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Aiken	Hawkes	O'Mahoney
Austin	Hayden	Overton
Ball	Hickenlooper	Pepper
Bankhead	Hill	Radcliffe
Barkley	Hoey	Reed
Brewster	Huffman	Revercomb
Bridges	Johnson, Colo.	Robertson
Brooks	Kilgore	Russell
Buck	Knowland	Saltonstall
Bushfield	La Follette	Shipstead
Butler	Langer	Stanfill
Byrd	Lucas	Stewart
Capehart	McCarran	Taft
Capper	McClellan	Taylor
Cordon	McFarland	Thomas, Okla.
Donnell	McKellar	Thomas, Utah
Downey	McMahon	Tobey
Eastland	Magnuson	Tunnell
Ellender	Maybank	Tydings
Ferguson	Mead	Wagner
Fulbright	Millikin	Walsh
George	Mitchell	Wheeler
Gerry	Moore	Wherry
Green	Morse	White
Guffey	Murdock	Wiley
Gurney	Murray	Willis
Hart	Myers	Wilson
Hatch	O'Daniel	Young

Mr. HILL. I announce that the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. BAILEY] and the Senator from Virginia [Mr. GLASS] are absent because of illness.

The Senator from Mississippi [Mr. BILBO], the Senator from Missouri [Mr. BRIGGS], the Senator from Nevada [Mr. CARVILLE], and the Senator from Idaho

[Mr. GOSSETT], are absent by leave of the Senate.

The Senator from Florida [Mr. ANDREWS] is necessarily absent.

The Senator from New Mexico [Mr. CHAVEZ] and the Senator from South Carolina [Mr. JOHNSTON] are detained on public business.

The Senator from Texas [Mr. CONNALLY] is absent on official business, attending the Paris meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers as an adviser to the Secretary of State.

Mr. WHERRY. The Senator from Michigan [Mr. VANDENBERG] is absent on official business, attending the Paris meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers as an adviser to the Secretary of State.

The Senator from New Jersey [Mr. SMITH] is necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. HOEY in the chair). Eighty-four Senators having answered to their names, a quorum is present.

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL SURPLUS APPROPRIATION RESCISSION BILL—CONFERENCE REPORT

Mr. McKELLAR. Mr. President, will the Senator from Florida yield to me for the purpose of having two conference reports considered and acted upon?

Mr. PEPPER. I am very glad to do so.

Mr. McKELLAR. I think there will be no objection to the conference reports, and that they will be acted upon immediately. They have been gone over very carefully by the conferees on the part of the House and of the Senate.

Mr. President, I move that the unfinished business be temporarily laid aside, and that the Senate proceed to consider the conference report on House bill 5604, the second supplemental surplus appropriation rescission bill.

Mr. LANGER. I object.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The motion is privileged.

Mr. McKELLAR. I will state to the Senator from North Dakota that I am merely asking to have action taken on two conference reports.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair will state that they are privileged matters.

The question is on the motion of the Senator from Tennessee.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McKELLAR submitted the following report:

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5604) reducing or further reducing certain appropriations and contractual authorizations available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 11 and 18.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 16, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 29, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 13: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 13, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$57,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 14: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 14, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows:

"Naval Training Station, Port Deposit, Maryland, 1946, \$50,000."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 15: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 15, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows:

"Pay and subsistence of naval personnel, 1946, \$200,000,000."

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 17: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 17, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$125,000,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 19: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 19, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: Restore the matter stricken out by said amendment amended to read as follows: "and neither the appropriation nor contractual authorization under this head shall be available after February 25, 1946, for the acquisition of land (other than for the authorized vessel-berthing program), except in pursuance of a specific appropriation"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 21: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 21, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$190,784,500"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 22: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 22, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$652,986,950"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$3,015,379,424"; and the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 10, 20, 23, and 30.

KENNETH McKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
M. E. TYDINGS,
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

CLARENCE CANNON,
LOUIS LUDLOW,
EMMET O'NEAL,
LOUIS C. RABAUT,
JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
EVERETT M. DIRKSEN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

Mr. McKELLAR. I move the adoption of the conference report.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McKELLAR. I ask the Chair to lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its action respecting the amendments of the Senate numbered 20 and 30.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its ac-

tion on certain amendments of the Senate to House bill 5604, which was read as follows:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,

May 9, 1946.

Resolved, That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 10 and 23 to the bill (H. R. 5604) reducing or further reducing certain appropriations and contractual authorizations available for the fiscal year 1946, and for other purposes, and concur therein;

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 20 to said bill and concur therein with an amendment as follows: In the last line of the matter inserted by said Senate engrossed amendment, after "canceled", insert "*Provided further*, That the rescission of \$13,657,000 in the appropriation 'Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, 1946,' hereinbefore provided for in this act, is hereby canceled, and such appropriation is hereby increased by \$11,763,480 by transfer of such an amount from the reduction hereinbefore provided for in this act in the 'Naval Stock Fund,' instead of such amount of \$11,763,480 being carried to the surplus fund and covered into the Treasury."

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 30 to said bill and concur therein with an amendment as follows: In the last line of the matter inserted by said Senate engrossed amendment, after "amended" insert: "*Provided*, That of the reduction of \$1,080,000 made in the appropriation 'Defense aid-lend-lease' under title I of this act, \$135,000 shall be transferred to the credit of the appropriation 'United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, 1944-46,' instead of being carried to the surplus fund and covered into the Treasury."

Mr. McKELLAR. I move that the Senate concur in the amendments of the House to the amendments of the Senate numbered 20 and 30.

The motion was agreed to.

SECOND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS— CONFERENCE REPORT

Mr. McKELLAR submitted the following report:

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 2, 10, 11, 14, 36, and 41.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 39, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, and 103, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 27: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 27, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert "\$5,250"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 33: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 33, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$100,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 34: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 34, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$250,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 35: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 35, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$325,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 37: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 37, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$837,127"; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 38: That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 38, and agree to the same with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert "\$800,000"; and the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 9, 40, 46, and 62.

KENNETH MCKELLAR,
CARL HAYDEN,
M. E. TYDINGS,
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,
C. WAYLAND BROOKS,
STYLES BRIDGES,
CHAN GURNEY,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

CLARENCE CANNON,
LOUIS LUDLOW,
EMMET O'NEAL,
LOUIS C. RABAUT,
JOHN TABER,
R. B. WIGGLESWORTH,
EVERETT M. DIRKSEN,

Managers on the Part of the House.

Mr. McKELLAR. I move the adoption of the conference report.

Mr. WHITE. To what appropriation bill does the conference report relate?

Mr. McKELLAR. The second deficiency appropriation bill. This is the final conference report.

Mr. WHITE. Is it signed by all the members of the conference committee?

Mr. McKELLAR. Yes. There was no objection, as I recall.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on the motion of the Senator from Tennessee.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its action on certain amendments of the Senate to House bill 5890, which was read as follows:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,

May 8, 1946.

Resolved, That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 40 and 46 to the bill (H. R. 5890) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, and concur therein;

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 9 to said bill and concur therein with an amendment as follows: Before the period

at the end of the matter inserted by said amendment insert: "*Provided*, That, effective May 1, 1946, the appropriation for salaries, Office of the Architect of the Capitol, contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, shall provide as follows: 'For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol (whose compensation shall be at the rate of \$7,000 per annum), Chief Architectural and Engineering Assistant, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect, and, in case of the absence or disability of the Assistant Architect, the Chief Architectural and Engineering Assistant shall so act; \$66,700.'

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 62 to said bill and concur therein with an amendment as follows: In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment insert "*Provided further*, That until December 31, 1946, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies and equipment to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization."

Mr. McKELLAR. I move that the Senate concur in the amendments of the House to amendments of the Senate numbered 9 and 62.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McKELLAR. I want to thank the Senator from Florida for his kindness in yielding so that the two conference reports could be acted upon.

EXTENSION OF SELECTIVE TRAINING AND SERVICE ACT—MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

Mr. THOMAS of Utah. Mr. President, will the Senator from Florida yield to me so I may submit two matters? One is privileged and the other is necessary because of the impending date deadline.

Mr. PEPPER. I yield.

Mr. THOMAS of Utah. First, Mr. President, I ask that the message from the House of Representatives setting forth its action on Senate Joint Resolution 159 be laid before the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the amendments of the House of Representatives to the joint resolution (S. J. Res. 159) to extend the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, until July 1, 1946, to which were, after line 5, to insert:

SEC. 2. Section 5 (e) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) After May 14, 1946, no individual who has a child or children shall be inducted without his consent for training and service under this act. As used in this paragraph the term 'child' includes a child legally adopted, a stepchild, a foster child, and a person who is supported in good faith by the individual in a relationship similar to that of a parent and child but such term does not include any person 18 years of age or over unless such person is physically or mentally handicapped."

May
18th

[PUBLIC LAW 384—79TH CONGRESS]

[CHAPTER 263—2D SESSION]

[H. R. 5890]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946, \$3,000.

Senate restaurants: For payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with the Act approved September 9, 1942, fiscal year 1946, \$6,000.

For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1946, \$260,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

To pay the widow of William Olin Burgin, late a Representative from the State of North Carolina, \$10,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.

Reporting hearings: For an additional amount for stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, fiscal year 1946, \$15,000.

Special and select committees: For an additional amount for expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, fiscal year 1946, \$100,000.

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of an additional amount for salaries and other expenses of

the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, fiscal year 1946, \$3,000.

Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, fiscal year 1946, \$125,000.

Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery (additional allowance, second session, of the Seventy-ninth Congress), fiscal year 1946, \$2,700.

COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

For an amount which is hereby authorized to enable the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section 601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain available during the existence of the committee, \$20,000, to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Senate Office Building: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for maintenance, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947: *Provided*, That, effective May 1, 1946, the appropriation for salaries, Office of the Architect of the Capitol, contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, shall provide as follows: "For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol (whose compensation shall be at the rate of \$7,000 per annum), Chief Architectural and Engineering Assistant, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect, and, in case of the absence or disability of the Assistant Architect, the Chief Architectural and Engineering Assistant shall so act; \$66,700."

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate, and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, \$22,500.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000.

PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR

Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Petroleum Administration for War", in the National

War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for printing and binding is hereby increased from "\$20,000" to "\$30,000".

WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION

War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: The amount that may be used for administrative expenses for the fiscal year 1946 under the head "War Shipping Administration, revolving fund" is hereby increased by \$3,325,000.

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$369,000: *Provided*, That the limitation on the amount available for printing and binding is hereby increased from "\$217,000" to "\$267,000".

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Enforcement operations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement operations", \$60,000, and the limitation for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "\$680,000" to "\$692,000".

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,500.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Hospitals and medical care: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Hospitals and medical care", including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$748,000.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Return of departmental functions to the seat of government: For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and travel and other expenses of the Public Buildings Administration incident thereto, necessary to provide for the transfer to the seat of government of such bureaus, offices, agencies, or activities of the Federal Government as are designated from time to time by the President, which were removed from, or established at places other than, the seat of government by reason of the national emergency, including the expenses of travel of employees transferred, including reimbursement in lieu of actual expenses of transportation

at not to exceed five cents per mile for travel performed in a privately owned automobile; transportation of immediate families of employees; the expenses of packing, crating, drayage, transportation, temporary storage, unpacking, and uncrating of household goods and personal effects in an amount not exceeding seven thousand pounds if uncrated and eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated, in accordance with regulations approved by the President; and the payment to employees of special allowances at \$5 per day after arrival at destination for six days for employees, plus \$2.50 per day additional for six days for each member of immediate families of employees; \$495,020, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That removal to the seat of government of Government-owned or leased furniture, equipment, supplies, and other property and household goods and personal effects of employees, and costs of restoration of leased office space when required, may be accomplished without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes: *Provided further*, That employees transferred to the seat of government, in accordance with a designation of the President as hereinbefore set forth, but prior to the approval of this Act, in addition to payment of transportation and other allowances authorized by other law in connection with change of station, shall be entitled to the special allowances herein authorized and to reimbursement for temporary storage and excess costs of transportation of household goods and personal effects to the limits specified herein: *Provided further*, That such sums as may be determined by the Commissioner of Public Buildings to be necessary therefor may be transferred to other agencies concerned for the payment to the transferred employees of the allowances mentioned herein.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,780,000.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$950,000.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended (23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 163, and House Document Numbered 475, Seventy-ninth Congress, \$780,379.53.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed \$400,000 from the sources specified under said head.

NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards", including the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1946, \$37,500.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$140,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries)", including the objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946, \$30,000.

Penalty mail costs: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, \$15,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended for penalty mail costs is hereby increased from "\$13,500" to "\$15,000".

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$18,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,000.

TARIFF COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of the Tariff Commission", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, \$53,000.

UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

The amount that may be used for administrative expenses in the fiscal year 1946 under the head "United States Maritime Commission" is hereby increased by \$1,330,000, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for attendance at meetings is hereby increased by \$1,000.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Army and Navy pensions: Effective as of January 1, 1946, and until June 30, 1947, the appropriation "Army and Navy Pensions" is hereby made available for the payment of the subsistence allowances authorized by part VII of Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended.

Travel expenses: The limitation imposed by section 105 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, upon "travel expenses", is hereby increased to \$7,500,000.

OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed \$200,000 of this appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available and continue available until June 30, 1947, for expenses of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion for a study of guaranteed annual wage plans, including salary of the Director of the study at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum; printing and binding; and objects specified under the head "General provisions" in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1946 for all expenses necessary for Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuberculosis Hospital at Fourteenth and Upshur Streets Northwest, including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$5,250.

PUBLIC WORKS

Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Sewer Division", including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$300,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund)", including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund)", including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia, shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

Insect investigations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect investigations", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, \$32,000.

Insect and plant disease control: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Insect and plant disease control", \$100,000.

FOREST SERVICE

National forest protection and management: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National forest protection and management", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, \$250,000.

PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND RESOURCES

The limitation on the amount which may be expended for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby increased from "\$23,319,200" to "\$23,919,200".

WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Water facilities, arid and semiarid areas", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, \$325,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Declassification and technical services: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Declassification and technical services", including the objects specified under this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$50,000.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

General administration, Office of the Administrator: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General administration, Office of the Administrator", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$39,000.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for "Establishment of air-navigation facilities", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$426,000, and the War and Navy Departments are authorized, during the fiscal year 1946, to transfer without charge, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, air-navigation and communication facilities, including appurtenances thereto, to the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$837,127.

Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Enforcement of safety regulations", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$364,000.

Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation of aircraft", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$103,705.

Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$25,000.

Construction, Washington National Airport: For the construction of one hangar and the installation of additional paving to facilitate the loading and unloading of aircraft, \$1,342,000, to remain available until expended.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Salaries and expenses, departmental: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, departmental", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$75,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for personal services is hereby increased from "\$1,806,000" to "\$1,881,000".

Salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, field", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$114,000.

Pay, commissioned officers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Pay, commissioned officers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$70,000.

PATENT OFFICE

Photolithographing: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Photolithographing", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", \$28,000, of which \$23,100 shall be for printing the weekly issue of patents, designs, and trade-marks and printing and binding the Official Gazette, including weekly and annual indices; and \$4,900 shall be for miscellaneous printing and binding.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, \$800,000, and the limitation upon the amount which may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "\$1,142,000" to "\$1,175,000": *Provided*, That in the conduct of meteorological investigations by the Weather Bureau in the Arctic region, the War Department is authorized in the fiscal year 1946, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to transfer without charge to the Weather Bureau materials, equipment, and supplies, surplus to the needs of the War Department and necessary for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of Arctic weather stations.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to delegate his authority to subordinate officials of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station, is hereby extended to apply to the payment of expenses of transportation of the immediate families of such officers and employees and to have so applied from July 1, 1945.

The provision in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, which specifies that the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available for the traveling expenses of the immediate families of officers and employees of the Department who were returned from points outside the United States during the war is hereby amended by extending said authority to apply to the appropriations available for travel in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, and by increasing the limitation upon the amount which may be expended under said authority, as amended hereby, from "\$1,000" to "\$6,000".

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

Expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,500.

GRAZING SERVICE

Fire fighting: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Fire fighting", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$20,000.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

Suppressing forest and range fires: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The suppression or emergency prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian reservations", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$50,000.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

Maintenance, San Carlos irrigation project, Gila River Reservation, Arizona: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and maintenance of the San Carlos project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian Reservation, Arizona, \$29,000 (operation and maintenance collections) and \$23,200 (power revenues), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Maintenance, irrigation systems, Flathead Reservation, Montana: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, \$12,800 (operation and maintenance collections), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow Reservation, Montana (receipt limitation): For an additional amount for improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, fiscal year 1946, \$21,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Maintenance, irrigation systems, Uintah Reservation, Utah: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system, Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes, Utah", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, \$3,154.63, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed

the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Maintenance, Wapato irrigation and drainage systems, and so forth, Yakima Reservation, Washington: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for operation and maintenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, and auxiliary units thereof, Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, \$16,000 (collections from the water users on the Wapato-Satus, Toppenish-Simcoe, and Ahtanum units), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer from the War Relocation Authority to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without compensation therefor, equipment, materials, and supplies with an appraised value not exceeding \$200,000 from the surplus stores of the Colorado River Relocation Center, located at Poston, Arizona, for use on the Colorado River Indian Reservation, and there is transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, without exchange of funds, such buildings constructed by the War Relocation Authority on the Colorado River and Gila River Indian Reservations as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be necessary to provide suitable housing for Indian veterans on the Colorado River, Pima, and Papago Indian Reservations, Arizona: *Provided*, That any building materials transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs under this authority shall be sold to Indian veterans at such prices and terms as the Secretary of the Interior may determine to be reasonable, and the amounts received shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

EDUCATION

Indian schools, support: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "The support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

Indian boarding schools: For additional amounts, fiscal year 1946, for "Support and education of Indian pupils in nonreservation boarding schools", as follows:

Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$150,810" to "\$160,435"; and the number of pupils from "four hundred" to "four hundred and twenty-five".

Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, \$28,860; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$188,300" to "\$217,160"; and the number of pupils from "five hundred and twelve" to "five hundred and ninety".

Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$11,550; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$127,905" to "\$139,455"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred and forty-five" to "three hundred and seventy-five".

Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Oklahoma, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$104,080" to "\$113,705"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred" to "three hundred and twenty-five".

Chemawa, Oregon, \$9,625; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$152,905" to "\$162,530"; and the number of pupils from "four hundred and twenty-five" to "four hundred and fifty".

Flandreau, South Dakota, \$23,100; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from "\$119,475" to "\$142,575"; and the number of pupils from "three hundred and fifteen" to "three hundred and seventy-five".

Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Natives in Alaska", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$125,000; to remain available until June 30, 1947.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds)", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$15,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular tribe interested.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Employee's quarters, Flathead Reservation, Montana: For the construction of a dwelling, including furnishings and equipment, at the ranger station, Polson, Montana, to replace one destroyed by fire, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until June 30, 1947, \$8,000.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

Roads, Indian reservations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$400,000, to remain available until expended.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: The limitation under the subhead "Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas", Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, upon the amount available from power revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power system is hereby increased from "\$80,700" to "\$130,700".

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For an additional amount for administration, protection, and maintenance of mammal and bird reservations, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, and for the improvement, construction, and repair of the outlet channel from

Reelfoot Lake, Tennessee, to the Mississippi River, and control facilities connected therewith, fiscal year 1946, \$20,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

The limitation in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended during the fiscal year 1946, from appropriations of the Fish and Wildlife Service for departmental personal services, including such services in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased from "\$704,828" to "\$729,000".

Halibut allocation program: For expenses necessary to enable the Fish and Wildlife Service to administer an allocation program for the Pacific halibut fishery pursuant to authority delegated to the Secretary of the Interior under Food Directive Numbered 2, issued by the Secretary of Agriculture on February 8, 1943 (8 F. R. 1777), as amended March 16, 1943 (8 F. R. 3280), including personal services in the District of Columbia; contract stenographic reporting services; the acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; maintenance, operation, repair, and hire of passenger automobiles; printing and binding; and the purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior"; fiscal year 1946, \$39,700, to remain available until December 31, 1946.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

TERRITORY OF ALASKA

Insane of Alaska: For an additional amount for "Insane of Alaska", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$14,000.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1937, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects specified for this purpose in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1937, \$11.

Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Traveling expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942, \$1,149.16.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Printing and binding", \$436.98.

Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for "Salaries and expenses, Lands Division", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942, \$5,164.45.

Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, \$65,000.

Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", including the objects specified under

this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$250,000.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$260,000.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

Medical and hospital service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Medical and hospital service", including objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, \$61,300.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", \$31,600.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Employment Office Facilities and Services: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Employment Office Facilities and Services", to be used exclusively for salary increases for United States employees of that Service under State compensation plans, \$3,000,000.

NAVY DEPARTMENT—NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1940, for "Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts", \$171.32.

MARINE CORPS

GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

Expenses, Marine Band, National Encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana: For expenses of the United States Marine Band in attending the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Indianapolis, Indiana, August 20 to 31, 1946, \$8,140.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

For additional amounts for "Salaries in Office of Postmaster General and bureaus and offices", Post Office Department, fiscal year 1946, as follows:

Office of the Postmaster General, \$10,000.

Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, \$30,000.

Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, \$12,600.
 Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, \$5,000.
 Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, \$14,900.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent and miscellaneous expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$8,600.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Personal or property damage claims: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years, for "Personal or property damage claims", \$27,500.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of inspectors", \$25,000.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Compensation to postmasters", \$2,711,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Powerboat service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Powerboat service", \$200,000.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Unpaid money orders more than one year old", \$487,000.

OFFICE OF FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies", including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$315,000: *Provided*, That the limitation on the amount available for the pay of employees in the District of Columbia in connection with the shipment of supplies is increased from "\$67,400" to "\$78,400".

Vehicle service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Vehicle service", including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$60,000.

Transportation of equipment and supplies: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation of equipment and supplies", \$42,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "salaries", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, and, not to exceed \$64,000, for the employment of persons paid on a per diem when actually employed basis without regard to the civil-service and classification laws, \$200,000.

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Contingent expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$12,500.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$200,000.

FOREIGN OFFICE

Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, ambassadors and ministers", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$35,000.

Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Transportation, Foreign Service", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$198,000.

Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$433,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$163,000.

Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, \$1,067,070.

The appropriations "Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service", "Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service", and "Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)", for the fiscal year 1946 are hereby made available for payment of increases in basic compensation retroactively to July 1, 1945, of Foreign Service employees whose basic compensation was not increased by the provisions of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945.¹

Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service: The appropriation "Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service", contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby made available for the deportation of enemy aliens.

INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

United States participation in United Nations: For all necessary expenses of participation by the United States in the United Nations for the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to the provisions of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, including attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the work of the United Nations; purchase, hire, maintenance, operation, and repair of automobiles (including the purchase of five, one at not to exceed \$3,000; purchase of uniforms; printing and binding without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); \$6,480,000, of which amount \$6,153,500 shall be available for use as an advance contribution to the United Nations working capital fund, and for reimbursement of the appropriation "Emergencies Arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service" from which sums have been advanced to the United Nations: *Provided*, That the Department of State, when requested by the United Nations, is authorized to acquire surplus property in accordance with the provisions of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765-784), as amended, with funds hereby appropriated for the United States contribution to the United Nations, and such contribution shall be reduced by the value of the surplus property and necessary expenses, including transportation costs, incident to the acquisition thereof: *Provided further*, That until December 31, 1946, upon request of the United Nations and its agreement to pay the cost and expenses thereof either by advancement of funds or by reimbursement, any executive department, independent establishment, or agency of the United States Government may furnish or may procure and furnish supplies and equipment to the United Nations and, when reimbursements are made by the United Nations, such reimbursements shall be credited to the appropriations, funds, or accounts utilized for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received from that organization.

Rio Grande canalization project: For the replacement of the Anthony Bridge, over the Rio Grande within the Rio Grande canalization project, as authorized by and subject to the provisions of the Act, approved April 22, 1940 (54 Stat. 151), fiscal year 1946, \$40,000, to remain available until expended.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

FISCAL SERVICE—BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$3,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$16,350,000: *Provided*, That the limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby increased from "\$1,510,000" to "\$1,575,000" and from "\$11,310,000" to "\$11,895,000", respectively.

BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$50,800.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes", including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, \$110,000, and the appropriate appropriation of the War Department shall bear the cost (\$132,550) of air travel accommodations furnished this agency in connection with the Potsdam Conference.

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Procurement Division, without compensation therefor, at such time as it is determined by the War Department that the premises are no longer required by it, the facility, including the land, building, fixtures, improvements, and appurtenances, known as Building Numbered 1 of the Seattle Engineer Redistribution Center, valued at approximately \$590,000, and located at Fourth Avenue South and Lander Street, Seattle, Washington, and the War Department shall appraise the property so transferred and furnish the Bureau of the Budget with a statement in detail of the description and value of such property.

WAR DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 164, and House Document Numbered 471, Seventy-ninth Congress, \$543,416.91.

CIVIL FUNCTIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers and harbors", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, \$865,000, to remain available until expended.

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure: For an additional amount for "Preparation of Rules for Civil Procedure, Supreme Court", fiscal year 1946, \$7,500, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$5,400: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$3,600 of this amount shall be available for structural changes, alterations, and installation of fixtures and equipment in the Municipal Court Building of the District of Columbia (civil branch) including incidental expenses, to provide accommodations in that building for activities of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia.

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia", including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, \$11,000.

TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

SEC. 201. (a) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 470, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:

Office for Emergency Management:

Office of Scientific Research and Development, \$45;

Independent offices: .

Selective Service System, \$256.98;

Veterans' Administration, \$1,482.16;

Federal Security Agency, \$591.55;

Department of Agriculture, \$999.33;

Department of Commerce, \$289.26;

Department of the Interior, \$3,091.29;

Department of Justice, \$13.50;

Department of Labor, \$15.50;

Navy Department, \$8,795.44;

Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), \$1,117;

Treasury Department, \$269.94;

In all, \$16,966.95;

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 161, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:

Office for Emergency Management: Office of Scientific Research and Development, \$33.24;

Independent offices: National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, \$28.06;

Federal Works Agency, \$471.20;

Department of Agriculture, \$1,544.60;

Department of Commerce, \$15;

Department of the Interior, \$1,440.41;

Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), \$332.48;

Treasury Department, \$2,667.94;

In all, \$6,532.93.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

SEC. 202. (a) For the payment of final judgments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 159, and House Document Numbered 477, under the following agencies:

Executive Office of the President:

Office for Emergency Management:

War Shipping Administration, \$9,375;

Department of Agriculture, \$2,786.24;

State Department, \$768.80;

Treasury Department, \$4,000;

War Department, \$26,129.04;

In all, \$43,059.08, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in the judgments.

(b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C. 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 158, and House Document Numbered 472, under the following agencies:

Navy Department, \$52,500;

War Department, \$36,188.27;

In all, \$88,688.27, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in the judgments listed in Senate Document Numbered 158, and House Document Numbered 472; also necessary sum to pay interest on judgments set forth in Senate Document Numbered 112, the principal of the judgments having been appropriated for in Public 269, dated December 28, 1945.

(c) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except such as has become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

SEC. 203. (a) For payment of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 160, and House Document Numbered 476, under the following agencies, namely:

Legislative Branch: Architect of the Capitol, \$6,781.49;

Independent offices:

Veterans' Administration, \$149.58;

Federal Works Agency:

Public Buildings Administration, \$90,998.15;

Work Projects Administration, \$14,902.24;

Department of Agriculture, \$53,723.51;

Department of the Interior:

Civil, \$266,253.85;

Indians, \$1,808.73;

Department of Justice, \$8,285.25;

Navy Department, \$4,426.62;

Treasury Department, \$127,333.47;

War Department, \$115,884.55;

In all, \$690,547.44, together with such additional amount as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in the judgments, and interest on the mandate issued in the case of Louis Townsley, Court of Claims Numbered 45097;

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. 204. (a) For the payment of claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 162,

and House Document Numbered 473, Seventy-ninth Congress, there is appropriated the sum of \$12,202,715.10, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed and accounted for as a single fund; \$472.49, payable from District of Columbia revenues, and \$563,026.40, payable from postal revenues; in all, \$12,766,213.99.

(b) For the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service of the United States mustered into service for the War with Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899", approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in House Document Numbered 474, \$117.38.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided further*, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing law.

SEC. 302. This Act may be cited as the "Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved May 18, 1946.



